

GREECE IN LINE TO ENTER WAR AGAINST KAISER

French Troops Enter Athens to Maintain Order; M. Venizelos Is Expected to Become Next Premier Soon.

PROPOSITION TO JOIN ALLIES WILL BE MADE

Selection of New Ministry Leader Is Expected to Harmonize Factions.

London, June 24.—(I. N. S.)—The Athens correspondent of the Times cables today that French troops have entered the city. The dispatch adds that M. Venizelos, who is spoken of as the next premier, will propose to the chamber of deputies that Greece enter the war on the side of the allies as soon as parliament is convened.

Athens, June 24.—(I. P.)—King Alexander formally announced today that he had entrusted former Premier Eleutherios Venizelos with the task of forming a new cabinet.

Venizelos arrived in Athens today and was immediately received in audience by the king. Venizelos, who left Athens and founded a provisional government for Greece at Saloniki after the former King Constantine had refused to carry out the policies demanded by the Greek people, was expected to reach Athens shortly.

His selection as premier is expected to bring together all elements in Greece and to align the institution of immediate reforms.

Martial Law in Spain
Madrid, June 24.—(I. N. S.)—In consequence of the national agitation the government today suspended the constitutional guarantees.

Suspension of the constitutional rights guaranteed the people is equivalent to the proclamation of martial law. That the government should take this action indicates that the situation in Spain is more serious than the absence of dispatches during the past few days would indicate.

Minister to Norway Resigns
Copenhagen, June 24.—(I. N. S.)—Dr. Michaelis, German minister to Norway, has resigned and is returning to Berlin, said a dispatch from Christiania today.

The resignation of Dr. Michaelis indicated that it might be connected with the recent discovery that Germany is shipping explosives into Norway.

BELGIAN MISSION MAY VISIT PACIFIC COAST, INCLUDING PORTLAND

W. D. B. Dodson Receives a Telegram in Answer to Invitation From Oregon.

W. D. B. Dodson, executive secretary of the Portland Chamber of Commerce, has received a telegram from the Belgian embassy in America in answer to an invitation to visit Portland, saying the members would, in all probability, visit the Pacific Coast.

C. Henri Labbe, the French and Belgian consul in Portland, says that he has received no official word that the mission will come to the coast, but that it would be desirable with enthusiasm by the French and Belgians of the city.

The mission consists of five members, men who are internationally known in diplomatic circles. They are: Baron Moncheur, the head of the embassy and the former minister to the United States, and present chief of the political bureau of the Belgian foreign office at Havre; General Leclercq, who formerly commanded the first division of Belgian cavalry; M. Hector Carlier, counselor of the mission, and son of an official of the National bank of Belgium; Major Osterrieth, for a long time military attaché at the Belgian legation in Petrograd; and Count Louis d'Israel, who, in spite of his noble birth and his age, enlisted in the army as a private. He later received a commission.

The report that the Italian mission would visit the Pacific Coast is without grounds. Editor Mattioli, editor of L'Italia, received a letter from Guglielmo Marconi, a member of the mission, saying that such a visit is impossible.

157 Killed and 430 Wounded in Air Raid

London, June 24.—(I. N. S.)—Revised official figures issued today brought the number of dead in the German air raid on June 13 up to 157. Of these 43 were children. There were 430 wounded.

San Diego Aviation Station Is Favored

Washington, June 24.—(U. P.)—The house military committee today voted to report favorably a bill authorizing the secretary of war to take over North Island, in San Diego harbor, for an aviation training station.

Two American Girls Witness U-Boat Attack

Passengers on Transatlantic Liner See Diver and Wake of Torpedo Approaching Their Vessel.

London, June 24.—(U. P.)—Two American girls were among those who got the thrill of their lives at the witching hour of midnight last Saturday when the American liner on which they were journeying to England was twice fired upon by a German submarine. The two arrived here today. They were Miss Helen Cabell, who is a student of Miss Baldwin's school at Philadelphia, and Miss Elinor Schiff of New York.

It was a bright moonlight night, they said, and at 11:30 the submarine alarm was sounded suddenly. Some passengers, close to the rail, saw the wake of a torpedo as it passed a scant 15 feet from the vessel. The submarine which had come to the surface off the shot was likewise plainly visible, but disappeared before the guns could be manned and fired at her.

"Our ship recoiled away and the guns were prepared for action," said Miss Cabell. "Half an hour later—the stroke of midnight—the submarine reappeared and once again launched a torpedo. This time it missed, but our air gun replied with three shots, but all apparently missed because of the difficult angle. One shell tore away the log which was trailing astern. The U-boat submerged immediately. The passengers remained on deck throughout the night."

Norwegian Mariners Saved
An American Port, June 24.—(I. N. S.)—Saved after being two days adrift in a stormy sea, Captain Johann Foss and eight other men from the Norwegian steamship *Edric*, which was torpedoed by a submarine off the English coast on June 13, arrived here today on board a British liner.

ELIHU ROOT VISIONS END OF WAR IN 1918 IF RUSSIANS FIGHT

Head of American Mission Expresses Views in Speech at Moscow.

Petrograd, June 24.—(U. P.)—If every allied government can every day turn itself fully over to the business of making war, victory will come by 1918, in the opinion of Elihu Root, chairman of the American mission. He made the prediction at Moscow, where the Americans were being interviewed today, in the course of an interview with newspaper correspondents.

"Americans accept all interpretations of Russia's formula of 'peace without annexations and without contributions' but we profoundly regret that the German empire in a most outrageous and infamous form has violated the rights of Belgium and Serbia and that we are in the midst of a struggle for the restoration of violated rights of possessions and reparations for damages."

Dispatches from Moscow today asserted that the city had accorded the Americans an enthusiastic reception. The party was held at the city hall, where the German minister was in attendance, conferring with Russian transportation experts and going over the best form of aid to be extended. Admiral Glemson was to arrive at Archangel today. General Scott was in conference with the war office leaders.

Seismograph Shows Earthquake Shock

Cleveland, Ohio, June 24.—(U. P.)—An extremely severe earthquake shock, distance between 4000 and 5000 miles, was recorded today by the seismograph at St. Ignace college.

Father Gombach said the quake might have been in Chile. The shock registered from 1:08 a. m. to 3:35 a. m. with the main shock at 1:36.

Los Angeles Feels Shocks

Los Angeles, June 24.—(U. P.)—Three distinct earthquake shocks that rattled dishes and disarranged furniture were felt here today. The shocks occurred this afternoon between 1:15 and 1:30 o'clock. The most severe tremor was felt at 1:15 and was accompanied by deep rumbling sounds not unlike that of thunder.

President Postpones Shipbuilding Decision

Washington, June 24.—(I. N. S.)—President Wilson, it was announced Monday, may wait another week before deciding the Goethals-Denman controversy over the building of wooden ships. There are several points upon which the president wishes more information before conferring authority either upon Chairman Denman or General Goethals. William E. Corey, president of the Midvale Steel company, advises the country to build all the wooden ships it can because there is not enough steel in the United States to supply the country's war needs.

Next Liberty Loan For September 1

Washington, June 24.—(I. N. S.)—The next Liberty loan issue will be made about September 1, according to indications at the treasury department this afternoon. The interest rate will be higher than that of the first \$2,000,000,000, possibly 4 per cent.

FEDERAL ROAD FUND WILL BE MET BY STATE

Supreme Court Holds That Oregon May Issue Bonds for Post Roads Under the Bean-Barrett Bonding Bill.

FRIENDLY SUIT WAS FILED TO SETTLE CASE

Highway Commission Will Meet Wednesday to Outline Program of Work.

S. Benson, chairman of the state highway commission, was informed by Governor Withycombe by telephone today of the supreme court's action in upholding the Bean-Barrett bonding bill. He immediately called a meeting of the commission for Wednesday, at which time steps will be taken to get early action on a program for meeting federal appropriations and constructing joint highways.

Salem, Or., June 24.—The entire fund to match the federal appropriation for post roads under the Shackleford bill will be raised in Oregon by issuing bonds under the Bean-Barrett bonding bill, according to an opinion written by Justice Moore and handed down by the supreme court today.

The opinion was handed down as the result of a friendly suit brought by the state highway commission against the state board of control to settle the legal questions involved, and the court orders a writ of mandamus to be issued directing the board of control to issue the bonds in such amounts as may be required to match the federal appropriation.

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USE WAR PRISONERS TO CLEAR LANDS IS IDEA OF MR. HANLEY

Idle Acres Could Be Put to Crops and Allies Relieved of Burden, He Points Out.

To render idle American acres productive by the labor of German and Austrian prisoners of war is an interesting thought advanced by William Hanley of Burns, who sees a solution of two serious war problems by the proper combination of the factors contributing to each. The allies now hold as prisoners of war many thousands of Germans and Austrians, who must be fed and otherwise properly cared for, whether or not they are employed at useful labor. At the same time the allies must feed their own soldiers and civilians. One of America's biggest tasks in the war is in contributing foodstuffs

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Strikes Threaten Eastern Shipyards

Employees Insist on Increase of \$3 a Week; 19,000 Men Expected to Go on Strike.

New York, June 24.—(U. P.)—Despite the strike in the United States, 21 of the largest eastern shipyards will be tied up Saturday by a strike of their 19,000 employees, if the employers do not give them \$3 more a week.

Secretary of Labor Wilson, after pleading with the builders, for days, announced that his effort to get bosses and men together for a conference had failed. The wrangle began a year ago. The men, all employed in New York and New Jersey yards, say they will not compromise.

Fire in Margaret Quenched by Steam

Astoria, Or., June 24.—The fire in the hold of the motor schooner Margaret, anchored at Flavel was extinguished this morning after the government tug *Pomona* had forced live steam into the hold for over 24 hours. Representatives of the owners are here today examining the Margaret in an effort to ascertain the damage. The stern of the vessel is gutted, but it is believed the lumber cargo was damaged but little.

Envoy of Carranza Has Crossed Border

San Antonio, Texas, June 24.—(I. N. S.)—Senator Ugarte, private secretary to President Carranza of Mexico, arrived here Monday en route to Washington. He declined to confirm or deny a report that he is carrying a message to President Wilson. He said Carranza has no intention of abandoning his attitude of neutrality in the war between the United States and Germany.

OLD GLORY FLYING ON THE FRENCH FRONT—The first solemn salute of the French army to the stars and stripes. The photograph shows General Mangin's army marching past the first American flag officially sent from the United States to France after the declaration of war. The flag was the gift of the administration to Mr. Kindberg, head of the Stanford university contingent of the American ambulance field service. Mr. Kindberg presented it to General Mangin on June 4. The Stanford unit is under command of General Mangin and is known as section V-14 of the American ambulance. It is headed by Lieutenant Alan Muhr of San Francisco and there are several Oregon boys in the unit.



RUSSIA STANDS FOR DEMOCRACY, AVERS AMBASSADOR HERE

Head of Mission From Petrograd Receives Ovation in Senate.

Washington, June 24.—(I. N. S.)—"Russia wants the world to be safe for democracy—to make it safe means to have democracy rule the world."

These words, spoken by Dr. Boris Bakmeteff, head of the Russian mission and new ambassador to the United States, in the senate this afternoon, threw the upper house of congress into a tumult of enthusiastic applause such as has seldom been seen in that body. Members rose in a deafening demonstration. "Russia rejects with indignation any idea of separate peace," Dr. Bakmeteff told the senate. "What my country is striving for is the establishment of a firm and lasting peace between democratic nations. Russia is firmly convinced that a separate peace would mean the triumph of German autocracy, would render lasting peace impossible, create the greatest danger for democracy and liberty and ever be a threatening menace to the new born freedom of Russia."

Following the reception of the mission, Senator Gore of Oklahoma introduced a resolution which was promptly adopted, expressing the sympathy of the United States for the struggles of Russia.

Petrograd Congress Called Off
Petrograd, June 24.—(U. P.)—The all Russian congress of workmen and soldiers called off its formal sessions today to avert disturbances among Petrograd workmen by appeals of scores of committees.

Charles Edward Russell, the American Socialist and one of the members of the United States mission, had been invited to address the congress. He was not advised of any change in plans, and appeared at the convention hall to find the congress not in session. All its members were working on committees going about the city and pleading with workmen not to participate in demonstrations constantly being urged by agitators.

Dr. Dunn, president of the congress, met Russell and apologized for the change in plans, declaring it was made necessary by the critical situation in the city. He intimated that in order to avert possible bloodshed congress plans were determined that any demonstrations must be broken up at all costs. Members of the congress admitted the situation was very acute. Russell will address the delegates at a later date.

Car Plant Merger Under Way, Report

Two Eros. and Seattle Car & Foundry Company Will Combine, It Is Said—Appraisal Being Made.

Merger of the Twoby Bros. and the Seattle Car & Foundry company, two of the largest railroad car manufacturing plants in the West, is under way, according to reports today. A more efficient handling of the big business of the two plants are being considered as the motive. Representatives of the two concerns are making an appraisal of the Twoby plant at 219 East Sixth street north today, and will begin a similar task at the Seattle plant Wednesday. The two concerns hold contracts for over 1000 box cars for the Harriman and other lines and are employing over 1000 men. The deal will involve plants valued at close to \$1,000,000.

NEUTRALS WILL BE TOLD TO COME FOR GRAIN IF WANTED

Exports Council Will Apportion Quantity to Be Allowed Nations Out of War.

Washington, June 24.—(U. P.)—Neutrals hereafter will be on shorter rations than they have been for recent months.

The exports council designated by President Wilson will apportion supplies for them, subject to the president's approval. It will determine what the neutral needs are, scientifically, as based on import figures covering a period of years. It will do its utmost to see that there is no surplus which could leak into Germany.

These things were made perfectly clear today by one of the members of the council. The neutrals also will be told that if they want food they can send their own ships after it.

Need to Govern Distribution
Of the new scheme of things President Wilson says:

"The whole object will be to direct exports in such a way that they will go first and by preference where they are most needed and most immediately needed, and temporarily to withhold them if necessary, where they can best be spared."

"Our primary duty in the matter of foodstuffs and like necessities is to see to it that the peoples associated with us in the war get as generous a proportion as possible of our surplus, but it will also be our wish and purpose to supply the nations whose peoples depend upon us for such supplies as nearly in proportion to their need as the amount to be divided permits."

Exports to Neutrals Shown.
"The free play of trade will be intelligently and systematically directed," he said.

The following exports to neutrals: The Netherlands, Sweden, Norway, Denmark, Spain and Switzerland, for the first 10 months of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1917, were announced today by Herbert Hoover:

Wheat and wheat flour, 39,977,000 bushels, value \$29,841,000, an average of \$1.79 per bushel.

Corn and cornmeal, 13,248,000 bushels, value \$15,297,000, an average of \$1.15 per bushel.

Oats and oatmeal, 49,412,000 bushels, value \$29,847,200, an average of 60 cents per bushel.

Barley, 4,914,000 bushels, value \$5,290,000, an average of \$1.08 per bushel.

U. S. Will Give Out Troop Assignments

London, June 24.—(U. P.)—"The American government will announce the disposal of its forces on the western front at the proper time." was the reply given in the house of commons today to an inquiry as to the disposition of the United States troops.

FRENCH ATTACK AND CAPTURE TRENCHES ON EXTENDED FRONT

Operations Take Germans by Surprise and Many Are Made Prisoners.

Paris, June 24.—(U. P.)—Suddenly assuming the offensive over a wide front northwest of Hurbelise, French forces last night captured front line trenches from the Germans and completely attained all objectives, the war office announced today.

"On Monday evening, following a short period of artillery preparation northwest of Hurbelise, the French brilliantly attacked on a strongly organized front and took all objectives almost instantly," the official statement asserted. "The first line of the enemy was completely captured."

"The enemy, surprised at the rapidity of our attack, lost heavily. Three hundred prisoners, including 19 officers, were captured."

"The counter attacks, following intense bombardment of the two flanks on this front, were stopped by our fire."

"The French coup was executed at an extremity of a front on which the Germans until Sunday had for five days been waging a tremendous counter offensive movement. Hurbelise lies on the Chemin des Dames, southeast of Laon, and very close to Craonne."

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(Continued on Page Two, Column Two)

Two Negroes Would Battle For Pershing

Giant Americans With Canadian Expeditionary Force Offer to Serve in Any Capacity.

Paris, June 24.—(U. P.)—Two giant negroes, wearing the uniform of the Canadian expeditionary force, halted today before the great American flag in the Rue Constantin, marking the house where Major General Pershing makes his headquarters, saluted the Stars and Stripes wistfully, and then ducked inside.

"We want to get back with our own white folks—one of them formerly Private Simpson, Tenth United States Cavalry, told the orderly. "We'll do anything, even shine shoes or take care of horses—just anything at all, so's we get a chance to tote a gun for General Pershing," the two chorused. "We don't want no commissions, no rank—nothing but just a chance to get with our own white folks again."

They went out hopefully. They were only two of dozens of Americans now fighting with the allied armies whose pleas for a transfer back with their own folks were received by the American commander-in-chief today.

Pershing is trying his best to see that all personally, but if he can't, one of his aids does.

The American commander is literally overwhelmed with letters from all over France, sending him greetings and making suggestions and voicing France's gratitude. To every one of these Pershing personally dictates a reply and thanks.

RED CROSS FUND WILL EXCEED ESTIMATES BY OVER \$10,000,000

Oversubscriptions Rolling in From All Sections of the Country Today.

Expect \$10,000,000 Over
Washington, June 24.—(I. N. S.)—The Red Cross war fund is expected to exceed estimates by more than \$10,000,000.

This was the confident belief of Henry P. Davison, leader in the nationwide campaign when a summing up of reports this afternoon showed the total standing at \$102,955,815.

Washington, June 24.—(U. P.)—With the \$100,000,000 goal passed, the country started today to roll up an oversubscription in the Red Cross war fund. At noon reports at headquarters had showed a total of \$101,000,000, with telegrams raining in from all sections of the country promising more, although the campaign ended officially last night.

Atlanta, despite its \$5,000,000 loss by fire recently, promised \$250,000 for the Red Cross. Baltimore, which raised \$424,000 in 14 minutes yesterday, is expected to pledge nearly a million more.

Cleveland, which started out to raise \$2,000,000, and today reported \$4,619,278, wired, "We are still going." In the race with the Ohio metropolis, Chicago led Cleveland today by a bare \$123,000.

(Concluded on Page Fourteen, Column Four)

Mine Made Hole in American Steamer

An American Port, June 24.—(I. N. S.)—A big passenger steamer arriving here today after being dry-docked eight weeks for repairs, reported that on her eastward trip across the Atlantic she struck a mine which stove a large hole in the bottom near the bow. One man was killed.

The steamer is now equipped with a mine sweeping device of peculiar construction.

Irish Question Far From Settled, Fear

London, June 24.—(U. P.)—Rioting in Dublin and Cork by Sinn Feiners was causing apprehension today that the Irish question was far from settled. The supposed solution arrived at through the Irish convention plan.

Yesterday's disturbances at Cork resulted in the death of one man and wounding of more than a score. Sinn Fein agitators tried to make a jail delivery of political prisoners and attacked recruiting stations. Police and army reserves were called out and, there was a spirited fight in the streets.

Several people have been injured in rioting in Dublin the past week.

Recruiting Bulletin Is Issued by U. S.

Washington, June 24.—(I. N. S.)—This bulletin was telegraphed Monday to all army recruiting officers in the United States with instructions to give it the greatest practical publicity.

"Enlist now."
"Your president calls you."
"The army wants you."
"The country needs you."
"Come on, you loyal Americans, and let's help free the world that our children may live in peace."

Clocks Show How Red Cross Fund Grows

