

TURK IS HUMBLED, DECLARES BISHOP FROM ASIA MINOR

Advices Received by Most Rev. Papien Gulesarian Indicate Armenia Will Be Free Nation.

LOCAL UNION ORGANIZED People Oppressed for Centuries Look at Last for Deliverance From Turk by Allies.

"Armenia will be a free nation—the Turk is humbled." With happiness ringing in his voice, so declared Most Rev. Papien Gulesarian, bishop of Galatia, Asia Minor, who is in Portland in the interest of the Armenian Benevolent Union, a national organization today held of the centuries of Turkish oppression that now bids fair to cease and of the hardships and sufferings of the Armenian Christians under Moslem domination.

Tuesday night a local branch of the union was formed, with H. O. Carstensen an president, M. E. Dikhanian, secretary, and T. C. Carstensen, treasurer. The organization in this country will devote itself to the relief and reconstruction of the Armenian people.

Bishop Gulesarian is editor of the weekly "Taurus," which he publishes in Boston. He is a swarthy, genial and educated man. His English is imperfect but his choice of words shows careful study.

Want Independent Armenia. The name of his paper is from the mountain range, Taurus, in Armenia, which we all very much love, and I hope to see it again, but free, entirely free from the Turk, the Armenian people, the American government, the American spirit. We hope to be not given reforms, for the Turk will promise any reform, and then kill us when they dare. We want the independent country, the republic of Armenia, founded on American principles of liberty.

In his interview he was assisted by Miss Anna Karagosian, an Armenian girl, a student in the Lincoln high school.

"The Turks are cowards, craven towards and cowards," said the bishop. "They are without honor, but they seek now the friendship of the Armenians. They ask us to intercede for them. They promise no more massacres. They promise reform. They want not that Armenia shall be free.

Look to Great Wilson. "We want to institute our own reforms ourselves. We can do it very well with the help of the British and the Americans. Our people have suffered for their faith for many centuries. Now we are looking with greatest hope for the freedom such as other countries and peoples are promised by the great Wilson. All Armenians in this country want to quickly bind up the wounds and restore their people. Under the British flag and the American flag the Armenians will be safe, and wherever the allies have gone in the great domains of Turkey the Armenian people have found—oh, the greatest of friends!

"I have received, since coming to Portland," continued the bishop, "assurances from active representatives of the Armenian people at Washington that make my heart very glad. I am sorry that I cannot give them utmost publicity. They are confidential. Armenia will be a free nation. The Turk is humbled."

Bishop Gulesarian will go from Portland to Fresno, Cal., and from there to other Armenian centers, and will return to Boston in about three months.

DEMANDS ON BERLIN ARE TO BE STRINGENT

(Concluded From Page One) those afforded Bulgaria, although extra precautions will be necessary and there may be some harsher clauses.

The inter-allied conference is understood to have already agreed on the main political points of the armistice. The terms must be severe, it was agreed in authoritative circles, because Germany began the war, the renewal of which must be made impossible.

Few believe that the inter-allied conference will last more than a week. Since Colonel House, representing the United States, has called on President Poincaré and conferred with other French leaders. He also has met Greek Premier Venizelos and the Greek minister to France.

Colonel House has moved from the hotel where he first stayed and now is occupying a residence on the left bank of the Seine, lent by a friend and located in the old aristocratic quarter near the house General Pershing lives in when he is in Paris.

United States signal corps is installing telephones in the building and Parisians remark that an air of permanency surrounds Colonel House's establishment there.

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WILSON WILL UPHOLD GEN. FOCH'S DEMANDS

By John Edwin Nevins Washington, Oct. 30.—(I. N. S.)—Australia's acceptance of President Wilson's condition for the entry of the negotiations for an armistice and peace, delivered to the state department late Tuesday, will be forwarded at once to the supreme war council now sitting at Versailles. It will be on the cables before this time in London.

This action was decided on following conference between President Wilson and Secretary of State Lansing. The president is understood to have taken the position that, inasmuch as the note followed the same general lines as the German communication now before the Versailles conference, it should be considered by that body immediately.

The president is expected to receive the decision of the Versailles council on the German communication before the end of the week. On his receipt he will forward it to Berlin and will thus pass the issue of whether the fighting will continue until Germany is completely crushed squarely up to the German government.

It can be seen from the above that so far as the president is concerned he will completely ignore all demands that are made by the military advisors at Versailles and that Germany will keep all pledges made. The president, it is understood, makes very plain to the cabinet when the entire situation was under discussion that he believed "Germany's terms must be drawn," and she made submissions to any and all demands that are made upon her.

Officials today had no information regarding whether the armistice conditions would be accompanied by an outline of the peace terms that Germany will be forced to accept. The majority of officials here were inclined to hope that this would be done. They explained that, inasmuch as Germany must in effect surrender unconditionally to secure an armistice, she might just as well know what she will have to do, to get peace.

In diplomatic quarters here officials are inclined to believe that to make public the general peace terms at once would prove a winning card in Germany. They would disclaim the military party, they say, and frustrate their desire to reorganize the people again behind a program calling for "defense to the last."

However, it was understood that this question is under consideration at Versailles and until that body had carefully considered what it should do it will be impossible to forecast the decision.

By Floyd MacGriff London, Oct. 30.—(I. N. S.)—The terms upon which Germany can have an armistice and also peace, probably will be made known very soon. The terms have been agreed upon by the Versailles inter-allied war council, it was learned here today.

The peace and armistice terms will be issued simultaneously. The peace conditions, it is understood will be President Wilson's 14 points in a little different form. The wording will be slightly adjusted so as to embody new conditions which have arisen within the past year.

London believes Germany undoubtedly will accept both the armistice and peace terms. It is known that Germany really has been trying to stop the operations of her U-boats.

Austria is expected to accept any terms that are offered her. The fact that the Czech-Slavs and the Jugoslavians control Austria's food supply has played a large part in forcing the capitulation of Germany's chief ally. Austria, it is believed, will quickly accept whatever armistice terms are demanded, in an effort to hurry peace.

Release of Prisoners Demanded London, Oct. 30.—(I. N. S.)—(British Wireless Press)—The immediate and unconditional release of all prisoners of war in enemy countries will be one of the allied armistice terms according to Sir George Cave, British home secretary. In an address before the house of commons he declared that he had the best reason for believing that the British government would insure this condition.

Montenegro Rebels Enter Capital Zurich, Oct. 30.—(I. N. S.)—The Montenegrin revolutionaries have entered Cetinje, the capital of the country, it was learned today.

The Montenegrins revolted against Austro-Hungarian domination.

Early Capitulation Predicted London, Oct. 30.—(I. N. S.)—Capitulation of Turkey is imminent and the armistice terms have already been prepared, it was learned on high authority today.

Amsterdam, Oct. 30.—(U. P.)—Constantinople newspapers declare that Turkey already has begun official negotiations with the entente. The Turkish delegates, it is said, have left for the conference.

Zurich, Oct. 30.—(U. P.)—The Turks have evacuated the great oil center of Baku on the Caspian sea without fighting, according to a dispatch received from Moscow today.

Italians to Build Monument to Wilson

Lucca, Italy, Oct. 30.—(U. P.)—A committee has been formed here to raise funds for a monument to President Wilson.

250 BODIES OF DEAD FROM SINKING OF RECOVERING IN NORTH

Divers Are Working on Wreck of Steamship Sophia in Hope of Finding Ship's Log.

Vancouver, B. C., Oct. 30.—(I. N. S.)—Bodies to the number of more than 250 have been picked up on the rocky shores of Lynn canal near the scene of the wreck of the steamship Princess Sophia according to word reaching here today from Juneau. Some of the bodies have been taken to Juneau and others still are aboard searching vessels. Of those taken to port 151 have been identified.

One body, believed to be that of Mrs. M. S. Eads, whose husband was proprietor of a Dawson hotel, had jewelry valued at \$6000 on it. Eads also was lost in the wreck.

Among the bodies identified are those of Spross A. Loulouris, Tacoma, and Harry M. Swartz, San Diego.

Divers who arrived aboard a wrecking vessel from here are working at the wreck today. Hope of finding the log of the lost vessel is entertained, and if that is found the full story of the tragedy, it is expected, will be revealed.

At low tide Vanderbilt reef, on which the Sophia struck, is dry. An inspection of the spot by members of a searching party showed the reef ground smooth where the vessel swayed before sliding off into deep water. The wreck could be seen with the stern toward the reef, indicating the way in and wind during the hull around so that she faced in the opposite direction from that in which she struck.

Mr. Anderson's Body Not Found. Telegraphic dispatches yesterday confirmed the death of J. P. Anderson of Portland in the wreck of the Princess Sophia in Lynn canal Saturday. Mr. Anderson's body has not been recovered, but that of Mrs. Anderson was known in Portland and was the brother of Mrs. Emma Brown, 1042 Fifteenth street. His wife was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. Mulligan of Eugene.

The body of Charles A. Craven of Sherwood, Or., also has been recovered. Mr. Craven's name had not been carried in earlier lists of passengers.

Captain E. C. Newcomb, 172 East Fortieth street, arrived in Portland Monday, after having engaged accommodations on the Princess Sophia. Most of the river steamboat men, he says, waited for the Sophia.

NEW NOTE FROM HUNS DELIVERED AT CAPITAL

(Concluded From Page One) would not say in what respect it explained the original German reply.

Secretary Lansing would not comment upon the communication, but he had had an opportunity to examine it.

State department officials said that the note, while described by the Swiss minister as "supplemental," was in reality a memorandum designed to justify the declaration in the original German note that the German government had actually been representative of the people of the Reich.

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BUILDING PERMITS FOR SCORE OF HOUSES ARE GRANTED BY CURREY

Final Report of Housing Committee to Be Considered; More Houses Needed.

A score or more of building permits have been issued to date by Jesse A. Currey, building permit commissioner of the State Council of Defense. Among the first permits granted was one to Albert S. Carlson, Fifty-ninth and Haines streets, for the erection of three houses to cost \$2200 each.

Final reports of the housing survey committee will be considered late this afternoon in the office of Chairman Lloyd J. Westworth. The report will cover 216 of the most prominent industries in the city, showing the number of employees in each, the number now in need of housing facilities and the estimated number of houses which will be needed three months and 12 months hence.

The committee, assisted by Charles H. Cheney, consultant for the city, will determine the number of houses necessary in addition to those now under way, to take care of the increasing population. According to Mr. Cheney several thousand new houses must be built during the next year to keep pace with industry.

Mr. Cheney has prepared property maps showing in colors the various uses of the 50,000 buildings in Portland, the percentage of congestion of population in different parts of the city, the height of buildings and other data.

Mr. Frank Harbaugh of Cincinnati, O., who has been a barber for more than forty years, recently made the following statement:

"Anyone can prepare a simple mixture at home, at very little cost, that will darken gray hair, and make it soft and glossy. To a half pint of water add 1 ounce bay rum, a small box of Barbo Compound and one ounce glycerine. These ingredients can be bought at any drug store at a very little cost. Apply to the hair twice a week, until the desired shade is obtained. This will make a gray haired person look twenty years younger. This is not a dye. It does not color the most delicate scalp, is not sticky or greasy and does not rub off."

Regulations issued by the Seattle health department require all persons boarding streetscars or other public conveyances in that city, riding in elevators, or going among crowds, to wear gauze masks.

To avoid inconvenience to passengers arriving in that city a limited supply has been placed with the news stands in both the King street and Queen street Washington stations, Seattle, but for near Seattle passengers may not be ample passengers from Portland are cautioned to procure them before boarding trains.

Four quarts of cranberries and 1 1/2 pounds of sugar make 5 tumblers of delicious jelly.

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Children Urged To Dig Clams for Municipal Market

School children whom influenza has barred from study and whose residence affords them opportunity are urged to dig clams for the municipal fish market. They will be paid the market price and Portland people will be enabled to buy a wholesome seafood which scarcely appears now on the market, explained Commissioner Dan Kellaher, who has the market in charge.

Mr. Kellaher declares that the municipal fish market is selling fish now cheaper than any other market in the United States. Halibut at 11 and 13 cents a pound is about half what it costs elsewhere, and already the market has sent two shipments to middle western states.

If You Are Going to Seattle Procure a Mask.

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Dewitt Harry of Portland Wounded

Dewitt Harry of Portland has been wounded in action with the 37th Canadian, according to word received by his mother, Mrs. G. Y. Harry, 495 Tillamook street. Mr. Harry assisted nearly four years ago and has been in France nearly two years. He was a newspaper man prior to enlisting.

One Kind of Meat Rule Modified to Aid Conservation

The food administration eating house regulation, prohibiting the serving of more than one kind of meat at a meal, has been modified to permit the serving of varied sweetbreads, landed fish of beef, hash, goulash, meat cakes, meat pie and other meat combinations, according to a telegram received this morning by W. H. Ayer, federal food administration for Oregon, from Washington.

Liver and bacon, chicken and Virginia ham, club and other meat variety sandwiches may also be served at one time.

"The new ruling must not be construed to mean a letting down on eating house regulations," said W. K. Newell, assistant food administrator, "but is intended to secure greater saving by utilizing scraps that might otherwise be wasted. Liver and bacon were permitted to be served together, because it was found that liver would not be used unless served in combination."

During a wedding at San Pablo, Cal., Monday, both bride and groom and the officiating minister were influenza masks.

RECIPE TO DARKEN GRAY HAIR

A Cincinnati Barber Tells How to Make a Remedy for Gray Hair.

Mr. Frank Harbaugh of Cincinnati, O., who has been a barber for more than forty years, recently made the following statement:

"Anyone can prepare a simple mixture at home, at very little cost, that will darken gray hair, and make it soft and glossy. To a half pint of water add 1 ounce bay rum, a small box of Barbo Compound and one ounce glycerine. These ingredients can be bought at any drug store at a very little cost. Apply to the hair twice a week, until the desired shade is obtained. This will make a gray haired person look twenty years younger. This is not a dye. It does not color the most delicate scalp, is not sticky or greasy and does not rub off."

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