

ENDICOTT, LAID FOR DEBT, LET OUT AFTER SERVING FOR 10 DAYS

Wife Compelled to Give Up Work and Apply for Aid for Self and Children.

APPEAL MADE TO COUNTY

Judge Kavanaugh Orders Prisoner Released After He Had Been Serving Since June 8.

Charles A. Endicott, landscape gardener, who has been in the county jail since June 8 for a judgment debt owing to H. L. Stephenson, was released this morning on the order of Presiding Judge Kavanaugh. The statute provides release of prisoners so held at the expiration of 10 days' confinement where they show that they have neither money nor property to satisfy the debt.

According to the statement of W. N. Davis, representing the prisoner, Endicott's wife has been obliged to appeal to the county for food for herself and three children since her husband's imprisonment. She had, asserted Davis, been working in an overall factory for a week, but was compelled to give up her employment because of illness.

Cases of imprisonment for debt are rare, but, nevertheless, legal in Oregon, under the existing statutes. The procedure is an old common law action in which execution of a judgment is made against the body in case no property is found which can be levied on. This old rule has never been abolished in Oregon, but a statute is provided which permits the release of such prisoners at the expiration of 10 days.

A question that has never been entirely decided is whether such a release is final, or whether, at the expiration of a certain time, the debtor cannot be apprehended again and made to remain in jail another 10 days.

WANTS APPROACH REPAIRED

East End of Morrison Bridge to Be Examined.

Bridge Superintendent Caprell requested the county commissioners this morning to consider the reconstruction of the east approach to the Morrison street bridge on the ground that the approach is defective. The cost of the work he estimated would be between \$20,000 and \$30,000. The matter was referred to Bridge Engineer Purcell with the understanding that the work would not be undertaken this summer unless it proved to be absolutely necessary.

The contracts for the construction and paving of the Derby street approach to the Interstate bridge were awarded to the Portland Bridge and Building company and the Warren Construction company, respectively.

Bessie F. Caldwell petitioned the county commissioners for \$50, which she claimed as the value of a new silk dress ruined by the oil which collected upon it while making a trip on the county road from Portland to Oswego. The oil is a preparation used on the road for allying dust.

According to the report received by the commissioners the rock quarry for the county prisoners will be ready for operation some time this week.

DAMAGE TRIAL IS BEGUN

Minnie C. Young Charges False Imprisonment.

The suit for \$10,000 damages brought by Minnie C. Young against J. F. Hawkes for false imprisonment began this morning in Circuit Judge Phelps' court.

Miss Young was arrested on a warrant sworn out by J. F. Hawkes, a justice of the peace in Multnomah county, in October, 1916, charging her with stealing some cows belonging to J. F. Hawkes. Following her arrest at the Union Meat company in Portland, where she was working, she was taken to the jail at Gresham. Later the complaining witness, J. F. Hawkes, withdrew his charge and the case against Miss Young was dismissed.

Miss Young filed suit for damages.

CHINAMAN'S TRIAL BEGUN

Wong Wen Tung Charged With Killing Joseph Gue.

The trial of Wong Wen Tung, indicted on a charge of murder of Joseph Gue, a Chinese merchant, began this morning in Circuit Judge Gatens' court.

The entire morning was occupied in the examination of prospective jurors, with the probability that a full number will not be selected until some time Tuesday. Chief Deputy District Attorney John Miller represented the state, and E. V. Littlefield the defense.

BLAZIER IS ACQUITTED

A jury in District Judge Bell's court today found Clarence Blazier, guilty of the charge of maintaining a nuisance.

Blazier and a number of companions were arrested some time ago by men from Sheriff Hurlbut's office at Holly Lodge, a resort on the Foster road east of Lents. Charges of intoxication and vagrancy were made against the inmates, and of maintaining a nuisance against Blazier, the proprietor.

Motor Truck Driver Dies From Injuries

Bernie Heckman, driver for the Western Soda Works, who was thrown from his auto truck over a 10-foot embankment near Oswego Sunday afternoon, died at 5:30 this morning as a result of internal injuries received. The body was taken in charge by Acting Coroner Smith, and an investigation is now under way.

The steering gear of the truck broke at a critical moment, and the front wheels turned at right angles to the road. The truck then stopped abruptly, and the driver was hurled from his seat over the front of the machine.

An ambulance was sent to the scene and the victim was taken to the Good Samaritan hospital. Heckman was married and resided at 5411 Forty-seventh avenue, southeast. The body was turned over to the coroner's undertaking establishment this afternoon.

Red Tape Ties Up All Claims Against The Naval Militia

How to pay the claims against the Oregon Naval Militia? Adjutant General White is in a quandary over this question. The law provides that the adjutant general and the two officers of the staff shall sanction all bills. It also provides that officers of the staff must be officers of the line. The officers of the line so qualified, Lieutenants Beckwith and Jett, are somewhere at sea and therefore unavailable. Meanwhile the adjutant general's desk holds several hundred dollars worth of mobilization expense bills which cannot be paid until the government arranges some other authority.

FOOD LAWS BY JULY 1, URGED BY PRESIDENT

(Continued From Page One.)

istration food legislation urged by President Wilson. "The object of the measure is not to control the food of the country, but to release it from the control of speculators," President Wilson said.

The president's letter follows: "You are quite right about the food administration measure. In my opinion, it is one of the most important and most imperatively necessary of the measures which have been proposed in connection with the war."

Bill Has Been Misnamed

"A certain disservice has been done the measure by speaking of it as the food control bill. The object of the measure is not to control the food of the country, but to release it from the control of speculators and other persons who will seek to make inordinate profits out of it, and to protect the people against the extortions which would result."

"It seems to me that those who oppose the measure might very seriously consider whether they are not playing into the hands of such persons and whether they are not making themselves responsible, should they succeed, for the extraordinary and oppressive price of food in the United States. Foodstuffs will, of course, inevitably be high, but it is possible by perfectly legitimate means to keep them from being unreasonably and oppressively high."

Early Passage Is Urged

"I hope and believe that the congress will see the measure in this light, and that it will come to an early passage. For time is of the essence. The legislation should be secured by the first of July to make the country safe against the dangers it is meant to guard against."

The president's letter today began the tremendous task of wrestling control of the country's food supplies from the speculators and putting it into the hands of the government to insure the nation against the danger of hunger while fighting Germany.

Each had before it the Lever-Chamberlain food control bill, sponsored by the administration and backed by President Wilson personally—a measure regarded by many members as the most radical ever considered by an American congress. It was passed in effect, it is said, suspend the federal constitution during the war and place the country's supply subject to the rule of military necessity, with the president as prime dictator.

Opposition Is Determined

The administration's aim is to get the bill passed in time to apply its provisions to this year's production. The house is expected to vote on the measure after about a week's debate. The most stubborn fighting will center in the senate. The opposition in the upper house is so determined that a filibuster to delay action long enough to nullify its effect is a strong probability.

To combat any organized effort to talk the bill to death its supporters have arranged to debate it for the first time since it was adopted last March.

The chief features of the bill are: Creation of a food dictatorship to be vested by the president in Herbert C. Hoover.

Authorization to the president to license and regulate business to prevent uneconomic manufacture and inequitable distribution.

Drastic powers and penalties to prevent hoarding of foodstuffs.

Authority to the president to purchase or provide for the production or manufacture of necessities, and store and sell them.

Power to the president to requisition necessities and plants, factories and mines to produce necessities.

Presidential authority to close exchange of foodstuffs with the foreign world.

Minimum price fixing to guarantee producers reasonable profit and thus stimulate production.

Prohibition, at the discretion of the president, to prevent use of foodstuffs in the manufacture of alcoholic beverages.

An appropriation of \$152,000,000 to carry out the purposes of the act.

The house faced the bitterest fight of the war congress when debate opened today. Although the fight began with two clearly defined issues, the contest is expected soon to resolve itself around a third issue—that of nationwide prohibition.

Up to the present time the opposing camps are those who believe the country demands no food dictatorship and those who believe that the Lever bill, directly at the control of foodstuffs, constitutes discrimination against the farmer.

"Uncle Joe" Cannon, former speaker, and Representative Moore, are leading advocates of no food dictatorship. Opponents of the bill also rely upon support from Republican Leader Mann.

Representative Ferguson of Iowa, Republican member of the agriculture committee, will assail bitterly the Lever bill as discriminating against the farmer.

Chairman Lever of the house agriculture committee opened general debate on the bill.

Representative Young of Texas, Democratic member of the agriculture committee, announced that he was opposed to the bill from beginning to end.

Chairman Lever announced that night sessions would be in order to expedite the bill to a vote by the end of the week. Lever, in his speech for the bill, declared that America's success depends entirely upon her ability to organize.

U. S. IN NOTE URGES RUSSIA TO REMAIN SOLID IN CONFLICT

Communication Sent to Petrograd Explains Aims of Root Commission.

PLEADED TO HUMANITY

Commission Planned to Represent All Groups of America and Aid Russia to Cooperate in War.

Washington, June 18.—(U. P.)—Russia, as a devotee of democracy and individual liberty, must continue to fight against German autocracy, the United States declared in substance in a note sent to the Russian government before the arrival of the United States commission and made public today.

The note was sent to explain the aims of the Root commission, which was then en route to Petrograd. It says the commission is empowered to confer with Russia with a view to bringing about effective cooperation between the two governments in prosecuting the war.

The note said: "The principle of democracy involved 'The high commission now on its way from this country to Russia is sent primarily to manifest to the Russian government and people the deep sympathetic feeling existing among all classes in America for the adherence of Russia to the principle of democracy, which has been the foundation of the progress and prosperity of this country. The high commissioners go to convey the greetings of this republic to the Russian government and people, which has joined the great family of democratic nations."

"The commissioners who will bear this fraternal message to the people of Russia have been selected by the president with the special purpose of giving representation to the various elements which make up the American people and to show that among them all there is the same love of country and the same devotion to liberty and justice and loyalty to constituted authority."

Commission Is Representative

"The commission is not chosen from one political group, but from the various groups into which the American electorate is divided. It represents the republic. However much they may differ on public questions, they are one in support of democracy and in hostility to the enemies of democracy throughout the world."

"The commission is prepared, if the Russian government desires, to confer on the best ways and means to bring about effective cooperation between the two governments in the prosecution of the war against the German autocracy, which is today the gravest menace to all democratic governments. It is the desire of this government that it become the solemn duty of those who love democracy and individual liberty to render harmless this autocratic government, whose ambition, aggression and intrigues have been disclosed in the present struggle."

Pledge to Cause of Humanity

"Whatever the cost in life and treasure, the supreme object should and can be attained only by the united strength of the democracies of the world. The commission is pledged to the cause of humanity, which is the cause of democracy, and to the hope of all people."

"To the common cause of humanity which Russia has so courageously and unflinchingly supported for nearly three years, the United States is pledged. To cooperate and aid Russia in the accomplishment of the task, which, as a great democracy, is more truly hers today than ever before, is the desire of the United States. To stand side by side, shoulder to shoulder, against autocracy will unite the American and Russian peoples in a friendship for the ages."

"With the spirit, the high commission of the United States will present themselves in the confident hope that the Russian government and the people will realize how sincerely the United States wishes to share with them in their future endeavors to bring victory to the cause of democracy and human liberty."

He Cleaned Trousers Too Close to Stove

Lloyd Williams of 231 East Eighty-second street north, thought his trousers needed cleaning. He had heard that the gasoline stoves worked wonders and he decided to try it. Everything went along lovely, the spots began to disappear and the fumes of gasoline spread around the kitchen where Williams was working. There was a fire in the stove. The fumes breezed over the stove.

Today Williams is nursing a couple of badly burned hands. No report has been received on the pants.

Needles, Cal., Faces Big Flood Danger

Needles, Cal., June 18.—(U. P.)—With the crest of the flood in the Colorado river not yet arrived here, today Needles continued her battle against the waters.

A few more inches of water will send the town rushing to sea. The heart of Needles, endangering the \$1,000,000 smelter and the Santa Fe property. Already the Santa Fe has begun raising its tracks to attempt to save its rail service. Terrific heat hampers the work, and men are dropping from heat prostration everywhere.

Reliable Dentistry

We guarantee our work for 10 years. We will examine your teeth free and tell you just what they need and what it will cost.

Gold Crowns.....\$5.00 to \$10.00
Partial Dents.....\$10.00 to \$20.00
Full Dents.....\$20.00 to \$30.00
Silver Fillings.....\$1.00 to \$2.00
Painless Extractions.....\$2.00
We give personal attention to all work.

DR. E. F. NEWTON, Dr. Newton, 1000 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

Open Evenings Until 10
Boston Painless Dentists
Between 10th and 5th St. Washington, D. C.

Lack of Training School Is Deplored

Youthful Offenders Convicted in Federal Court Here Must Be Sent to Institutions Outside of This State.

The lack of training school facilities in Oregon for youthful violators of federal laws is deplored by Assistant United States Attorney Rankin. Three cases within the last year and a half have necessitated sending the offenders outside the state and Rankin has called the situation to the attention of Governor Withycombe.

The latest case of the kind in federal court was against Andrew Friesinger, 14 years old, of Lents. He pleaded guilty today to robbing a letter box on the porch of Mrs. J. F. Saffley's residence, and was sentenced to six months in the St. Anthony industrial school of St. Anthony, Idaho. Postoffice Inspector Welter made investigations following complaint of the robbery and secured confession from the boy that he had pried off the lock and found two letters, extracted two checks for \$20 and \$3, which he attempted through another to cash.

U-BOAT MENACE INCREASES, SAYS HEAD OF BOARD

(Continued From Page One.)

thals to be head of the United States emergency fleet corporation, is known to have been gravely upset over Goethals' recent action in dismissing F. A. Bustin from his position as executive committee member on the shipping board. Denman is also known still to be wedded to the idea that by rapid building of 3000 ton wooden ships alone can the present U-boat menace be alleviated or overcome.

Goethals, Denman believes, is on the wrong track completely in advising the former's determination to build steel ships.

The government plans to fix the price of steel used in constructing America's food fleet. On the heels of reports that steel companies have boosted prices and plan to make enormous steel profits on contracts with the government, it was learned today that any such move will be met with sharp check.

For the last 10 days the raw materials committee of the council of national defense has been working with the heads of the country's big steel manufacturers fixing on a "reasonable price" for steel plates and shapes.

Goethals Favors \$85 a Ton

The price determined upon—expected within a few days if approved by the president, be the one paid by the shipping board in steel ship construction.

But Goethals determined on by the steel companies are not agreeable to President Wilson, the government has the authority now to commandeer all steel products if necessary, the plants turning them out.

Reports of threatened high prices in steel for the government grew out of tentative agreements reached between General Goethals and steel concerns for certain contracts for ships. These contracts provide that the government government will pay \$85 a ton for steel plates, while the navy is paying only about \$60 a ton.

No Contracts on High Basis

Goethals explained the situation, however, today as follows: "The agreement to pay 4 1/2 cents a pound for steel plates and 3 1/2 cents for steel shapes was one previously reached by a Los Angeles firm with a steel company at Birmingham, Ala. The figures were taken merely as a working basis for other construction contracts, but no other contracts have been let on that basis."

"The question of steel prices has been left entirely to the raw materials committee of the council of national defense, which will determine what is a fair price. I will not assume that responsibility. Their price will be the ones used by us in our contracts."

Figures Subject to Change

"If the tentative arrangement to furnish steel at 4 1/2 cents for plates and 3 1/2 cents for shapes is found by the committee to be too high, the figures will be reduced in the contract. If it is found too low, we will pay the difference."

Regarding the charge that the prices quoted are more than those paid by the navy for steel, General Goethals stated that the navy is securing steel now at figures contracted for in 1916—approximately \$25 a ton less than those now quoted.

CONTRACTS FOR MORE STEEL AND WOODEN SHIPS FOR U. S. LET

Washington, June 18.—(U. P.)—Additional contracts for 10 complete steel cargo carrying steamers and 24 wooden hulls have been let by the United States shipping board, it was officially announced today. The total number of contracts to date for the emergency fleet to cope with the submarine menace call for 28 complete steel ships, 32 composite ships of steel and steel, 30 complete wooden ships and 48 wooden hulls.

The Seattle Construction & Drydock company was awarded contracts for 10 steel steamships complete—first and second to be delivered in June, 1918; third in July, 1918; fourth and fifth in August, 1918; sixth in September, 1918; seventh and eighth in

CANVASS SHOWS MANN WON OVER KELLAHER BY PLURALITY OF 328

Barbur Was High Man for Commissioner With Total Vote of 29,217.

THIRD MAN TO GET PLACE

Mayor-Elect Baker Announces He Will Assign New Officials to Departments at Meeting Tuesday.

John M. Mann was elected city commissioner over Dan Kellaheh by a plurality of 328 first, second and third choice votes in the recent city election, according to the official canvass of candidates' votes, completed by deputy city auditors this morning.

Mann's votes for all choices totalled 18,564 and Kellaheh's totalled 18,236. Barbur, who was high man in the race for commissioner, received 27,917 votes. While Kellaheh in third he is to have a place on the commission, inasmuch as all the newly elected city officials have pledged themselves.

A meeting of the new city council is to be held Tuesday afternoon. Mayor-elect Baker said today that he would assign the commissioners to their departments at that meeting and consider application for a number of appointive positions.

Deputy auditors begin their count on the city measures this afternoon and expect to complete it in a couple of days. The vote on the candidates for commissioners follows:

Candidate	First Choice	Second Choice	Third Choice	Total
McQuinn	1,289	781	837	2,907
Garrett	1,131	1,022	1,354	3,507
Nelson	3,230	2,137	2,500	7,867
Mann	12,339	4,272	1,953	18,564
Johnson	5,722	3,913	1,610	11,245
Kellaheh	13,390	3,929	1,572	18,891
Barbur	20,313	3,791	1,813	27,917
Black	10,007	3,741	1,652	15,400
Richards	771	985	840	2,596
Davis	2,314	1,524	1,508	5,346
Smith	1,389	737	1,076	3,202
Bever	1,389	737	1,076	3,202
Brewster	11,200	4,068	2,146	17,414
Chidwell	1,205	1,049	967	3,221
Church	1,205	1,049	967	3,221

MAYOR GIVES UP AUTO TRIP

Abandons Intention to Motor Across Country After Retiring.

Mayor Albee has altered his vacation plans and will not make a trip across the continent by automobile when he leaves his office Wednesday.

He said this morning that he had given up the eastern automobile trip and will spend his vacation in the northwest.

Will H. Daly, commissioner of public utilities, will be mayor until July 1, when Mayor-elect Baker takes office.

Police Give Mayor Watch

In appreciation of his work as mayor, members of the police bureau today presented Mayor Albee with a beautiful gold watch and twisted wire bracelet. The presentation was made by Chief of Police Clark and Captains Moore and Baty.

Man Hurt in Sinking Of McCulloch Dead

Los Angeles, June 18.—(P. N. S.)—John Johannsen, fireman of the United States coast guard cutter McCulloch, which was sunk by the steamer Governor last week, is dead here today from injuries sustained in the collision. He will be buried tomorrow.

At the time of the collision, Johannsen was lying in his bunk just at the point where the vessel struck. No other member of the crew was hurt.

Festival Subscribers Asked to Pay at Once

If you subscribed to the Rose Festival and haven't made good the pledge yet, you are requested to do so at once. The Rose Festival management is anxious to clean up all business connected with the recent carnival and close the office at 220 Oregon hotel. Subscribers are therefore asked to make their payments at once, and on the other hand, those who have bills against the festival association are asked to present them. A rush of the latter is anticipated.

October, 1918; ninth in November, 1918, the tenth in December, 1918. The Foundation company, Newark, N. J., was awarded contracts for 10 wooden hulls, the first to be delivered in March, 1918, and one every 15 days thereafter.

Twelve wooden hulls were awarded to the Groton Iron works, Noank, Conn. It promises to deliver the first hull in five months after receipt of lumber for keels, and one hull every fortnight thereafter.

Two wooden hulls will be built by the Ship Construction & Trading company, Stonington, Conn. Its first is to be delivered by February 12, 1918, the second a month later.

King Cotton Sale



Sheet Music 9c
—Nearly all the popular songs are included in this sheet music sale.
Mezzanine Floor—Lipman, Wolfe & Co.

Bathing Suits
—Suits for swimmers and beach bathers—women—men—and children.
Fourth Floor—Lipman, Wolfe & Co.



Kayser's jersey silk and real imported pongee

Dresses (less than 1/2) at \$9.85

—This is another case of manufacturer cooperating to make this third week of King Cotton's reign a mighty success.

—Just as we said in the headline above—these dresses are all less than half price—many of them are but a third of what they would be marked regularly.

—When we tell you that they are of the genuine Kayser's Jersey silk and of real imported pongee we need to say little else to arouse your interest—you know that the materials alone would cost more than \$9.85.

—They are all coat styles like the pictures above—the jerseys in bright sport colorings, the pongees all in natural color with bright trimmings.

—Because we want as many as possible to share in this sale we will limit the sale to one to a customer and we will send none C. O. D. or on approval and none will be reserved.

—See those in one of our windows tonight.

—Third Floor, Lipman, Wolfe & Co.

H. & W. Brassieres
Very special at 49c

—They came in a special purchase—that's the reason for the low price.
—They're all prettily trimmed with embroidery.
—A full range of sizes.
—Fourth Floor, Lipman, Wolfe & Co.

Yard-wide black messaline
at \$1.19 yard

—This messaline is well worth a much bigger price, but at \$1.19 it will win friends as well as run up a big sale. Total, and that's what King Cotton wants!
—Those who have bathing suits to make will be interested in this skinny material.
—Second Floor, Lipman, Wolfe & Co.

There's a smack of London town
to these very smart new sailors

—It will be easy to see why the East is so enthusiastic over these English sailors—there's such a droll charm about them; don't you know—and their price is jolly well low, \$3.00.
—Will you be among the first to wear them in your smartest suits?
—Lipman, Wolfe & Co.

King Cotton's greatest sale of APRONS and HOUSE DRESSES

—King Cotton has bargained for several hundred house dresses—just such house dresses as we have pictured above—and in spite of all the "unusual conditions"—the prices are really startlingly low. See those in the window tonight!

Aprons at 98c
—Envelope aprons in pretty polka-dot materials—and some, too, of genuine Amoskeag chambray!

Aprons at \$1.29
—Included in this lot are the new "Eloise" and the "Spring Maid"—the "Marette"—the prettiest aprons we've seen!

Aprons at 79c
—Splendidly made scalloped aprons of percale and middie aprons of genuine Amoskeag chambray!

Aprons at 85c
—Both slip-on and middie aprons in wide assortment of patterns and colorings! All very special at 85c.

American Maids \$1.69
—These clever new house dresses are of plaid percales with white lawn belts, cuffs and sailor collars!

Billie Burkes \$1.98
—They come in pretty shades of pink and blue with collars, cuffs and belts in pretty