

IT'S ALL HERE
and
IT'S ALL TRUE



Oregon Journal



THE WEATHER
Tonight and Saturday probably fair; west winds. Humidity 52.

VOL. XVII. NO. 16

PORTLAND, OREGON, FRIDAY EVENING, AUGUST 9, 1918.—EIGHTEEN PAGES

PRICE TWO CENTS

ON TRAINS AND NEWS STANDS FIVE CENTS

ALLIES TAKE 20,000 GERMANS, ADVANCE 12 MILES IN PICARDY

BOLSHEVIKI PUT ALLIES ON PLANE WITH HUNS

Foreign Minister Tcherin Says State of Defense, Not War, Exists, in Explanation of Statement Made by Lenine.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—(I. N. S.)—Belated dispatches from American Consul Poole at Moscow today partly cleared up the reports that the Bolsheviki had declared war on Great Britain. Poole reported that on July 3 Premier Lenine announced at a public gathering of the Russian soviet that a state of war existed between the Russian republic and the allied governments. The consular representatives in Moscow of those powers immediately communicated with M. Tcherin at the ministry of foreign affairs and demanded an explanation of Lenine's statements. Tcherin told them that "a state of defense existed, not a state of war," and expressed the hope that the representatives would remain at their posts, exactly as did the representatives of Germany under similar circumstances. The consular officers then demanded that a public statement of exact conditions be made, in order that the public should not be deceived. This was taken under consideration by Tcherin. When asked whether British and French military officers who were in Russia would be allowed to leave the country, Tcherin said that no obstacle would be placed in their way. At the same time a report from Archangel stated that when the allied forces appeared there the Bolsheviki demanded an explanation. The allies, however, immediately capitulated.

68 SHIPS ARE BEING OUTFITTED HERE

28 Vessels Have Been Completed and Sent on Their Journey From This Port.

Sixty-eight ships, wooden and steel, launched in the yards of Portland, 65 of them since January 1, are lying at outfitting docks today. Nor is this all of Portland's contribution to the government's ship program for the war, for 23 vessels already have been completed and sent out for carrying men, munitions and supplies to Europe. The launchings this year for the American and French governments, together with a few on private account, total 93 so far in 1918. The total tonnage of ships put in the water this year is 322,500. Of the 93 ships, 18 were steel, 14 of 800 tons and four of 3800 tons, a total tonnage in steel ships of 128,400. Wooden ships numbered 75, with a total tonnage of 222,800. Shipyards are just getting to their full capacity now. With the three new ways at the Columbia River Shipbuilding corporation, the five new ways at the steel yards of the G. M. Standifer Construction corporation, and the increased production planned in the wooden shipyards the year's tonnage will more than double that so far launched and is expected to approximate a million tons.

Arthur Vincelet Severely Wounded

Arthur S. Vincelet, whose address is given as 1806 Endicott street, Portland, was severely wounded, according to the official announcement of the war department. Mr. Vincelet's name is not in the city directory, and the army recruiting station had no record of his having enlisted since November of last year.

BRITISH START NEW DRIVE IN FLANDERS; HUNS DRIVEN INTO LAND THEY LAID WASTE

Battle Tide Is Turned Victory Held Nearer



David Lloyd George

LONDON, Aug. 9.—(I. N. S.)—"We propose to fight it through to the end," declared Premier Lloyd George in a speech at Neath today at a Welsh celebration. Ringing cheers greeted the premier. "The word is full steam ahead," he continued, "until the gods decree that the sun shine again in a land of real peace and there is no apprehension of sinister plotting by forces always ready to start the slaughter again. "We have a right to feel confident, for there is great news. "The Franco-British attack is one ray of light in the tunnel through which the allies are traveling," continued the premier. "It means we have traveled so many miles nearer the end. We may have dark days ahead, nevertheless let us keep up our spirits. "It is the spirit of the people that counts for victory. And in that victory there will be no tearing up nor greed; yea, no vengeance. "Keep steady and all will be well. "The tide of the battle has turned," the premier declared in a speech on his way to Neath. "The enemy has done his worst," he continued. "He could not do more than he has done. If we hold together we will win the greatest triumph for liberty the world has ever seen."

ENLISTMENTS ORDERED STOPPED

Men Who Applied Up to 9 A. M. This Morning to Be Accepted; Marine Still Taking Men.

Albany, N. Y., Aug. 9.—(I. N. S.)—With a great demand for army officers facing the war department, a standard course of military training has been prescribed to prepare and train 65,000 officers in all the colleges of the country. It became known here this afternoon. Forty college presidents from New York and New Jersey conferred here today with Dr. Charles Alexander Richmond, president of Union college, Schenectady, who has been named regional director for New York and New Jersey. The war department plan has divided the country into 12 educational districts. A regional director for each district has been appointed. Official orders covering the cancellation of voluntary enlistments pending negotiations over the new draft were received by Portland recruiting officers this morning. Colonel George S. Young, in charge of the army recruiting station in the Worcester building, received the following: (Continued on Page Three, Column Two)

Spain's Neutrality at Stake, View of Papers of Nation

Paris, Aug. 9.—(By Agence Radio to the I. N. S.)—Rigorous measures are necessary to establish absolutely the neutrality of Spain, according to advices from Madrid today, quoting the Spanish newspapers. One paper was credited with saying that the "allies mistrust Spain and that a stand is imperative." The Diario and Universal calls it a "grave and solemn hour." The deliberations of the ministry at Madrid on the sinking of Spanish ships by German submarines have come to an end.

PRISONER FLEES WHEN LEFT ALONE

Lyle D. Brown, Facing Possible Forgery and White Slave Charges, Escapes.

Lyle D. Brown, arrested Thursday night by city detectives after he had attempted to cash a \$200 check at a department store, escaped from an anteroom in the United States attorney's office, in the postoffice building this afternoon. Brown was left alone for a moment when Assistant United States Attorney Goldstein called Inspector Pat Moloney, who had brought Brown to the office from the city jail, into a private office. Brown took advantage of the officer's absence and fled to the street, where he disappeared in the crowds at Morrison and Fifth streets. At the city jail, huddled discreetly in the women's protective division quarters, is a pretty girl of Louisville, Ky., who, until today, thought she was Brown's wife. She heard then, however, that the marriage ceremony performed at Jeffersonville, Ind., was fictitious. She is being held as a witness to possible charges of forgery and violation of the federal white slave law. Officers say the girl in the case is an orphan and was in an asylum during her childhood. Innocent of any wrong, she is said to have met Brown in Louisville, when he was on parole from the reformatory. He is said to have told her he had been an employe rather than an inmate of the state institution. Efforts are being made by the women's protective bureau to find proper employment for her here.

Oil Vat Explodes In Shell Factory

Chicago, Aug. 9.—(I. N. S.)—A blast which threatened tons of munitions, threw into a panic the 300 odd employes of Winslow Bros. here today when an oil vat, used for the dipping of shells, exploded. Although driven into the street by fear, none of the workers, of whom 200 are girls, was hurt. Prompt action by the fire department prevented the blast from causing serious damage.

FLOWER OF HUN ARMY REPULSED BY YANKS

Picked Shock Troops Try Vainly Four Times to Drive Away Americans Holding the Bridge Over Vesle River at Fismes.

By Henry G. Wales
WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY ON THE MARNE-VESLE FRONT, Aug. 8.—(Night.)—(I. N. S.)—Picked German shock troops unsuccessfully attempted four times today to drive back the American troops holding the bridgehead established on the north bank of the Vesle river at Fismes. General von Boehm launched his heaviest attack soon before daybreak with 400 picked men from the grenadier and Prussian Guard forces. He ordered them to regain the river bank at all costs. "American machine guns, however, poured so deadly a fire from the northern outskirts of Fismes and the northern side of the Soissons-Rheims high road in the region of Bazoches that the German attack was broken down. The enemy continues to hold Bazoches technically, as he has drenched the town with gas in his determination to keep the allies out, but he is unable to live there himself, merely maintaining a cordon of machine gunners at the edge of Fismes. Despite enemy gases, Krupp batteries and the shelling of back areas by long range enemy guns, allied engineers have succeeded in establishing a bridge across the Vesle. Enemy aircraft and artillery failed to stop them. Our artillery also successfully grappled with the barbed wire entanglements which the Boches placed along the river bed to prevent its fording during the Franco-British offensive in the Montdidier salient.

Critics of Foch Silenced

By Earl C. Reeves
London, Aug. 9.—(I. N. S.)—The launching of Marshal Foch's second surprise offensive Thursday apparently reveals that American troops participate in the plan.

Auto Factories Are Told of Need Of War Material

Washington, Aug. 9.—Pleasure automobile manufacturers were advised to convert their energies to war work as quickly as possible in a letter made public today by the war industries board. No assurances for continuance of the industry after January 1, 1919, can be given, the letter stated. No steel will be allocated the manufacturers who have not complied with the board's request for a detailed inventory of steel stocks on hand, the board added.

Kuehlmann Sees Collapse of Junkers

Berne, Aug. 9.—(U. P.)—Dr. Richard von Kuehlmann, former German foreign minister, has conferred with Matthias Erzberger, centrist leader, and Philipp Scheidemann, leader of the majority Socialists, with a view to forming a Reichstag majority under his leadership, according to a Berlin dispatch today. It is reported von Kuehlmann has predicted the collapse of the Pan-German majority and the fall of Chancellor von Hertling within a year. Von Kuehlmann is said to expect to become chancellor.

Picardy Drive Expected to Aid Americans on Soissons Front

News of Amiens Attack Received With Great Enthusiasm by the Yankee Troops.

By Fred S. Ferguson
With the American Armies in France, Aug. 8.—(Night.)—The Franco-British attack in Picardy is likely to have a big influence on the situation along the Aisne-Vesle line where there has been no great change in the past 24 hours. The Americans improved their positions slightly by heavy attacks, but for the most part were busy repulsing German counter attacks. One of these reached our lines, but the infantry threw them back in hand to hand struggles. News of the Amiens attack is being received with great enthusiasm by American troops. One thoughtful expressed the sentiments of his companions as follows: "The Boche is getting like a horse. Now he is beginning to kick. The British ought to put a twist on his nose and shut off his wind. Then we'll start going here again."

I spent an hour tonight with some boys from Michigan and Wisconsin who took part in the fight and drove the Boches across the Vesle. They ran into many machine guns being fired by men with the red cross on their arms, they said. One lieutenant came in with the knees clean out of his pants, where machine gun bullets had nipped him. There was scarcely a man but had a bullet hole through his clothes somewhere. Many black, for three and coats and found virtually bare armed and bare legged. Father Dunnigan of Lapeer, Mich., said he buried one boy he found with three dead Boches about him. The boy's rifle was covered with blood. Apparently he had fought a bayonet battle against many Germans and had accounted for three of them before he had fallen himself.

Huns Must Change Before Allies Will Ever Bridge Abyss

London, Aug. 9.—(I. N. S.)—"The abyss separating the allies and the central powers will be immeasurable until the true policy of Germany is changed," Foreign Secretary Balfour declared today. "There is small hope that Germany willingly will become a member of a peaceful society of nations." Balfour continued, "To return the African colonies to Germany would mean submarine bases in all the trade routes of the world and creation of a black army for the purpose of aggression. "This would be a calamity to mankind, unless Germany changes heart or the allied victory convinces everybody in Germany that their policy is a failure."

22 Hun Planes Are Sent Down in Raid

London, Aug. 9.—Explosives factories at Bombach were attacked by British bombing squadrons, the British air ministry communique, issued today, stated. Fifteen hostile airplanes were destroyed and seven driven down out of control. Two British machines failed to return. The wreckage contained 48 names, divided as follows: Killed in action, 90; died from wounds, 9; from disease, 3; from accident, 1; wounded, severely, 20; wounded slightly, 2; wounded, degree undetermined, 41; missing in action, 208. The machine lists contained 52 names, divided as follows: Killed in action, five died from wounds received in action, 18 wounded severely in action and 20 wounded, degree undetermined. The army lists contained the names of the following officers:

- ### KILLED IN ACTION
- CAPTAIN ROBERT M. GRAHAM, Mineola, Minn.
 - Lieutenants EUGENE E. WILSON, Battle Creek, Mich. JOHN B. WHITE, Hutchinson, Kan. GUY J. WINSTEAD, Borboro, N. C. GERALD D. WATSON, Boston.
- ### MISSING IN ACTION
- CAPTAIN DANA C. SCHMIDT, St. Paul, Minn.
 - Lieutenants CLYDE C. VAUGHN, Liberty Hill, Texas. GEORGE H. CROWNS, Nekosia, Wis. ROBERT F. RAYMOND, Boston.
- (Continued on Page Fourteen, Column Three)

MUNITIONS AND SUPPLIES LOST BY GERMAN ARMIES ALONE ARE HEAVY BLOW TO KAISER'S FORCE

Initial Progress Made by British in Flanders Battle Is to Depth of Two Miles on Eight Mile Front; Capture of Six Villages Reported; Resistance of Germans to North of Somme Vigorous; Morlancourt Is Captured; British Make Big Gains

LONDON, Aug. 9, 5:15 P. M.—(I. N. S.)—General retreat by the Germans is indicated by the wholesale destruction of munition dumps and stores, said a Reuter dispatch from the front late this afternoon. The Franco-British casualties are reported to be only three-fifths of the number of prisoners counted.

By William Philip Simms
WITH THE BRITISH ARMIES IN FRANCE, Aug. 9, 12:30 P. M.—(U. P.)—British cavalry detachments are reported approaching Chaulnes, 12 miles from where the offensive started. Prisoners taken in the drive to date exceed 20,000, according to the estimates. The cavalry today took a number of additional villages from the Germans. The losses to the armies of Von der Marwitz and Von Hutier in munitions and other supplies alone constitute a heavy blow to the Germans. Ten different enemy divisions were identified in Thursday's fighting. (A German division usually numbers 12,000 men.) Other divisions have been thrown into the battle since Thursday night. The whole area included in the great bend of the Somme is a nasty tangle of German transports and artillery troops, all struggling along the same roads. These masses of men and material are being attacked by low-flying airplanes, which maintain a constant machine gun fire, accompanied by bombs, day and night. In the region of Morlancourt, the British were unable to maintain their positions. The Chihilly spur, around the foot of which flows the Somme, is the scene of very heavy fighting. The Wurtembergers there were ordered to hold despite any losses. Farther south, French and British cavalry seems to be everywhere at once, cutting retreating columns to pieces and rounding up prisoners. Armored cars are dashing up and down the roads, adding to the enemy's dismay, while tanks and "whippets" maneuvering across the fields and cooperating with the cavalry far in advance of the infantry, are continuing their deadly trundle. Many bridges have been destroyed, including those at Peronne and Brie. French cavalry, tanks and infantry are fighting brilliantly on the British right.

London, Aug. 9.—(U. P.)—British troops, while sweeping forward on their new offensive front in Picardy, suddenly advanced in Flanders today. Initial progress of two miles on an eight-mile front along the southwestern portion of the Flanders salient was reported by the British war office, together with the capture of six villages.

Locon, Le Cornet, Malo, Quentin, Le Petit Pacaut and Le Sart have been occupied. North of the Somme, the statement said, the enemy is resisting vigorously, and heavy fighting is under way between Chipilly and Morlancourt. Haig's statement indicated the enemy had retired from his positions on the whole Lys valley front, and that the British had advanced northward of Merville to a depth of 2000 yards.

London, Aug. 9, 2 P. M.—British patrols have passed Foucaucourt