

# CZECHO-SLOVAKS ARE TO TAKE PART IN AUSTRIAN PEACE

## Recognition Given Them as De-facto Belligerents Changes Situation, Says President.

### REPLY IS SENT TO AUSTRIA

#### Text of Austrian Note Differs Considerably From Text as It Was Cabled From Vienna.

Washington, Oct. 19.—Because of the fact that the United States has recognized the Czech-Slovak national council as a de facto belligerent government, all of the 14 points set forth by President Wilson cannot be used as a basis with Austria, President Wilson informed Austria-Hungary Friday. The note was sent through the Swedish minister, who represents Austro-Hungarian interests in the United States.

The text of President Wilson's note was withheld until this morning, the Czech-Slovak council might have opportunity to declare its independence from Austria-Hungary. The complete text of the president's note, as made public by the state department today, was as follows: From the secretary of state to the minister of Sweden—Department of State, Oct. 19, 1918.—Sir: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your note of the 7th instant in which you transmit a communication of the imperial and royal government of Austria-Hungary to the president. I am now instructed by the president to request you to be good enough, through your government, to convey to the imperial and royal government of Austria-Hungary the following reply:

Tenth Point Is Changed. "The president deems it his duty to say to the Austro-Hungarian government that he cannot entertain the present suggestions of that government because of certain events of utmost importance which are occurring since the delivery of his address of the 8th of January, last,

have necessarily altered the attitude and responsibility of the government of the United States. Among the 14 terms of peace which the president formulated at that time occurred the following:

"The peoples of Austria-Hungary, whose places among the nations we wish to see safeguarded and assured, should be accorded the freest opportunity of autonomous development. "Since that sentence was written and uttered to the congress of the United States the government of the United States has recognized that a state of belligerency exists between the Czech-Slovak and the German and Austro-Hungarian empires and that the Czech-Slovak national council is a de facto belligerent government clothed with paper authority to direct the military and political affairs of the Czech-Slovakia. It has also recognized in the fullest manner the justice of the nationalistic aspirations of the Jugo-Slavs for freedom.

Autonomy Will Not Suffice. "The president is, therefore, no longer at liberty to accept the mere 'autonomy' of these peoples as a basis of peace, but is obliged to insist that they and not he shall be the judges of what action on the part of the Austro-Hungarian government will satisfy their aspirations and their conception of their rights and destiny as members of the family of nations."

Accept, sir, the renewed assurances of my highest consideration. (Signed) ROBERT LANSING.

The text of the original Austrian note, together with the communication from the Swedish minister which accompanied it, was made public at the same time. The Austrian note differs considerably from the text as cabled from Vienna, and was as follows: "The Austro-Hungarian monarchy, which has waged war always and solely as a defensive war and repeatedly given documentary evidence of its readiness to stop the shedding of blood and to arrive at a just and honorable peace, hereby addresses itself to his lordship, the president of the United States of America, and offers to conclude with him and his allies an armistice on every front, on land, at sea and in the air and to enter immediately upon negotiations for a peace for which the 14 points in the message of President Wilson and to Congress of January 8, 1918, and the four points contained in President Wilson's address of February 12, 1918, should serve as a foundation and in which the viewpoints declared by President Wilson in his address of September 27, 1918, will also be taken into account."

Firemen's helmets carrying storage battery feed electric lights in front have been invented in England.

# Slogan Is Wanted To Aid Canvassers In War Work Drive

Ira F. Powers, state director of publicity for the forthcoming united war work campaign, wants a timely motto or slogan for the inspiration of the soldier workers who are to make a canvass for funds for the seven beneficiary activities in behalf of the American army at home and abroad.

If anyone between now and midnight, Thursday, October 24, can invent a more expressive slogan than "For the Boys Over There" to be displayed on the badges of the workers, Director Powers will give three cash prizes for the best suggestions. The first will be \$10; second prize, \$5, and the third best, \$2.50. The competition is open to everybody in Oregon. Decision will be made upon all suggestions received by mail up to midnight of Thursday.

"The wording," says Mr. Powers, "must be brief. Our committee has in mind a triangular shaped badge to be worn on the lapel. It must tell even more plainly than a button the mission of the soldier workers. Prize suggestions should be sent to 203 Northwestern bank building.

# Fire Prevention Day to Be Observed In Spite of the Flu

Fire prevention day, November 2, is to be celebrated in Portland in spite of the Spanish "flu" epidemic, said Fire Marshal Grenfell Saturday. The cause is considered so important that the fire department has made arrangements to reach the populace by the house to house canvass method. Pamphlets are to be scattered on every door step in the city, explaining the necessity of keeping attics, closets, basements and backyards clean.

Considerable money has been spent to secure window displays for the downtown districts.

Five of the six buffalo at City park are on their way to North Dakota, where they will be loosed on the bison range at Sully's hill. The sixth will stay in Portland because his crate was so big it couldn't be loaded in the freight car in which the animals were shipped.

# SOLDIER VICTIM OF SPANISH INFLUENZA

The turmoil and agitation in the laboring centers of Germany. German People Demand Peace. There is every indication in the various neutral countries that the demand of the German people for an immediate peace on the best obtainable terms is increasing. It may yet force the hand of the government, although it is plain that the Pan-German and militarist leaders are doing their best to bring about a revision of feeling. Whether they will be able to utilize President Wilson's note to Austria for this purpose was one of the subjects of debate in official quarters this afternoon.

Diplomats here today were hopeful that in the near future an arrangement would be completed which will provide for concerted action by all of the allies, including the United States, on all matters of political policy that may arise. Steps already have been taken toward this end, and it is expected that when the complete program is arranged an official announcement will be authorized.

Approve Reply to Austria. President Wilson's reply to Austria-Hungary received unqualified approval by both Democrats and Republicans at the capitol today. It was accepted as laying down a new condition of peace



William Allen Casey

William Allen Casey, son of Mr. and Mrs. John N. Casey, 537 East Twenty-first street north, has died from Spanish influenza at Fortress Monroe, according to word received by his parents.

Casey enlisted with the Coast Artillery corps last spring at Eugene, where he was attending the University of Oregon, and was attending an officers' training camp at the time of his death. He was born in Portland, October 21, 1895, and received his preparatory education at Columbia university. He was a member of the Kappa Sigma fraternity at the university. His father is a member of the Ira F. Powers Furniture company. Besides his parents he leaves a sister, Margaret, and two brothers, Edward and Charles. The body will be shipped to Portland for burial.

# HUN REPLY SENT LAST NIGHT; TONE IS DEFIANT

(Continued From Page One)

ponement of the reichstag session will inform the Reichstag that the German answer to President Wilson to be made public tomorrow.

An apparently reliable forecast is that the note will express Germany's willingness to accept all of President Wilson's terms; that it will claim German reforms are already under way, "as far as possible," and that it will instance the evacuation of the Lille district as showing wanton destruction by the army has ceased.

Public opinion in France, however, remains unmoved by predictions of fresh German concessions and insists upon demanding complete evacuation of all occupied territories as well as military guarantees.

By John Edwin Nevil. Washington, Oct. 19.—(I. N. S.)—There is to be no compromise with autocracy. President Wilson emphasized this again today. Austria was told that her appeal for peace through verbal acceptance of the president's original 14 conditions enunciated on January 8 last and clarified by his four points of February 12, was unacceptable. World service will not extricate the dual empire from her present unhappy condition. Her fate, the president stated, is in the hands of the cobelligerent Czech-Slovak government, whose declaration of independence was given to the world today, and of the Jugo-Slavs who have cast off the yoke of vassalage to Charles of Austria.

Simultaneously with the reply to Austria-Hungary, which ends the hope of the militarists there of securing peace through compromise, came the intimation from official quarters that the president will under no circumstances allow Germany to draw him into further discussions of terms of peace. Instead, he will stand squarely on his announced decision, which calls for a resolute German government, complete ending of all atrocities on land and sea and an armistice that will guarantee existing allied military supremacy and no communication from Berlin that will measure up squarely to that mark will be considered here.

Reported Reply Unsatisfactory. Incidentally, there was additional doubt thrown this afternoon around the plans of the German people. An early report via Copenhagen stated that the text of the German reply was published in Berlin last night. The government had decided, that report stated, that it could not end republic submarine warfare; that it would not reject the president's decision; would deny that Germany perpetrated cruelties on people of occupied territories, and would debate the question of an armistice. High administrative officials laughed such reply out of court. They said it would not even be considered if sent here.

Later in the day, however, the French high commission received information tending to show that the reply had been withdrawn at the eleventh hour and that it might not come here for some days yet.

Reply Reported Delayed. Information reaching France from Swiss sources stated that the reply was considered at an all-day conference of the German government in which the war cabinet participated for five hours. It was agreed that the German reply in Germany was so serious and disquieting that the imperial government found it necessary before reaching a final decision to get all possible information as to just what the people wanted.

The Socialist paper Vorwaerts throws a very strong light on the entire situation. It says: "The German answer may not be ready for several days. The opinion of the federal council's commission on foreign affairs will be asked for. The government is supposed to be consulting the workingmen's committee. The Vorwaerts declares that this is not so, and is pointed to mislead the workers. It is signed out by officials here, however, that the fact that the German government has found it necessary, apparently, to call on the Socialist newspaper to discredit such a report and also to appeal to the workers to support the government as the article further does, emphasizes more than anything else

which must be accepted by the central powers before any negotiations for an armistice can begin.

"It fills the bill exactly," said Senator Hitchcock, chairman of the senate foreign relations committee. "It lives up to the letter and spirit of our relations with the subject nationalities of Austria, whom we encouraged to hope for independence."

"In a way it adds a condition to those which the president has heretofore specifically laid down," he continued. "The president calls Austria's attention to the fact that it is not sufficient to accept the terms of peace made nine months ago because since that time the United States has assumed obligations to the Czech-Slovak and Jugo-Slav peoples which must now be included in the terms of peace. If the Czech and Jugo-Slav peoples want to agree with Austria on autonomous government that will be all right; but if they elect to depend on our assurance and insist on independence, the president indicates that Austria must accept that as a condition of peace."

Senator Hitchcock said independence for Poland was not mentioned in the note because it was specifically set down as a condition of peace in the president's speech in January.

The president's reply was read in the house this afternoon. Only a few mem-

bers were on the floor, but all applauded vigorously.

Copenhagen, via London, Oct. 19.—The Vossische Zeitung's Vienna correspondent telegraphs his paper that President Wilson's note to Austria-Hungary will be much milder than that sent to Germany. He adds the chief difficulty lies in "the demand for the dissolution of the German-Austrian union."

Note—No such demand has been made by President Wilson in any of his notes. The speech of Count Tisza (former Hungarian premier) against whose life an unsuccessful attempt has just been made, declaring that the war is lost, shows, the correspondent asserts, that even he accepts President Wilson's 14 principles.

Son's Illness Calls Dr. and Mrs. Bell East. Dr. and Mrs. J. F. Bell, 321 Irving street, left Saturday for Newport News, Va., where they were called by the serious illness of their son Alexander, who is stricken with Spanish influenza. The young man is in the United States navy. Another son, Francis, also is in the navy.

No More Permits For Canning Sugar To Be Issued in 1918

No more permits for sugar for canning purposes will be issued by the food administration, announced W. K. Newell, assistant state food administrator, Saturday afternoon, following instructions received from Washington. "The canning season is now practically over," said Mr. Newell, "and there is little fruit left in the markets. The state food administration has been liberal in its allowances of sugar and large stores of fruit have been conserved."

Nearly 200 persons applied for canning sugar permits Saturday.

# Chimney Sparks Cause Fire

Fire caused by sparks from a chimney caused about \$10 damage at 324 Oregon street Saturday afternoon. Engine 13 extinguished the blaze. People were just moving into the house and firemen could not secure the name of the occupants.

# Yes, You Are Welcome to USE YOUR CREDIT!

We appreciate the demands on your supply of ready cash during these strenuous times and for that reason we repeat that you are welcome to USE YOUR CREDIT when you buy your Furniture and Floor Coverings at this big store. You will save money on every purchase, too, AT GADSBYS'.

Gadsbys' Have Just the Heater You Want at the Right Price and Right Terms

Large fire door for big pieces of wood; also grates that can be turned for coal; cheerful fireplace door in front also have the same heater for wood, only for less money. All heaters sold on easy terms, \$1.00 a week. No charge for setting up.

The heater illustrated above is for coal and wood. Combination cast iron top and bottom, fireplace front door, also large side feed door. Burns wood, coal or briquettes.

We recommend this heater for wood and especially call your attention to the fireplace door in front and to the large side feed door; cast iron lined inside, nicely niched. Sold on our same generous terms.

OLD HEATERS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE. Trade your old heater for something more up-to-date. We will allow you all it is worth in exchange. Prompt delivery and set up free.

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## Bedroom Outfit at \$37.50

The biggest outfit this or any other store has to offer. The dresser has large beveled plate mirror and three deep drawers. Roomy chiffonier, four large and two small drawers. Steel bed with brass trimmings, guaranteed construction, and one bedroom chair—all finished in a rich golden oak. This is some outfit for so little price. **\$37.50** CASH \$7.50. \$2.00 WEEKLY

Pictured here is an Up-to-Date Dining-Room Suit—Large buffet with mirror, six dining chairs and round pedestal extension table—all solid oak, finish either tamed or golden oak wax. Other outfits for less money.

**PRICE \$64.00**  
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## Compare This Kitchen Cabinet With Any Other at the Price

See if it lacks any of the necessary qualities that go to make up a first class cabinet—smooth surfaces of this cabinet are smooth. No dirt inviting ledges or rough edges. Sanitary inside and out. Made of beautiful golden oak. Snowy white enamel interior, sliding metal work top. Floor bin with sifter.

Regular \$45 Value  
**SPECIAL AT GADSBYS' \$33**  
Easy Terms, \$1 Week

## \$49.85

**\$49.85**

We have a splendid selection of Bed Davenport in all styles and all the best known makes, in Oak, upholstered in Spanish brown leather, some in tanstry, some in durable imitation leather. Some are full Davenport length—some sofa length. It's an interesting showing—come and see it. **TERMS, \$5.00 CASH—\$1.00 WEEK.**

## Bed Spring and Mattress \$29.75

The Bed outfit we are offering for your approval is a heavy guaranteed Bed—woven wire spring and our special Wonder Mattress, all complete. At Gadsbys' \$29.75—Easy Terms.

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Whittall Anglo-Perlan Rugs  
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Whittall Royal Worcester Rugs

9x13 Axminster Rugs at... \$45.00  
9x12 Velvet Rugs for... \$35.00  
9x12 Tapestry Rugs at... \$35.00  
9x12 Wool Felt Rugs at... \$29.50  
9x12 Wool Felt Rug at... \$17.50

## New Process LINOLEUM

A wide range of entirely new and handsome patterns, suitable for halls, bedrooms, bath, kitchen and dining-room. Priced special this week at Gadsby's.

**90c Square Yard CONGOLEUM RUGS**  
HAVE ADVANCED BUT OUR PRICES REMAIN THE SAME. ALL SIZES. ASK TO SEE THEM.

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Use Our Exchange Dept. If you have furniture that doesn't suit—phone us and we'll send a competent man to see it and arrange to take it on part payment. We'll give you a liberal allowance for your old furniture and we'll sell you new furniture at low prices. The new furniture will be promptly delivered. Exchange goods available at our warehouse, First and Washington.

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## Shoes Cheap No Cheap Shoes

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On Monday Only, One Pair of Oxfords 2 1/2 to 4 1/2 AA to B Worth from \$4 to \$6 with every Pair of Ladies' Shoes \$8 or over

# GOODYEAR SHOE CO.

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Nashua, N. H.—"I am nineteen years old and every month for two years I had such pains that I would often faint and have to leave school. I had such pain I did not know what to do with myself and tried so many remedies that were of no use. I read about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in the newspapers and decided to try it, and that is how I found relief from pain and feel so much better than I used to.

When I hear of any girl suffering as I did I tell them how Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound helped me."—DELENA MARTIN, 59 Bowers Street, Nashua, N. H.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs, contains no narcotic or harmful drugs, and is, therefore, THE PERFECTLY SAFE REMEDY

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