AMERICANS GOING FORWARD DESPITE EFFORTS OF HUNS

Heavy Smoke Lining Plateau and Increasing Noise of Guns Indicates Stiffening Resistance.

DOZEN VILLAGES ARE TAKEN

Germans Move Observation Balloons and Artillery Far Behind Aisne; Flyers Praised.

By Webb Miller

With the Americans on the Aisle, Sept. 7.—(U. P.)—(Noon)—The Americans on the right of the line are continuing to advance toward the Aisne at some points. At other places heavy machine gun fighting is in progress.

Between Glennes and Romains (where the line runs north and south from the Aisne to the Vesle), the Americans are methodically wiping out machine gun nests. Forty-one prisoners including two officers were taken. There is considerable German artillery fire on our right and against our positions on the plateau.

By Fred S. Ferguson

With the Americans on the Aisne, Sept. 7.—(U. P.)—Heavy smoke lining the plateau between the Vesle and the Aisne and the increasing noise of the guns today gave evidence of stiffening German resistance. The enemy is fighting hard at certain spots, especially along the right of the line, where the Americans have not yet reached the river. Overcoming the Boche attempts to make a stand, the Americans and French are pushing on toward the Aisne.

A dozen villages are now in our hands, including Fismette, Bazoches, Basliieux, Vauxcere, Blanzy, Longueval, Revillon, Merval, Serval, Barbonval, Villers-En-Prayeres and Glennes. After the Americans took these towns they pushed on. In each case enemy machine gun squads attempted to hold up our troops, but these were cleaned up by the infantry, with the artillery closely following to shell any troublesome strongholds the Boches might leave behind.

Artillery Moved Far Back

A heavy American barrage was laid down east of Glennes Friday afternoon and the Yankees attacked to speed up the German withdrawal. Apparently the enemy is getting artillery established along the line Hindenburg expects to hold, as shell fire has materially increased. Strong machine gun nests also guard the line of the canal, which cuts across the terrain between the Aisne and the Vesle, along which the American advance elements are pushing the foe.

German observation balloons have now been pulled back four miles beyond the Aisne and their artillery firing, despite its increased intensity, comes from a greater distance back.

Reports from the French and American right (toward Rheims) say that all Prussians have been cleared from south of the Vesle in that immediate region. (The front on the American right turns at right angles from the Aisne and slopes sharply southward across the plateau down to the Vesle).

Observers Win Commendation

The aerial observing squadron was cited by the American corps commander for brilliant work in the present operations. Observers, constantly risking their lives, flew over the German lines and carried back messages regarding the movements there. These observation planes were frequently attacked by German fighting planes. Lieutenant Bagby of Missouri shot down one Boche when attacked by eight and eluded the others. Lieutenant Wagner was attacked by three Germans, but escaped.

On every trip over the enemy lines the observers were set upon, but they continued the struggle in order to keep headquarters supplied with the necessary information. In addition to harrassing American observers, the Hun fliers shot down two allied balloons.

Hun Strength Is Reduced

Prisoners taken so far are all from divisions which have been facing Pershing's troops for some time, including the Fourth division of the Prussian guard.

Prisoners declare the combat strength of their companies had been reduced to 50 rifles and six machine guns. Replacements are being made from the younger elements in the new drafts.

As I stood on the heights overlooking the plateau between the Vesle and Aisne, everything in sight gave evidence of increased German resistance. Constant lines of smoke marked the path of shells breaking on the plateau sending up vast columns of black vapors from high explosives, while shrapnel above made strings of puffy white balls in the sky. Towns, which a month ago were centers of military activity, are now deserted by the fighters and civilians are returning to them.

U. S. ARMY IN FRANCE IS READY TO STRIKE

(Continued from Page One)

used as a mobile force to be shifted back and forth across the western front and thrown into action wherever the need of heavy reinforcements is necessary. It was pointed out, however, that in such a case the Americans would be used only as reserves, and it was thought Foch planned some bigger game for the fresh forces from the United States.

The senate committee were informed that not over 10,000 men have been landed in Italy and Siberia together and that the majority of the American forces are being concentrated on the western front.

General Pershing has withheld the records of 20,000 slight casualties in the expeditionary forces that occurred up to August 20, General Peyton C. March, chief of staff, told representatives of the press at his semi-weekly conference today.

These casualties were withheld under authority vested in the commander-in-chief in the early days of the war, General Marsh said, in announcing plans that have been made by the war department to secure the complete hospital records of all the overseas forces.

In the early days of the war General March explained, General Pershing asked for authority to withhold casualties of a slight nature. In many instances, the American commander explained, men receiving trivial wounds were back in the line before the records could reach the United States. As a result relatives of fighting men have received letters in which the soldiers told of being wounded.

No notification has been received from the war department and it was natural, General March said, that the home folk should become apprehensive. In many instances, said the chief of staff, there was a difference of opinion between the soldier and the attending physician as to the seriousness of the wound, and to straighten out all difficulties that may have arisen or may arise in the future, the war department has arranged for a courier system between the United States and France. These couriers will leave twice a week and bring with them the complete hospital records of the overseas forces.

Three New Divisions

The additional casualties will be made public as soon as they are received by the war department, the chief of staff said.

General March also announced that he had given authority for the organization of three new divisions, making 15 new divisions in all since July 1. They will be numbered the 95th, the 96th and the 97th. The 95th will be trained at Camp Sherman, Ohio; the 96th at Camp Wadsworth, S. C., and the 97th at Camp Cody, N. M.

The chief of staff also disclosed the fact that the 27th national guard division is now in the line with the British in Flanders and that the 92d is on the line in the **Vosges.**

Reports from Springfield, Mass., that the 104th infantry was to be returned to the United States are without foundation, said General March, in response to a question.

Asked if there was any truth to reports that German prisoners of war were to be brought to America, General March said that was a question to be determined at the conference to be held in Berne, Switzerland, on September 23, at which the treatment and maintenance of prisoners of war of both this country and the central powers would be determined.

The 89th division, he said, in response to another question, is now on the line north of Toul, and has been there since the middle of August.

1200 DeHavilands Delivered

Asked whether he had told the senate military affairs committee today that 93 per cent of the Americans overseas were now directly under the command of General Pershing, General March said that he did not care to be quoted directly, but that he would admit that more than 90 per cent of the men were directly under the American commander. He would not discuss whether or not troops in the future would be sent direct to Pershing without first being brigaded with the French and British, but said that due to a "happily thought out plan" of the war department, it would be possible to deliver them in such a way that little of the brigading process would be necessary and so that they would receive their training in the shortest possible time.

More than 1200 DeHaviland planes have been delivered to date, and of these more than 800 have been shipped abroad, General Peyton C. March, chief of staff, told members of the senate military affairs committee at their weekly conference with him today.

The chief of staff referred especially to the work of the Fisher-Body company, which has reached practically a quantity production basis.

Heretofore this company, General March said, had been delivering on an average of four planes a week. Last week they delivered 100, this number being included in the total figures for deliveries which General March furnished the committee.

KEEP YOUR WAR SAVINGS STAMPS

The other day a Portland man cashed in on $100 worth of War Savings Stamps. But he was properly "up against it." His wife had just died; his 30-year-old son is a hopeless paralytic; two younger sons are in the army. This man had real need of the money. And it was available when he needed it most.

Persons who think of cashing in their War Savings Stamps, should be sure there is a real need before doing so. If they need the money for the necessities of life they can have it for the asking. If not, they should leave it with the government. Every stamp cashed in now is a blow at Uncle Sam's vitals. It takes away the money needed for the boys who are fighting. Cashing in postpones the hour of final victory.

Keep your War Savings Stamps and buy more. Keep your pledge to buy War Savings Stamps. See that your friends do so, too. This is no time for slackers.

C. S. JACKSON,
State Director W. S. S.

AMERICANS REACH SWEDEN IN SAFETY

Despite Demands of Red Guards for Surrender, Party Crosses the Border.

Copenhagen, Sept. 7.—(I. N. S.)—One hundred and twenty-one Americans from the legation in Moscow, including seven women, and 72 Italian refugees have escaped from Russia and arrived safely in Sweden, according to news agency dispatches.

The Bolsheviki demanded the surrender of the American and Italian refugees, but the members of the legations refused and succeeded in eluding the Red guards.

According to the refugees, Nikolai Lenine, head of the Russian provisional government, died from the wounds received at the hands of Dora Kaplan.

Washington, Sept. 7.—(U. P.)—The Norwegian, Dutch, Danish and Swiss ministers have protested to Foreign Minister Tchitcherin of the Soviet government, against his added demands regarding departure of allied consuls and missions from Moscow. Apparent agreement has been made. Tchitcherin subsequently made stipulations requiring that the soviet agent in London be returned, Russian soldiers in France be repatriated and other similar demands.

Czechs Hold Vast District

Washington, Sept. 7.—(I. N. S.)—All military opposition against the Czechs in the Vladivostok district is doomed to an early collapse, according to dispatches from Russia reaching the state department today. The Czechs are being assisted by Russians in western Siberia, the dispatch adds, and General Hobarth has left Vladivostok for a conference with the Czech leaders at Irkutsk.

Another dispatch from Consul Harris at Irkutsk, dated September 2, says that the Czechs are in power from Cheliakinsk and Ekaterinburg to Chita and also west as far as Samara, Orenburg and Kazan.

Still another message, from a confidential source, says that connections have been established between the Czechs operating east of Karemaka and those cut off in the Baikal region, effecting the capture of Chita and Karemska. Trains are now running between Irkutsk and the Onon river, it was added.

British Driving for Moscow

Washington, Sept. 7.—(U. P.)—British troops in Northern Russia, assisted by allied soldiers and friendly Russians, are preparing for aggressive action toward Moscow.

Bolshevik outrages against British and French subjects at Moscow and Petrograd made strong steps imperative, allied officials say.

THIRD OF BIG SERIES CAPTURED BY BOSTON

(Continued From Page One)

A sprinkle of rain fell while Paskert was at bat, but the cloud that dropped it was swiftly passing by.

Second Inning

Boston—Whiteman singled to left. McInnis out, bunting the third strike, the bunt going foul. Schang fanned and Whiteman stole second. Scott safe at first on Hollocher's fumble, Whiteman going to third. Thomas filed out to Flack. No runs. One hit. One error.

Chicago—Merkle filed out to Hooper. Pick filed to Shean. Deal out, Thomas to McInnis. No runs, no hits, no errors.

Third Inning

Boston—Mays out, Hollocher to Merkle. Hooper out, Merkle to Vaughn, who covered first. Shean out, Vaughn to Merkle. No runs. No hits. No errors. Vaughn juggled the ball, but got it in time to throw his man out.

Chicago—Killifer out, Shean to McInnis. Vaughn out, Shean to McInnis. Flack out, McInnis unassisted. No runs. No hits. No errors.

Fourth Inning

Boston — Strunk fanned on three pitched balls, without taking his bat off his shoulder. Whiteman hit by pitched ball and went to first base. Whiteman narrowly escaped being nipped off first. McInnis singled to left, Whiteman going to second. Whiteman scored on Schang's single to center, McInnis going to third. McInnis scored on Scott's infield hit. Vaughn fielded the ball, but became confused and did not attempt to make a play. Schang out at the plate. Flack to Killifer, when Thomas singled to right. Scott went to third and Thomas to second on the throw-in. Mays filed out to Paskert. Two runs. Four hits. No errors.

Chicago—Hollocher filed to Hooper. Mann doubled down right field foul line. Paskert filed out to Whiteman, who went to the fence to get it. Merkle out, Scott to McInnis, Scott making a nice stop. No runs. One hit. No errors.

Fifth Inning

Boston—Hooper walked. Shean lined out to Vaughn, who doubled Hooper off first. Strunk fanned for the second time. The third strike was called. No runs. No hits, No errors.

Chicago—Pick doubled to Scott. The official scorer called it a double when Scott let it go through him. Deal filed cut to Whiteman. Pick scored on Killifer's single to left. Vaughn fanned. Killifer out, Schang to Scott, trying steal. One run. Two hits. No errors.

Sixth Inning

Boston—Whiteman lined out to Merkle. McInnis popped to Deal. Schang fanned. Not swinging at the ball. No runs. No hits. No errors.

Chicago—Flack fouled out to Schang, who made a pretty running catch. Hollocher out, Scott to McInnis. Mann singled to right for his second consecutive hit. Airplanes flew over the field. Paskert singled to center, Mann halting at second. Merkle fanned, swinging hard at the third one. No runs. Two hits. No errors.

Seventh Inning

Boston—Scott out on a foul to Flack, who made a beautiful running catch. Thomas out, Merkle to Vaughn who covered first. Mays out, Vaughn to Merkle. No runs. No hits. No errors.

Chicago—Pick out, Scott to McInnis. Deal beat out an infield hit to Thomas. Killifer out, Mays to McInnis, Deal taking second. Vaughn out on a fly to Whiteman. No runs. One hit. No errors.

Eighth Inning

Boston—Hooper fanned, the third strike being called. Shean fouled out to Merkle. Strunk flied out to Flack. No runs. No hits. No errors.

Chicago—Flack flied out to Strunk. Hollocher fanned, swinging at the third one. Mann out, Scott to McInnis. No runs. No hits. No errors.

Ninth Inning

Boston—Whiteman out, Deal to Merkle. McInnis out, Hollocher to Merkle. Schang singled to right, the first hit off Vaughn since the fourth inning. Schang stole second. Scott faned, missing the third one. No runs. One hit. No errors.

Chicago—Paskert out, Scott to McInnis. Merkle out, Mays to McInnis. Pick beat out a hit to Shean and stole second. Mays and Schang consulted. The umpire took the wet ball out of the game after a protest by Mitchell and threw it away. Pick stole third and continued towards the plate when Thomas dropped the throw, but Thomas recovered the ball and threw Pick out at the plate. No runs. One hit. No errors.

Gen. Wood Tells His Men They Are To See Fighting

Camp Funston, Kan., Sept. 7.—"You men are going over now, very soon," said Major General Leonard Wood, commanding the Tenth division, here in a talk to the Forty-first regiment, "to take part in the biggest war in the world's history and one of the ugliest ones. A lot of you are not coming back. It is not a war of the easy kind. There is nothing whatever to justify assuming that we are near the end of it. It is a hard, grinding game of killing, with little romance of war as you have read of it. Nothing of the old battles. A day of hard fighting, or two or three days, and something definite coming out of it, but a straight game of killing.

"And the men and the nation which can stand the killing the longest and can smile last is the one to win."

General Wood has addressed every regiment in the new division within the past week or ten days. He has talked to them of their duties as soldiers and the aims of the United States in entering the war. He told the men not to underestimate the enemy, but to measure them at their true worth and beat them by determination.

Farmers Urging Conscription of All Big Incomes

Washington, Sept. 7.—(I. N. S.)—The taking for war revenue of all incomes above $100,000 by taxation or loans was urged by Benjamin C. Marsh, executive secretary of the farmers' national committee on war finance, before the senate finance committee today when it resumed hearings on the eight billion dollar revenue bill.

Marsh said he spoke for organized farmers and organized labor when he advocated at least half of the country's estimated war cost of $24,000,000,000 be met by current taxation. He favored higher war and excess profits and income taxes than those provided for in bill.

SEVEN LAST PLAGUES SOON TO FALL UPON THE WORLD

JUDGMENTS PROMISED UPON WICKED TO BE AS REAL AS WERE THE PLAGUES VISITED UPON EGYPTIANS IN DAYS OF MOSES, DECLARES EVANGELIST L. K. DICKSON

When These Scourges Begin Many Will Seek Forgiveness of Sins, but Door of Mercy Will Be Forever Barred Against Them.

That the plagues which are to be poured out upon the world just before the return of Christ will be as real as were the plagues poured out upon Egypt in the days of Moses, was the declaration of Evangelist L. K. Dickson in his lecture at the big tent pavilion, Thirteenth and Morrison streets last night, on "The Seven Last Plagues; When Will They Fall?" He based his remarks on the sixteenth chapter of Revelation, which gives a description of these plagues, and made it plain that when these plagues begin to fall then the world can understand that the return of Christ is very near at hand.

He emphasized the necessity of getting right with God before probation closes, showing from the Bible that when the first plague is poured out, the door of mercy has forever closed. He said that when this time arrives the justice of God will then be felt by all who have been disobedient to his commandments. He begged his audience to seek God while he may be found, and call upon him while he is near, and read, many promises where the Lord will deliver those in the terrible times that are bound to come upon the earth, if they remain faithful and true to His precepts.

Evangelist L. K. Dickson

In his remarks, Evangelist Dickson said in part:

My text is found in Revelation 15:1: "And I saw another sign in heaven, great and marvelous, seven angels having the seven last plagues; for in them is filled up the wrath of God." This chapter introduces the seven last plagues, a manifestation of heaven's unmingled wrath, and the fullness of its measure, for the last generation of the wicked. The work of mercy is then forever past. We read in verses five and eight that the temple of the tabernacle of the testimony in heaven was opened and that the temple was filled with smoke, and no man was able to enter into the temple till the seven plagues of the seven angels were fulfilled. The work of Christ in his intercession in the sanctuary at that time has ceased, and men everywhere will have made their decision for or against Him. These two classes are brought out in Rev. 14:9-12. On the one hand, there will be those who have scorned the warning message of God who are worshipping the beast and his image and who have received his mark. The other class, those who worship God, keeps the commandments of God and the faith of Jesus. These having gained the victory over the beast and over his image, and over his mark, and over the number of his name, stand on the sea of glass, having the harps of God. Rev. 15:2.

When the plagues fall upon the earth, as we have found already, intercession has ceased and probation is closed, and the awful fiat has gone out: "He that is unjust, let him be unjust still, and he which is filthy, let him be filthy still, and he that is righteous, let him be righteous still, and he that is holy, let him be holy still." Rev. 22:11. After the close of probation there will be a short period of time in which the plagues fall, and Christ will come. This short period of time is brought out in Luke 13:24-28, when many will seek to enter in, but the door of salvation will be barred, and they will stand with out knocking at the door, saying, "Lord, Lord, open unto us."

Again this period of time is brought to view in which there will be no intercessor for the unsaved in Prov. 1:24-33; Amos 8:11-12. In the lives of many this situation in which they are placed comes as a result of worshipping their convenience rather than God. They have frittered away their day of grace, and now they stand facing the stern realities of the judgments of God, his unmingled wrath in the seven last plagues.

In the sixteenth chapter of Revelation we have a description of the seven vials of the unmingled wrath of God, and the effects that follow as they are poured upon the earth. The plagues upon Egypt when God was about to deliver Israel, were similar in character to those more terrible and extensive judgments which are to fall upon the world just before the final deliverance of God's people. Says the Revelator, concerning the first plague: "And the first went, and poured out his vial upon the earth; and there fell a noisome and grievous sore upon the men who had the mark of the beast, and upon them which worshipped his image. These plagues are not universal, or the inhabitants of the earth would be wholly cut off. Yet they will be the most awful scourges that have ever been known to mortals. All the judgments upon men, prior to the close of probation, have been mingled with mercy. The pleading blood of Christ has shielded the sinner from receiving the full measure of his guilt; but in the final judgment wrath is poured out unmixed with mercy These plagues will fall in one year according to Revelation 18:8, and will be the great opening step in the day of the Lord." It is impossible for men through the prophecies to locate definitely the beginning of these plagues; therefore the Bible writers speak concerning the day of the Lord as coming like a thief in the night.

Some morning men will rise from their couches and will find upon their bodies the most grievous-looking sore imaginable. They may go to their wives to find out what it can be, and the wife will find the same upon her body. They will hastily seek out their neighbor to find a remedy and meet the neighbor half way to their house seeking for the same remedy, and as they stand gazing with ashen faces one upon the other the awful realization will dawn upon them that the unmingled wrath of God is being poured out upon them, and the anguish and remorse of a lost soul will be upon them. In that day, What would a man not give for one more moment of probation in which to seek forgiveness for his sins? But before every gateway of hope will be written in that day the words "too late, you have waited too long."

"As the second angel pours out his vial upon the sea, the prophet sees it become as the blood of a dead man. Every living creature in the sea dies, and is forthwith cast upon the shores, which no sanitary measures are prepared to counteract. With the pouring out of the third angel's vial the rivers are also turned to blood, with the fountains. Terrible as these inflictions are, God's justice stands vindicated. The angel of God declares, 'Thou are righteous, O Lord . . because thou hast judged us. For they have shed the blood of saints and prophets, and thou hast given them the blood to drink: for they are worthy.' Rev. 16:5-6. In the plague that follows, power is given to the sun to scorch men with heat, verse 8. The prophets thus describe the condition of the earth at this fearful time: 'The land mourneth; . . . because the harvest of the field is perished.' 'All the trees of the field are withered; because joy is withered away from the sons of men'; 'the seed is rotten under their clods, the garners are laid desolate'; how do the beasts groan? The herds of cattle are perplexed because they have no pasture . . . The rivers and waters are dried up, and the fire hath devoured the pastures of the wilderness.' 'The songs of the temple shall be howlings in that day, saith the Lord God; there shall be many dead bodies in every place; they shall cast them forth with silence.'" Joel 1:10-12, 17-20; Amos 8:3.

It is worthy of notice that every succeeding plague tends to augment the calamity of the previous ones and to heighten the anguish of the guilty sufferers. We have now a noisome and grievous sore preying upon men, inflaming their blood and pouring its feverish influence through their veins. In addition to this, they have only blood to allay their burning thirst; and, as if to crown all, power is given unto the sun, and he pours upon them a flood of liquid fire, and they are scorched with great heat. Here, as the record runs, their woes first seek utterance in fearful blasphemy, for we read, verses 10 and 11, "and the fifth angel poured out his vial upon the seat of the beast; and his kingdom was full of darkness; and they gnawed their tongues for pain. And blasphemed the God of heaven because of their pains and their sores, and repented not of their deeds."

The pouring out of the sixth plague brings to view the drying up of the waters of the Euphrates "that the way of the kings of the East might be prepared." We have found in our previous studies that this drying up of the river Euphrates is a symbol relating to the diminishing of the Turkish empire, which controls the territory through which the river Euphrates flows. Waters, in prophecy, refer to "peoples, and multitude, and nations, and tongues." Rev. 17:15. The disintegration of Turkey has been going on for many years until now the only land which she controls in Europe is the city of Constantinople and a little strip of territory called the back door of the city beside the territory in Asia Minor through which the river Euphrates flows. And in the present war thrqugh the onward march of the British army this outlaw of the world has been greatly weakened in Acia Minor. Soon she shall be completely driven from Europe, and shall flee to Asia Minor, and as the "drying-up" process continues she will be forced to plant her tabernacle in Jerusalem, according to Dan. 11:45, where she shall come to her end or be completely dried up. The fact that this drying-up process is now going on and that it is completed under the sixth plague which ushers in the second coming of Christ gives us some idea of the nearness of the time when these plagues shall begin to fall, and therefore of the nearness of the closing of the door of salvation, and the end of the world's history. Under this plague, as Turkey is dried up and comes to her end, the battle of Armageddon is fought.

As we read of the seventh plague it may be said, "The Lord hath opened his armory and hath brought forth the weapons of his indignation." In verses 17 to 21 of Revelation 16, the scenes surrounding the second coming of Christ are given. "There were voices. Above all will be heard the voice of God. The Lord also shall roar out of Zion, and utter his voice from Jerusalem, and the heavens and the earth shall shake; but the Lord will be the hope of his people, and the strength of the children of Israel." Joel 3:16. See also Jer. 25:30, Heb. 12:26. This will cause the great earthquake, such as was not since men were upon the earth. The cities of the nations will fall; universal desolation spreads over the earth; every island flees away and the mountains are not found, "and there fell upon men a great hail out of heaven." This is the last instrumentality used in the infliction of punishment upon the wicked—the bitter dregs of the seventh vial. God has solemnly addressed the wicked saying, "Judgment also will I lay to the line, and righteousness to the plummet; and the hail shall sweep away the refuge of lies, and the waters shall overflow the hiding place." Isa. 28:17. "Every stone about the weight of a talent," weighing according to various authorities about 57 pounds avoirdupois. What could withstand the force of stones of such enormous weight falling from heaven? But mankind, at this time, will have no shelter. The cities have fallen in a mighty earthquake. The islands have fled away and the mountains are not found. "And there came a great voice out of the temple of heaven, from the throne, saying, 'It is done!'" Thus all is finished. The cup of human guilt has been filled up. The last soul has availed itself of the plan of salvation. The books are closed. The number of the saved is completed. The final period is placed to this world's history. The vials of God's wrath are poured out upon a corrupt generation. The wicked have drunk them to the dregs, and sunk into the realm of death for a thousand years. The people of God while this overflowing scourge is passing over are the special subjects of God's protection, without whose notice not a sparrow falls to the ground. Ps. 91:2-10, and in Isa. 32:18-19. Ps. 121:5-7, Isa. 33:16; 41:17 are given the many promises which come crowding in to comfort the saints during this awful time.

Dear soul, where do you wish to be found in that day? Upon your decision today largely rests the position in which you will be placed in that day; whether you will stand with the unmingled wrath of God pouring over your guilty head, or whether you are abiding under the shadow of the Almighty. "Acquaint now thyself with him, and be at peace: thereby good shall come unto thee." Job. 22:21. "Seek ye the Lord while he may be found, call ye upon him while he is near: let the wicked forsake his way, and the unrighteous man his thoughts: and let him return unto the Lord, and he will have mercy upon him: and to our God, for he will abundantly pardon." Isa. 55:6-7.

The subject for tonight will be: "The New Covenant—It's Relation to the Law and Sabbath."

Free literature on the subjects that are being presented in these lectures may be secured by communicating with Evangelist L. K. Dickson, 399 East Forty-sixth street North, or telephone Tabor 2364. (Adv.)

HELP WIN THE WAR—GET READY TO BUY A BOND IN THE FOURTH LIBERTY LOAN DRIVE

Where Germans May Try To Stand Behind Hindenburg Line

The leading article in THE LITERARY DIGEST this week—September 7th—is accompanied by a helpful Map which shows the present Hindenburg line, and also clearly indicates the line behind it at the River Meuse, which, in the opinion of experts, will be where the Germans will make their new stand. It also shows the territory the American troops are holding in Alsace, Lorraine, and along the Vesle, including cities, rivers, etc.

This article analyzes all the important war news of the past week from the Western Front.

Other features of great interest to the American public in this number of "The Digest" are:

Why American Airplane Production Lags

In This Article Are Presented the Criticisms of the American Newspaper Press Upon the Recent Aircraft Production Report of the Sub-Committee of the Senate

Germany's War on the Children
Soldiers Turning to the Bible
Food for the War-Winter
Wanted: A Million Workers
Germany Proposes a United States of Europe
Shall We Wear Cotton?
Undersea Pipe-Lines for All
New Words for New Things
Ordering a German National Hymn
Current Poetry
News of Commerce and Finance
How Your War Furnace Can Help Win the War
(Prepared by the U. S. Fuel Administration)
Britain Appreciates Our Efforts
The Theological Student of the Future
In Berlin Today
Saving the U-Boat's Victims
Replanting the War Forests
Joyce Kilmer
A Parson's Lonely Daughter
Personal Glimpses of Men and Events

Many Half-tone Illustrations, Maps and Reproductions of the Best Cartoons

September 7th Number on Sale Today—All Newsdealers—10 Cents

One subject of paramount interest holds today the first place in the hearts and minds of the fathers and mothers of America and of the millions of anxious women here at home, the wives, sisters, and sweethearts of the gallant fellows who have gone "over there." It is the question of how the "boys in brown" are faring on the battlefields of France, what they are doing, whether they are making good and holding their own successfully against the onslaughts of the Teuton. The one sure way to get this information in an accurate and comprehensive form is to read from week to week in THE LITERARY DIGEST the exact facts regarding our men abroad, their movements, their various activities, their share of the fighting, and the measures that are being taken for their comfort and support — facts that drawn from all the authoritative sources and that may be accepted without question, forming a continuous history of our part in the war that is well worth preserving. Begin studying it today.

Read "The Digest" for Authentic News Regarding American Fighters

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