

INDUSTRIAL DRAFT FOR WAR PLANNED

Nine Thousand Men to Be Selected to Release Fighters Now on Duty in Home Service.

Washington, May 30.—(I. N. S.)—Protest Marshal General Crowder has tapped another reservoir. Through an outlet opened Wednesday in the storage basin of America's man power will flow indirectly more terror for the Hun. Several hundred thousand registrants held for limited military service will be released to take the places of able-bodied men fit for the firing line.

The first call for men in this class, wired to the governors of all states to-night, is for 9,000. These home soldiers were sent into the timber regions in the far Northwest to cut spruce for airplanes. They will be a regular part of the army, but instead of duty in the trenches, they will spend the summer amid beautiful surroundings in a great drive for raw material urgently needed for the building of this country's air fleet.

Voluntary enrollment will be permitted up to June 6. Men will be listed for acceptance for this duty in the order in which they apply to their local boards. Their physical condition must not be such as to impair their usefulness in the work to be done.

If enough men are not obtained voluntarily, orders will be issued direct to local boards to induct men into the army, beginning with the first on the list in Class 1. After June 6, reports will be made to the protest marshal general and if necessary allotments will be made to the various states to be filled.

Men skilled in 23 vocations are eligible for this service. The list includes locomotive engineers, railroad grade foremen, wooden bridge carpenters, telephone linemen, telegraphers, plumbers, steamfitters, electricians, steamfitters, automobile mechanics, conductors, railroad brakemen, laborers, firemen, railroad track foremen, locomotive repair men, draftsmen, stationary engineers for donkey engines, carpenters, electricians, automobile drivers, clerks and railroad conductors.

ENEMY LINE BATTERED IN REPEATED ASSAULTS

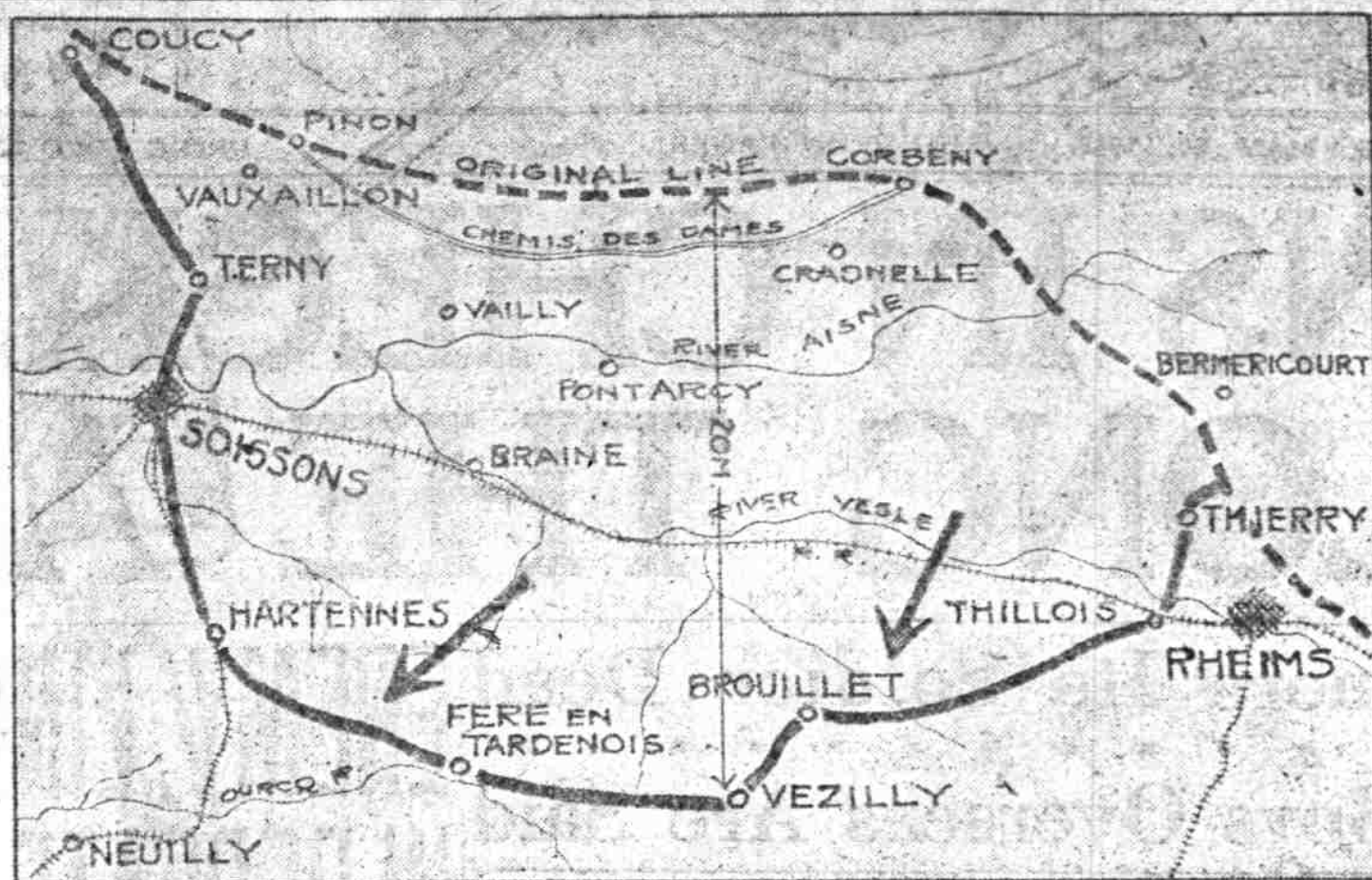
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along the center, making the utmost efforts to extend their salient so that the allies would be unable to manuever the flanks.

French Exhibit Great Courage

French details from the battle front show that the French forces holding Soissons fought with extreme courage and for hours a bloody battle raged in the streets before the gallant Polons

MAP OF GERMAN GAINS IN CHAMPAGNE



This map shows the battle line before the beginning of the present German drive (the dotted line) and the present position of the opposing armies (the solid black line). The Germans at two points have reached a maximum of 20 miles from their old positions. They hold part of the important city of Soissons and have surrounded Rheims on three sides.

finally withdrew into the western outskirts.

A fierce battle is raging around Loupigne and Fere-Tardenois (west of Rheims) where German reinforcements under General von Wimpfer, General von Cante and General von Schmettow have been brought up. The French are resisting magnificently against superior numbers. Though they have fallen back slightly, they are fighting stubbornly.

The city changed hands three times before it was finally occupied by Von Lersche's army.

South of Soissons the French have checked the Germans.

General Vichard of the German army, has been driving in the direction of Couchy chateau.

Hard fighting has been carried on night and day around the small-shattered city of Rheims. The Germans' objective evidently is the Paris-Chalons railway, but they will find their path blocked by captured reserves.

Couchy chateau is 17 miles south of Soissons. The Paris-Chalons railroad is 23 miles south of Rheims.

French Send in More Men

French allied troops are pouring into the battle zone, and are beginning to reestablish the situation. The retiring

troops fell back in the best of order, leaving the roads and railways clear for fresh fighters.

Two hundred wounded British soldiers who took part in the gallant defense of Thierri, arrived in Paris and were hurried to hospitals. They were cheerful and expressed absolute confidence that all would end well.

The German war column, in an official report issued Wednesday night, claimed fresh progress near Soissons and between Soissons and Rheims. In an earlier statement it was claimed that the number of allied prisoners had been increased to 25,000.

Thousands of refugees are arriving in Paris from the new battle zone around Rheims.

American Red Cross agents, who are meeting the trains are caring for the fugitives.

Despite the loss of Soissons and the critical situation at Rheims, the people of Paris smile confidently while reading the war office communiqués and awaiting the projectiles from the long-range German cannon.

President Clemenceau, who arrived in Paris last night, stated to interviewing journalists that the situation would soon be reestablished.

"The morale of the French troops is excellent," the premier said.

SITUATION SERIOUS

BUT NOT DESPERATE

Washington, May 30.—(I. N. S.)—Dis-

tinctly serious but in no way desperate. That is the verdict military Washington-Americans and experts—rendered today on the situation in France. The importance of the German gains was conceded. No attempt was made to belittle them. But there was no evidence of panic anywhere. Military men who are closely following every move and who are completely familiar with the situation declare that the allied forces, greatly outnumbered, have been wise in falling back slowly, inflicting as much damage as possible on the foe. To have attempted a stand under the conditions existing, they say, would simply have meant annihilation for the troops and great loss of artillery. By withdrawing while fighting a defensive action, it has been possible to save most of the artillery and to keep casualties and prisoners lost down to the minimum.

Huns Want to Shell Paris

There was a growing belief in military circles here today that the present German move was intended to get his artillery within gun range of Paris, if possible. German terror methods would call for this, officers who should know pointed out. It would be immediately beneficial to sentiment at home in Germany as it could be construed as a German victory which would cause the German people to lose sight of the toll that was being paid in human lives.

But there was no one here in Washington who believed that the German drive ever would be successful enough to allow his guns—other than the mortars which already are carrying on the ineffective bombardment of the French capital—to shell Paris. Opinion generally was unanimous here today that the French reserves are becoming more and more effective and that they will check the forward movement within the next 48 hours.

President Watching Reports

Latest advices reaching here during the night from the American headquarters indicate that the allied reserves now are being utilized at a dozen points on the battle front. They are expected to check the advancing Germans, inasmuch as they carry with them a superabundance of artillery.

All of the information received by the war department dealing with the military situation is forwarded immediately to the president with such explanations as the secretary or Chief of Staff March think necessary. It is understood that every message received here emphasizes the general confidence and the splendid morale of the allied armies.

Soissons Old French Town

London, May 30.—(I. N. S.)—Soissons, which the Germans invaded Wednesday, is one of the oldest towns in France. It lies on the left bank of the Aisne river and is 20 miles southwest of Laon, which the Germans held until which they converted into a fortress. There is a famous old cathedral in Soissons and a library containing 60,000 volumes. In their drive through France in the autumn of 1914 the Germans overran Soissons, but after the German retreat, following the battle of the Marne, the German line was established north of the city. In the Franco-Prussian war of 1870, Soissons was bombarded by the Germans. The population of the city at the outbreak of the war was 12,000.

Germans Claim 25,000 Prisoners

London, May 30.—(U. P.)—The Germans have penetrated to a maximum depth of more than 16 miles on the Aisne front, according to the night communiqué issued by the French war office.

All but the western outskirts of Soissons were in the hands of the enemy, which had progressed at least six miles south of the Vesle river, the report said. The German war office claimed capture of 25,000 prisoners, including a French and a British general.

The line of the German advance, according to night official statements, now

extends southward from the region of Coucy-le-Chateau, through Tervy to Soissons, southward through Ambricourt and Charrier to Loupigne, eastward through Bouillet and Thillis and northeastward to St. Thierri.

Rheims, which the British are defending, is surrounded on three sides. Its evacuation is believed imminent.

Describing the American capture of Cantigny Tuesday morning the German war office said:

"West of Montdidier the enemy during a local advance penetrated into Cantigny."

On the Flanders front, only raiding operations were mentioned by Field Marshal Haig, he reported the repulse of enemy raids north of Kemmel.

British Improve Positions

London, May 30.—(U. P.)—An enemy attack against the strong point known as "Route-a-Keep," northwest of Pestubert, was completely repulsed last night, Field Marshal Haig reported today.

In the neighborhood of Merris, Haig said, the British in a successful minor operation slightly improved their lines. In two attacks the British captured a few prisoners and took machine guns.

Near Locon enemy trenches were raided and a few prisoners brought back. Hostile artillery fire was reported eastward of Villers-Bretonneux and in the Hinges and Robeq sectors.

Belgian Front Bombarded

London, May 30.—(I. N. S.)—Artillery fighting has become much more active along the northern end of the battle line in Belgium, according to the following official report issued by the Belgian war office at Havre:

"The artillery activity has become livelier in the sectors of Neveghen, Merckem and Langemark. Long-range guns bombarded our rear in the region of Adinkerke, Polliché and Fortem."

British Penetrate Hun Lines

By William Philip Shams

With the British Armies in France, May 30.—(U. P.)—British troops advanced 200 yards west of Meteren (on the Flanders front) last night, taking two prisoners and a machine gun.

In Wednesday's raid at Neuville-Vitasse (south of Arras) they penetrated 600 yards and found a considerable number of German dead, victims of gunfire.

The British front in the north is quiet, save for raiding operations and occasional outbursts of artillery fire. All eyes are turned to the Soissons-Rheims sector. Bombing planes on both sides were active last night, even in the farthest rear areas. The British "archies" occasionally speeded up until their aerial barrage was almost like drumfire.

25,000 Allies Taken

Berlin, May 30.—(I. N. S.)—Twenty-five thousand prisoners have been taken in the new offensive so far, the war office announced on Wednesday. One French and one British general are among the captives. The statement tells of active cooperation of German airplanes with the attacking infantry and artillery.

Bloedel Would Quit

Production Board

Seattle, May 30.—(I. N. S.)—J. H. Bloedel, vice president of the National Lumber Manufacturers' association and president of the Bloedel-Donegan Lumber company of this city, has tendered his resignation to the United States Emergency Fleet corporation as chairman of the fir production board and embargo officer. Mr. Bloedel is not in the city today, and it is not known whether his resignation has been accepted.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

At Chicago—first game: R. H. E. Cincinnati 9 15 1 Chicago 6 10 0 Batteries—Toney and Wingo; Tyler, Weaver, Carter and Killifer.

At Pittsburgh: Morning game—R. H. E. St. Louis 0 4 1 Pittsburgh 8 10 0 Batteries—Packard, Tuero and Gonzalez; Miller and Schmidt.

Morning game, New York at Philadelphia, postponed, rain.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

At Cleveland—first game, (11 innings): R. H. E. Chicago 4 15 1 Cleveland 3 11 2 Batteries—Williams, Shellenbach and Schalk; Enzenmann and O'Neill.

First game Philadelphia at New York postponed, wet grounds.

At Boston: Morning game—R. H. E. Washington 1 9 4 Boston 5 12 0 Batteries—Shaw, Hanson and Almsmith; Leonard and Schang.

Morning game, St. Louis at Detroit, postponed, rain.

STROKE OF APOPLEXY FATAL TO AGED WIDOW OF MATTHEW BRADY

Woman Found Unconscious Identified Through Story in The Journal.

Mrs. Margaret Brady, 121 North Twenty-fourth street, widow of Matthew Brady, well known Portland contractor, died Wednesday night at Good Samaritan hospital. Mrs. Brady was born in Ireland and came to this country in 1855. She is survived by one daughter, Mrs. Mary C. Best of this city, and a brother, who resides in Ireland.

Wandering away from her home at 161 North Twenty-fourth street Tuesday afternoon without the knowledge of relatives, Mrs. Brady was found unconscious on the lawn at 1273 Thurman street by a passerby, Miss Lottie Hartfield.

Mrs. Brady, then unidentified, was removed to the Good Samaritan hospital, suffering from a stroke of apoplexy.

The 80-year-old woman was identified only after her relatives had made fruitless search for her and had called vainly upon the police for information. Word of the finding of an unconscious, unidentified woman appeared in a late edition of The Journal.

At Tuesday, May 30.—The family located Mrs. Brady at the hospital.

Mrs. Mary Redman

Mrs. Mary Redman, wife of William W. Redman, died at the Portland Burial home Wednesday. Her death was caused from injuries received in an automobile accident Sunday near Oswego.

Mrs. Redman was the daughter of William Mackley of Bend, Or., and was 51 years of age. She had resided in Portland for 25 years. She is survived by her husband and father and six sisters. Funeral arrangements are in charge of the Holman Undertaking company.

Leslie T. Adwen

Leslie T. Adwen died this morning at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Adwen, at the age of 16. Besides his parents he is survived by a brother, Chester Adwen. Mr. Adwen was born in New York state in 1893 and had resided in Portland for the past 14 years. Funeral arrangements are in charge of J. P. Finley & Son, Fifth and Montgomery streets.

Peter Erdt

The funeral of Peter Erdt was held Wednesday morning from the chapel of the F. S. Dunning company, Rev. R. H. Sawyer officiating. Mr. Erdt was 23 years of age and was born in Portland. He was ill with pneumonia but a few days and died May 27. He is survived by his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Erdt of Beaverton and three sisters and three brothers. Final services were held at Rose City cemetery. Mr. Erdt was a member of Portland Star home-land No. 42, Brotherhood of American Yeomen.

Fred Sauter

The funeral of Fred Sauter was held this afternoon at 2 o'clock

at the F. S. Dunning chapel, 614 East Alder street, under the auspices of Samaritan lodge No. 2, L. O. O. F., of which he was a member. Mr. Sauter was a native of Germany and came to this country when a boy, first settling in Eastern Oregon near La Grande and about 18 years ago came to Portland. He was in his fifty-second year and was well known among the members of the L. O. O. F.

No immediate relatives are known in this country.

Woodman Charges Alienation

Charging that his wife was carrying on a clandestine love affair in Portland while he was away in the woods doing his duty as a member of the Loyal Legion of Loggers and Lumbermen, Oscar Redman began suit in the circuit

Astoria Company Leads

Astoria, Or., May 30.—The McEugene Ship company has been accredited with making the greatest gain during the period extending from April 19 to May 19 in wooden ship construction of the Columbia river district, as the shipping board notified the company today. (Close record is being kept of the progress in ship production, and so far Astoria leads.

Now that the hot weather is almost here, food should be more daintily prepared in order to fully satisfy. The food at the Portland is of the best quality, well cooked and daintily served. The service is always the same—excellent.

Noonday Luncheon 50 Cents

LIBERTY

Broadway at Stark—Continuous 11 A. M. to 11 P. M.

NEW TODAY GO!

Francis X. Bushman

and Beverly Bayne

THE POPULAR PAIR

Francis X. Bushman

and Beverly Bayne

THE POPULAR PAIR

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THE POPULAR PAIR
Francis X. Bushman
and
Beverly Bayne

Co-star once again in a most delightful play of romance, action, excitement, real fun and—suspense. You'll enjoy "The Brass Check" immensely. It has every element of satisfaction!

"WHERE THE CLOUDS COME FROM"
A Robert C. Bruce Excursion

OTHER DOIN'S
TRY TO GET IN

COLUMBIA
SIXTH at WASHINGTON

THE GUILTY MAN

TALK ABOUT A PLAY WITH A PUNCH
When Thos. H. Ince decided to reproduce A. H. Wood's Broadway success, he gave to the photoplay world a motion picture more vivid, more forceful than the sensational stage version.
BEFORE YOU HIT THE HAY TONIGHT TAKE IN