

IT'S ALL HERE
and
IT'S ALL TRUE



Oregon Journal



THE WEATHER
Tonight fair;
Tuesday fair and
warmer; westerly
winds. Humidity
50.

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PORTLAND, OREGON, MONDAY EVENING, JUNE 24, 1918.—SIXTEEN PAGES.

PRICE TWO CENTS

ON TRAINS AND NEWS
STANDS FIVE CENTS

ENEMY IN FLIGHT IN ITALY

WORKERS READY FOR BIG DRIVE TOMORROW

Portland's 5000 Solicitors to Attend "Eve of Battle" Meeting in The Auditorium Tonight; Patriotic Talks on Schedule.

Stamp Sale Workers Will Have Reserved Seats If They Wear Their Badges; Oregon Out to Get Pledges for \$14,000,000.

DETERMINATION to win another "Oregon First" record energizes the War Savings campaign today. The culminating week of the great \$14,000,000 thrift drive opened with War Savings leaders confident that they will be able to report to President Wilson next Friday, the climax day, that this state was first to reach and exceed its quota in War Savings stamps. Active solicitation began throughout Oregon this morning. Portland's aggressive effort will be launched Tuesday morning.

Eighteen thousand volunteer solicitors have systematically organized for the task of securing on War Savings pledge cards the signed evidence of patriotism from every person in the state with any financial ability whatever who has desired to become a partner with the government in financing the war with Germany.

ORGANIZED LABOR IS BACK OF W. S. S.

Emphatic Approval Is Given by Committee of 32 Union Heads Sunday Afternoon.

Organized labor is back of the War Savings campaign with all the strength of its thousands of workers. Emphatic and unqualified approval of the democratic character of the War Savings Stamp as an investment for the American people that will result both in aiding to win the war and in promoting highly desirable national habits of thrift was given by a representative committee of 32 meeting Sunday afternoon in the Goodwood building. At this gathering Otto Hartwig, president of the State Federation of Labor, presented an appeal to the working men and women of Oregon defining the importance of the campaign and the necessity of supporting it, which is one of the strong expressions evoked by the thrift drive. It reads as follows:

The American nation, before the war, was considered the most spendthrift nation in the world.

It was commonly recognized and stated by students of the subject that in America we wasted enough each year to more than have kept pace with Germany in the preparation for war.

In other words, had we been saving instead of wasting and then had turned our savings into a war chest, we could have paid the cost of the present war without resort to the selling of Liberty bonds or other methods of financing the war.

Had we been far-seeing enough, we would have started to save years ago.

Now it is no longer a question of choice. It is a necessity, and an urgent one.

The working people must develop thrift if they must save. They must lay by for a rainy day—for a day when work will not be so plentiful as it is

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GREAT BLOW DUE IS WORD OF PREMIER

LONDON, June 24.—(I. N. S.)—"We are on the eve of a very great event. It might be a great blow coming within a few hours and certainly within a few days. The allies never felt better."

HUN DISASTER IS GROWING GREATER

Thousands Lay Down Their Guns When Caught Between River and Advancing Italians.

With the Italian Armies in the Field, June 24.—(U. P.)—The Austrian failure has suddenly been turned into a great disaster.

Seventy-five thousand Austrian troops who established a foothold on the right bank of the Piave at the cost of enormous sacrifice, suddenly tried to recross the flooded river on the five mile front from Montello to the sea.

Closely pursued by the Italians, thousands of the enemy were cut off and laid down their arms.

There were only six Austrian bridges across the river and these were subjected to constant bombardment by Italian artillery and airmen. Other thousands of Austrians perished on these bridges and elsewhere in trying to cross the stream.

The Italians themselves have crossed the left bank at several points and their infantry and cavalry are pursuing the enemy, cutting their rear guards to pieces.

The Austrians still on the west bank are being smashed by constant attacks. The river is rising again and adding to the difficulties for the enemy on this side to avoid annihilation or capture.

\$6,000,000 Saved Farmers on Twine

Washington, June 24.—(U. P.)—Farmers will be saved \$6,000,000 on binder twine next year by a contract between the government and Mexican sisal interests by which 500,000 boxes of sisal are purchased at 3 cents a pound less than the present price. Food Administrator Hoover announced today.

ROLL OF HONOR

Washington, June 24.—(U. P.)—Sixty-two casualties were reported by General Pershing to the war department today, divided as follows:

Eight killed in action, four dead from wounds, two dead from disease, 43 severely wounded, three wounded, degree undetermined.

Killed in Action
CORPORAL FRANK A. BARTLEY, Ireland.
PRIVATE O. S. GELDEN, Hoquiam, Wash.
PRIVATE P. H. GILJE, Gratiot, Wis.
PRIVATE J. KANEK, E. Kansas.

Died of Disease
PRIVATE E. DILLON, Peru, N. Y.
PRIVATE L. HUTER, Lafayette, Ala.

Died of Wounds
LIEUTENANT E. G. TOMLINSON, Baltimore, Md.
CORPORAL L. A. TAYLOR, Philadelphia.
PRIVATE E. P. HERR, Portsmouth, Ohio.
PRIVATE P. E. ZUMWALT, Vernon hotel, Boise, Idaho.

Wounded Severely
Sergeant O. W. Johnson, Decatur, Iowa; Corporal C. C. Cantor, Ira, Iowa; C. Turner, Hamburg, Ark.; Privates C. Allen, Kent, Ohio; A. Anderson, Eldridge, N. D.; L. T. Ball, Cheshire, Texas; P. E. Cagle, Clinton, Ky.; J. A. Cleary, Seneca, Pa.; M. A. Chubb, Cincinnati, Ohio; E. T. Deppieuse, Fernwood, Miss.; M. B. Durham, Blue Mountain, Miss.; J. H. Emley, Silverthorn, Neb.; M. Frazier, Walling Creek, Ky.; J. J. Green, Cleveland, Ohio; W. D. Hammon, Cottleville, Pa.; L. L. Hoffman, Berne, Pa.; O. Hubert, West Hope, N. D.; J. J. Kaczmarek, Hegewich, Ill.; B. Langeland, Berg, N. D.; O. Martin, Babylon, Ky.; J. Mullin, Cincinnati, Ohio; R. M. Prot, Newport, Ky.; W. Reid Jr., Eldorado, Ill.; D. Sanders, Vincennes, Ind.; M. Siefert Jr., Milwaukee, Wis.; H. Swanson, Janesville, Wis.; G. Thompson, Chicago; J. Tomas, Chester, Pa.; S. Wiscock, Flushing, Ohio.

Wounded, Degree Undetermined
Private C. W. Anderson, San Francisco, Cal.
Ottawa, Ont., June 24.—(U. P.)—The following Americans appear in today's Canadian casualty list:

Presumed to Have Died
P. Christensen, Woodland, Wash.
W. A. Bladen, Goldendale, Wash.

Presumed to Have Died
C. BARNES, Detroit, Mich.
A. H. TAYLOR, Clinton, Mass.
H. H. HALL, Hillsburg, Pa.
J. Cantrell, Kansas City, Mo.

Died
C. MCCONAGHY, Hudson, Mass.
Prisoners of War
A. C. Marsh, Boston, Mass.; E. Ambrose, Elizabeth, N. J.

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AMERICANS DRIVE 400 YARDS INTO HUN LINES

Despite Fierce Resistance of Germans, Advance Is Made in Belleau Wood With Big Loss to Enemy; Guns Are Captured.

Germans Bombard Americans With Gas Shells While They Strengthen Their Trenches and Make Wire Entanglements

By Lowell Mellett
United Press Staff Correspondent.

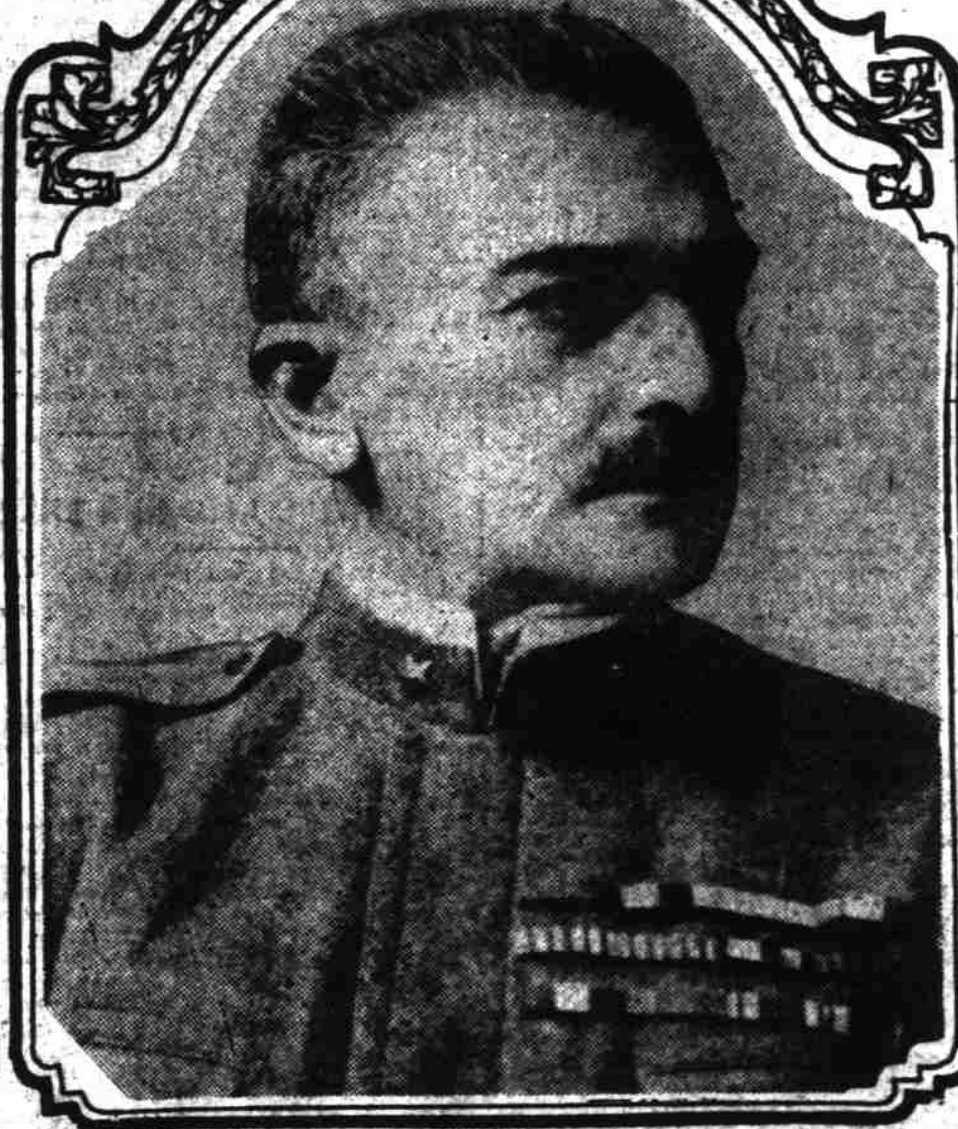
WITH THE AMERICANS ON THE MARNE, June 24.—(U. P.)—(4:20 P. M.)—The Americans in Belleau wood today drove forward 400 yards despite fierce German resistance. They inflicted severe losses on the enemy, captured a number of machine guns and then dug themselves securely into their new lines. Only a little fringe of the woods now remains in the hands of the Boche.

Despite their ideal defensive position, the Germans suffered heavily. The American losses were not disproportionate to their gains. The Germans heavily bombarded an American unit northwest of Chateau-Thierry with gas shells today. The enemy is constantly increasing its defense in this region, improving trenches and estab-

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VICTORIOUS ITALIAN GENERAL

GENERAL ARMANDE DIAZ, commander-in-chief of the Italians, who has won a signal victory over the Austrians, who attempted to advance on the Venetian plains by way of the Piave river.



Dublin Police Find Imported Munitions

Dublin, June 24.—(I. N. S.)—Forty thousand rounds of ammunition were seized by the police today. The ammunition was stored in corn stacks and it is alleged that it recently arrived at a northern port. No arrests were made, however.

Home From Hunland Predicting Revolt

New York, June 24.—(U. P.)—Final revolution in Germany is certain, according to Miss Olga Wursberger of Grand Rapids, Mich., who is here today with members of her family en route home from Germany, where they have been since the outbreak of the war.

ITALIANS FORCE HUNS ACROSS PIAVE, KILLING AND CAPTURING THOUSANDS ON 40-MILE FRONT

Great Quantities of Stores and Ammunition Fall Into the Hands of Allied Forces; Nine Austrian Divisions Are Completely Wiped Out; West Bank of River Practically Clear of Enemy; Big Guns Lost to Foe Have All Been Recovered

Cavalry Follow Austrians to Left Bank of River and Inflict Losses on Retreating Foe; American Airplanes Are Aiding in Chase That Is Fast Becoming Rout; Rome Ablaze With Gay Flags, Bunting in Celebration of Victory Over Huns

LONDON, June 24.—(U. P.)—The Italians have crossed the Piave at four points on a front of more than 20 miles, it was learned from an authoritative source this afternoon. Bridgeheads have been established on the opposite bank at Falze, Nervesa Ponte di Piave and Caposile. Italian cavalry is pushing across the river between Conegliano and Oderzo (a 12 mile front northeast of Treviso).

ROME, June 24.—(U. P.)—The Italians have crossed the Piave in pursuit of the fleeing Austrians. Infantry and cavalry forces have crossed the flooded river in the region of Caposile, it was semi-officially stated today. The western bank of the river has been practically cleared of the Austrians. Montello has been entirely retaken. A few points on the right bank, from Zenson southward to the sea are now occupied by the enemy. The Italians have taken thousands of additional prisoners. Great quantities of material has been abandoned. The Austrian retreat across the Piave continues on the whole 40 mile front from Montello to the sea.

EVERY W. S. S. YOU BUY HELPS BRING THIS DAY NEARER



W.S.S.
WAR SAVINGS STAMPS
ISSUED BY THE
UNITED STATES
GOVERNMENT

The Italians are closely pursuing the enemy, cutting them to pieces. Infantry, cavalry, airplanes and light artillery are cooperating in defeating the Austrians' attempted rear guard actions. Great numbers of the enemy have been wiped out and announcement of huge hauls of prisoners is expected hourly.

All the Italian guns lost on this front last week are reported to have been recaptured. Nine Austrian divisions (108,000 men) have been completely annihilated. Fifteen others have been worn out in the San Dona di Piave region, where entire regiments have been destroyed.

The total Austrian losses in the drive are now estimated at more than 200,000. The Italian losses in killed, wounded and captured are only 40,000, according to a semi-official statement.

Italian cavalry has crossed the middle Piave, in addition to the bridging of the lower river, and is chasing the fleeing Austrians along the east bank, it was announced today.

Two thousand Austrians were captured at Montello last night. "Numerous squads of our bombers have crossed the river, where our artillery and aircraft are hammering the enemy," says the official report.

"Considerable bodies of our troops have reached the old Piave lines in large sectors and are harassing the retreating enemy."

The reports indicate that General Diaz seized the psychological moment for renewed and vigorous counterattacks along the whole river line when the Austrians had only two bridges of any size. The others had been swept away by the flood waters, leaving the enemy detachments on the west bank short of food and munitions and without means of obtaining reinforcements.

The retreat will leave the Austrians in a worse position, both militarily and politically, than before they started their drive a week ago Sunday. If they yield all the ground they captured, they will have to face their enormous losses in manpower without an concrete objectives having been obtained. This not only will have a serious effect on the army's morale, but will add to the already serious depression at home.

There is considerable speculation as to the effect the retreat on the Piave will have on the impending renewal of the Austrian drive southward from the mountain area. It has been known for several days that the enemy had massed heavy forces in the mountains preparatory to another effort to reach the Venetian plains. Whether the Piave defeat will hasten this drive as a diversion is uncertain.

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DRAFT OPPONENT GIVEN SENTENCE

Fifteen months in the federal prison at McNeil's island and a fine of \$2000 is the punishment dealt out in the United States district court by Judge Charles E. Wolverton today to Julius Rubberg, convicted of obstructing the national army draft. Rubberg gave notice of appeal and bonds were set for \$10,000, which Rubberg says he will furnish.

Rubberg is a native of Germany, but a naturalized citizen of the United States. After living here for many years, he returned to Germany in 1907 and stayed nine years, returning to America again on account of his health, he contended. While in Germany, he is said to have become involved in trouble with the German government because of praise of America, but when he came back to the United States he found fault with the government here, and, after the draft law was passed, he advised young men of German extraction in Sherman county, Or., where he lived, how to evade the provisions of the act, according to the charges.

He was indicted on three counts and acquitted on two of these, a conviction being obtained on the third. Rubberg has been at liberty under \$5000 bonds, but this was raised to double that amount when notice of appeal was filed after sentence was passed today.

BUY W. S. S.

House Passes Huge Fortifications Bill

Washington, June 24.—After four hours' debate, the House today passed the \$5,000,000,000 fortifications bill without a rollcall.

Marines to "Kick Through" in Drive For W. S. S. Pledges

"I consider War Savings Stamps are a mighty good investment for the small investor, who cannot take out a Liberty bond," said Lieutenant H. E. Potter, of the local marine corps recruiting station in the Panama building. "He can usually come in on a War Savings Stamp. We will all kick through here when they come around to see us."

The Crown Prince Signing the Papers of Surrender to General Pershing.