

ANOTHER OFFICERS' TRAINING CAMP TO OPEN ON AUGUST 27

Applications Must Be Made Between June 15 and July 15; None Accepted Later.

EXAMINATIONS TO FOLLOW

Surgeons Will Visit Various Convent Points Directly After Closing Date.

Washington, June 9.—(P. N. S.)—The majority of officers for the drafted forces of the new national army from the states of Utah, Wyoming, Montana, Idaho, Nevada, Oregon, Washington and California—the eight commonwealths that comprise the great west—will be trained at the second officers' training camp to open at the Presidio of San Francisco August 27, and continue through November 26.

The new camp at the Presidio will have for its definite purpose the producing of a body of line officers, for the infantry, cavalry, field and coast guard artillery, capable of filling all places in the grades above lieutenants, and many of the places in the lieutenant grades of the second 500,000 troops expected to be called to the colors soon after the first 500,000 has been mobilized.

Those Eligible to Apply
Adjutant General McCain announces that those eligible to apply for training at the second Presidio camp may be listed as follows:

- (a) Members of the officers' reserve corps, line sections, who through no fault of their own were unable to attend the first series of camps.
- (b) Non-commissioned officers of regular army, recommended in March by the war department, for temporary appointments in the war, who through no fault of their own were unable to attend the training class for regular army non-commissioned officers in April. The maximum age for this class is 50 years.
- (c) Resigned officers in the regular army; the maximum age is 50 years.
- (d) Men of proven qualifications, made eligible for the officers' reserve corps by the army appropriation of May 12, 1917, and officers of the staff corps, with two months' service in war, who have had experience in infantry, cavalry or artillery. The maximum age is 50 years.
- (e) Men who are qualified for commissions under general orders number 42, war department, 1915. The maximum age is 50 years.
- (f) Citizens of the United States who have had service in the present war as officers and non-commissioned officers of the line in the armies of friendly powers. The maximum age of this class is 44.
- (g) Men of exceptional qualifications who have rendered their services to the government, prior to June 5, 1917, and who have been listed under general orders 37, war department. Maximum age is 50 years.

Minimum Age Limit Given
(1) Citizens of the United States who have had service in the present war as officers and non-commissioned officers of the line in the armies of friendly powers. The maximum age of this class is 44.
(2) Men of exceptional qualifications who have rendered their services to the government, prior to June 5, 1917, and who have been listed under general orders 37, war department. Maximum age is 50 years.
(3) Other citizens with valuable military experience and who have demonstrated marked ability and capacity for leadership. Maximum age limit is 44 years.
The minimum age limit for all is 20 years and nine months. However, in order to attain the experienced class of men desired, preference will be given to men over 31 years of age. It will be difficult for men under that age to qualify, except in rare instances where the applicant has preeminent qualifications or unusual military experience.

The adjutant general points out that men who were certified as acceptable for the first Presidio camp, now in operation, and who were not accepted, must renew their applications.

Application Dates Set
Applications must be made between June 15 and July 15. All applications received after July 15 will be returned. The application must be accompanied with the names of three responsible citizens, who know the applicant, al-

BRITISH PUBLISHER TO HELP AMERICA



Lord Northcliffe (Alfred Harmsworth), whose mission to the United States is to coordinate the work begun by Foreign Minister Balfour.

though letters of recommendation are not desired.
Shortly after July 15 army examiners will visit various convent points and the applicants will be called up for examination.
Members of the training camps will receive \$100 a month while in training, their transportation, uniforms and subsistence. They must agree to accept such commissions as the secretary of war may tender to them.
All applications should be addressed to the commanding general, western department, San Francisco.

Vulcanizing Plant Explosion Is Fatal

Los Angeles, June 9.—(U. P.)—An explosion in the vulcanizing room of the Pacific Coast Rubber company, at 229 East Sixth street, burned to a crisp Raymond Peck, part owner of the firm, this afternoon. Others in the vulcanizing plant escaped.

NORTHCLIFFE'S TASK IS TO HELP AMERICA AVOID ALLIES' ERRORS

Celebrated British Publisher on Great Mission Will Be Welcomed by Officialdom.

KNOWN FOR EFFICIENCY

Northcliffe Famed for What He Has Accomplished for Britain Since the War Began.

Washington, June 9.—(I. N. S.)—Lord Northcliffe comes to this country, the British foreign office today advised the state department, solely as a director of commercial activities.

Washington, June 9.—(U. P.)—The visit of Lord Northcliffe, who comes from England to coordinate the work undertaken by Foreign Minister Balfour, is expected to be productive of results.

Northcliffe has been Britain's greatest doer. He, more than any other man, was responsible for the curtailing of Kitchener's power, the appointment of Lloyd George as minister of munitions and later his selection as premier. It was the insistent hammering of the British office that was finally responsible for the modification of the British censorship and it was Northcliffe's personal foresight alone, and his energy at a time when his efforts were ridiculed throughout Great Britain, that the British aviation corps was next to the British navy, the best prepared branch of the service at the outbreak of hostilities.

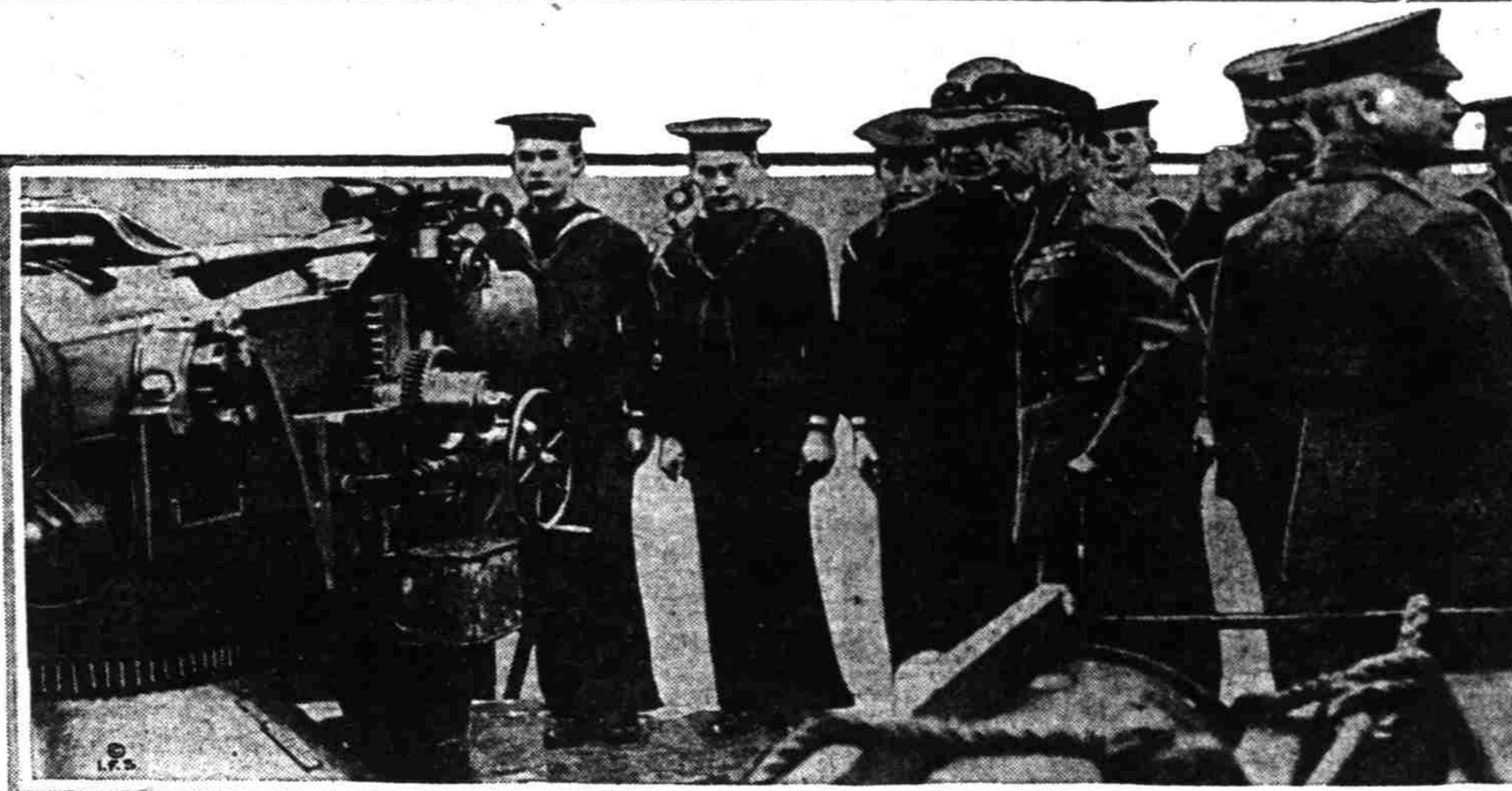
Northcliffe knows America and Americans and understands both as few Britishers do. He has always surrounded himself with a large number of Americans in his publishing business and his office and his home have for years been the Mecca of Americans of affairs seeking a short cut to direct business action in England.

Months spent in America in travel and in work, an unusual faculty for minute observation coupled with a matured intelligence and a detailed knowledge of American history, have equipped Northcliffe with peculiar ability for the job he is to undertake. For months his friends here have been urging him to come to America to assist in the task of enabling the United States to visualize the great war drama in which it was obvious the United States was destined to play a part. All such urgings were turned down, however, on the theory that his coming might be misconstrued as an attempt by an outsider to interfere in American affairs.

Visit Is Welcome
While the announcement of his coming states that he is making the trip at the request of the British war council, it is understood that even before this request was granted Northcliffe was assured that his presence was desired by American officialdom. It is presumed that having been Britain's most vigorous and at the same time most constructive critic, his big task will be to advise with those in Washington who are seeking to hold a minimum the reputation by America of the blunders of the allies.

This is his own idea of his post as successor to Foreign Minister Balfour at the head of the British war missions.
"I am not coming on a speechmaking or banqueting tour," Lord Northcliffe declared just prior to his departure from London. "I propose taking offices downtown in New York, where I can confer on the many business interests involved in the British and allied missions."
"The high honor conferred on me by the British government is probably due more to the fact that I am very much at home in America and have countless friends there than to any particular merit of my own."
"I am hopeful not only of imparting any war lessons which I may have

KING GEORGE INSPECTS A UNITED STATES DESTROYER



King George visits one of the United States destroyers at Liverpool on its arrival in European waters to take part in the war. In this photograph bluejackets are showing the British monarch the mechanism of the big guns.

learned from many visits to the war to my American friends, but also of deriving ideas which are certain to be evolved by American natural genius for invention.
"I feel much diffidence in succeeding so important and charming a personality as Balfour, but I shall do my best to harmonize the work of the allied missions and I may say to facilitate the enlistment of as many British subjects now in the United States as possible."

AIMS OF U. S. IN WAR TOLD BY PRESIDENT

(Continued From Page One.)

and in the restoration of the status quo ante.

"It was the status quo ante out of which this iniquitous war issued forth, the power of imperial German government within the empire and its widespread domination and influence outside of that empire. That status must be altered in such fashion as to prevent any such hideous thing from ever happening again.

Fighting for Liberty of All

"We are fighting for the liberty, the self government and the undictated development of all peoples and every feature of the settlement that concludes this war must be conserved and executed for that purpose. Wrongs must first be righted and then adequate self guards must be created to prevent their being committed again. We ought not to consider remedies merely because they have a pleasing and sonorous sound. Practical questions can be settled only by practical means. Phrases will not accomplish the result. Effective readjustments will; and whatever readjustments are necessary must be made.

"But they must follow a principle and that principle is plain. No people must be forced under sovereignty under which it does not wish to live. No territory must change hands except for the purpose of securing those who inhabit it a fair chance of life and liberty.

Future Peace Must Be Guaranteed
"No indemnities must be insisted on except those that constitute payment for manifest wrongs done. No readjustments of power must be made except such as will tend to secure the future peace of the world and the future welfare and happiness of its peoples.

"And then the free peoples of the world must draw together in some common covenant, some genuine and practical cooperation that will in effect combine their force to secure peace and justice in the dealings of nations with one another. The brotherhood of mankind must no longer be a fair but empty phrase; it must be given a structure of force and reality.

Workable Partnership Suggested
"The nations must realize their common life and effect a workable partnership to secure that life against the aggressions of autocratic and self-pleasing power.

"For these things we can afford to pour out blood and treasure. For these are the things we have always professed to desire, and unless we pour out blood and treasure now and succeed, we may never be able to unite or show conquering force again in the great cause of human liberty. The day has come to conquer or submit. If the forces of autocracy can divide us, they will overcome us; if we stand together, victory is certain and the liberty which victory will secure. We can afford then to be generous, but we cannot afford to then or now to be weak or omit any single guarantee of justice and security."
"WOODROW WILSON."

Plump Baby Girl Is Looking for Home

A plump, blue eyed, 4-months-old baby girl wants a home. Early Monday morning at the office of Wm F. Spencer, head of the home placing department of the juvenile court in the court house, she will wait for her foster-parents. The little girl's mother is unable to care for her and rather than place her in an institution she is endeavoring to find some one to give the baby a home.

Loss of Life at Salvador Not Heavy

New York, June 9.—(U. P.)—There was very little loss of life and reports of property damage in the San Salvador earthquake were greatly exaggerated, according to brief cables to Bloom Brothers, bankers, from their representatives in San Salvador today. The information received today was in response to cables here requesting confirmation of the almost complete destruction of San Salvador and surrounding cities.
It was said at the consulate of San Salvador here today if the earthquake

Wooden Ship Slow, But Delivers Cargo

Windjammer Braves U-Boats and Mines, Reaching France With 5000 Tons of Cargo.

Washington, June 9.—(L. N. S.)—Braving German submarines and mines, a Yankee sailing ship constructed of wood, has successfully concluded a voyage to France, carrying a cargo of 2000 tons, it was announced here today.

While the name of the vessel is not given, it was stated that she belonged to the American Shipping company, which has been a heavy loser from submarine attacks. Relying solely upon wind power and the skill of her skipper, and minus all wireless apparatus, the ship successfully made the trip through the pathway laid by German submarines.

The feat of the Yankee skipper is considered extraordinary here and the navy department he was highly commended. That the trip was made in 26 days was accepted here as proof that the vessel was forced to go far out of her ordinary course, presumably to escape running afoul of U-boats.

In Washington the feat of the Yankee master is accepted as evidence of the feasibility of sending cargoes of foodstuffs and munitions to Europe in wooden bottoms.

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who limp needlessly through life. A weak instep or ankle—a wrongly fitted shoe—misplaced body weight—these and other causes often make life a burden, walking or standing a misery.

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