

WAGE LAW DECISION CAUSE OF REJOICING TO THE CONSUMERS

Meeting Is Held at Multnomah Hotel With Father O'Hara in Charge.

HIGHER MINIMUM SOUGHT

Other States Expected to Follow in Footsteps of Oregon, Says Ex-Archbishop General Crawford.

The Oregon Consumers' league which instituted the movement that resulted in the Oregon minimum wage law and commission held a meeting of rejoicing that the supreme court upheld the constitutional both of this, Friday and the 10-hour law for men, Friday noon in the Multnomah hotel.

Mrs. W. F. O'Gurn, president of the Consumers' league, introduced Father E. W. O'Hara, chairman of the industrial welfare commission, as chairman of the program. Former Attorney General Crawford said that with the supreme court's upholding of the law, other states may be expected to follow in the footsteps of Oregon in legislation for social justice.

Higher Minimum Sought.
Mr. E. G. Gies, who has represented employees on many wage conferences, said that the minimum to be paid women workers is still too small, and in this Thomas Roberts, who has represented the employers in many similar conferences, agreed with her, saying that there is no doubt that the minimum wage law has not kept pace with the increase in the cost of living.

W. L. Brewster stated the evenly divided vote of members of the United States supreme court, would make it possible for another action, which he said he had previously in Oregon, but Mrs. Millie R. Trumbull pointed out that Justice Louis Brandeis, who declined to take part in the decision because he had previously to appointment helped in the affirmative argument for the legislation, would have a vote next time and there could consequently be no doubt of the result.

Mr. Brewster Pays Tribute.
Mr. Brewster gave high tribute to the efficient and unselfish endeavor of Father O'Hara as chairman of the commission, and Mrs. Trumbull paid similar tribute to Miss Caroline Gleason, who acted as secretary of the commission and had made the survey on which the minimum wage law was based.

Miss Ruth Catlin told of her pleasure as a member of several of the conference committees appointed by the commission, at the decision of the commission, and Dr. C. H. Chapman said that in his opinion the supreme court's decision was a victory for the Oregon people. He spoke highly of the work done by Mrs. Henry Russell Tabbot as president of the Consumers' league during 10 years when the work looking toward the enactment of the minimum wage and maximum hours of labor laws was being done.

HOUSE PASSES THE \$7,000,000,000 BOND BILL UNANIMOUSLY

(Continued From Page One.)

fectual enough to end the war before we send our boys to the trenches."

The Towner amendment was defeated by an overwhelming vote. On a rising vote, Speaker Clark announced the result to be 217 against the amendment to 3 for it.

The Towner amendment was so badly defeated that it became apparent the bond bill would go through without material change. The only three members voting for the smaller bond issue were William C. Keating of Colorado and Huddleston of Alabama. Towner voted neither for nor against it on the rising vote.

Would Limit Life of Bonds.
Representative Moore of Pennsylvania, Republican member of the ways and means committee, offered an amendment to limit the life of the bonds to 30 years. Congress, he said, should specify definitely the time of the bonds maturity. Moore said he had heard suggestions that some of the nations might not be able to pay the loan of the United States and proposed that a part of the loan be made a gift.

This is a straight-out financial proposition," said Moore. "I should go about it in a businesslike way. We have been informed that Great Britain has loaned money to her allies but she has expressly made it understood that it is a loan and not a gift and the money must be repaid."

Wants U. S. to Fight Own Battles.
"I have no sympathy with arguments that the allies are fighting our battles for us and we may be careless in these matters. I believe that America wants to fight her own battles and this is not a money war so far as we are concerned."

Representative Madden, an Illinois Republican, said he was not particular whether the foreign loan was repaid or not. When Mr. Miller of Minnesota asked if the loan was not to be repaid in full, Madden replied:

"I wouldn't care if it wasn't repaid. We have started this war to maintain American rights. If we can maintain those rights by furnishing money to some one to fight our battles for us while we are getting ready it seems to me we ought to be able to do it. I don't care before we can send soldiers to the trenches. Meanwhile our money can be fighting."

"But if the three billion dollar loan is not paid abroad it will have to be paid here."

BEGINS TOMORROW

WILLIAM FARNUM in A TALE OF TWO CITIES

A magnificent seven-act de luxe presentation of Charles Dickens' immortal novel

10,000 People Take Part in **maresic** Regular Prices

Sentry Fires Two Shots at Prowler

Man Seen Approaching Standard Oil Tanks at Night Takes Flight When Rifle Bangs.

A member of the Third Oregon Infantry, on duty at the Standard Oil company station above Linnton, fired two shots at a prowler Thursday night according to reports made by Major Bowman to the police today.

The man was seen, apparently trying to approach the tank yards, and refused to halt at the sentry's command. The shooting occurred about midnight.

A short time after this incident, the soldier found an automobile abandoned near the plant on Linnton road and it was taken to police headquarters. The machine bore license No. 26192, and is registered and belonging to W. H. Patterson, 236 East Davis street. Patterson, it was found, had transferred it to the Keats Auto company, and one of its employees now owns it. This man, the police say, explained that the machine broke down Thursday night and was abandoned near the oil plant. The coincidence has no connection with the shooting, the police say.

WASHINGTON CREWS WIN BOAT RACES ON OAKLAND'S ESTUARY

Time Slower Than That Made by Stanford Crew Last Year in Event.

Oakland, Cal., April 14.—(U. P.)—Washington won the annual three-mile triangular intercollegiate crew race for four lengths over the Stanford crew on the Oakland estuary this morning. California was a bad third, finishing two and a half lengths behind the Stanford crew.

Washington's unofficial time was 17 minutes 25 seconds. This is slower than the time made by the Stanford crew in last year's victory over California. Stanford winning in 16:37 by eight lengths. Today's race was under unfavorable weather conditions, a steady rain falling during the race and the wind beating diagonally across the course.

The race was delayed by the wind, the California crew in particular having trouble in lining up for the start. Stanford rowed a fast stroke at the start, but could not hold out. Washington, with a slow, steady stroke from the start, pulled up from behind and passed Stanford and California just as Stanford was crowding California out of the lead. The tide had just started out of the estuary and was with the crews down the mile.

The Washington crew won the freshman race, finishing two lengths ahead of the California crew. Stanford was a bad third, being fully eight lengths behind California. The time is not yet available.

paid for in this country," suggested Representative Moore.

"I know it and I'm willing to pay my share," replied Madden, who is one of the wealthiest members in the house.

"But all men are not so fortunate as yourself," said Moore.

"The unfortunate men will not have to pay," retorted Madden.

Representative Shackelford of Missouri, a pacifist Democrat, carried out his intention, announcing yesterday presenting an amendment to the bond bill providing for radical increases in the rates of the income and the excess profits tax.

Stake Point of Order.
Representative Kitchin immediately made a point of order against the amendment and it was sustained.

"It seems to me," complained Shackelford, "that the amendment is a money bill, and we should provide money to pay the bonds."

"This is not a taxation bill, that will come later," said Kitchin. "The amendment is not germane."

Representative Moore amended his amendment to limit the life of the bonds to 30 years. Representative Rainey opposed the amendment also, and in reply to an inquiry from Representative Moore, urged that the limitation of the life of the bonds be left entirely to the discretion of the secretary of the treasury.

Speaks for Postscript.
Representative Campbell of Kansas made a speech supporting the Moore resolution, declaring that "postscript should not be made to pay our debt."

Representative Montague of Virginia, opposing the Moore amendment, urged that the house act unanimously on the bond bill. "That we may show to our enemies in the world that we are united in the defense of our rights."

He assailed Representative Fitzgerald's declaration that this is "America's war for American rights," and reminded the house of the United States' moral obligation to aid France in return for her assistance in the revolution.

"Well, my sympathies for France are such that I would do things for her that I would not do for some of our other friends on the other side," retorted Representative Fitzgerald.

Pays Tribute to France.
Representative Montague pointed out that France had spent between \$350,000,000 and \$700,000,000 to aid American rights. "If we can maintain those rights by furnishing money to some one to fight our battles for us while we are getting ready it seems to me we ought to be able to do it. I don't care before we can send soldiers to the trenches. Meanwhile our money can be fighting."

"But if the three billion dollar loan is not paid abroad it will have to be paid here."

COMMISSION CHARTER OPPONENTS GET TO FIGHTING EACH OTHER

Bailey and Tussey Charge Irregularities in Petitions for Shepherd Measure.

ACCUSATIONS ARE DENIED

Investigation of City Attorney May Bar Both Amendments and Result in Prosecutions.

Backers of the Amidon charter and the Shepherd charter, the measures aimed to abolish commission form of government and return to the old councilmanic form, have begun a fight among themselves and, as result, one or both of the measures may not be submitted to the people.

A. A. Bailey and W. W. Tussey, two of the backers of the Amidon charter, in a letter to City Auditor Barbur, charge fraud and irregularities in the circulation of the petitions for the Shepherd charter and the many signatures are forgeries. City Attorney La Roche has begun an investigation which may not only invalidate the charter petitions, but lead to prosecutions.

Shepherd Denies Charges.
George Shepherd, one of the backers of the Shepherd charter, denies the charges and says the whole thing is a desperate attempt to prevent the people from voting on his charter.

Shepherd declares his petitions were circulated by both voluntary and paid circulation, and even though some of the signatures may be forgeries, they will not be sufficient to invalidate the petitions.

"Only 100 names have been attacked," said Shepherd. "I have not had time to check them myself, but if they are bad we will still have sufficient good signatures to place the measure on the ballot."

In their letter to Barbur, Bailey and Tussey say that Shepherd failed to file a copy of his charter with the city auditor before the circulation of petitions, and that the petitions were circulated without copies of the proposed charter attached; that in many instances husbands signed for wives and vice versa, and that, in other cases, the signatures were forgeries, which, they charge, is in violation of the law.

Bad Blood Exists.
Mr. Barbur said this morning that one of the circulators of the Shepherd charter admitted to him that he had circulated one of the petitions even before he received a copy of the proposed anti-commission charter.

Lack of harmony has existed between the two charter factions for several months, but it did not openly appear until the petitions were filed about two weeks ago.

CITY WILL PAY SOLDIERS

Mayor Wants \$10,000 Appropriated for Enlisted Employees.

Mayor Albee wants the city council to appropriate \$10,000 to pay the salaries of city employees who enlist in the service during the war.

The council recently held that the enlisted employees should receive the difference between the salaries paid by the government and the salaries paid by the city, and yesterday the council will be asked to appropriate the necessary funds.

The civil service board through the efforts of Secretary Madden, has decided that the names of all employees who enlist shall be placed on the honor roll and their places on the eligible lists be held open for them.

BROADWAY OWNERS PROTEST
Paving Should Be Patched, Not Resurfaced, Says C. L. Mead.

Broadway property owners want the street paving patched and not resurfaced, according to C. L. Mead, one of the owners, today. The council Friday began proceedings for the resurfacing of the thoroughfare.

Mead says the property owners will appear before the city council next Wednesday protesting against further proceedings for the resurfacing and asking that the street paving be patched. He says that the street does not need resurfacing and to surface it entirely will cost \$6504.85 while patching will cost only \$1587.65.

Vale Loses Fight For Train Service

Salem, Or., April 14.—Efforts of the citizens of Vale to prevent the Oregon Short Line Railroad company from discontinuing its daily passenger train between Vale and Ontario, in the Clatsop county, failed today, when the public service commission issued an order dismissing the complaint filed by Leonard C. Lewis Mead, one of the citizens of Vale, against the railroad company.

The railroad company was operating two mixed trains and one passenger train daily between Vale and Ontario, and adopted a new schedule discontinuing the passenger train and re-arranging the time of the mixed trains.

Vale citizens protested vigorously, but the commission found that the service now given is adequate.

Ship Carpenter And Soldier Are On Equal Plane

The ship carpenter is on an equal plane with the soldier in the eyes of the United States government.

Orders were received by the United States Immigration and Customs Service here to register every experienced ship carpenter in this district.

That they may be held in readiness to train men and assist in the program of the ship-ping board, read the wire from Anthony Caminetti, head of the bureau.

Arrangements were immediately made by the local office to publish the request broadcast.

Officials of the Central Labor Council will also be asked to assist in the program in lining up every available ship carpenter.

When writing to or calling on advertisers, please mention The Journal.

Wealthy Iowan Is Killed by Train

Fred Denkmann, 74 Years Old, Run Down and Killed Near Davenport; Corporation Lawyer Dies.

Davenport, Ia., April 14.—(U. N. S.)—Fred Denkmann, one of the wealthiest men of southeastern Iowa, was run down and killed by a Rock Island passenger train at his home in Walcott, 13 miles west of here, Friday. He was 74 years old.

John G. Johnson Dies.
Philadelphia, April 14.—(U. P.)—John G. Johnson, widely known lawyer, died early today from heart failure.

Johnson was one of the most famous corporation lawyers in the United States. He represented the American Tobacco company and the Standard Oil company in the fight against the government's dissolution suits.

Johnson was born in Germantown, Philadelphia, in 1841. He was unmarried.

Former Governor Watson.
Medford, Del., April 14.—(I. N. S.)—Former Governor William T. Watson died here today.

SALEM TO HAVE NEW \$150,000 VEGETABLE TREATMENT FACTORY

Commercial Club Manager Announces That Wittenberg-King Co. Will Build.

Salem, Or., April 14.—All arrangements have been completed whereby the Wittenberg-King company of The Dalles will erect a fruit and vegetable processing factory in Salem at a cost of \$150,000, according to the announcement made today by Ivan G. McDonald, manager of the Salem Commercial club.

The deal was closed by the Commercial club with the assistance of Robert C. Paulsen, manager of the Salem Fruit union, and Asahel Bush.

The company will build on two blocks between Front street and the river just north of the Salem construction company. It will be the largest fruit and vegetable processing factory on the coast, according to the announcement. During the time of the year it will employ 200 men and women.

The Salem Fruit union has entered into a conditional agreement to furnish the raw material, which will be grown by the farmers in this vicinity. For the first year the company wants 500 tons of loganberries, 1000 tons of Italian plums, 1000 tons of American beans, 700 tons of celery, 700 tons of Oregon Yellow Danvers onions, 1500 tons of potatoes, 300 tons of spinach, 150 tons of cauliflower, 100 tons of carrots, 100 tons of cabbage, 1000 tons of carrots, 150 tons of strawberries.

It is said the company expects to pay to farmers about \$200,000 a year. Architects are at work on the plans for the buildings and it is expected to have the factory ready for operation by July.

HINDENBURG LINE FADES BEFORE THE DRIVE OF BRITISH

(Continued From Page One.)

Germans to the Hindenburg line, seemed likely to fall very shortly. British forces have driven a wedge about it from the north and south, while today's battlefield dispatches indicated no letup in the sweep forward from the Vimy ridge, which means another German line moved forward to the south of the city.

It was on this southern drive that the British made probably their greatest advance in the present big push, according to the latest dispatches. The ground gained was approximately two miles over a front of about 12 miles.

French Continue Bombardment.
Paris, April 14.—(U. P.)—Bombardment of German positions south of St. Quentin was continued all last night by French artillery, today's official statement declared.

In the Champagne artillery on both sides was particularly active, where reconnoitering French detachments brought in prisoners from the German lines.

Six Towns Taken Friday.
London, April 14.—(I. N. S.)—British troops captured six more villages today during the battle of the Hindenburg line, the war office announced tonight. The battle raged over a 12 mile front and everywhere the Germans were pushed back. The booty of the British troops now totals 2,000 men and 25 guns. The villages captured are Willerval, Bailleur, Vimy, Petit Vimy, Angres and Givenchy-en-Gohelle. A footing in the German trenches northeast of Lens was also made.

The war office statement says the British are "astride the Hindenburg line as far as a point seven miles southeast of Arras."

Germans Report Bombardment.
Berlin, via London, April 14.—(U. P.)—Capture of three officers and more than 200 of the ranks in repulse of strong enemy attacks around St. Quentin was reported in today's official statement.

"Northeast of Arras and also Scarpe," the statement continued, "there was a pause in the fighting. Around Croisilles and Bullecourt the British vainly attacked several times."

"Since April 7 the heart of St. Quentin has been bombarded with increasing violence and with regard to the objective hit. The Palace of Justice, the cathedral and the town hall all have been seriously damaged."

Horn Charged With Defaming President

Karl Horn, arrested by federal authorities on charges of making remarks defamatory to the president, was bound over to the federal grand jury, after a hearing this morning before United States Commissioner Frederick Drake.

Horn, 40, was arrested at his home in Berlin, Pa., April 14.—(I. N. S.)—The Bethlehem Steel corporation today announced an increase in wages for all its employees effective May 1.

An increase of 10 per cent will be allowed all hour employees and an adjustment approximating the same increase will be made for tonnage and piece workers. The increase applies to the plants in Bethlehem, Sparrows Point, Md., Steelton and Lebanon.

WEINSTEIN'S MEMORY OF \$5000 ROBBERY PROVES VERY MEAGER

About All Prosecution Could Get From Witness Was That Money Was Stolen.

CONTEMPT CHARGE MADE

Defendant in Divorce Suit Was Ordered Not to Dispose of Alimony Money Awarded Wife.

Many details attaching to the robbery of Ben D. Weinstein, in which it is alleged \$5000 was taken from him while on board a train, could not be remembered by him today when testifying in contempt proceedings brought against him in Circuit Judge Tucker's court.

The bare fact that he had been robbed was about all the positive information the prosecution was able to get out of him, and in many instances Weinstein exhibited confusion.

The contempt proceedings were brought against Weinstein following his failure to pay \$1250 alimony, \$275 attorney's fees and \$35 monthly support for his child, granted in a divorce decree on February 20. When the decree was granted, Weinstein was paid \$2500 and he was ordered by the court not to dispose of the sums awarded out of the \$5000. That night, while en route to Kent, Wash., Weinstein alleged he was sleeping when he had been asleep he had been robbed of the \$5000.

Princess C. Weinstein, the divorced wife, testified that Weinstein had telephoned her on several occasions saying he would not obey the court's order. C. Edgel, Northern Pacific brakeman, and J. McMurtry, special agent for the company, were also witnesses.

LAND GIVEN; ASKS DIVORCE

Edward G. Andrews Prefers Freedom to Property and Wife.

Before leaving his wife in Syracuse, N. Y., on February 15, 1915, Edward G. Andrews, a divorcee, had received from the court not only a divorce, but also real property valued at \$25,000, but now he is willing that she should retain all of it in return for a divorce.

Andrews is the cause of divorce suits brought by Frieda K. Cahill against Robert G. Cahill, Stella Felsman against Oswald Felsman, and Henry W. Doolittle against Laura E. Doolittle. In the complaint of Hannah M. A. Baldridge against J. W. Baldridge cruelty is charged.

Divorce decrees were granted Friday morning by Judge Clark in the cases of H. Clark from Eva Clark; Edward H. Ansapach from Ethel Mabel Ansapach; Alex Wermach from Ustyn Wermach; Rachel F. Bowman from R. W. Bowman; and Joseph from Joseph Arbuckle; William White from Kate White, and Basil E. Lever from Sarah Ann Lever.

DEPUTY GOES AFTER HALLETT

Glendon Leaves for San Francisco to Capture Fugitives.

Deputy Sheriff Glendon left Friday for San Francisco to secure Edward Hallett, one of the Kelly Butte chain breakers. Hallett has just come out of the San Francisco penitentiary for vagrancy and will be brought here to complete his term for burglary.

Deputy Glendon may also bring back Lawrence McGovern and Herman Ogden, wanted for passing forged checks. These men are being held at Oakland for an offense committed there.

Glendon has been advised that the men will be turned over to him if he desires. Should the California case be stronger against the men than their own, they will be left to the Oakland authorities.

Emery Eligner Gives Bond.
Emery H. Eligner, arrested Thursday night on a telegraphic warrant from Spokane, was released today on \$1000 bond. Eligner, who is charged with failure to pay a maintenance sum awarded by the Washington courts, is plaintiff in a suit filed in the Clatsop county circuit court, in addition to a divorce from Bedina Eligner, an order restraining any attempt on her part for his arrest.

Two Wives Charge Cruelty.
Two wives accuse their husbands of cruelty in divorce complaints today. Sabina Ludovick, who was married to Giovanni Battista Ludovick at Boston, Mass., in 1892, alleged that her husband had repeatedly struck her. Agnes Harnden alleges that W. L. Harnden is an habitual drunkard and has squandered his property and money for his personal use.

Bridge Is No Speedway.
Utilizing the Interstate bridge as a speedway cost Blaine J. Trough \$5 Friday night when he was caught by Sheriff Judge Dayton. Trough was arrested by Deputy Sheriff Rexford, who had caught him racing over the bridge at a speed of 58 miles an hour.

Husband Asks for Divorce.
Desertion is charged in a divorce action filed by Henry W. Doolittle against Laura E. Doolittle. The couple were married at Minneapolis, Minn., June 29, 1894, and the husband is alleged to have deserted the wife in Portland on November 11, 1915.

Steel Corporation Is To Increase Wages

Harrisburg, Pa., April 14.—(I. N. S.)—The Bethlehem Steel corporation today announced an increase in wages for all its employees effective May 1.

An increase of 10 per cent will be allowed all hour employees and an adjustment approximating the same increase will be made for tonnage and piece workers. The increase applies to the plants in Bethlehem, Sparrows Point, Md., Steelton and Lebanon.

Brady Funeral Monday.
New York, April 14.—(I. N. S.)—The funeral of James B. ("Diamond Jim") Brady, who died yesterday in Atlantic City, will be held on Monday morning, the body having been brought here in a special car. Services will be held at St. Agnes church.

Four Austrians Accused.
Los Angeles, April 14.—(P. N. S.)—Federal authorities last night arrested four Austrian fishermen, Mike Marinovich, Tony Velko, Nick Vlachich and Mike Papirich, living at Los Angeles harbor, booking them at the county jail as alien enemies. The four Austrians, it is alleged, were concerned in plans to destroy shipping in the harbor.

Otto Dorrier Arrested.
San Francisco, April 14.—(U. P.)—Otto Dorrier was arrested this morning at Redondo Beach as a spy suspecting him of espionage activities. The prisoner was turned over to federal authorities here and is held incommunicado.

Brady Funeral Monday.
New York, April 14.—(I. N. S.)—The funeral of James B. ("Diamond Jim") Brady, who died yesterday in Atlantic City, will be held on Monday morning, the body having been brought here in a special car. Services will be held at St. Agnes church.

Six Americans Die In Drive Near Lens

Fighting With Canadian Contingent on West Front, Seven Are Wounded, According to Today's Report.

Ottawa, Ont., April 14.—(U. P.)—Six more American residents fighting with the Canadians have given up their lives fighting against Germany. Seven more are reported in today's casualty list, including Lieutenant A. Hightstone of St. Paul, Minn., who won the Distinguished Conduct medal, killed in action.

Private A. J. Olson, Rainelle, Minn. Private William G. Morris, Bayport, Mich. Corporal D. C. Laviolette, Rapid River, Mich. Private E. Dodd, Greencastle, Ind. Private F. Huff, Provo, S. D. Sapper A. Laird, Los Angeles, Cal. Lieutenant A. Hightstone, St. Paul, Minn. (Severely.) Private E. Reynolds, Visalia, Cal. Private F. E. Olsen, Tacoma, Wash. Private G. Sporre, Highwood, Wash. Private H. W. Collins, Kingsley, Mich.

WAR AND PEACE WILL BE TOPICS OF CONFERENCE

(Continued From Page One.)

Closest kind of cooperation between the entire fleets and that of the United States will be arranged.

Further reports of the presence of German submarines and commerce raiders are being investigated, but so far have turned out to be based on no actual fact. So far as known only one German commerce raider is at present loose in the Atlantic. She is supposed to be the auxiliary equipped sailing vessel Seadler and early announcement that she has been captured is confidently expected by the entire naval chiefs now here.

AMERICA EXPECTS TO DETAIL COMMISSION TO ASSIST RUSSIANS

Washington, April 14.—(U. P.)—The United States has "in contemplation" sending a commission to Russia to offer assistance and "probably will send other commissions to the other allied countries," it was officially announced at the state department today.

Thus far the plans have not taken shape. But they are in such form that it can be said they contemplate extending to Russia aid in reorganizing the industries and assisting in making American supplies available to the Russian people. A separate German-Russian peace will be out of the question.

If Russia chooses, she could have American help in reshaping her government, a civilian republic, line through that idea does not actuate the proposed sending of the commission. Similar commissions will be sent to Italy, England, France and perhaps Japan.

Russia's need, however, is recognized as the most pressing now before the warring nations.

Her industries are crippled, her transportation system is disrupted and inadequate, and she has literally millions of men in army service that cannot be supplied and mobilized as a real fighting force.

Crane's Visit Not Part of Plan.
The commission's task would be to vitalize all these factors.

It was stated that the visit of Charles R. Crane to Russia is not a part of the government plan, though