

# HOUSE PASSES \$7,000,000,000 BOND BILL UNANIMOUSLY; ALL CHANGES IN MEASURE BEATEN

## Amendment to Substitute \$2,000,000,000 Long Term Bonds for \$5,000,000,000 Promptly Defeated, Only 3 Votes Favoring Change—Discretion Left to McAdoo and President.

# AN ATTEMPT TO LIMIT THE LIFE OF THE BONDS IS LOST

## Lenroot Amendments Providing Loan Be Made During and Not After the War and Only to Those Fighting Germany Agreed To.

Washington, April 14.—The house unanimously passed the administration \$7,000,000,000 bond issue bill this afternoon, practically as suggested by Secretary McAdoo providing for the immediate loan of \$3,000,000,000 to countries now at war with enemies of the United States.

Throughout the two days' debate on the measure, there was little opposition to the terms of the bill, which places in the hands of President Wilson and Secretary McAdoo unlimited authority in making the greatest individual loan in the history of the world.

There were no dissenting votes on the first roll call. It took less than 15 minutes to complete the vote.

The roll was completed without a dissenting vote.

The bill now will go to the senate.

To Sell for War or Over.

As passed, the bill provides that none of the bonds shall sell at less than par. The loan to the allies must be made during and not after the war and no part of it can go to a nation not at war with Germany.

There was scarcely a tremor of excitement during the debate over the historic measure. When it passed there was no more stir than if it were some routine matter, raising \$7,000,000,000 by a single stroke.

The most important amendment offered and unceremoniously defeated was that offered by Representative Tower, an Iowa Republican, who moved to strike out the \$5,000,000,000 and insert \$2,000,000,000. But three members voted for the amendment.

Tower said he was not prepared to issue bonds to lend the allies \$3,000,000,000, but he insisted congress should specify the details of the loan instead of leaving so much discretion to Secretary McAdoo and the president.

# Not to Limit Life of Bonds.

An amendment by Representative Moore, Republican, of Pennsylvania, of the ways and means committee, to limit the life of the bonds to either 30 or 50 years was also rejected. Moore first proposed 30, and then 50 year bonds. As drawn, the bill permits Secretary McAdoo to determine the denomination and maturity of the bonds.

The amendment of Representative Blackford to increase the bill to increase in the income and excess profits tax went out on a point of order.

Democrats in charge of the bill failed to accept the Lenroot amendments, drawn late yesterday, providing that the loan to the allies shall be made during and not after the war, and that the securities of no nation except those of the United States shall be taken by this government.

Moore's Bill Rescinded.

The debate today was of a desultory character, but was enlivened by the suggestion of Representative Moore that the countries to which the American loan is to be made may not be able to repay the loan. Moore demanded a straight business arrangement insuring repayment.

This caused Representative Fitzgerald of New York, Member of Illinois and member of the committee on the United States could afford to give the allies a part of the loan if it would assure a speedy ending of the war against a common enemy.

Moore's World Limit Power.

The initial attack on the bill today came from Representative Tower, an Iowa Republican, who offered an amendment reducing the issue of long term bonds from \$5,000,000,000 to \$2,000,000,000. Tower's demand for a 20-year legislation concerning the remaining \$3,000,000,000 which are to cover a loan of that amount to the allies.

"I am not opposed to letting our allies have money and supplies," Tower said, "but I oppose the plan proposed in this bill. It gives the secretary of the treasury supreme power in the making of this loan.

"Congress should determine the details of this loan. It should not be left to the secretary of the treasury. Our legislation should fix the terms and conditions of the loan and designate the securities to be purchased. We should take up separately the \$3,000,000,000 loan proposed."

Moore's Assails Delay.

Representative Rainey of Illinois, member of the ways and means committee, assailed the dilatory tactics of the house and declared the Tower amendment would kill the whole purpose of the bill.

"Today on the western front the greatest battle of the war is being waged," he said. "The entire available force of the allied armies is being hurled at the Hindenburg line. Today thousands of our friends and allies are dying in the trenches. And here before we can loan them a dollar to aid them we must discuss while the very life of the states which are fighting our battle is at stake. France did not act like that in the revolution. She loaned us millions and millions at the request of the great Franklin without much discussion and yet while her young men are suffering and dying in the trenches we hesitate. The thing to do is to pass this bill and pass it quickly—to say to our friends, 'We are going to help you and help you quickly.'

"I would gladly vote to give the allies \$6,000,000,000 if I thought it would end the war," he said. "I care if we don't get the money by giving it by giving it we can save the sacrifice of American lives."

Representative Mann also opposed the Tower amendment. "This is not a mere paper war," declared Leader Mann. "It is not a war of mere academic discussion. We are not prepared to place men in the field. We are not prepared to do much with our navy. There is one way in which we are prepared. The only way in which we can make our war something more than an academic discussion is to help finance those who are fighting our enemies."

Expects to Double Sum.

"It is proposed that we loan \$3,000,000,000 to the allies. I doubt not that in a year the same will be doubled. But if we can end the war in that way, it will be justified. Our highest duty is to give aid to those who are fighting the enemy against whom we have declared war. I only hope and pray that the aid we give will be effective."

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# SENTRIES FOR TWO ATTEMPTS TO ENTER CLACKAMAS RANGE

## Rifle Shots Scatter Prowlers Who Make Effort to Get Into Warehouse.

Two attempts were made to break into the storehouse at the Clackamas rifle range Friday night and this morning. Both times the sentries drove the marauders away by rifle shots.

The first attempt occurred at 11:40 p. m. and the sentries say that they believe there were two men involved. They fired in the direction of the prowlers, but the night was so very dark that they could not see to direct their fire with any degree of accuracy, and they do not believe their shots took effect.

The second attempt was made about 4:30 a. m. and it is believed only one man was engaged. The sentries fired on him and he disappeared.

This is the second night within the last three days that an attempt has been made to get at the storehouse, which contains several thousand dollars worth of government supplies. On the other occasion there were two men engaged and they were discovered and driven off in the same manner.

# Two I. C. C. Hearings Are Set for May 14

Washington, April 14.—(WASHINGTON BUREAU OF THE JOURNAL.)—Crown Willamette Paper company cases, involving rates on dry sulphite pulp from Westport, Oregon, to the east and fruit wrappers from western mills, has been set for hearing by the Interstate Commerce Commission at San Francisco May 14. The case of the Ewauna box company against the Southern Pacific involving rates on box shooks into California is set for the same date.

# WAR MESSAGE

President Wilson's war message delivered to congress April 2 will be reprinted in full in THE SUNDAY JOURNAL tomorrow.

# TOMORROW

The message will appear in larger type and in a form suitable for filing.

# Bread Prices Soar; Flour Is \$10.20 a Bbl.

## Loaves Get Smaller as Wheat and Flour Climb on World Demand.

The price of bread is rising to new high records; the loaves are simply getting smaller for the same money. Flour at wholesale advanced 40 cents a barrel to \$10.20 per barrel during the day.

This was due to the fact that the world is trying to purchase remaining supplies of wheat here. On the Portland American's Exchange, May delivery of bluestem wheat sold at \$2.08 per bushel. A lot of 10,000 bushels was sold at this record price.

Record prices also were established for oats and barley. Rolled barley advanced to \$5.0 a ton and rolled oats to \$5.2 a ton.

# AMERICAN SCHOONER SHELLED BY GERMAN DIVER; CREW IS SAVED

## Edwin R. Hunt, Bound to New York, Meets Doom Off the Coast of Spain.

Washington, April 14.—(I. N. S.)—The shelling of an American schooner by a submarine, forcing the crew to take to the boats under fire, was reported to the state department today in a cablegram from Consul Gassett, at Malaga Spain. His dispatch said: "American schooner Edwin R. Hunt of New York, Nicholas Miller master, with crew of eight, bound from Cete to New York in ballast, shelled by submarine at 4 o'clock in the morning April 7. 40 miles off Cape Gata. Ship abandoned by crew under fire. Fate of ship unknown. Crew all saved and brought to Almeria by Danish schooner."

Sailed From Bath, Maine.

New York April 14.—(I. N. S.)—The 1433-ton American schooner Edwin R. Hunt sailed from Bath Maine. She is 191 feet long and 38 feet wide.

# Flour Prices Go Higher in Chicago

Chicago, April 14.—(U. P.)—The abnormal rise in the grain market of the past week has been brought home forcibly to Chicago consumers by a steady advance in retail and wholesale prices in flour. Today's quotations at grocery stores made the increase for the week about 20 per cent.

How best to distribute the loan of \$3,000,000,000 which this country is set aside to "finance Germany's enemies."

How the naval forces of the United States can best be utilized to aid in crushing the German submarine menace.

Peace Terms May Be Outlined.

How the expected assistance of Latin-American countries can be secured.

Whether American troops shall go to the front and whether they are most needed on the east or the west battle front.

How best to open a line of uninterrupted communication into France so that the danger of famine now existing there will be removed.

In addition the greatest single question will be whether the time is not now ripe, with practically the entire world in arms against Prussianism, to outline special terms for Germany which the entente and its new allies will make peace.

Closest Cooperation Arranged.

Conferences were continued today between the British and French naval experts now in this country and the heads of the navy department. It is admitted that the conferences are of the greatest importance and all details of the subjects at hand are being very carefully guarded. Through them the

# Edwin Von Walden Escapes From Jail

Stockton, Cal., April 14.—(P. N. S.)—Edwin Von Walden, recently removed to the insane asylum here from Folsom, where he was serving a ten-year sentence for bank robbery, escaped Friday.

Von Walden in some manner succeeded in prying apart the bars from his window on the third floor of the asylum and made his way to the ground by a rope made from sheets taken from his bed.

# Masked Men Blow Safe, Get \$40,000

Corning, N. Y., April 14.—(I. N. S.)—The masked men blew up the safe of the Hargett Silk company at Corning, near here, early today and escaped with \$40,000 in cash.

# Los Angeles Wins First Game, 16-5

Salt Lake, April 14.—(U. P.)—Los Angeles won the first of two games here this afternoon, defeating the home team with a score of 16 to 5.

# Federal Reserve Statement

RESOURCES:	
Gold coin and gold certificates	\$13,500,000.00
U. S. government bonds	2,927,000.00
In gold redemption fund	7,983,000.00
In gold settlement fund	15,000.00
Total gold	24,425,000.00
U. S. government securities	21,482,000.00
Bills and notes in circulation	385,000.00
Acceptance bonds	6,381,000.00
Total bills and notes	7,766,000.00
U. S. government securities	2,500,000.00
U. S. government bonds	511,000.00
Total U. S. government securities	3,011,000.00
Other resources	75,000.00
Total	\$49,383,000.00
LIABILITIES:	
Capital paid in	\$ 3,940,000.00
Unpaid States gov't deposits	3,027,000.00
Due to member banks: Reserve account	38,821,000.00
Collectible items	4,500,000.00
Transfers bought	1,313,000.00
Exchanges for clearing house	127,000.00
All other liabilities	181,000.00
Total	\$49,383,000.00

# Jury Gives Verdict For Nearly \$200,000

Bentonville, Ark., April 14.—(I. N. S.)—A verdict of \$189,996.58 was rendered by a jury in the circuit court in favor of the Missouri & North Arkansas railroad against the Kansas City Southern railway for death claims growing out of the wreck between a Missouri & North Arkansas motor car and a Kansas City Southern passenger train near Tipton, Mo., on August 5, 1914. Forty persons lost their lives in the crash and fire which followed and 35 were injured.

Interest on the claims brings the judgment up to \$191,000.

# French Sailors Mistaken for U. S. Jackies

## In Natty Blue Uniforms Body Parades Streets of Washington; Each Carries American Flag.

Washington, April 14.—(U. P.)—French sailors paraded the streets of Washington today.

In the natty blue suits they moved about the streets, attracting no attention because everyone thought they were American sailors.

They visited the White House, paid homage to the statue in La Fayette square and had a good time generally. When they came nobody asked how long they are here for, nobody knows. Each carried an American flag. Once they passed a squad of American cavalrymen who lifted the sailors to ride upon their mounts.

# NEW EFFORT IS MADE TO UNLOAD PARRISH PROPERTY ON COUNTY

## Fancy Profit of Over 140 Per Cent on Twice Assessed Value Is Sought.

The skids greased with the patriotic fervor of the present time, another effort was launched at the meeting of the board of county commissioners Friday to unload the residence property of Dr. George L. Parrish, northwest corner of East Thirty-third and Tillamook streets, upon Multnomah county. This time the caravan of real estate agents who want to see the taxpayers of the county pay \$50,000 for the property had the cooperation of Colonel Emmett Callahan, drillmaster of the First regiment state defense forces; former County Commissioner W. L. Lightner and others who were veterans in the campaign of three years ago.

In the assessed value of the 4.55 acres comprising the tract is \$7500, and of the 11 room residence, which Colonel Callahan says would make "ideal officers' quarters," is \$2900. In other words, on a sudden burst of patriotic fervor the backers of the plan are willing to sell the property to Multnomah county at a price which would net a profit of 200 per cent twice the assessed valuation, not counting any commissions to agents, or otherwise.

Great Advantages Outlined.

Dr. Parrish stepped before the board of county commissioners yesterday with the offer to place his property at the disposal of the county for military purposes for a period of one year. The county would pay for all damage done to the property or the building.

He was supported by Colonel Callahan with a written argument, outlined the great advantages for drill grounds, as a hospital base and as a site for parking artillery and stabling cavalry horses. The board followed the colonel by relating the history of three years ago when the Parrish property was chosen as one of three sites for the possible location of an armory.

Dr. Parrish states that the proposal first came to him from members of the state defense forces and that he before the board of county commissioners in good faith with the sole idea of offering the property to the county for military use for a period of one year. He stated that he would not compensate him for any damage done during that time and turn the property back to him in as good condition as when it was taken over.

Dr. Parrish is a resident of the Stateside Hotel.

Commissioner Muck contended that it would be impossible to estimate the wear and tear on the property and suggested that it would not be a patriotic move, but good business, in view of the present low price of property, for the county to secure an option on the property for one year.

Commissioner Holman objected on the ground that the county should not undertake such a project unless and until requested by the proper authorities. He pointed out that in the present state of the county finances it would be impossible to purchase the property without exceeding the county indebtedness limitation. The matter was put over until Monday, at which time Dr. Parrish is to submit the option proposal and the board will give the matter consideration.

Guard Makes No Request.

Adjutant General White, however, said that the National Guard has not asked that such action be taken; has made no suggestion to that end, but on the other hand, has refused to do so and he can see no reason for it.

"The National Guard has made no request for the use of the Parrish property," General White said this morning. "I know of no reason for it. The only authority that could make the request would be the general staff of the guard. The National Guard and it has made none. The only military authority interested in the matter is Colonel Emmett Callahan."

# Uraguay With Brazil.

Montevideo, Uruguay, April 14.—(I. N. S.)—It was rumored in official circles here today that Brazil had agreed to the Brazilian minister's offer for transmission to his government declaring that Uruguay will stand by Brazil in her break with Germany.

# Richard Dillehunt Is Called to Seattle

Dr. Richard Dillehunt, who was to have addressed the Central Methodist Episcopal church Sunday night, Vancouver, B. C., has been called to Seattle this afternoon, and his place will be taken by Professor W. F. Ogburn of Reed college, who will handle the same subject. The meeting will be open to men and women.

# Hospital Porter's Invention May Spell End of War

Los Angeles, April 14.—(P. N. S.)—While carrying breakfast trays and sweeping the corridors at the California hospital today, Milo H. Wicks, a hospital porter at that institution, received a dispatch from the federal government announcing that it has accepted an invention of his for the detection of submarines and mines, and ordering him to report at once to San Diego. The government, it is understood, will purchase Wicks' invention at the initial price of \$100,000.

# High School Teacher Under Suspension

Chicago, April 14.—(I. N. S.)—Oscar W. Heath, high school instructor at the University of Chicago, was suspended today as the result of his publication and distribution of a pamphlet criticising the entrance of the United States into the world war, declaring that a majority of the people do not desire war and attributing improper motives to America's participation. Heath declares he is an American Socialist and says he does not regard the article as treasonable.

Following publication of Heath's suspension, federal secret service agents raided Heath's office and confiscated a large quantity of literature.

# HINDENBURG LINE FADES BEFORE RELENTLESS DRIVE OF BRITISH AT EDGE OF FAMOUS COAL MINES

## City of Lens, in Heart of Important Fuel Supply District, Expected to Fall Into Hands of Allies in Short Time — Columns of Smoke Indicate City Has Been Fired.

## CANADIAN FORCES HURL THEMSELVES AT GERMAN TROOPS CROSSING PLAINS

# Vimy Ridge Still Object of Retiring Army's Erratic and Shells Are Ineffective.

London, April 14.—(I. N. S.)—British artillery is shelling the German stronghold of Lens, at the northern end of the Arras battlefield. A dispatch from headquarters says Lens is burning.

By William Philip Simms.

With the British Army in the field, April 14.—(U. P.)—Another mile of the Hindenburg line was taken by the British onslaught today.

Fit No. 6 to the north of Givency and Pit No. 11 east of Double Crasiers were both captured. This extends by three miles to the north the front along which the Teutons' line is now broken.

The Arras position, on which the Germans swung pivot-like in the retreat to the Hindenburg line, is now turned to a distance of nearly eight miles southeast of Arras.

Lens, most important of France's coal cities, is likely to fall at any moment. British troops are encircling it on two fronts.

Mines to Be Retaken.

The British forces were steadily closing in around France's great mining capital today. The Canadians were hurling themselves from the Vimy ridge, and German troops struggling back across the plain. The Canadians will probably have the honor of first entering Lens—a city which the Germans had hoped to hold at all costs.

When I left the Canadian sector, I saw from the Vimy ridge the city of Lens ablaze. It was plain that the British intend to sack and destroy the town as they sacked and destroyed Bapaume and Peronne.

Advance Posts Make Progress.

Advance posts of the British forces were today pushing a considerable distance toward Queant and Pronville.

German resistance was growing more and more desperate with each hour that Field Marshal Haig pressed his men forward. But the resistance was ineffective against the powerful British blows.

Today Vimy ridge was still shelled from afar off by German guns, as well as other positions held by the British. But everywhere the Teutonic artillery was shooting excitedly rather than methodically. It was erratic, not accurate.

Canadians Press Forward.

British forces were steadily gaining command of all high ground villages

# FIELD MARSHAL HAIG SWITCHES DRIVE POINT AND SURPRISES ENEMY

London, April 14.—(U. P.)—Suddenly switching the point of his drive from around Arras, Field Marshal Haig last night smashed his men forward far to the south around St. Quentin and advanced at Fayet—within two miles of the city.

"Fayet, northwest of St. Quentin, was carried during the night; also the important positions of Ascension Farm and Grand Priel Farm," the British commander-in-chief reported today.

But if Haig struck directly around St. Quentin, there was no diminution during the night in the power of the British assault around Arras—"astride the Hindenburg line," as Haig reported "last night."

Four Big Guns Captured.

"We made progress north of the Bapaume-Cambrai road toward Queant," the British commander-in-chief reported today.

"To the north of the Scarpe, the enemy was compelled to yield further. We captured Vimy station, La Chapelle and positions at Fossé, Dix and Buquet Mill, between Givency-en-Gonelle and Angres.

"Enemy guns taken include four 8-inch howitzers.

The boasted Hindenburg line was crumbled today in the pulverizing assault of Field Marshal Haig's victorious British army around Arras. Lens, northern pivot point of the "strategic retreat," started a month ago by the

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# Pilot Swanson Says Baby Divers Are Along Coast

San Francisco, April 14.—(U. P.)—Captain Alec Swanson, bar pilot, today told the Journal, who has a belief that the stories of German submarines in the Pacific are true. Swanson declares that he has seen a certain number of men who were aboard a vessel he piloted into port recently. He told him a convincing story of the capture of a German submarine that parts from German submarines had been taken across Mexico to Salina Cruz. According to Swanson's informant, the divers, which the Germans put together in Mexican waters, are of a small type which could be used in the davits of the mother ship.

# RECEIVER NAMED FOR ROYAL ARCANUM AT REQUEST OF MEMBER

U. S. Court in Boston Names T. J. Boynton Receiver as Result of Action in Equity.

Boston, Mass., April 14.—(I. N. S.)—Thomas J. Boynton was today appointed receiver for the Royal Arcanum by Judge Aldrich in the United States district court.

Mr. Boynton was formerly state's attorney general. He gave bonds of \$50,000. The receivership appointment resulted from the filing of a bill in equity by the National Grand Lodge of Braitree appears as plaintiff and the supreme council of the Royal Arcanum as defendant. Mr. Hobart has a death certificate of \$2000, which he seeks to protect by the proceedings.

The petition alleges that in 1916 the trust fund was depleted \$1,500,000, which was used to make preferential payments of death benefit claims and that when these payments were made the officials knew that the fund would be depleted and rendered insufficient to meet its obligations. It is further asserted that the society never restored the sums disbursed by the insurance commissioner in 1915, amounting to \$500,000.

The petition states also that the officers tried to give an appearance of solvency by bolstering up the value of the securities owned by the society. The petition asks for a winding up of the society's affairs and an injunction to restrain the officers of the supreme council from doing any further business. It is believed an ancillary receiver will be asked for in St. Louis. The total membership December 31, 1916, was 206,329.

E. R. Reed, grand regent of Oregon, said this receiver must have been appointed for some organization in Boston and not for the Royal Arcanum lodge as a whole. He explained that the suit which a number of former members of the order brought because of a raise in dues, had been decided last fall in favor of the lodge. He also said the order as a whole was entirely solvent, being able to produce \$100 for every dollar that had been paid into its treasury.

# Aide de Camp to King George Killed

London, April 14.—(I. N. S.)—Brigadier General Sir Barker-Johnson, aide de camp to King George, was killed in the fighting around Monchy, in France on Wednesday, says the Express today.

# Ranch Work Wanted — Practical Nurse

Help Wanted—Male. I WANT to do ranch work. I must understand engine, boiler and machinery; references required; married man preferred.

Situations—Male. ACCOUNTANT will audit accounts or keep small set of books in spare time.

Situation Wanted—Male and 23 MAN and wife with two small children want steady work on ranch. The Journal, where they are an good cook and man experienced with stock.

Dressmaking. 40 DRESSES cut and fitted at my home. \$1.

Nurses. 60 NEAT, clean, practical nurse, wishes position, references.

Many workers find quick advancement through the Want Columns of THE JOURNAL, where they have the opportunity of being placed in touch with employers who, after knowing of their ability and faithfulness, are glad to pay full remuneration for high grade service.