"IT'S ALL HERE and IT'S ALL TRUE"

XXXII I II IV V VI VII VIII 7 O'CLOCK EDITION

Oregon Journal

DAILY — WITH HER THE UNION SHE FLIES OWN WINGS

XXXII I II IV V VI VII VIII 7 O'CLOCK EDITION

THE WEATHER
Rain tonight and Thursday; southerly winds. Humidity 93.

VOL. XVI. NO. 213 — PORTLAND, OREGON, WEDNESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 16, 1918.—FOURTEEN PAGES. — PRICE TWO CENTS — ON TRAINS AND NEWS STANDS FIVE CENTS

CAILLAUX PLANNED TO BECOME DICTATOR; GREAT BRITAIN TO TREAT WITH BOLSHEVIKI

THOUSANDS VOLUNTEER FOR NEW RUSS ARMY

First 5000 of New Socialist Force Leave Petrograd Amid One of Most Enthusiastic Demonstrations in Months.

Ten Thousand More Are Enrolling in Petrograd District Alone—Lenine Orders Release of Roumanian Minister.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—(U. P.)—Foreign Minister Balfour announced in the house of commons today that Great Britain was about to "establish official relations with Minister Kilvinoff," representative in London of the Bolshevik government.

The foreign minister was careful to say that the government had not yet recognized the Bolsheviki, but that they had received unofficial communications through an agent of the embassy in Petrograd.

Petrograd, Jan. 16.—(U. P.)—The first 5000 volunteers of the new Socialist army left for the army today, sped by one of the most enthusiastic demonstrations the city has seen in months. Red flags lined the route of the parade and scores of bands played revolutionary music.

Ten thousand other volunteers for the new "army of democracy" are now enrolling in the Petrograd district alone.

The volunteers are responding to a special appeal to the people issued by the Bolshevik government and by the Russian commander in chief, Ensign Krylenko.

Release of M. Diamandis, Roumanian minister, arrested by the Bolsheviki and ordered confined to St. Peter and Paul fortress, was ordered by Nicholai Lenine today. His action followed receipt of formal protest by the entire Petrograd diplomatic corps, who held a meeting in the American embassy.

Petrograd, Jan. 16.—(U. P.)—Arrogantly declaring he "did not represent

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Bill Plans to Limit Size of Newspapers

Representative Fuller Proposes Also to Exclude Papers From Mails Carrying More Advertising Than News Matter.

Washington, Jan. 16.—(I. N. S.)—No daily newspaper of more than 16 pages would be granted second class mailing privileges for a period of one year under a bill presented in the house this afternoon by Representative Fuller of Illinois. The purpose of the bill is "to conserve the supply of print paper until prices return to normal."

Other publications barred are weekly newspapers of more than 12 pages, Sunday editions of more than 24 pages and magazines of more than 100 pages. Newspapers carrying more advertising than news also would be denied second class rates.

SOUND DOCKS CONGESTED; TIME IS LOST

SEATTLE, WASH., Jan. 16.—Two ships, the Andulusia and Mayachi Maru of the Waterhouse fleet may have to go to Tacoma to load because of congestion of Seattle waterfront terminals. The Louise Nielsen, in December, was compelled to go to Tacoma because of congestion of oriental shipments and the salmon pack taking up terminal space in Seattle. Conditions will be normal early in February, say Seattle dock officials. Present conditions are due to bunching of oriental freighters, they explain.

The above dispatch adds strength to the campaign for larger use of Portland harbor by the government. The regular business of Puget Sound is so congested that vessels are delayed in discharging cargo and delays of this kind constitute a fatal indictment against a port. The Portland Chamber of Commerce has received word that emergency efforts are being made by Seattle interests to provide cargo handling facilities for all business that delays might otherwise divert to the Columbia river. We will not get a pound of business that Puget Sound can keep us from getting and our main dependence is in showing the government and independent lines that by consigning vessels to the Columbia river delays and the costs incident to delay will be eliminated, said Secretary Dodson.

JAPANESE ORDER SHIPS TO SIBERIA

Official Announcement Declares Step Is Taken to Protect People in Vladivostok.

Tokio, Jan. 16.—(U. P.)—Japanese warships have been dispatched to Vladivostok for protection of allied interests there, according to official announcement today. The action follows long continued appeals from Japanese and other citizens in the Russian port for adequate protection, not only to their own lives and property, but to great quantities of allied munitions and supplies there.

Desultory fighting between the Bolsheviki and Cossacks has been in progress in and around the city for weeks.

Congestion on the trans-Siberian railroad and general demoralization of transportation incident to the internal difficulties in Russia is reported to have resulted in unprecedented tying up of supplies at Vladivostok. The Bolsheviki have been making desperate efforts to commandeer this material, much of which had been ordered by the old monarchist regime.

A member of the naval staff, in an interview today, declared that communication with Vladivostok had been almost cut off. This, it is presumed, hastened the orders sending warships. Protection of allied interests in Siberia, he said, is Japan's responsibility, while the other allies are fighting the battles in Europe.

No Japanese will be moved to Siberia for the present, he said.

General Carpentiere Dying in New York

New York, Jan. 16.—(I. N. S.)—General Horace W. Carpentiere, aged 93, is dying at his home here today. The general built the first telegraph line from San Francisco to Salt Lake City and at one time was the largest landholder in California. His will provides that Bernard college shall receive his New York home with all his furniture and art objects.

JITNEYS CURE FOR 6-C. FARE SAYS M'GINN

Mayor and Council Trying to Chloroform People With Lawsuit Until New Fare Comes Easy, He Declares.

"Portland, Poor Old Spinster, Now Advertising She Is on Toboggan," Parting Thrust at Vernon Meeting.

"Camouflage!" That is the answer of Judge Henry E. McGinn to the invitation of Mayor Baker that he assist the city attorney in the appeal of the six cent fare case.

"Bunk!" That, he told the people of Alberta at the Vernon school Tuesday night, made up the constituent parts of Dan Kellaher's move for an injunction, and the other commissioners' plan for an appeal.

"The jitney!" That is the remedy he prescribed for the disease of the six cent fare.

Four hundred people, or more, gathered in the assembly hall of the Vernon school Tuesday night to hear Judge McGinn talk about the six cent fare case. They did not drive up in automobiles. There were more Red Cross and Liberty bond buttons than diamonds in the crowd.

Just Common Folk

They were the common folk; those who pay six cents to ride out to work in the morning and six cents back home again at night; the straw with which big utility companies bind up the golden bricks of their dividends. And they didn't like the six cent fare, that was evident from their reception of Judge McGinn, and his remarks. The speaker's talk was plain.

"Six cent fare is not a new thought with the Portland Railway, Light & Power company," Judge McGinn said. "It has been preparing you for the operation for a long time.

"'Wat's Wat,' did you ever hear of that? The smooth talk the company has been handing out to you for so long? They got you to vote the jitneys out. The people who ride in automobiles don't like the jitneys and they helped the company get you to put them out of business.

"Who Is Carver?" Asks McGinn

"Stephen Carver. Did you ever hear that name?" the Judge asked while the audience laughed. "Don't you remember that the Portland Railway, Light & Power company asked you to give Stephen a franchise to run jitneys? But has Stephen run his jitneys? Has he ever used his franchises? Will he ever use them?

"No," the judge said, answering his own questions. "Stephen has not run his jitneys. He will never use his franchises because Stephen is a part and parcel of the Portland Railway, Light & Power company. If you put back your jitneys, then Stephen will run his in competition, to try to drive them out of business.

"Injunction All Bunk," He Asserts

"Then," Judge McGinn continued, "when you put the jitneys out and put Stephen in, the Portland Railway, Light & Power company moved against the public service commission and got the

(Concluded on Page Eleven, Column Two)

Ice Jam Dams River; Town Under Water

Three Forks, Mont., Jan. 16.—(U. P.)—An ice jam in the Madison river near here is today causing the inundation of the town of Trident. Three feet of water is reported in the streets and families are fleeing to the high levels to escape the icy waters.

A train has been sent to rescue the residents of the valley. The jam is about five miles long.

BUSINESSMEN ASK CENTRAL WAR CONTROL

United States Chamber of Commerce by Vote of 500,000 Members Demands Centralization of Industrial Energy.

Ill-Balanced Effect Feared From Activities of Various Boards; Willard's Idea Backed Up; Report Based on Investigation

Washington, Jan. 16.—(U. P.)—The United States Chamber of Commerce by a vote of its 500,000 membership today demanded creation of a central control in the war government.

Interference with vitally important programs, production, inflation, inability to meet allied demands, duplication of work, confusion; in fact, "inevitable disaster" will result, the chamber announced today, "unless prompt provision is made to centralize the control of the industrial energy and material resources of the country."

Backs Willard's Demand

The declaration of the chamber, based on months of investigation by a special war committee of prominent businessmen and manufacturers was unanimously approved by the directors in session here today.

It comes at a time when the senate military investigators have temporarily discontinued their hearings to begin a fight for passage of legislation creating a director of munitions who would cut the red tape, delay and confusion of army preparations.

The chamber chairman backs Daniel Willard of the war industries board, other members of the board, and Chairman Gifford of the Council of National Defense, who have already thrown their advice upon the side of immediate centralization of authority to act in war preparation.

The business men in their report today declare that the newest plans announced by the government are tending to "decentralize war efforts."

Weakened Power Feared

The report then warns:

"The committee believes that failure to recognize the fundamental principle that centralized responsibility is necessary for the success of any enterprise will result inevitably in ill-balanced effort. There will be unintentional interference with vitally important programs such as that in connection with shipping; there will be production far beyond our capacity for ocean transportation; our allies will be deprived of the supplies which we would desire to give them; effort will be expended in the creation of unneeded facilities; collateral problems, such as the housing of employes will be neglected until they seriously interfere with other programs; the distribution of essential materials will not be where most needed in connection with the war; vast quantities of labor and materials will be used in unnecessary activities and in general there will be an atmosphere of confusion which comes from inability to secure a prompt decision."

Tacoma Tradesmen 'Gouging' Soldiers

Tacoma Officials Take Measures to Stop Price Boosting by Tradesmen and Hotelkeepers on Camp Lewis Men.

Tacoma, Jan. 16.—(I. N. S.)—The first effective move on the part of Tacoma municipal authorities to adopt measures for the prevention of "gouging" of soldiers by hotel keepers and tradesmen took form Tuesday when Commissioner of Public Safety F. H. Pettit declared at the meeting of the commissioners, that he would introduce an ordinance making "gouging" a misdemeanor.

While officials have been forbidden to make complaint against the Tacoma merchants and hotel keepers, conditions have been such that on Wednesday and Saturday nights, when the greatest number of soldiers are in the city, many of them have gone to other points for their week end leaves rather than to Tacoma.

Commissioner Pettit declared that in two instances, when the police had been notified of the overcharge, money had been refunded enlisted men who had made complaint.

Progressive Party Is Out of Running

Salem, Or., Jan. 16.—An echo of the Progressive party was heard here today, when Attorney General Brown received a query from District Attorney W. T. Miller of Grants Pass, asking if the Progressive party would have a place on the primary election ballot.

Attorney General Brown replied that under the law it would not. The law provides that a political party, for purposes of primary election, is an organization which at the last general election cast 20 per cent of the votes cast for presidential electors. This was not done by the Progressive party at the last election.

ASSASSIN'S SHOTS WILD; LENINE SAFE

PETROGRAD, Jan. 16.—(U. P.)—Four revolver shots were fired at Nicholai Lenine of the Bolshevik government today when he was returning home from witnessing the departure of red guards for the front. Lenine was unhurt. All four shots went wide of their mark.

A Swiss Socialist, who was accompanying Lenine to his home after the review of the departing red guards Monday, was wounded slightly in the hand by one of the would-be assassin's bullets.

FIVE U. S. SOLDIERS CONVICTED, REPORT

Dispatch Says Men Conspired to Blow Up Fort Seward; Officers Deny Story.

San Francisco, Jan. 16.—(I. N. S.)—Despite denials from Major General Arthur Murray, commanding the western division, and from army posts in the Northwest, it was reported here this afternoon that a dispatch from Seattle, stating that five privates from C Company, Fourteenth United States infantry, had been convicted for attempting to blow up Fort Seward, Alaska, was correct, and courtmartial findings in the case had been received at army headquarters here.

The soldiers named in the Seattle dispatch were Privates Gooding, Collins, Salay, Senter and Messer. It is stated that Arch Senter, Michael Salay and Messer were found guilty of a crime punishable by death. They are declared to have been ringleaders in an alleged plot involving charges of attempting to incite soldiers to mutiny and sabotage.

It is understood that some of the accused are of German origin, and that they were incited by I. W. W. propaganda to plan to blow up the fort with 50 pounds of dynamite and kill their officers and loyal soldiers in the regiment.

The plot was discovered, it is understood, when the soldiers passed the word to others to attend an anarchistic meeting. Some who attended this meeting, it is said, divulged what they had heard to the officers and the dynamite cache was found. The dynamite was said to have been brought from Skagway.

The five convicted soldiers are said to have been taken to Fort Lawton, Wash.

Rumor Officially Denied

New York, Jan. 16.—(I. N. S.)—The steamship Texas is safe "somewhere in the Atlantic."

Officials of the American-Hawaiian Steamship company, owners of the vessel, this afternoon made this statement here despite reports that the vessel had foundered, following a collision with another ship.

The statement of the steamship officials was accepted here as meaning that all members of the crew were saved.

2 Cavalrymen Are Accused of Murder

Soldiers Accused of Killing Hotel Proprietor After Losing Heavily in Crap Game; Body Placed in Ravine.

El Paso, Jan. 16.—(I. N. S.)—Accused of murdering P. E. Burke, proprietor of a hotel at Rodeo N. M., and hiding his body in a ravine, Privates John Wilson and James Snell, Troop F, First Cavalry, were arrested here today.

It is charged the two soldiers were returning to their camp at Douglas, Ariz., from Rodeo, in an automobile which they had engaged Burke to drive for them. Wilson, according to the police, has confessed that he and Snell lost all their money in a crap game at Rodeo and planned to kill Burke with robbery as the motive.

The men were arrested here while asleep in a boxcar in which they were beating their way east.

Wilson said his home was in Pennsylvania and that Snell came from New York.

Attacks Are Made Against Austrians

Vienna, via Berlin and London, Jan. 16.—(U. P.)—The storming attacks by the enemy on the western slope of Monte Perte broke down under Austrian artillerying and machine gunning, with heavy losses to the attackers, today's official statement asserted.

Unsuccessful, Says Berlin

Berlin, via London, Jan. 16.—(U. P.)—"South of Monte Secca the Italians repeated their unsuccessful attacks," today's official statement asserted.

SCHOOL CHILDREN UNDER 15

An announcement that will interest you appears on page 3 today.

GENERAL IS ABSOLUTE DICTATOR OVER WEST

Hindenburg Gives Way in East to Von Hertling So as to Acquire Supremacy in Campaign on the French Front.

Chancellor, It Is Believed, Will Frown on Plan of Military Leaders for Territorial Expansion—Vassal States Preferred

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 16.—(U. P.)—The Werkle cabinet of Hungary has resigned owing to its failure to secure necessary support for its military program, according to a Budapest dispatch received here today.

Amsterdam, Jan. 16.—(I. N. S.)—Germany's internal crisis again has been settled, according to a dispatch today quoting the Berlin Lokal Anzeiger.

According to the dispatch, Hindenburg has given in to Chancellor Hertling regarding the situation in the east in return for being given a free hand in the west. The field marshal, it was stated, will be ab absolute dictator in all questions affecting the western front.

Just what policy Hertling will pursue in regard to the proposals with Russia, was not made clear. It is believed here, however, that he will frown on the plan of the military leaders, which contemplated extending Germany's frontiers. Hertling is reported to favor the establishment of German vassal states in lieu of the military leaders' plans.

Split Over Conference

Advices received here showed that a split had developed over the Brest-Litovsk conference. The supreme military command and the government were at loggerheads over the way that annexations should be demanded. A dispatch quoting the Leipzig Volkszeitung says:

"Of course the controversy is not one between annexationists and non-annexationists, for both sides agree that annexations ought to be made. The struggle is how the annexations are to be attained. The supreme army command insists on the removal of the German frontiers to the eastward on the plea of the necessity of making them secure, while, apparently, the government would like to secure this object by a roundabout way, that is to say, by the creating of German vassal states.

"It is a controversy between adherents of avowed annexation on the one hand and of disguised annexation on the other."

Chancellor von Hertling will make his delayed speech to the reichstag main committee in a few days, according to the Cologne Volkszeitung. The paper states that it is not yet decided just how far the chancellor will go in replying to the speeches of President Wilson and Lloyd George on war aims.

Admiral von Tirpitz, according to dispatches received here today, addressed a big meeting of the German patriots' league in Berlin yesterday, urging against any peace move at this time.

"We have arrived at the most critical period of the war," Von Tirpitz is quoted as saying. "England and America have begun a concerted peace offensive. If we would conserve our world position we must not take a renunciatory peace because England is ready to demand it. In this critical time we place our faith in the kaiser, Hindenburg and Ludendorff."

Berlin's Policy Unchanged

Amsterdam, Jan. 16.—(U. P.)—There has been no change in instructions sent Foreign Minister Kuehlmann, declared Under Foreign Minister von Dem Bussche to the main committee of the reichstag today, answering questions concerning the Russo-German peace negotiations. Berlin dispatches said Von Dem Bussche prefaced his announcement with the declaration that he spoke on behalf of the chancellor in his statement.

Oregon Bog Moss Needed 'Over There'

Oregon Agricultural College, Corvallis, Jan. 16.—The Western Society of Naturalists at a meeting in Portland elected Professor H. P. Barss, plant pathologist O. A. C., a member of the committee to secure sphagnum moss from Oregon bogs. This moss is said to have 30 times as much absorbent power as cotton and could be put to the highest service in war medical work.

MONS. CAILLAUX

FORMER PREMIER of France, whose arrest as a conspirator has been brought about through the interception of messages sent by Count von Bernstorff, former German ambassador at Washington.

WILLARD TO QUIT INDUSTRIES BOARD

Chairman, Friends Say, Discouraged With Manner in Which Work Is Conducted.

Washington, Jan. 16.—(U. P.)—Chairman Daniel Willard of the war industries board has resigned. President Wilson will accept the resignation, it was officially announced today.

While the reason officially given for Willard's resignation is that his presidency of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad demands his entire attention during the present railroad transformation under government control, his friends declare Willard was discouraged with the manner in which war work was being conducted.

He requested his release as chairman of the war industries board shortly after testifying before the senate military committee that lack of preparation delayed the government's war work early after the war with Germany began and lack of coordination in the war government has delayed the work since. He favored a directing head with full responsibility in supplying the army and navy.

Czarina Is Reported To Have Gone Insane

Paris, Jan. 16.—(I. N. S.)—Information has reached Geneva, according to a dispatch today, that the former czarina of Russia has gone insane. Her daughter, Tatiana, who was reported to have started for the United States, is nursing her mother and has never left Tobolsk, Siberia, where the Romanoff family is being held.

The former czar is declared to have become very moody and doesn't talk to anyone.

MESSAGES EXPOSING CAILLAUX GIVEN OUT

Lansing Publishes Secret Cables Sent From Washington by Hun Ambassador Which Resulted in Arrest of Ex-Premier

Germany Told by Envoy That Its Praise of Frenchman Was Hurting His Spy Work—Two More Under Arrest in France.

PARIS, Jan. 16.—(U. P.)—A wireless message received here today from Rome declares documents found in the strong box of former Premier Caillaux there show Caillaux planned to assume dictatorial powers if he was made premier of France, and planned the arrest of President Poincare, Premier Briand and other statesmen.

Caillaux also planned the dissolution of the chamber of deputies, it was charged.

General Sarrail was to be appointed commander in chief of the French armies, according to the plans found in Rome. Two regiments to be recruited in Corsica were to be brought to Paris under the command of two generals, both friends of Caillaux. Then, after a last military effort, Caillaux planned to submit the question of peace to a popular referendum.

Caillaux's plans included the reformation of the French government with a restrained parliament and the placing of absolute power in the hands of a council of state.

All foreign ambassadors were to be replaced also.

Part of the documents revealing Caillaux's plans have been sent to Paris. The remainer are being kept in Italy.

Two more arrests were made here today of persons believed to be implicated with Joseph Caillaux in treason against France. They were Paul Comby, a well known lawyer, and Deputy Loustalot of the chamber of deputies.

(Concluded on Page Five, Column Four)

German-American Alliance Attacked

Washington, Jan. 16.—(I. N. S.)—Dissolution of the German-American alliance, having a membership of hundreds of thousands of German descent, is provided for in a bill introduced in the senate this afternoon by Senator King of Utah.

The bill would repeal the act incorporating the alliance. It also directs the attorney general to institute proceedings to break up the organization and to appoint a receiver to close up its affairs.

Willie Gotelli, Golfer, and Two Others Accused of Robbing Stores To Establish Shop of Their Own

Willie Gotelli, one of the most prominent golfers of the northwest and aspirant for a commission in the aviation corps; Kenneth Norris, well known local athlete and authority on fishing and hunting in Oregon, and O. W. Huddlestone, former amateur boxer, have been arrested on a charge of stealing $3000 worth of sporting goods from local stores, with which they are said to have equipped a store in Marshfield.

Gotelli and Huddlestone were employed at the Meier & Frank company's department store, and Morris at the Hudson Arms Co. store, but all recently resigned. Gotelli, whose name in the complaint is given as Guetilla, announced upon his resignation that he intended to leave for the Berkeley school of aviation to study for a commission.

Gotelli, aged 20, was formerly a caddie at the Waverley Country club, leaving the golf links to take employment in a local sporting goods house. Two years ago he entered the employment of the Meier & Frank company. He is a member of the Portland Golf club and represented that organization in tournaments in various cities of the Northwest with considerable success.

Norris, whose age is given as 32, is said to have received his schooling at the old Portland academy, which he represented on the cinder path as a sprinter. He also engaged in other sports. Of late years he has devoted his recreational time to fishing and hunting and was considered unusually well informed on hunting and fishing in Oregon.

Huddlestone is the least prominent of the three from an athletic and sportsman's standpoint, although he is said to have had considerable success as an amateur boxer for local clubs several years ago.

Operations Cover Two Years

According to Police Inspectors Hyde, Abbott, Goltz and Howell, who were assigned to the case, the men are alleged to have carried on their operations in the two stores for nearly two years, but the resignations of the three men during the last two months aroused suspicion and an investigation was started with the result that about $500 worth of merchandise of all kinds was found in the home of Gotelli near Sellwood short-

(Concluded on Page Five, Column Three)

Men Who Married After May, 1917, Will Have Little Exemption Claim

Slackers will be discouraged and the burdens of both the district and local military service exemption boards will be greatly lightened if local boards act more uniformly in their rulings on claims for exemption, declared Dan J. Malarkey, secretary of the district board, this morning.

The three claims for exemption the boards are called to pass upon most frequently are:

That the drafted man is married and has a dependent wife or family.

That the drafted man has dependent parents or relatives.

That the drafted man is engaged in an essential industry, such as shipbuilding.

"The selective service regulations are absolutely clear on all these points and the mental attitude with which the district board approaches the appeals of registrants from the decisions of local boards is governed entirely by these regulations," said Mr. Malarkey.

Few Late Marriages Excused

"In the case of marriages since May 18, 1917, the presumption is against the registrant and the burden is upon him clearly to satisfy the board that he did not marry to escape the draft. Boards can hardly expect to show out of the lips of the registrant or his wife or their relatives that the marriage was consummated without intent to escape military service.

Decisions of claims based on late marriages must of necessity be founded on circumstantial evidence and the fact

(Concluded on Page Nine, Column Five)