

# IMPRESSION MADE BY LODGE'S POINTS IN EUROPE SMALL

Foreign Commentators Point Out That Proposals Fail to Consider Several Vital Issues.

## MISAPPREHENSION IS SHOWN

### Difficulty of Trying to Understand European Problems at Long Range Well Demonstrated

By John F. Bass and Paul Scott Mowrer

Special Cable to The Journal and Chicago Daily News

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Paris, Dec. 26.—Wide publicity has been given here to the 21 points attributed to Senator Lodge, purporting to be the peace terms of the entire Republican party. They failed, however, to make any considerable impression, because they overlooked several vital issues. They reveal the difficulty, say foreign commentators, of trying to understand European problems at long range. An analysis of Senator Lodge's points shows not only a number of curious misapprehensions, but some important lapses:

1. The central powers are to return indemnities. This has already been regulated by the armistice.

2. Reparation for damages. This is regulated by the allied agreement preceding the armistice.

3. Compensation for murdered women and children. This has been regulated in the same manner.

#### Would Violate Agreement

4. The central powers to pay the cost of the war. This is contrary to the terms accepted by all the parties to the agreement preceding the armistice.

5. Alsace-Lorraine to be returned to France. This ignores the real issue, which is whether it is the frontier shall be that of 1870 or 1814.

6. Italy: Irridento to be returned to Italy. This ignores the real issue, which is to settle the dispute between the Italians and Jugo-Slavs regarding the actual frontiers.

7. Turkey to be subdivided under allied protectors. This fails to state what would happen to the old system of individual protectorates, in which case it would become necessary to decide how to portion it between the various claimants, or whether it means a new system of placing it under the protectorate of the League of nations.

8. Balkans: Dalmatia to be under the control of the allies. This is subject to the same objection as the foregoing.

9. Serbia, Albania, Rumania and Greece to be given territories according to the aspiration of the inhabitants of those countries and their races and languages. This is too vague to have a practical meaning.

#### Real Issues Are Ignored

10. Poland, Czecho-Slovakia and Jugoslavia to be given autonomy and to comprise all districts inhabited by a majority of Poles, Czecho-Slovaks and Jugoslavs. This ignores the real issue as to who shall have the disputed regions of Danzig, Lemberg, East Prussia, Fiume and the region between Bohemia and Croatia.

11. Schleswig-Holstein to decide its own status, and the same applies regards Luxembourg. Schleswig and Luxembourg are real issues, but Holstein never has been.

12. Order to be restored in Russia and precautions to be taken against German encroachments. This amounts to favoring with Russia, which is one of the greatest problems of the moment and one that requires the most consideration, first regarding practicability and second regarding practicability.

13. The German colonies not to be restored to Germany. This ignores the real issue, which is what shall be done with them.

14. Kiel canal and Helgoland to be under the control of the allies. The same objection applies here as in No. 8.

15. The treaties of Brest-Litovsk and Bucharest to be abrogated. This has already been done.

#### Few Proposals Approved

16. The navies of the central powers to be turned over to the allies. The same objection applies here as in No. 8. It fails, moreover, to state whether Italy, Jugoslavia and Rumania shall have the Austrian fleet.

17. The central powers to be disarmed. This has already been practically accomplished as to Turkey, Bulgaria and Austria, but is contrary to the allies' present policy regarding Germany, which seems to be allowing Germany to keep her arms to a certain extent to prevent the spread of Bolshevism and other disorders. Disarmament has not been ordered in Germany's case.

Senator Lodge's last four points which concern the occupation of portions of enemy territory until the peace conditions are fulfilled, the fate of the ex-kaiser and other enemy criminals, an international arbitration and temporary control of raw materials by the allies are considered acceptable as far as they go.

#### Charles H. Leisure—Of Lents, Aged 76, Died Christmas Day

The funeral of Charles Henry Leisure was held from the Holman parlor this afternoon, Rev. Levi Johnson officiating. Final services were in Multnomah cemetery. Mr. Leisure was born in Indiana, died Christmas morning at the age of 76. He had resided in Lents for 15 years and until recently was active as a carpenter. Three sons survive him: S. R., V. N. and A. N. Leisure of this city.

Vivian Sibley

Vivian Sibley died Christmas day from pneumonia. She was in her sixtieth year and resided with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Sibley, at 1864 Main street. Miss Sibley was born in Colorado. Funeral services will be held at the Holman parlor and Salmon streets, at 11 a. m. Friday, and interment will be in the Multnomah cemetery.

#### Alaska Inspector Appointed

Seattle, Dec. 26.—(I. N. S.)—Robert J. Sommers, of Fairbanks, Alaska, who is here today, announced he has received notice from Governor Thomas R. Johnson of appointment as mining inspector of the northern territory. Sommers is known to almost every "sourdough" in Alaska and the Pacific coast.

## THE ROLL OF HONOR

(Continued from Page Seven)

FRANCIS WAYLAND STRINGER, Detroit, Mich.

MARIANO M. TAVARES, Brimley, Mich.

JAMES E. TIPTON, Waco, Texas.

NICOLA VENARA, Italy.

DIED OF ACCIDENT OR OTHER CAUSES

Captain

HENRY P. SHUPE, Cleveland, Ohio.

Lieutenants

HENRY CLAY THOMPSON, Winchester, Ky.

CHARLES F. CALVERT, Oxford, Ohio.

JOHN A. ROSE, Concord, Mass.

EDWARD L. SCHAFER, Brooklyn, N. Y.

JOHN A. ROSE, New York.

JOHN A. ROSE, Concord, Mass.

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