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Portland and vicinity, Sunday—Showers; moderate southerly winds.
Washington and Oregon—Showers; moderate southerly winds.

BRITISH BRING DOWN 12 HUN PLANES

HAG DEALS HAD BLOW TO TUNTON AIR FORCES

Dozen Planes Smashed and Seven More Forced to Descend; Tons of Explosives Are Dropped on Enemy Positions in the West.

Fourteen Heavy and Ten Light British Machines Participate in Smash on Enemy; Hostile Artillerying at Various Points.

LONDON, March 16.—(U. P.)—Twelve hostile airplanes were brought down by British aviators today, while seven others were forced to descend, Field Marshal Haig reported tonight.

British airmen also dropped 12 tons of explosives on hostile rest billets, airdromes, depots and railway sidings, and eight and a half tons on similar objectives last night.

The German aviation station at Zweibrucken was bombed today by British flyers, Haig added. Fourteen heavy and 10 lighter British machines participated in the air attack. Bombs were observed to burst on barracks and the railroad station.

A successful raid was carried out northwest of Lavacquerie this morning. East of Queant, British artillery exploded a German ammunition dump. Hostile artillerying was reported at various points.

Paris, March 16.—(U. P.)—Three Gothas and one airplane were shot down by the French when German raiders bombed Paris. It was officially stated tonight. Nine squadrons of enemy planes participated in this raid on the French capital.

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BACK FROM THE TRENCHES IN FRANCE

AMERICAN SOLDIER upon arrival at Aix les Bains, the recently established rest center, after a stretch in the trenches on the Lorraine front. He is shown with his regular equipment, steel hat and all, and is accompanied by a French soldier, who serves as an interpreter in the rest billets.



CITIZENS AIDING IN HOLDING I. W. W. IN CONTROL IN IDAHO

Foreigners Are Fleeing From St. Maries; Jails Filled With Russians and Germans Who Face Deportation or Internment.

St. Maries, Idaho, March 16.—(U. P.)—With determined citizens coöperating with 50 state guardsmen in patrolling the city, 30 ring-leaders in jail and the roads from town sprinkled with foreigners fleeing under threat of arrest and possible internment or deportation, the I. W. W. situation here is entirely under control tonight, following an attack by members of the organization upon Sheriff Noland.

Ring-leaders in the assault upon Noland fill the jails, awaiting word from state and federal officers as to their disposition. All others found in town tomorrow will also be arrested and the baseball park will be converted into a "bullpen" if necessary to hold them.

Most of the men in jail are Russians or Germans. Sheriff Noland seeks to deport the former and intern the latter. A report of the situation was sent to the governor's office tonight by Herman Taylor, former lieutenant-governor, who commands the state guardsmen sent here today from Sandpoint.

Citizens Patrol Streets
Coeur d'Alene authorities tonight telephoned that their city is being patrolled by citizens to frustrate any attempt by I. W. W. to storm the jail and release William Nelson, former secretary of the local I. W. W., transfer of whose trial from St. Maries late Friday precipitated the trouble here.

206 Tons Paper, 17 of Rags, Is Result of Drive

The waste paper and rag drive conducted in Portland Saturday by the kiddies, a terrific blow directed against the kaiser, at the close of the night placed 412,616 pounds or 206 tons of waste paper and 35,176 pounds or 17 1/2 tons of rags in the various fire stations, netting the workers approximately \$188.75 as their reward.

One of the important features of the drive was the payment of War Savings and Thrift Stamps to the children for the paper and rags instead of cash. Old pennies were used when necessary and reports from the various houses indicated that many of these pennies were invested in Thrift Stamps.

The championship for the largest amount of paper collected went to the children of Irvington brought second honors to engine company No. 18 by delivering 30,499 pounds of paper and 1670 pounds of rags.

Meeting to Be Held Today
No action was taken, according to the Washington report, by Chairman Hurley, but a meeting of the board with Senator McNary will be held today, at which arguments in favor of the proposal will be submitted. Hurley's attitude is that such a proposition was not covered in his pledge to release small ships built for France or Norway, as this plan proposes the utilization of American capital on a permanent basis and that this might interfere with the

GREAT SHIPYARD FOR COLUMBIA IS PROPOSAL MADE

Plant, if Approved, Would Build Small Wooden Vessels; Meeting to Be Held Today; McNary Will Address Shipping Board.

Much interest was caused locally by the first announcement in The Journal Saturday afternoon that a proposal to establish a gigantic shipyard on the Columbia river has been submitted to the shipping board. The yard would be for wooden vessels. Senator McNary submitted the proposals, which are made by Eastern capitalists, whose names are not disclosed. They were introduced by Senator Wolcott of Delaware as men of responsibility.

The yard is planned for the building of ships of 2500 tons or less. If approved it would be the largest on the river and would be permanent. Satisfactory assurances that delivery will be allowed is requested by those interested.

U. S. to Try Maxim's Plan for Safe Ship
Washington, March 16.—(I. N. S.)—Another non-sinkable ship to be built according to designs by Hudson Maxim, the United States shipping board announced tonight. The second type of non-sinkable ship depends on a super-buoyant apparatus installed in any vessel. The details are not revealed, but it is different from the sustaining device the first invention by E. F. Donnelly of New York, now being tested in the Lucia.

COAL IS PUT UNDER RIGID REGULATIONS U. S. FORCES

All Dealers, Producers and Jobbers Must Have Licenses Same as Food Sellers; Commissions and High Profits Under Ban.

Distribution Will Also Be Under Government Control; Blow Is to Be Struck at Middlemen Who Seek for Profits in War.

Washington, March 16.—(U. P.)—The coal industry—vital to winning the war—will pass under rigid government control April 1. In a proclamation tonight President Wilson ordered the licensing without exceptions of all producers, jobbers and dealers in coal and coke.

At the same time the fuel administration issued drastic regulations, slashing to a fixed limit the profits of middlemen, jobbers, selling and purchasing agents.

Selling agents for anthracite, performing no service whatever, were cut off without a profit at all; those rescreening the coal were allowed 5 cents a ton for this service. This rule, it was explained, will automatically eliminate this class of middleman.

Purchasing agents who buy for another without becoming the owner of the coal, may charge 15 cents a ton for bituminous, 20 cents for anthracite and 30 cents west of Buffalo, with an additional five cents per ton in each case of rescreening at ports.

Dealers must do business under government license, and must conduct their affairs and regulate their profits and practices as the fuel administration says. Offenders may be punished by revocation or suspension of their licenses—as with food dealers.

With warm weather coming on and ample coal supplies on hand for the present, the move was regarded here tonight as one of preparedness rather than immediate necessity. The administration it has been known for some time determining that there shall be no further coal crisis during the war.

As he stepped from the train he received a rousing ovation. He was greeted by the local authorities. A battalion of the American expeditionary force stood in line, its band playing the national anthem.

Generally Fair Is Forecast for Week
Washington, March 16.—(I. N. S.)—The weather bureau today issued the following forecast for next week: Present pressure distribution indicates that fair weather will prevail generally throughout the country during the week with temperatures above the seasonal average as a rule. There may be occasional local rains on the north Pacific coast and over limited areas in the north but no general precipitation is indicated.

Lockley Letter Compelling Feature Personal Appeal Abounds in Series

Fred Lockley of The Journal staff, now serving in France as a Y. M. C. A. war secretary, whose daily letters published in The Journal tell the very facts about the boys "over there" that the home folk crave. This is indicated by the facsimiles of headlines reproduced from recent issues of a few upstate newspapers.

LOCKLEY MEETS LT. JIM STURGIS
FORMER WALLA WALLAN AND NEWSPAPER MAN GREET EACH OTHER IN FRANCE
Fred Lockley Tells of Salem Men in France
In a recent letter to the Portland Journal, Fred Lockley, now in France as a Y. M. C. A. work in France writes: Reaching my base for a short stay, I could be...



D. A. R. REGENT MRS. F. M. WILKINS

Eugene, who was unanimously elected regent of the Oregon state chapter.



MRS. F. M. WILKINS IS ELECTED REGENT OF OREGON D. A. R.

Resolutions Favor Elimination of German From Public Schools and Removal of Teachers Who Refuse Allegiance to America.

Mrs. F. M. Wilkins of Eugene was unanimously elected regent of the Oregon State Chapter, Daughters of American Revolution, at the annual conference held Saturday. Mrs. Wilkins has been one of the most active members of the Lewis and Clark chapter in Eugene. She combines a wide knowledge of the work, the deepest interest in its every branch and a charm and tact that especially fit her for this position of honor and responsibility.

ROLL OF HONOR

- Washington, March 16.—(I. N. S.)—The longest casualty list yet received from the front was announced by the war department today. It included 85 names on the list, of which eight were killed in action, 10 died of disease, six killed in accidents and one killed by the enemy. The list follows:
Killed in Action
LIEUT. JOHN NOBMAN.
PRIVATE FRED M. EAGER.
SERGEANT GEORGE W. STEVENS.
PRIVATE CHARLES E. LINGENSLAND.
PRIVATE CLAUD W. NEWBLE.
CORPORAL C. MATHIS.
PRIVATE JOHN CORP. LEO H. ROBERTS.
PRIVATE JOHN E. SWARTZ.
Died
PRIVATE DANIEL H. BRACHLIN.
CORPORAL MARVIN DUNN.
Died of Disease
CORPORAL IGONATHS FLEMING.
SERGEANT GEORGE W. STEVENS.
PRIVATE WILLY GALLOWAY.
PRIVATE CHARLES M. HOERNING.
CORPORAL EDWARD G. HEDGECOCK.
PRIVATE THEOPHILE JOSEPH PROULX.
PRIVATE JOHN E. TAPPAUER.
PRIVATE FRANK HARRISON WELCH.
WAGONER ARTHUR E. FISHER.
CORPORAL PERCY STONE BOSWORTH.
Died of Accidents
LIEUT. ANDREW CARL OBTMATEL.
PRIVATE JOHN J. BRANNON.
CORPORAL GEORGE W. STEVENS.
PRIVATE PETER CAZAN.
PRIVATE GEORGE MOCK.
PRIVATE JOHN E. HAWKINS.
SERGEANT BIRD W. PENROD; died from cause unknown.
Wounded Slightly
Major John W. Downer, Captain Harry B. Whitney, Lieutenant Blake H. Cookey, Lieutenant Herbert J. Jones, Lieutenant Donald G. MacLachlan, Lieutenant Frank M. Mitchell, Lieutenant Warren A. Ransom, Sergeant Charles E. Allen, Private James H. Anderson, Private John C. Kadron, Private Julius G. Koff, Major Charles James Lajoie, Private Charles H. Lee, Private George W. Lovvorn, Private Raymond J. Tommel, Private James V. Lyons, Private William H. McKim, Corporal Chester W. Mahaffey, Private William H. Miller, Private Raymond V. Miller, Corporal William J. Monahan, Private Conrad H. Henry, Private Frank C. Gault, Private George E. Schwab, Private William S. Shelton, Private George F. Shalson, Private Adam Trausk, Private William Vancor, Private Lawrence E. Whitcomb, Private Joseph E. White, Private Floyd Wilson, Private Ralph W. Frazee, Private John O'Neil.

RUSS SIGN HULL RETIRE FROM WAR

Pan-Soviet Congress at Moscow Votes Overwhelmingly for Ratification of German-Made Pact to Which Lenine Had Assented.

Trotsky's Breach With Ruling Faction Grows Wider and Appeal Is Issued to Peasants to Rally to Defense of the Land.

By Joseph Shaplen
PETHROGRAD, March 16.—(U. P.)—(Noon).—Russia officially retired from the war today.

The pan-soviet congress at Moscow, consisting of 1000 representatives of workmen, soldiers, peasants and Cossacks, overwhelmingly voted ratification of the German dictated peace terms adopted at Brest-Litovsk.

The action was a foregone conclusion. The Bolshevik faction, which dominated the congress, under the leadership of Trotsky, previously had cast 422 ballots in favor of ratification at a factional caucus. The vote, if the announced determination of the Revolutionary commissaries is carried out, automatically disrupted the present Russian cabinet. These ministers, following the example of Justice Commissary Steinberg in withdrawing from the cabinet pending settlement of the peace question at Moscow. They declared their intention of making the retirement permanent in case the pact were ratified.

Breach Growing Wider
Steinberg openly stated that the pan-soviet must tear up the Brest-Litovsk treaty and create the necessary government for defense of the country.

The breach between the Bolshevik and the social revolutionaries was widening today. M. Manesprodonsawa, leader of the latter, issued an appeal to the peasants to rally to the defense of the land, declaring his party represented the masses—a position which the Bolshevik leaders always regarded as peculiarly their own.

Backed by the lesser factions, the social revolutionaries of the left were agitating a revival of the constituent assembly, dissolved by the Bolsheviks.

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