

# ITALIANS TAKE 80,000 AUSTRIANS BRITISH CAPTURE VALENCIENNES

## SWEEEPING VICTORY IS BEING WON IN ITALY

Closing Days of War See Tremendous Successes by Allied Armies; 1600 Guns Have Been Taken With Thousands of Huns

Unconfirmed Rumor Is That Armistice Has Been Signed With Defeated Austrians; Enemy Forces Now Flee From Odessa.

**R**OME, Nov. 2.—(I. N. S.)—Eighty thousand prisoners and 1600 guns have been captured by the allies on the Italian front, it is officially announced.

Paris, Nov. 2.—(I. N. S.)—An unconfirmed rumor has reached Paris that the Austrian armistice has been signed, according to the Figaro. It is known that Austria has had the allies' armistice terms since yesterday.

Rome, Nov. 2.—(I. N. S.)—It is officially announced that the Austrian staff officer requests the Italian commander to conclude the armistice.

Rome, Nov. 2.—(I. N. S.)—Italian troops have entered the important city of Belluno and have captured 3000 more prisoners and 232 guns, the war office announced today.

Italian infantry has passed the Livorno river.

Many more strategic mountains have been taken.

The Italians and our allies have carried the formidable enemy positions at Monte Longara, Monte Muscig, Monte Mosso, Monte Rosso and Monte Lambara, says the official statement.

We captured 3000 prisoners. Two hundred and thirty-two guns have been taken. We have entered Belluno.

The third cavalry has reached the plains of Norperduone.

Between Sacile and St. Nino, the Tenth and Thirteenth infantry have passed the Livorno river.

The official report shows that the Austrian-Hungarian line has been completely broken on the Asiago plateau, Belluno, which the Italians entered, is on the Upper Piave, 42 miles northwest of Udine.

Reach Tagliamento River

Milan, Nov. 2.—(U. P.)—Italian patrols have reached the Tagliamento river, according to battlefield dispatches received here today.

Rain Is Predicted For Coast States

Washington, Nov. 2.—(I. N. S.)—The United States weather bureau today issued the following forecast for next week:

Pacific States—Rain Tuesday or Wednesday and probably Saturday, except fair in Southern California. Seasonal temperatures.

ROLL OF HONOR

In the roll of honor printed below are the names of the following men from the Pacific Northwest:

DIED  
W. W. WADE, Spokane, Wash.

ILL  
W. GORDON, Portland, Or.

WOUNDED SLIGHTLY  
Private Ira E. Fritz, emergency address, Mrs. Ed Fritz, P. O. 12, Sequim, Wash.

WOUNDED, DEGREE UNDETERMINED  
Despard Marvin Allison, emergency address, Mrs. Ruby Allison, 727 Cincinnati street, Spokane, Wash.

WOUNDED SEVERELY  
Captain Richard J. Ryan, Watertown, N. Y.

## Abdication May Be Regarded as Fact, It Is Said By Paris Paper

Elimination of Kaiser Wilhelm Expected to Be Announced at Favorable Moment.

Paris, Nov. 2, 4:30 p. m.—(U. P.)—Abdication of the kaiser may be considered to be a fact, according to a Geneva dispatch to the Temps. The dispatch said that official publication is being delayed awaiting a favorable opportunity.

Washington, Nov. 2.—(U. P.)—Punishment for the kaiser and the Prussian war lords guilty of German crimes of the past four years will be meted out in summary manner by the German people, diplomatic advisers today indicated.

General Vote on Terms Suggested  
London, Nov. 2.—(I. N. S.)—A majority of the German war cabinet favor immediate and unconditional abdication of the kaiser, it was stated in an Amsterdam dispatch to the Daily Express today.

Only two members are against it: Chancellor Max and Vice-Chancellor von Payer.

Phillip Schiedmann and Mathies Erzbuerger, respectively Socialist and Clerical, demand an early settlement of the question by the reichstag, of which both are members.

The kaiser will probably await the decision of the reichstag.

There is now talk of a general election in Germany putting armistice terms to a vote of the people.

"We will read the terms with burning hearts and indignation but there is nothing to do but swallow them and accept," said the Socialist newspaper, Vorwaerts of Berlin.

The German government is willing to hold the peace conference at Brussels, it is reported.

Kaiser Watches Essen Riot

London, Nov. 2.—(I. N. S.)—With the kaiser looking on, a thousand women and children rioted in the streets of Essen, Germany, on Tuesday, said an Amsterdam dispatch to the Times today.

Police charged the mob with drawn swords, killing several, including a woman with a baby in her arms.

Women swept through the streets screaming, "Give us back our husbands and our sons!" and "Away with the kaiser!"

Two hundred mutinous deserters were shot at Essen in a month.

(The Krupp plant is at Essen).

Max Leaves for Frontier

Copenhagen, Nov. 2.—(I. N. S.)—Following important decisions reached by a crown council, Prince Max, the German chancellor, left Berlin for the frontier Friday, it was reported in the German capital today.

The Prussian upper house has unanimously voted fidelity to the throne, it was stated.

Foreign Secretary Solf and German financiers will assist at the peace negotiations in efforts to get Germany's colonies back, according to Germany's plans.

Ex-Officials Gather in Berlin

Amsterdam, Nov. 2.—(I. N. S.)—Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, former German chancellor, and Dr. von Jagow, former German foreign secretary, have arrived in Berlin to "arrange war documents."

U-Boats Disappear When Sighting Ship

London, Nov. 2.—(I. N. S.)—The crew of a British steamer arriving at Ferrol, Spain, reports encountering several German U-boats while en route, according to a Central News dispatch. The U-boats submerged and made no attempt to attack the British vessel, the dispatch adds.

T. R. OUTDOES HUNS IN HATE OF PRESIDENT

IN ANOTHER savage attack on President Wilson published yesterday in the Evening Telegram, Theo. Roosevelt applies these epithets to language used by the president: "Meaningless," "Mischievous," "deviously used to conceal his true meaning," "foolish," "language deliberately used to deceive," "monstrous," "dishonorable," "preposterous," "traitorous," "the kind of proposition made by cold blooded men who at least care nothing for the suffering of others."

If Roosevelt is permitted to make such defamatory attacks upon the commander in chief of our armed forces, how can you expect seditious utterances to be stopped on the street corners?" as J. W. Driver, a Republican of Sheridan, Oregon, said: "Why put such men as Albert Underhoad?"

## YOUR PRESIDENT TO YOU

"I HAVE no thought of suggesting that any political party is paramount in matters of patriotism. I feel too keenly the sacrifices which have been made in this war by all our citizens, irrespective of party affiliations, to harbor such an idea. I mean only that the difficulties and delicacies of our present task are of a sort that makes it imperatively necessary that the nation should give its undivided support to the government under a unified leadership."



## German Press Joins Roosevelt in Hoping Wilson's Candidates at Election Will Be Defeated as Rebuke to "Yank Dictator"

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—In a savage attack on President Wilson, the Cologne Gazette, imperial organ of the kaiser, in its issue of October 29 expresses a hope that he may be defeated in the congressional elections in America. It says: "Little by little the winter of discontent is setting in for Wilson, the dictator. At the beginning of November the people will, in the congressional elections, sit in judgment over him and his war policies." The Gazette refers to the president's appeal for unified leadership at home and says it is an attempt "to curtail the opportunity of a people of one hundred million to exercise to the limit its constitutional rights." Declaring that Wilson is a "desperate man" and that "in 1917 he thought less than nothing of international law when it suited him to do so," the kaiser's organ goes on to say of the American elections: "It is a trial of strength which Wilson thus provokes. If he succeeds, his dictatorship rests upon a foundation enabling him to proclaim himself czar of America, without fear of encountering opposition. But the probability is that he will not succeed. In any event, the November elections will have a significance such as they never had before." This hope from the kaiser's organ for the defeat of President Wilson in the congressional elections has attracted attention here. The language is almost identical with that used by Roosevelt and others in America now assailing the president. The similarity of the German contention and the anti-Wilson contention is regarded as impressive.

## Steamer Bringing Victims of Wreck

Seattle, Nov. 2.—(I. N. S.)—With a number of bodies from the wreck of the steamship Princess Sophia, which went down in Lynn canal a week ago, the steamship Spokane is due here this afternoon. According to word received from Juneau today, 179 bodies of the 346 persons aboard the Sophia have been recovered and 158 have been identified. Small craft are continuing the search for bodies.

## Canada to Be Heard At the Peace Table

Ottawa, Ont., Nov. 2.—(U. P.)—Sir Robert Borden, premier of Canada, will go to Europe as a delegate to the peace conference, if one is called as a result of the present negotiations, it was learned today. Canada is to have a voice in the final settlement.

## Armistice Terms Mean Surrender, Tardieu Explains

Washington, Nov. 2.—(U. P.)—The allied armistice terms will practically ask Germany to surrender unconditionally, Andre Tardieu, French high commissioner, stated late today. "The armistice will include everything necessary to insure the rapid conclusion of the war on a permanent basis," Tardieu declared. "Indeed, in the answer which the Germans will have to give to our terms of armistice they must say whether they confess that they are beaten. Should they confess it, the war will end through the acceptance of our conditions."

## Assassins of Tisza Released by Mobs

Zurich, Nov. 2.—(By Agency Radio to the I. N. S.)—The assassins of Count Tisza, former premier of Hungary, have been liberated by a Budapest mob.

## Assassins of Tisza Released by Mobs

Count Tisza, the "Iron Man" of Hungary, was reported to have been shot and instantly killed while walking through the streets of Budapest with a woman companion. The shots were said to have been fired by a "soldier." The woman also was wounded.

## German Submarines Gathering at Bases

London, Nov. 2.—(U. P.)—The German submarines are concentrating at their bases, according to information revealed here today.

## LEADERS CONFIDENT PRESIDENT WILL WIN

Reactionary Efforts to Fetter Administration Now So Clearly Revealed Voters Are Expected to Bring About Result.

Records Show Men in Congress Who Have Opposed Administration Have Been in Many Cases Rewarded With Posts.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—(Washington Bureau of The Journal.)—Reactionary efforts to fetter President Wilson by capturing congress and making real the divided councils of which the president has warned the country, are now so clearly revealed that administration leaders feel confident voters will sustain the president in steps leading to peace and reconstruction instead of the Roosevelt-Taft-Lodge-Penrose cabal.

The influence of the United States abroad is now felt to be in the balance. The unusual position which President Wilson's diplomacy has achieved may fall at the most crucial moment if congress passes to the control of the Republican leaders because the foreign people then will be likely to draw the conclusion that the president no longer speaks for a united America.

Momentous also would be the transfer of power to Penrose, Lodge, Smoot and Poindexter to six dictators of the senate and make pogon warfare on the president in domestic as well as foreign affairs, stopping progressive legislation through their control of committees and tying up, in all probability, plans for reconstruction after the war.

The Taft-Roosevelt statement says the Republicans made winning of the war possible by passing the original draft bill. The records show 43 Republicans

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## BIG SHIPMENTS OF SPRUCE BEING MADE

1344 Carloads of Airplane Stock Went East During Month of October.

While victories at the war front thrill the civilized world, a supplemental victory more quietly won in the Pacific Northwest goes far in accounting for the splendid part American and allied aviators have in winning the world war.

Brigadier General Bruce P. Disque, commander of the spruce production division, with headquarters in Portland, announced Friday that the maximum requirements of the United States and allied governments for airplane stock had been more than met.

Last month 1344 carloads of selected airplane stock—21,000,000 feet—were shipped. On October 28 alone, 71 carloads—more than enough to make up two solid freight trains—of the precious airplane material were started toward the East.

The local victory, in which the commanders of all the armies have had vital concern since it became known that Oregon and Washington must furnish the bigman of the world with their wings, is not altogether stated in figures that comprehend shipments.

About 50 per cent of the success is due to the elimination of waste. The requirement of 30,000,000 feet a month was exceeded some time ago by based upon "G list" lumber, which produced 50 per cent aircraft material. By selective logging, care in handling, sawing to grain and determination on the part of each of the 100,000 officers and workers in forests and mills to make every stroke count for the winning of the war, the present volume of shipments literally results in the flying of more aircraft over the German lines than would 10,000,000 feet a month under the old conditions. Therefore the specifications have been revamped and the organization created in little more than a year under General Disque's command has reached what is described at the front as its "objective."

## War Practically At End; Germany Expected to Give Up In Few Days

Tremendous Superiority of the Allies Expected to Make for Early Surrender.

Washington, Nov. 2.—(I. N. S.)—Just when a definite statement concerning the armistice terms and Germany's reply thereto may be expected was distinctly a puzzle among officials here today. Some believed that the reply would come within 24 hours to 48 hours at the least, while others said the middle of next week. It is generally accepted that the war is about over, so far as actual fighting is concerned, although there will be no let up in American effort until Germany's surrender is in the hands of the allies.

But even the military and naval experts who are calling attention to the fact that the German army and navy still is intact also say that with Austria and Turkey out of the war the forces of the allies are so tremendously superior to those of the kaiser that a sharp campaign of less than a month would entirely eliminate the kaiser.

And it is conceded that the German military chiefs realize this fully as well as do the experts of the entente. It is because of this that officials are so confident that whether it is a question of hours or of days the complete surrender of Germany is an absolute certainty.

President Wilson's personal views of the guarantees to be demanded in consideration of the granting of an armistice to Germany are

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## NO BLANKET 'FLU' ORDER TO BE MADE

Closing of All Stores Discussed and Some Further Regulations Planned.

At a conference in Mayor Baker's office today the Spanish influenza committee discussed generally and it was suggested that the stores and office buildings arrange their closing hours in a manner to eliminate the crowding of street cars during the rush hours between 4:30 o'clock and 6:30 o'clock.

The closing of all stores was also discussed, but no blanket closing order will be issued, although some further regulations will be adopted.

House parties of all kinds were frowned upon and a strict observance of the anti-sipping and anti-sneezing ordinances is requested.

Dr. George Parrish, city health officer, suggested that all persons who visit doctors' offices wear masks in coming and going on the street cars.

The placarding of all houses in which there are influenza patients will be ordered, the card bearing the warning, "Influenza in this home."

It was suggested, in cases where several members of a family are confined in bed with the epidemic, that only one member of the family be allowed to visit them.

There have been but three deaths in the emergency hospital in The Auditorium during the past 24 hours, and no new patients received. Some 200 new cases were reported in the city today. The state condition is somewhat improved, according to Dr. Seeley, state health officer.

Those attending the conference were: Mayor Baker, Chief of Police Johnson, Charles F. Berg, representing the employees; W. F. Langelier of the Emergency Hospital.

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## WEST TELLS HOW ENGLAND BUILT PORTS

HOW the Britisher faces his port problems and by the investment of money, skill and determination creates great harbors at the mouths of streams not larger than the Ailsa on the Oregon coast, is described absorbingly by former-Governor Oswald West in an article which will appear in tomorrow's Sunday Journal. Mr. West as a representative of the shipping board recently visited the ports of Great Britain and France, studying their improvement and administration and gaining a wealth of material which in the form of an official report will aid in formulating the future shipping policy of the United States government. His article is worthy the careful reading of every person interested in the future of Portland as a port.

## HAIG WINS IMPORTANT TOWNS IN FLANDERS

Valenciennes, Only 9 Miles West of the Fortress of Mons, Is Captured by British With Bag of 4000 More Hun Prisoners.

American Troops From Pacific Coast States Are Assisting British in Driving Enemy From Hold on Northern France.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY NORTH OF VERDUN, Nov. 2.—(6 P. M.)—(I. N. S.)—Americans hammered the Germans so hard in their drive today that the enemy broke into a retreat that approaches a rout during the late afternoon.

The Germans hurried their artillery to the rear at a gallop.

Americans in the front line pursued the retreating enemy in motor trucks, but were unable, at some points, to get into contact with the Germans because of the latter's rapid retreat.

In addition to capturing war supplies and big ammunition dumps, the Americans swept over 52 square miles of wooded, mountainous and fortified territory.

Buzancy, the important railroad junction, was taken and passed and Gosse, just to the north of Buzancy, also was captured. Other towns to the south and east of Buzancy captured include Verpal, Thenorgues, Barricourt, Villers Devant Dun, Clerly Le Petit and Doulon.

LONDON, Nov. 2, 4:10 p. m.—(I. N. S.)—British troops have captured the big German base at Valenciennes, the British war office announced today.

Presnau, three and one half miles south of Valenciennes, has been seized also.

(Valenciennes lies only about 49 miles west of the fortress of Mons).

The British took 4000 prisoners.

By John T. Parkerson

With the British Army on the Western Battle Front, Nov. 1.—(Night)—(I. N. S.)—Canadian troops that attacked at Valenciennes were supported by the greatest artillery concentration they have ever had.

While the Canadians were driving ahead there, British, Belgians and French

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## American Tanker Sinks Submarine

New York, Nov. 2.—(U. P.)—The German submarine which blew up the Norwegian vessel Stiffener in mid-Atlantic and set her crew adrift in open boats, was sunk October 14 by a big American tank vessel. Members of the tanker's crew declared today they sent the U-boat to the bottom after a brisk battle.

## Clearings for Week Total \$36,319,548

Clearings of Portland banks for the week ending today total \$36,319,548, compared with \$25,325,431.34 for the corresponding week of last year. Compared with the total for last week a decrease of \$5,601,647.14 is shown.