# KRUPP WORKS TARGET FOR FRENCH BOMBERS IN GREAT AERIAL RAID

## French Send 84 Machines Which Drop Bombs Upon Treves and Essen.

## GERMANS HIT HOSPITAL

**British Wipe Out 14 German Aeroplanes in Series of Combats Over Belgium; Big Fleets Sent Out.**

Paris, July 7.—(U. P.)—French airmen carried out an aerial offensive of vast proportions today, flying far afield over the German lines to drop bombs on the Krupp works as Essen and at Treves. At the same time the Germans took the air to drop bombs over Nancy and Epernay.

The French air raids, the official statement tonight announced, were undertaken as reprisals against similar German raids.

"On Friday," the statement said, "the enemy dropped bombs in the Nancy region. Several of these hit a hospital, killing three. At Epernay several were injured.

**84 Machines Take Part**

"On Friday evening our air bombing squadron comprising 84 machines brilliantly performed a series of expeditions against some towns in the interior of Germany as reprisals.

"Eleven of our airplanes dropped nearly 24 tons in bombs. Over Treves seven fires were observed. Six of our machines dropped bombs and damaged the Ludwigshafen, an important factory and other buildings, burned another airplane and bombed the Krupp works at Essen."

Of the fighting on the ground, the statement said:

"In the regions of Hill 304 and Deadman's Hill, south to the Rhine and also around Carspach Wood enemy thrusts at our posts were defeated with losses to them."

**British Down 14 Planes**

London, July 7.—(U. P.)—Fourteen German aeroplanes were swept from the air by the British in fighting over Belgium today during a period of the greatest activity of the aerial forces on both sides.

Field Marshal Haig reported tonight that eight of the hostile aircraft were shot down by British flyers and six others were forced to the ground behind their own lines, out of control. Five British machines are missing.

Haig's official report tonight detailed mostly air fighting, and successful reconnaissances.

East of Loos the Germans were driven off.

"Between Lens and Ypres there was much aerial fighting," the British commander's statement said. "Yesterday, hostile aeroplanes were encountered in large numbers, 30 composing one formation.

"We bombarded the enemy and enemy aerodromes, carrying out successfully artillery photography. The activity continued during the night. The enemy dropped 144 bombs on our side of the line. We dropped three times that many on the German side."

**Aniline Dye Works Destroyed**

The war office statement asserted that the great aniline dye works at Ludwigshafen had been struck by the French raiders and totally destroyed by fire.

The statement credited Marechal de Lewis Gallois with the feat of flying to Essen and bombarding the Krupp works there.

The total of explosives and bombs dropped was 30,455 kilograms (nearly two and a half tons).

## GERMAN PLOT HATCHED YEAR AHEAD OF WAR

(Continued From Page One)

finances were also received from the same source.

**Rebellion Was Planned**

"The conspiracy took the form of various military enterprises, all of which had for their object the supporting of an armed rebellion against the British government in India.

"Arms and ammunition in large quantities were purchased with German money. Men were recruited and sent to India. Military expeditions were organized and carried on from America and Siam against India. Experts in military training were sent to train and equip the forces, arms and ammunition were smuggled to China and Japan; money was sent direct from the United States to Bengal and other places in India. In fact the whole conspiracy was a well defined effort to create a revolution in India during the war, primarily for the purpose of forcing England to maintain large bodies of troops in India that otherwise would have been available for use against Germany on the western and other battle fronts."

**Gadski's Husband Included**

The 98 indicted persons include Franz Bopp, former German consul general; Lieutenant Baron Wilhelm von Brincken and E. H. Van Schaack, respectively military attache and vice consul here; Ram Chandra, Hindu editor and revolutionary leader; Franz von Papen, former military attache of the German embassy at Washington, and Hans Tauscher, husband of Mme. Gadski, famous prima donna.

Bopp, Von Brincken and Van Schack are now interned at Angel Island and Von Papen is in Germany. Former German consuls and members of their staffs in many cities of the United States, the Philippines, Hawaii and China and several prominent German officials in Berlin, whose names are withheld by the district attorney, are also included.

Several defendants appeared this afternoon and gave temporary bail.

**Bench Warrants Issued**

At the request of United States District Attorney Preston, the federal court issued bench warrants and placed the indictments on the secret file.

It was learned authoritatively that the 98 persons indicted included the following:

Captain Edmund Dianat, master of the German ships Ahleis and Holsatia, now interned at Honolulu; Louis T. Hengsteler, attorney for the German government and former member of the University of California faculty; Franz Bopp, former German consul general; Lieutenant Baron Wilhelm von Brincken and E. H. Van Schaack, attaches of the German consulate; Joseph Bley, broker; Harry Harrt, shipping broker; Attorney J. Clyde Hizar of San Diego, an officer of the California naval reserves; Leopold Michels, millionaire importer; Robert Capelle, general Agent of the North German Lloyd Steamship Co.; Waltheur Sauerbach German naval officer, now interned at Chattanooga, Tenn.

**Shipping Firms Indicted**

The grand jury also returned indictments against six San Francisco shipping firms and 36 persons on charge of conspiring to charter and outfit ships, load them with coal and send them on the high seas to supply German warships, at a time when Germany was at war with France and Great Britain.

The defendants in this case are: C. D. Bunker and company, Swayne and Hoyt, Northern and Southern Steamship company, Golden Gate Transportation company, Maverick Steamship company, Henry Kaufman, Frederick Jebsen, J. L. Bley, C. D. Bunker, Philip Thayer, R. H. Swayne, John G. Hoyt, George Phillips, Benno Klocke, Gustav Fraub, Adolph Wimmel, E. R. Johanson, George Flood, James Flood, Joseph E. Bien, Robert Capelle, Simon Reimer, Fred Williams, Ram Crandra, John F. Craig, Ray Howard, John P. Starr-Hunter, Louis P. Hempstler, Waltheur Sauerbach, Harry J. Harrt, M. Martinez, J. Clyde Hizar, Juan Bernard Bowen, W. H. Page, Harris Pauscher, Walter P. Hughes, Jean Fischer, S. Von Poppen, Ralph Russ and Captain Schlutter.

**Demurrer Is Argued**

Chicago, July 7.—(U. P.)—A demurrer was argued late today in the cases of Kurt von Reiswitz, former German vice consul in Chicago, Gustav Jacobsen, Albert Wehde and 11 others, indicted on charges of participating in a conspiracy to foment a revolution in British India. Federal Judge Landis took the case under advisement.

## RED NUMBER ON CARD IS GUIDE TO REGISTRANTS

(Continued From Page One)

jutant General White. "We have been ready since July 5. Under the schedule of physical possibilities, July 7 was the date set, so we were two days ahead of time."

In the final check up Saturday, it was found that Oregon now has 63,246 men registered. The original count showed 62922. The additional number includes those who have registered since June 5.

**White to Get "Flash"**

First word of the numbers selected will be wired to Adjutant General White, who will immediately communicate them to the exemption boards throughout the state. They will then be posted for the information of the men affected.

Portland men of draft age can find their serial numbers on bulletin boards at the courthouse. The lists, 11 in number, were posted Saturday. Each represents a division of Multnomah county, a division being a specified number of precincts. Beginning with the first precinct in each division, the names of the registrants are numbered from one up, according to the total in the division.

To learn their serial numbers, registrants must first learn the number of the precincts where they registered and under which division that precinct comes. Having secured this information, they can ascertain the serial number attached to their names by which he will be designated for draft by consulting the boards where the serial numbers are posted.

**Division Numbers Listed**

For the benefit of those who do not know their division numbers, the following list by precincts is published:

Division No. 1—Precinct Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 25½, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 34½, 35, 35½, 36 and 318.

Division No. 2—Precinct Nos. 37, 37½, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 44½, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 58½, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67 and 68.

Division No. 3—Precinct Nos. 69, 70, 70½, 71, 71½, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 76½, 77, 78, 79, 79½, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 98½. Ex-

Division No. 4—Precinct Nos.—99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 194, 105, 105½, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 123½, 124, 125, 126, 126½, 129, 130, 131, 132, 136, 137, 138, 144 and 145.

Division No. 5—Precinct Nos.—127, 128, 133, 134, 135, 139, 140, 140½, 141, 142, 143, 146, 147, 148, 149, 149½, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 154½, 155, 156, 156½, 157, 157½, 179, 179½, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187.

Division No. 6—Precinct Nos. 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 170½, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 209½, 210, 211, 211½, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219 and 220.

Division No. 7 Precinct Nos.—188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 201½, 202, 224, 225, 226, 226½, 227, 228, 229, 229½, 230, 230½, 231, 232, 232½, 233, 234, 235, 235½, 236, 236½, 237, 238, 239.

Division No. 8—Precinct Nos. 252, 252½, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 257½, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 263½, 264, 264½, 265, 266, 267, 268, 268½, 269, 272, 272½, 273, 274.

Division No. 9—Precinct Nos. 270, 270½, 271, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 282½, 283, 283½.

Division No. 10—Precinct Nos. 221, 222, 223, 240, 240½, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 251½, 284, 285, 286, 286½, 287, 288, 288½, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 294½, 295, 296, 296½, 297 and 298.

Division No. 11 (County)—Precinct Nos. 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 309½, 310, 311, 311½, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318½, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326 and 326½.

# U. S. MAY JOIN WITH BRITAIN AND FRANCE IN RETALIATORY ACTS

## German Spy Activities and Fresh Atrocities Against Belgians Anger Officials.

## AGENTS BEING SENT HOME

**German Diplomats Left to Aid Swiss in America Being Deported; Americans in Germany Returning.**

Washington, July 7.—(U. P.)—The United States may join England and France in retaliations against Germans in the three lands.

Stirred by German spy activities and by fresh German atrocities against Belgians, officials hinted very clearly tonight that reprisals may be undertaken. This startling revelation followed official news that German diplomats, left behind to aid the Swiss legation, are being deported at the request of the state department, while Americans at the Spanish embassy in Berlin are returning here.

Just how far the retaliations will go was not stated. There was no mistaking, however, that the temper of the three governments is stirred by Germany's insidious methods.

**Two in New York First to Go**

The first German diplomats to feel the wrath of the state department were M. Bern and H. Chauffhausen of the German consulate in New York. The state department explains they "have nothing on" either man or other German diplomats, but the department is taking no chances on the future, while at the same time it is admittedly heeding popular clamor to clean out potential German spies.

Both men resigned and arrangements were made for their transportation. About 30 other Germans, aiding Swiss diplomats in the United States in caring for German interests, will follow them out of the country.

**Others Expected to Follow**

What will happen to Austrians and other central power representatives is unannounced thus far, though sooner or later these, too, will probably come under the ban.

The department explained that the Germans, as is customary, had been allowed to stay with the Swiss people, who sponsored them.

Germany reciprocated by allowing Americans to aid the Spanish ambassador in Berlin to look after American interests there, but the virtual expulsion of the Germans here means that the reciprocity is over.

**Germans Mistreat Belgians**

As for retaliations against Germans in the three nations, this idea was generated from news received by the state department that Germany had deported to her country 20 Belgian colonial officials or directors of colonial companies on the flimsy pretext that Belgium had inhumanely used some German civilian prisoners taken in German South West Africa. In fact, the Germans were taken from a devastated land to quarters in France amid healthy surroundings and there used decently.

This incident, taken with other long continued and grossly cruel anti-Belgian actions, has about determined the three governments that something may have to be done in reprisal against Germans held in these lands.

**Anti-War Papers Suppressed**

The United States continued its spy hunt today and anticipated that fresh roundups would soon be forthcoming.

Meantime, cable censorship to thwart German spies will be made more impressive.

The postoffice department is suppressing some issues of various anti-war publications, including the Appeal to Reason, the Blast, Mother Earth and Tom Watson's Jeffersonian, under authority of the new espionage bill. It cannot suppress these papers permanently, but has the right to keep them out of the mails if they contain matter prejudicial to the interests of the United States.

**Germans Charged With Trouble**

While other anti-spy activities proceed, the government is carefully observing labor troubles, particularly in Colorado and Arizona.

Men in touch with these problems suggest that German agents are fomenting trouble, and indeed some senators, including Ashurst of Arizona, are receiving letters which charge that German intrigue is directly responsible for the difficulties, and diverting the troops for guard duty, tends to delay preparedness work.

**Three Dismissed in Chicago**

Chicago, July 7.—(U. P.)—Three former attaches of the German consulate here, who were transferred to the Swiss consulate after the break with Germany, were dismissed from service today and asked to leave the country.

They were: Herman Neidinger, Richard Kulko and George Slubella.

They "conducted themselves honorably" while in the Swiss consulate, according to Acting Swiss Consul Henri Nussle.

Their dismissal was in accordance with the general order from Washington barring all alien enemies from employment in diplomatic offices.

## LONDON MOB RAIDS SHOPS OF GERMANS

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therefore, must have lasted over 40 miles.

**One Falls Into Thames**

Lord French, commander-in-chief home defenses, rallied his anti-aircraft devices at once. The home patrol forces themselves accounted for one German flyer, brought down in the Thames.

Not one of the British flyers was injured in the fighting either over England, the sea or the Belgian or Holland coasts.

The air raid occurred at 10:30 a. m. The day was slightly hazy, favoring the flyers. Streets were fairly well crowded over that section of London where the bombs were dropped. Children played in the summer sunshine. It was a typical English July day.

**Germans Plainly Visible**

Suddenly the air raid signals sounded. Coincidentally the "Archies," as Londoners have named the anti-aircraft guns, crackled out their shots. Above in the heavens the Germans were plainly visible, turning and wheeling, zigzagging to avoid the puffy breaks that signalled explosion of the aerial shells.

All over London there was a general rush to the cellars. Some of the hardy stood curiously watching. Some of the children were not sufficiently aware of the dread menace of the buzzing insect-looking things in the sky. It was among those innocent youngsters that the Germans again took heavy toll.

**Cry for Reprisals Heard Again**

The air was punctuated by the sharp explosions of the anti-aircraft guns, the more muffled and distant sound of the shells exploding far aloft, and, thirdly, by the roar of bombs. The dust of bricks and stones, and human bodies showed where the aerial killers had done their work.

In the metropolis alone 34 of the total of 37 victims were killed, and 134 of the 141 injured were struck there by fragments of the bombs or by flying fragments of buildings, stones and timbers.

Tonight once again and more insistently than ever the cry for reprisals by England against the German "baby killers" was raised throughout all the country.

There was a conflict on the three statements on the raid as to the exact number of raiding German machines destroyed. It was certain, however, that at least seven of the raiders had been brought down and possibly 11. The statement of the vice admiral at Dover insisted that the machines which his seaplanes brought down were not of the raiding party. This still left a conflict in the statements of Lord French and the admiralty.

## PROHIBITION IS DISPOSED OF IN SENATE

(Continued From Page One)

this withdrawal. The fight opened on this.

"There are 208,000,000 gallons of distilled spirits now bonded," said Senator Penrose. "Liquor in bond is held as collateral to the amount of $80,000,000 to $100,000,000. Many bonding houses will fail if you prevent the withdrawal of any liquor."

Senator Reed and Senator James both agreed that banks would be wrecked and Senator Hardwick said the scheme would mean "an insolvency of a $750,000,000 business at a time when congress wishes to see business stabilized."

**"Splendid Investment"—Smoot**

Senators Borah and Smoot spoke for the Cummins plan, but Smith of Georgia and Simmons of North Carolina deplored it.

The Reed amendment was defeated by 45 to 38. Then Senator Smoot offered his amendment.

"It will cost the government $200,000,000 to buy this distilled liquor and we will lose $440,000,000 in taxes," argued Senator Simmons.

Smoot replied:

"It is a splendid investment, even if it cost $500,000,000. It will save the nation $2,500,000,000 in annual bills for something that causes nothing but ruin and destruction."

The change of the senate on the Cummins plan to prevent the withdrawal of distilled spirits during the war led Senator Sherman of Illinois to charge that liquor interests had exerted influence over night.

Senators who changed their votes from "aye" yesterday to "nay" today were:

McCumber, Ransdell, Smith of Georgia and Tillman. Shields and King, who did not vote yesterday, voted today against the amendment.

On the final passage of the new prohibition section the vote was:

**Oregon Senators Divided**

Aye—Bankhead, Brandegee, Broussard, Cole, Culberson, Frances, Frelinghuysen, Gerry, Harding, Hitchcock, Holly, Husing, James, Johnson of California, Jones of New Mexico, Knox, La Follette, Leads, Lodge, McLean, McNary, Martin, New, Newlands, Overman, Penrose, Phelan, Pittman, Pomerene, Ransdell, Reed, Robinson, Sheppard, Simmons, Smith of Arizona, Smith of Georgia, Smith of Maryland, Stone, Swanson, Tillman, Underwood, Wadsworth, Warren, Watson, Williams—45.

Nay—Ashurst, Beckham, Borah, Brady, Chamberlain, Cummins, Curtis, Dillingham, Fernald, Fletcher, Gore, Gronna, Hale, Johnson of South Dakota, Jones of Washington, Kellogg, Kendrick, Kenyon, King, McKeller, Myers, Nelson, Norris, Owen, Page, Poindexter, Shafroth, Sherman, Shields, Smith of Michigan, Smoot, Thompson, Townsend, Trammell, Vardaman, Walsh, Wolcott—37.

**Alaska Property in Deal**

Centralia, July 7.—A realty deal involving $14,000 worth of property was announced last week wherein William Robinson traded 80 acres near Onalaska to J. G. Marlow for two modern residences in Seattle. Both properties are valued at $7000. The deal was closed by A. I. Timmerman and B. S. Woodruff of this city.

# NEW RUSSIAN DRIVE IS COMMENCED IN NORTH; VICTORY IS COMPLETE

## Brusiloff Starts Drive 200 Miles From Offensive Upon Lemberg.

## WARSHIPS HELP RUSSIANS

**German Statement Makes No Admission of Russian Advance, Claiming Sanguinary Defeats Administered.**

London, July 7.—(U. P.)—While Germany hurried reserves to repair the break in the Teutonic lines around Brzezany, General Brusiloff today hurled his Russian legions in another drive at a far distant point on the northern front. Tonight official reports showed complete victory there.

The newest of the Russian offensive drives is in the Pinsk sector, 200 miles north of where the first drive, that against Lemberg, was started last Sunday. Petrograd reported tonight that the fortified forest of Sianka, Hill 388, and the villages of Lakhovtzy and Sveniatchi had all been swept into the Russian's possession.

Moreover, the important town of Godov had been penetrated by the drive. There the Germans were desperately massing their resistance and tonight fierce fighting was in progress there.

The new drive was a coordinated, comprehensive and carefully timed effort, judging from all reports received here. Not only did the Russian artillery and infantry cooperate to the fullest extent, but a naval flotilla, creeping down the Pina toward Pinsk, destroyed mine barriers.

Elsewhere on the whole Russian fighting front the official statement said three lines of Teutonic trenches had been occupied in the region of Balkovmaniauv, but their relinquishment was compelled by the enemy's counter attacks.

**Berlin Makes No Admission**

Of the fighting around Godov the statement said:

"The heights northwest of Presovce and the villages or Lavrikovc and Travoloki east of Godov remained in our hands after a stubborn battle throughout yesterday. Our prisoners were 689."

Berlin would not admit any advance by the Russians in statements today.

The German staff claimed "an exceedingly sanguinary defeat" of the Russians in Galicia and repulse of enemy assaults elsewhere.

"Heavy losses forced the Russian attack to pause," it was stated.

**Russian Loss Heavy, Says Berlin**

"Our chase squads attacked the retreating Russians from the air, and by long range fire also we dispersed his reserved cavalry," Berlin's version declared. "Later a Russian attack to the north, as far as the Zloczow-Tarnopol railway and attacks also between Battkow and Zwyzyn and at Brzezany, Stanislaw and at some points also in the Carpathians were defeated everywhere. Captured orders show the French drove the Russians to the attack.

"The enemy attack between Koniuchy and Lawrymowce came after a strong destructive fire of several hours and was made by Russians in deep ranks. The assaults were repeated until the afternoon. All broke down in heavy losses. The Russian armored motor cars were useless and were shot to pieces by our fire."

## POILU IS SAVIOR OF FRANCE SAYS PORTLAND BOY

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passed very pleasantly for me. A commandant in the engineering corps desired a machine to go around the country and I was fortunate enough to get the trip. We drove over half of France, following the battle line the whole way. The prettiest part of the trip was through the forests of the Argonne. The roads were wonderful and one every now and then would see an old chateau on some peak surrounded by a picturesque village, beautiful once perhaps but now all in ruins and desolate.

**Experience at Verdun**

I had the peculiar experience of being lost in France. After leaving the section with the officer, they received sudden orders to leave and neither of us knew where they had gone. We came here two days later and found our section lined up at the edge of the town. I was surely glad to see them again, as I otherwise would have had to scout around the country looking for them. We passed four other sections of the American ambulance on the way down, but did not stop to talk with them. We visited Verdun and found another new section in our old quarters there.

At Verdun I was waiting on the road when a young poilu came up and said with a perfect American twang, "Hello, old chap." I nearly fell from my seat but managed to ask him how he spoke English as he did. He was born in France but had lived in New York all his life and was a typical young American. He had come over in September, 1914, and, therefore, had seen some strenuous service. One has many strange encounters over here.

**Candidate for Aviation**

I take my physical examination for the aviation this week and then if I pass and am accepted will begin training in about two months. There is a new escadrille starting for Americans in France, called the Franco-American flying corps and it is that I am entering.

## Butte, Mont., Strike Is Virtually Settled

Butte, Mont., July 7.—(U. P.)—The strike situation here tonight was virtually settled, following the action of the executive committee of the striking electricians in voting to accept the settlement proposal of the mining companies.

Under the terms of the settlement, the strikers agree to affiliate with the International Union of Mine, Mill and Smelter Workers. This organization is recognized by the operators.

Approximately 12,000 men who are now idle will resume work Monday as a result of the agreement.


## ALL DAY IN THE SUN; SUFFERS NO SUNBURN

A PRETTY society girl who is devoted to athletic, motoring and other outdoor pursuits is the envy of her friends because no matter how much she is in the sunshine it doesn't seem to affect her at all, and her complexion, neck and arms are always like the preverbial lily, white, soft and smooth as satin. She confesses to her friends that the secret of her success in avoiding sunburn and tan, freckles and other results of outdoor pleasure is that she uses Santiseptic Lotion, a delightful toilet requisite that protects her skin in an almost miraculous way. Santiseptic is just as effective in preserving the skin from pimples, blackheads, acne, spots, and other blemishes. It is easily procured at drug stores, costing but 50 cents. If your druggist cannot supply it, 25 cents in stamps or coin sent to the manufacturers, the Esbencott Laboratories, Portland, Or., will secure postpaid a large introductory bottle.—Adv.

Thompson's Deep-Curve Lenses Are Better

**Two Eyes Are All You Get!**

This is sufficient reason why you should take the best of care of them.

The eyes are subject to more abuse, and get less rest than any other part of the body.

Our advertisement will not help; it's only a warning to you.

Proper glasses should be secured at the first sign of failing vision.

Our 26 years' experience is at your service.

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Portland's Oldest and Largest Exclusive Optical House.
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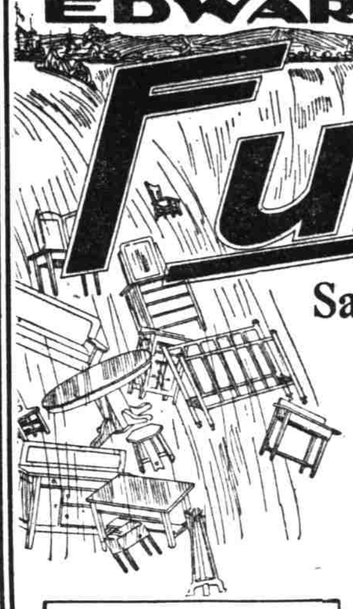
**EDWARDS ANNUAL JULY**



**Furniture Sale**

**Save—Save—Save!**

The Fireworks have started. Tomorrow (Monday) opens the second week of a Great July Clearance, which is sweeping before it a deluge of bargains!

**MEAT CUTTERS** are not the only ones who can slice things! Look over the prices quoted below! They resemble the looks of a choice steak after going through a sausage machine! If there is anything you need for the home your steps should be straight to where your thoughts now are.

**At Edwards'! Two Blocks North of Washington Street!**

*Mr. Edwards said: "Make this July a remarkable one." The way things hummed at Fifth and Oak last week wasn't slow. Judging from the bargains listed here and those in the windows, the second week will be busier than the first.*

*Are you going to be among those who SAVE?*

*(Monarch Ranges and contract goods withheld from the price-cutter.)*

—$2.75 English Breakfast Table, now ..... **$1.98**
—$15.00 solid oak, 6-foot Dining Table .... **$10.95**
—$29.50 Quarter-sawed 6-foot Dining Table.. **$19.95**
—$2.25 Solid Oak Dining Chairs ..... **$1.49**
—$11.50 mahogany or oak finish Metal Tea Wagons. **$8.45**
—$1.75 Feather Pillows, 2½-lb. weight, the pair **$1.20**
—$2.75 Adjustable Pin Curtain Stretchers ..... **$1.69**
—$2.00 Hammocks with Pillows, assorted colors.. **$1.49**
—$2.50 Maple Porch Chair, collapsible style... **$1.79**
—$2.50 Painted Porch Chair, woven wicker seat **$1.98**
—$8.50 Maple Settee with wicker seat and back.... **$4.98**
—$12.50 Reed Rocker for in or outdoor use..... **$8.90**
—$1.95 Matting and Composition Suit Cases..... **$1.49**
—$23.50 Mahogany Dresser with a large oval mirror (sample only) ..... **$17.75**
—$31.50 Birdseye Maple Dresser, a real beauty, **$23.85**
—$45 Mahogany Chiffonier (sample only).. **$29.80**
—$34.75 Ivory Enamel Chiffonier, hand decor'd **$26.85**
—$15.50 brilliant lacquer, tarnish-proof Brass Beds, special at ..... **$10.90**
—$25.00 White Enamel Steel Bed, with 2½-inch stub post, priced special now at.. **$14.90**
—$27.50 Satin Finish Brass Bed, with 2-inch stub post, special now at ..... **$18.95**
—$32.50 2-inch continuous Post Brass Bed—satin finish, specially priced at.... **$21.85**

**250 Yards** Floortex, Feltex, Fiberlin, Congoleum & Pro-Linoleum Worth Today 60c to 70c

**Now 39c Yd.**

—Whether it be a kitchen, bath or any other room you have been thinking about covering, an opportunity to equal this may never come again.
—Even though it is a pleasure to give bargains, there is a place commonly known as the Stopping Point!
—When the 250 yards are gone, the 39c price will be over. Edwards' ability to give this bargain is due to advance buying in large quantities.
—Choose from eight patterns, but, for goodness' sake, don't wait till the end of the week, for it's doubtful if there'll be any left. (Owing to the unusually low price, a minimum charge for laying is necessary.)

**Extra Special**

**$24.00 TO $27.50 VELVET AND BRUSSELS 9x12 RUGS..... $18.95**

Where only one or two Rugs remain of a pattern—the price cutter at Edwards goes at them with both feet. YOU ARE the one to gain the MOST—take your choice of any color or design. Pay the Edwards way—

**$1.90 Cash—$1.00 Week!**

**Your Credit Is Good as Gold!**

**FREE!** That's exactly it —FREE CREDIT! You ask, How's that? Just because there are no interest charges—no rough-neck collector battering down your front door. You just walk in the store FREE and easy, select what you want, pay on the following FREE and easy terms:

$ 50 Worth—$ 5.00 Cash, $1.00 Week
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