

L. BILLINGSLEY, KING OF THE BOOTLEGGERS, SURRENDERS HIMSELF

Tells How He Escaped From Detention Station, Seattle; Is Now Awaiting Bond.

Seattle, May 10.—(U. P.)—Logan Billingsley, fugitive bootlegger, surrendered himself to United States District Attorney Clay Allen at 10:45 o'clock this morning, spent 10 minutes in a cell in the marshal's office at the request of the United States marshal and was finally held before Judge Neterer in federal court and admitted to \$7000 bond, pending an appeal from a 13 months' sentence in the federal penitentiary at McNeil's island.

At noon he was in the custody of a deputy marshal arranging his bond, which was to be ready by 2 o'clock. After that Billingsley will be free again.

Billingsley dictated the following explanation today of his escape from the immigration detention station, following a sentence of 13 months to McNeil's island for acts he confessed to in an effort to convict Mayor Gill and Chief of Police Beckingham of conspiracy.

Was Much Discouraged.
"On the nineteenth of April, I was much discouraged and disappointed at finding myself sentenced to serve 13 months in the McNeil island penitentiary, after I had been promised the privilege of changing my plea to not guilty on the charge of conspiracy, which would have given me a trial by jury."

"But my attorney advised me that I was entitled to an appeal from the court's ruling and that he would start this immediately."

"For some reason, however, this appeal was not begun."

"Suddenly, Saturday afternoon, two days later, when I was in the United States detention station, I learned of the facts which led me to believe there was a secret plan by my enemies to have me rushed off to the penitentiary before my appeal could be perfected. Later, the same afternoon when my brothers were taken to Bellingham and I was ordered to make ready to go to the penitentiary, I became alarmed. Up to this time I had given no thought of trying to escape."

Saw Passed Up.
"It was about 11:30 o'clock, I think, when I heard a sound at my window. I could see nobody at first, but finally saw a man coming slowly toward the station. He appeared to be carrying with one hand on the ground. In the other he carried a fish pole. A moment later the end of the pole was where I could reach it from my window. On the end of it was a package wrapped in a handkerchief."

"The man below did not say a word, but I reached out and took the package. It contained a very handsome little hack saw. I never saw the man again."

"When I got that saw I knew the chance for freedom had come. I tried it first on the iron bed in my cell."

"I then used it on one of the bars at the window and in a short time had an aperture big enough for me to get through."

Finally "Peeled" Coat.
"I made my first mistake when I tried to get through that hole with my coat. I got half way through the window and stuck. I did not know what to do. If I hollered for help I was in a fix."

"I finally got back into the cell, then peeled off my coat and got through the hole."

"The only mystery connected with my escape is who furnished the saw and how it happened that the saw I left behind was brand new and had never been used. As for the saw, it had two blades. After I had used one, I put it in my pocket and left the new one behind."

"The fugitive surrendered at the eleventh hour, as today was the last day on which his appeal could be considered. Fred Billingsley had already been released on bail pending appeal from a six months' jail sentence."

FOREIGN OFFICE GIVES GERMAN VIEWS ON PEACE
(Continued From Page One.)

Under this a hostile act, since all countries have been warned.

Germany and the war will be continued within the restricted zone.

"The obligations that Americans report the policy would be to measure undertaken by Germany against a nation warring on her. America is treating Germany in a similar fashion. Americans are otherwise unhampered in Germany."

Scheidemann's statement reflected, like the foreign office declaration, Germany's inability to recognize America's position.

Scheidemann Makes Comments.
"I regret exceedingly the conflict between Germany and America," the Socialist leader declared. "President Wilson's attitude is incomprehensible. His indulgence toward England has been as great as his harshness toward Germany."

"The German government regards the submarine warfare as a defense against England's violation of international law, which it cannot withhold."

"Had President Wilson continued his efforts for an understanding between belligerents this awful murder of their people probably would have been formed long ago. There is no hatred visible among the Germans against other nations."

Since Karl Liebknecht's imprisonment, Philip Liebknecht has come to the fore as one of the foremost Socialist leaders in Germany. He has been actively identified with the Socialist peace movement and was prime agitator of the Stockholm peace conference.

The German government has recently given indication of its attitude in appointing him chairman of the important constitution committee, which is charged with recommending changes in Germany's governmental system.

Peace Terms to Be Outlined.
Amsterdam, May 10.—(U. P.)—Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg is expected to outline Germany's general peace terms, but when or in what German dispatches did not today disclose. Presumably it will be in a speech in the Reichstag, but the German government is scheduled to adjourn within a week. One report today fixed Monday as the date, but this was unconfirmed elsewhere.

In the meantime German newspapers revived peace discussions. The Bavarian Staats Zeitung, credited with being the mouthpiece of the Bavarian premier, Count Hertling, publishes an editorial insisting that Germany does not desire a war indemnity, but will insist as a prime requisite to end hostilities that Germany have every facility to obtain raw material for her manufactures; that her foreign trade shall be granted every opportunity to develop; that all seized German ships be returned; and that German colonies be transferred back to the government.

Other German newspapers view the Staats Zeitung's editorial as inspired from the recent visit to Berlin of Count Hertling.

Italy May Be Approached.
Buenos Aires, May 10.—(U. P.)—Official cable offices reaching here from Rome report that a vigorous propaganda in favor of a separate peace between Italy and the central powers is on foot in Italy.

Recent dispatches from Amsterdam and Stockholm report that Germany is making energetic efforts to bring about separate peace with Russia and with Italy. German newspapers have frequently dwelt upon the "exhaustion" of Italy as an active belligerent.

Significance possibly may be attached to the dispatches in connection with Tuesday's dispatch by the Berlin Lokal Anzeiger, the German chancellor's organ, to the effect that aggressive political events which are impending caused the postponement of the chancellor's statement on peace.

COALITION PLAN IS PROPOSED BY RUSSIAN CHIEFS
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"The government," the proclamation concludes, desires to reinforce the constitution by inviting to join with it representatives of the live creative forces of the country who hitherto have not taken an active part in the administration of the state."

"Double Power Impossible."
The government's complete frankness in this appeal to the people created favorable responses today. All newspapers comment at length on those regarded as favoring Foreign Minister Milukoff joined in declaring "double power in Russia is impossible."

"Directly challenging the government," said one of Milukoff's organs, "the workmen and soldiers' committee has ordered that no troops leave the barracks without signed permission."

tion of the committee. Power over the troops is thus transferred from the commander in chief to the president of the soldiers' and workmen's committee. No government can agree to such a situation."

Existing Conditions "Unendurable."
Maxim Gorky's newspaper today proclaims such a state of affairs as revealed in the present crisis is "unendurable."

The appeal of Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, to Russian workmen to stand by the government and firm for freedom, was widely published today.

SHIPBUILDERS TOLD TO GET READY FOR GOVERNMENT ORDERS
(Continued From Page One.)

and practical for service after the war will be hurried here at once and all ways will be filled with these as fast as the private work can be finished.

Portland shipbuilders were overjoyed to hear that the work now under way will not be interfered with. The government has reasoned that, the material for these vessels being ordered and on the way, more speed can be secured by hurrying these vessels than by substituting others.

Government Is Helping.
As a result, Portland will within the next 18 months, probably turn out over 20 vessels of steel construction, to add to the fleet of carriers engaged in transporting food to the allies.

The yards affected here are the Northwest Steel Co. and Willamette Iron & Steel Works, the Albina Engine & Machine Works and the Columbia River Shipbuilding Corporation.

The government has no money for that work now," declared J. R. Bowles, president of the Northwest Steel Co., "but it is lending its influence in hurrying material this way, and by the time we have a good start on present work the plans and money for the government craft will be ready."

The speedy delivery of material here will probably result in many more men being put to work. Not since early in December, 1916, when the car shortage first began to hit the steel yards, has there been enough material to keep the yards going at full capacity. If the government plan for expediting shipments is successful, forces can probably be increased 30 per cent.

Matter Up in Air.
Meanwhile the status of the wooden ship builders is still "up in the air."

J. F. Chilberg, prominent banker of Seattle, is reported to have made an official cable office reaching here from the one made by the Chamber of Commerce three weeks ago, and to have been given assurance by Goethals that it would be accepted.

Chilberg's proposition is to act as a central clearing house for a large number of contracts and to aid in the assembling of material and labor.

To the same proposition made by the Chamber of Commerce here the only answer received from Goethals was that if the proposition did not cost too much more ever was heard and the Seattle banker now has, according to wires from Washington, an inside track on the work.

A seat to be hung on a bath tub has been invented that can be folded down flat when idle or adjusted at any desired angle.

THREE RAILROAD MEN SEEK CHANCE TO JOIN ROOSEVELT DIVISION

Orderly Who Handed Commission to Colonel Wants to Go to Fight Germans.

Three railroad men applied to J. A. Curry at 194 North Fifteenth street this morning, offering their services in the engineer unit of the proposed Roosevelt division for service abroad.

C. A. McHugh, an operating man of the S. P. & S., handed Roosevelt his commission as colonel at the beginning of the Spanish-American war. He served five years in the Nineteenth and Seventh United States infantry regiments as a field musician and was acting as orderly for General Carpenter when he was selected as messenger to carry the commission to Roosevelt, then at a hotel at Tampa, Fla.

C. G. Klingensmith was a fireman on the Pennsylvania road and several times Roosevelt rode with him in his cab. He was fireman on McKinley's funeral train and was employed as an expert fireman on the locomotive testing floor of the St. Louis exposition.

Herbert G. Hallinan has been employed for some time as a construction train operator on the North Jetty work at the mouth of the Columbia.

Mr. Curry said many others are coming from all over the state to enroll in the engineer regiment of the Roosevelt division. He was given charge of this work for Oregon.

NEW YORK PAYS HIGHEST HONOR TO FRENCHMEN
(Continued From Page One.)

for more than \$100,000, designed to aid the thousands of little French children whose fathers have died for France. The money is the gift of New York's public, raised through popular subscription. Presentation will be made at the Metropolitan opera house.

Tricolor Flags Waved.
It was 4:35 o'clock Wednesday when the party landed at the Battery. Downtown New York was a seething mass of humanity. Every window in New York's skyscraper district contained its quota of humanity. Each hand that waved its welcome to the tricolor of France as well as the Stars and Stripes.

In the streets there was congestion upon congestion. No one could move. Women fainting. A few faintings did not dampen the ardor of the enthusiasts, each of whom was trying to shout his neighbor in a welcome.

Not since the memorable days of the Spanish war, when Admiral Dewey came to New York, after his historic making battle at Manila bay, has New York seethed with such a mass of humanity. The gallant old hero of France and Minister Viviani were visibly affected as they rode through the

crowded streets between the cheering, flag-waving throngs.

"Joffrei Joffrei" was the cry on all lips.

The gallant hero's eyes grew dim. But he was a soldier. Erect he stood in his automobile and with hat in hand he saluted the mad throng which was paying homage to France—and to him.

It was a memorable spectacle that awaited the visitors when they reached the city hall. In a court of honor, enclosed by a beautiful screen of living green pine, 4000 school girls dressed in white and bearing the British, French and United States flags, were ranged before a pyramid of khaki-clad Boy Scouts. The latter were a guard of honor to the great scarlet pennant bearing the Franco-British coalition.

Running down from the city hall steps was a scarlet carpet runner, a brilliant dash of color. The Old Guard, in white and blue bearskin shakos, flanked the porch.

When the party arrived and were greeted at the steps by Mayor Mitchell, the bands began the "Marseillaise."

"France, Our Staunch Friend."

In his speech the mayor welcomed the visitors on behalf of the city, saying everyone esteemed it a signal honor and privilege to receive and entertain the visitors.

"We welcome you again," he said, "above all else, because of what you represent—France, whom we love; France, our consistent, never-failing, our warm-hearted, our staunch friend; France, to whom we of America owe so deep a debt; France, who for three years has poured out her blood that the ideals of personal and political liberty and human justice, which the United States proclaims and cherishes, may live upon earth."

"We hail you as allies, allies to whom we owe an obligation that will not be discharged by loans, by munitions, by food supplies, by ships or by such other means as we are able to furnish, but by the devoted service and sacrifice of American manhood, side by side upon the battle fields of France with the men who for 33 months have carried for us as well as for France, the burden of this war."

GERMAN FRONT WITH SUPPORTING LINES TO SOUTH OF LENS TAKEN
(Continued From Page One.)

one of the main German depots behind the Hindenburg line, and propose to stop further British progress there with every resource at their command.

French Widen Wedge.
Paris, May 10.—(U. P.)—More gains by General Nivelle's French troops in repelling an attack in the region of Chevreux and a widening of the French wedge on the German lines across the northern slope of the plateau of Vauclerc, were detailed in today's official statement.

German counter attacks of great force were struck during the night against several parts of the French lines along Chemin des Dames, the war office said. All were unsuccessful. The most powerful of these blows was upon the positions taken by the French in the region of Chevreux. So successful were the French in repelling this violent assault that they moved forward themselves in following it up. Capture of a fortified German position was announced in the official statement as the net result.

On the northern slope of the plateau of Vauclerc the French succeeded in widening their grip, taking a number of prisoners belonging to a new German division. There were patrol and

skirmish engagements all along the remainder of the front.

Russians Resume Activity.
Petrograd, May 10.—(U. P.)—Resumption of artillery firing over nearly the entire Russian front was reported in today's official statement.

The fire was especially hot in the Drina region. Near Zlotchoff a German attack failed with heavy losses to the enemy, the war office said.

Germans Hold Fresnoy.
Berlin, via London, May 10.—(U. P.)—"Fresnoy is completely in our hands, despite repeated English attacks," declared today's official statement. "At Bullecourt fighting still fluctuates," the war office asserted.

Warrants Issued in Insurance Scandal
Pittsburg, Pa., May 10.—(U. P.)—Warrants charging conspiracy were issued today against 13 men who were officers or directors of the Pittsburg Life & Trust Co. at the close of business on December 31, 1914.

THE STORE OF STYLE AND SERVICE
SPRINGTIME FOOTWEAR
Oxfords, Pumps, Strap Slippers and High Boots in nifty Sport models and attractive colors; all sizes and materials.

High-cut Vassar Boots, with military heels, Goodyear welt soles and medium narrow toes, in gun-metal, patent kid, black glazed kid, white nubuck and gray pair, at \$2.95 up to \$5.95

White nubuck Sport Oxfords, with ivory soles and green, tan or black trimming, at \$3.95

Tan calf rubber sole Oxfords, very special at, per \$2.95

Patent or gunmetal strap Street Slippers sold at, per \$2.95

Kid Pumps, in black, white, gray, red or bronze, \$2.95 up to \$3.95

Low heel English Sport Shoes, in white canvas, with gray buck trimming; ivory heel and sole; special at, pair \$3.45

Same in all gunmetal, \$3.95

Same in all tan calf, \$4.45

Same in all nubuck, rubber or ivory sole and heel, per pair \$4.95

Canvas rubber sole Pumps; low heel; pair \$1.50

Same with covered Louis heel, pair \$2.50

New Arrivals
In Ladies' Slippers
Slippers in white and black \$1.95

BOSTON Sample Shoe Store
129 4th St. bet. Washington & Alder \$2.50 to \$3.95

Prescription for D.D.D. Eczema Soap
—for 12 years the standard skin remedy—a liquid used externally—relief from itching, the mildest of cleansers—keeps the skin always clean and healthy. Come in and ask us about both.

Allen's Foot-Ease Does It.
When your shoes pinch or your corns and bunions bother you, get Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder to go shaken into the shoes and sprinkled in the foot bath. It will take the sting out of corns and bunions and give instant relief to tired, aching, swollen, tender feet. Over 100,000 packages are being used by the Allied and German troops at the front. Sold everywhere. Don't accept any substitute.

COLUMBIA

"THE THEATRE BEAUTIFUL" "SIXTH STREET OFF WASHINGTON"

3 DAYS COMMENCING TODAY

"The Wheel of the Law"

An Absorbing Five-Part Feature Produced by Rolfe Photoplays, Inc., for the Metro Program Under the Direction of George D. Baker

CAST:

MONA MAINARD (MRS. JOHN MORTON).....EMILY STEVENS
John North, Assistant District Attorney.....Frank Mills
Tom Mainard, Mona's brother.....Raymond McKee
"Big" Bill Ryan, political boss.....Edwin Holt
Pearl Le Claire, adventuress.....Harry Davenport
Jimmie McClane, City Editor.....James N. Wilson
Frank Willis, on trial for murder.....Charles Eldridge



MONA (EMILY STEVENS) Interviewing the City Editor

3 DAYS COMMENCING TODAY

EMILY STEVENS SCION OF OLD STAGE FAMILY

Niece of Mrs. Fiske Star in Her Own Right.

Emily Stevens who has been starred in several notable Metro wonderplays, and whose newest offering on the Metro program is "The Wheel of the Law," comes of an old theatrical family and was born in New York City. She is a niece of Mrs. Minnie Maddern Fiske, the celebrated actress, and a daughter of Robert E. Stevens and Emma Maddern, both of whom are prominent in the history of the American stage.

"THE WHEEL OF THE LAW"

WITH WONDERFUL

EMILY STEVENS

IN THE STARRING ROLE

Or the Story of How Woman's Wit Wins in the Face of Strong Circumstantial Evidence.

Three Days Only—Commencing Today.

Doors Open at 10:30 A. M.—Continuous

Admission 15c—Children 5c

COMING SUNDAY: Marguerite Clark in "THE VALENTINE GIRL"

THE COMEDY

"The Awakening of Helena Minor"

with Mr. and Mrs. Sydney Drew in the title role.—It is to laugh!

HIPPODROME

The Big Show—Broadway at Yamhill

Six Big Acts—Three Days, Starting Today

Nick Copeland's Four Slickers

Crazy Country Cusses.

Brown, Carstens & Wuerl

SENSATIONAL XYLOPHONISTS

Gold Medal Winners at Zurich, Switzerland.

Tom Murphy

One-Eighth Ton of Melody and Fun.

Jermon & Mack

Vaudeville a la Carte.

Oden & Holland

The Variety Couple. In Songs, Dances, Rhymes

LeDoux & LeDoux

The Boys With the Barrels

PHOTOPLOY FEATURE

Baby Marie Osborne

in "SHADOWS AND SUNSHINE"

Delightful Five-Reel Pathe Gold Rooster Feature.

Shows Daily 2 to 5; 6:45 to 11 P. M.—Saturdays, Sundays, Holidays, Continuous 1:15-11 P. M.—Come Early

EXTRA!

Boy Scouts FIELD DAY

reproducing the exercises held on Multnomah Field—Portland—last Saturday.