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MXXVII 1 O'CLOCK EDITION

Oregon Daily Journal

WITH HER OWN WINGS SHE FLIES — THE UNION

THE WEATHER
Tonight and tomorrow, rain; southerly winds. Humidity, 73.

VOL. XV. NO. 340. PORTLAND, OREGON, FRIDAY EVENING, APRIL 13, 1917.—TWENTY PAGES. PRICE TWO CENTS. ON TRAINS AND NEWS STANDS FIVE CENTS

$7,000,000,000 WAR BOND BILL BEFORE HOUSE

Kitchin Takes Charge of the Measure for Democrats, Assuring Its Speedy Passage by That Body.

GARDNER, REPUBLICAN, SPEAKS FOR THE BILL

He Also Advocates Letting Roosevelt Take Volunteers to France.

Washington, April 13.—(I. N. S.)—The house by unanimous consent late this afternoon agreed to close general debate on the $7,000,000,000 bond issue bill at 6:30 o'clock tonight and to defer the vote until tomorrow. This proposal was made by Majority Leader Kitchin after it became apparent that all of those desiring to speak on the bill could not be heard in time to permit a vote tonight. Debate of the measure under the five minute rule will be resumed tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock, and the bill will be passed about 2 o'clock in the afternoon, according to present plans.

Representative Fordney of Michigan, standpat Republican, in opening the debate for the minority, at the conclusion of Majority Leader Kitchin's presentation of the aims of the administration, sounded the keynote of the day's deliberations.

"A peculiar situation is found here today," said Fordney. "The Democrats and Republicans are in the same bed and on a matter affecting revenue at that."

Washington, April 13.—(I. N. S.)—With no limitation placed on debate the house today began consideration of the $7,000,000,000 bond issue bill, the most colossal piece of financial legislation ever undertaken by an American congress. There is no doubt as to the ultimate fate of the bill.

Republicans, opposed to certain of its provisions, have served notice that they will offer amendments. They will also develop their opposition in debate. But it is a foregone conclusion that the bill will go through the house with a rousing majority, regardless of party lines. The Republicans who will criticise

(Concluded on Page Two, Column Three.)

"America Day" Suggested for Great Britain

London, April 13.—(I. N. S.)—The suggestion was made today in the Pall Mall Gazette that "America day" be celebrated annually in Great Britain to commemorate the entry of the United States in the war. On that day, says the Pall Mall Gazette, the Stars and Stripes should be flown all over the United Kingdom.

Posse Pursues Man Convicted of Murder

Juneau, Alaska, April 13.—(I. N. S.)—Edward Krause, whose murder of James O. Plunkett stirred all Alaska for its brutality, is being pursued today by a posse of 500 men. He escaped last night from the jail here, sawing his way through the iron bars of the cell window.

Krause was sentenced to hang next month.

Governor Strong has offered an initial reward of $1000 for his capture. Judge Jennings, who sentenced him, and important witnesses in the case are being heavily guarded.

American Corps Starts for the Front

Paris, April 13.—(U. P.)—Section 16 of the American ambulance corps left for the front today. Included in the detachment were: Charles Clark of Detroit, James Clark of Oberlin, O.; David Guy of St. Louis, Keis Wosburg of Azusa, Cal.; N. C. Wick of Youngstown, O., and David Van Alystine of Williamstown.

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Bulgaria Said To Be Behind Peace Feelers

Austria-Hungary and Turkey, Too, Believed to Be Ready to End War If Terms Are Obtainable.

Washington, April 13.—(U. P.)—Informal "peace feelers" now being launched by Austria-Hungary and Bulgaria in Switzerland are "doubtlessly" to determine what would be expected of these coutnries if a formal peace move was put forth, the United Press learned today.

While declaring that no word has come from their home governments for some time, officials attached to the Bulgarian legation here today admitted that reports of peace moves are probably true.

The present overtures they believe, however, are wholly informal and designed, for the time being, to ascertain, if possible, what terms certain of the central powers would have to make before any formal move is made.

One thing that gives strength to the reports, these officials said, was the fact that the "rumors" are now coming from all quarters.

In allied embassy quarters the peace reports are attributed to discontented classes who are wearying of the war and trying to establish some basis for peace. Belief was expressed in these circles that if Bulgaria sues for a separate peace, Turkey will immediately follow suit.

Recruiting National Guard to Continue

Modified Order Issued by Government Will Not Prevail in Oregon, as Third Regiment Is at Full Quota.

Instructions to cease recruiting for national guard units called into the federal service, recently received from the war department, are modified in an order received this morning by Adjutant General White, which authorizes recruiting up to maximum peace strength.

These new instructions will not prevail in Oregon, as the only unit called into federal services in this state, the Third infantry, has already been recruited up to maximum war strength.

In many other states it will have full application, however, as many units called to the colors are below peace strength.

Alumni to Mobilize Technical Men Here

Mobilization of the technical men of Portland and the state with the express purpose of offering their services to the government as it may see fit to use them is to be undertaken by the alumni of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

A call for a meeting of all such men to be held at the Central library Saturday at 8 p. m. was sent out over the signatures of R. G. Dieck, L. T. Merwin, Joseph Jacobberger, F. A. Olmstead, J. C. Henckle, H. L. Vorse and A. G. Labbe.

The meeting will be addressed by George C. Mason, state chairman and associate member of the naval advisory board; Edgar H. Sensenich, director of the Oregon Patriotic Service league, and Major H. C. Jewett, head of the Second Oregon district, United States engineers' corps.

Proceedings on to Resurface Broadway

Proceedings for the resurfacing of Broadway from Stark to Taylor street were commenced by the city council today. The cost of the work is to be assessed to abutting property owners.

Several meetings were held with property owners who decided to ask the city to patch or repair the street, the expense to be borne by money from the general fund, but no definite request was ever made, and the action today is the result. It is proposed to push the proceedings forward as rapidly as possible, to get the work done before summer.

Germany Expected To Enlarge Zone

Washington, April 13.—(I. N. S.)—Germany will announce within a few days that the war zone in which all vessels will be sunk by submarines without warning has been extended to the entire north Atlantic ocean.

This was the belief of high officials of the government today following receipt of confidential official reports from diplomats friendly to the United States. The enlargement of the war zone is being planned in an effort to stop all neutral trading with the United States, and thus greatly diminish the number of commerce vessels now available for the transportation of foodstuffs to Europe.

Wealthy El Paso Men Are Indicted

El Paso, Texas, April 13.—(U. P.)—The federal grand jury today returned indictments charging conspiracy to ship munitions to Mexico against Vincent B. Andreas, wealthy cattleman, and Bernard Schuster, a prominent El Paso business man. It is alleged that the two conspired to ship 100,000 rounds of ammunition into Mexico. Both were arrested.

Mexicans Resent Display of Flag

Laredo, Texas, April 13.—(I. N. S.)—Carranza soldiers at Neuvo Laredo tore the American flag off a United States mail wagon when the wagon crossed the international border this morning. They told the driver he had no right to fly the American flag on Mexican soil.

British Cavalry Comes Into Its Own Again On the West Front in France

"WAR ZONE" IS ANNOUNCED BY UNITED STATES

Mouth of Columbia River Included in Prescribed Area Fixed by President Wilson for Defense.

Washington, April 13.—(I. N. S.)—Official announcement was made today of the establishment of a "war zone" about American ports. Certain prescribed areas of American waters were termed "defensive areas and ships are warned to strictly comply with the restrictions imposed upon traffic in these districts."

President Wilson, by executive order, established the "war zones" after receiving information from the navy department.

Vessels entering these "defensive areas" after sunset will be fired upon without question, and at no time can a vessel in these districts travel at a speed greater than five knots an hour.

"Dead lines" in the seas are marked off at certain distances out from 26 American ports. The "dead lines" vary in distance, according to the ports and the volume of shipping conducted through them.

Following is a list, as prescribed by the president's order and the limits of the deadline:

Mouth of the Kennebec river (Portland, Maine), two miles.
Boston, two miles.
Portsmouth, N. H., two miles.
New Bedford, Mass., two miles.
Newport, R. I., two miles.
Montauk Point, L. I., two miles.
New York city harbor, 10 miles.
Mouth of the Delaware river, two miles.
Mouth of the Chesapeake bay, four miles.
All of the Potomac river and contiguous waters.
Hampton Roads, Va.
Wilmington, Del., five miles.
Charleston, S. C., six miles.
Savannah, Ga., 10 miles.
Key West, Fla., seven miles.
Tampa, Fla., six miles.
Pensacola, Fla., six miles.
Mobile, Ala., six miles.
Mouth of the Mississippi river and contiguous waters.
Galveston, Texas, five miles.
San Diego, Cal., two miles.
San Francisco, Cal., four miles.
Mouth of the Columbia river, three miles.
Port Orchard, two miles.
Honolulu, nine miles.
Manila.

New Quartermaster, Col. Wallace, Here

Colonel Hamilton Stone Wallace, U. S. A., has arrived in Portland to take up the duties of depot quartermaster for this district. He will make his headquarters in the Worcester building.

Colonel Wallace has been chief quartermaster at San Francisco for the past six years. He is registered at the Mallory.

Spring Lamb Leaps Out of Sight While Vegetables Tumble

Friday the thirteenth is an unlucky day for the consumer—but every day recently seems to have been Friday.

In most lines of foodstuffs there was a further advance in the price for the day.

In the stockyards hogs reached a new high record, which means a further rise in ham, bacon and lard within a day or so.

Spring lambs made their appearance in the yards for the first time this season and were quoted at 15c a pound alive; a record quotation.

Cattle sold at new record figures with little available.

Leading brands of Naptha soap sold at 3fc higher per hundred bars.

Cotton seed oil advanced 4c a pound again.

Apples advanced 25c a box.

With an enormous advance in wheat flour advanced 40c a barrel.

Eggs were moved up another ½c a dozen.

Garden peas are lower; likewise asparagus.

Spinach is also showing a loss in price.

Society Women to Do "Their Bit"

Mrs. Wilson Points Out the Way

Portland Leaders Favor the Plan

Mrs. Woodrow Wilson and Mrs. Thomas R. Marshall Inaugurate Economy Crusade.

Afternoon Tea to Go.

London, April 13.—(I. N. S.)—Afternoon tea must go. It is announced that Lord Devonport, in the interests of food conservation, will shortly issue new regulations that will doom the traditional English habit of taking tea in the afternoon.

Washington, April 13.—(I. N. S.)—Led by Mrs. Wilson, wife of the president, and Mrs. Marshall, wife of the vice president, the women of capital society today began a general curtailment of formal social events and at the same time inaugurated a crusade for personal and domestic economy as their "bit" toward the successful prosecution of the war. It is hoped that an example may thus be set the women of the country to reduce their scale of living to the simplest possible form.

Simultaneously an appeal went out to women's organizations throughout the land to lend their support to the movement. It is pointed out that if social life is reduced to the minimum all will be able to give more bountifully of their time and money for defense and relief work. It is sought to pledge leaders among women everywhere to wear inexpensive clothing and use only simple foods, watching always against a wastage of every kind.

Presidents of three of the leading colleges for women in the United States and other leading female educators are in Washington today, urging that the government use the services of thousands of trained minds of American college women.

Seattle Women Agree.

Seattle, Wash., April 13.—(P. N. S.) Mrs. Thomas M. Burke, leader of society in this city, pledged herself today to the plan of Mrs. Woodrow Wilson and Mrs. Thomas Marshall in the curtailment of social events and domestic economy as the "woman's bit" toward the successful prosecution of the war.

"I am heartily in sympathy with the plan of Mrs. Wilson and Mrs. Marshall," declared Mrs. Burke. "We should, figuratively, work shoulder to shoulder with the men and in our field—the home—do all in our power to aid the nation.

"To practice economy and conserve food supplies is but one of the many things we should do."

Club Women Favor Plan.

New Orleans, La., April 13.—(I. N. S.)—"The General Federation of Women's Clubs has not only indorsed the principles of self-restraint and economy in all personal experiences, as advocated by Mrs. Woodrow Wilson, but has taken steps to enroll its 2,500,000 members in a sacred pledge of their personal loyalty to this practice in service to the country."

Mrs. Josiah Evans Cowles, president of the Federation of Women's Clubs, in convention here, made this statement to the International News Service today, in commenting on the appeal issued by the wives of the president and vice president.

"I myself shall observe extreme simplicity in dress, in home administration and in all forms of social functions."

Mrs. Armour For It.

Chicago, April 13.—(I. N. S.)—Leading Chicago society and club women today generally indorsed the appeal issued by Mrs. Woodrow Wilson, wife of the president, and Mrs. Thomas R. Marshall, wife of the vice president, for social and household economies for the period of the war.

"Entertaining should be curtailed and the greatest possible economy used," said Mrs. J. Ogden Armour, "and the same principle should apply to costly forms of amusement. It is the duty of every woman in a time like this to reduce her food budget so that she may give all she can to the nation."

Step of U. S. Pleases Russian Premier

Washington, April 13.—(U. P.)—Premier Miluokov of the new Russian government has congratulated President Wilson for "his magnificent action" in declaring a state of war between the United States and Germany.

"Free Russia is particularly indebted to the United States for having promptly recognised the new order established in this country," says the message.

Portland Women Ready to Accept Economy and Simple Living Through the War.

It is the consensus of opinion leaders in social and philanthropic endeavors, that the leadership of the first lady of the land in an economy crusade is a firm step in advance and will help lift the big burden which the nation is now carrying.

"The patriotism of the American women," said Mrs. Holt C. Wilson, "will be found to stand parallel with that of the men of the country in its need. I am sure their hearts have already instructed them along the lines of the great need of their help in strict economy both as to clothing and their tables."

Mrs. Wheelwright For It.

Mrs. William D. Wheelwright said in part: "I heartily endorse the movement and feel that it is absolutely needed in this country because of the war. There are many ways in which women can help. They can curtail their expenses to the minimum and when they have given of their time and money according to their means with proper leadership there will still be avenues of help that are unexplored and that can be brought into play. The attic is one. In every home there is an accumulation of clothing that is an unnecessary waste and which can be given away, made over or worked into Red Cross supplies. Every woman can take inventory of not only her living expenses but of her whole household."

College Women Ready.

"I do not know what college women in the mass may have to offer in the way of trained services to the country," said Mrs. T. L. Eliot, "but I do know that any college woman with a conscience will, or already has, set about finding her nitch of usefulness in the country's crisis. As for the curtailment of formal social events—it seems out of taste in this time of the country's great need, for any unseemly social show—yet the less pretentious social affairs that furnish the innocent amusements and keep up the spirits of the people are absolutely necessary.

"The leadership taken by Mrs. Wilson and Mrs. Marshall is perfectly splendid," said Mrs. Max S. Hirsch, "and it is only to be hoped that in every community throughout the country women of position whose attainments along the line of household efficiency are of a high order will see to it that there is intelligent instruction available.

Suggests Mass Meeting.

"A mass meeting might be called in which they could take the lead and offer their instruction. Conservation along all lines should be the chief note of every household, group of friends and community in general.

"I thoroughly indorse the movement," said Mrs. C. S. Jackson, "and I feel that it is every woman's patriotic duty to follow the suggestions offered. However, I feel too, that the majority of American women have already thought it out for themselves and are bending every effort along the lines of economy and simple living."

Mrs. J. D. Farrell is another prominent matron who is keenly in sympathy with a nation wide campaign for thrift in the homes. "Accuracy in buying, and a simplifying of the daily menu and even in thinking and living generally will not only be of material help to the country but will react for the betterment of the country when the war is over."

Bluestem Wheat Based on $2 Here

Two dollar wheat became a reality in the Pacific northwest during the day when sales were made in the interior for bluestem variety at this price based upon Portland delivery. On the Portland Merchants Exchange buyers were eagerly bidding $1.96 per bushel for bluestem for delivery any time this month. The general wheat market here for the day was 4 to 6c a bushel higher than Thursday. The price reached during the day eclipses all previous records.

The same was true of oats and barley which advanced 50c a ton each at $46 a ton.

Distillers Propose To Reduce Output

Washington, April 13.—(U. P.)—Voluntary restriction of liquor manufacture during the war was proposed before the senate agriculture committee today by a committee of distillers, representing the largest liquor interests in the country.

NAVIGATORS ARE AGAIN WARNED OF SUBMARINES

German Divers Reported Off Mexican Coast and Are Believed to Be Coming to Intercept Pacific Shipping.

San Francisco, Cal., April 13.—(U. P.)—New warning of the presence of German submarines in the Pacific was issued to shipping men today by Captain W. W. Gilmer, commanding the Twelfth United States naval district. The second warning set the location of the reported submarines more definitely, asserting they have been seen near the Mexican coast.

"Reports from reliable sources, which appear credible, indicate that German submarines are in the Pacific, probably off the Mexican coast," said Gilmer.

It is understood that the second warning was issued because steamship men generally did not seriously heed the first warning of yesterday. Observers who are familiar with navigation of the Pacific believe the U-boats, if they prove really to be in the Pacific, are bound for the northern route from Seattle and Vancouver to Vladivostok, over which huge shipments of munitions have been sent to Russia.

Captain Gilmer said he has not yet been able to run down all the reports received, but that none will be overlooked.

"People tell me that it is not likely—is almost impossible—that German submarines could have reached the Pacific," said Gilmer. "But I say nothing is impossible in these days. The tremendous cruising radius of the new U-boats makes it easily possible that they might have gone around the Horn."

Gilmer would not reveal any of the sources of his information, but it is understood that a certain American manufacturing company furnished it.

Rumors Not Verified.

Washington, April 13.—(U. P.)—Rumors of a submarine plying off the Pacific coast are persistent, but thus far have no official verification, the navy department announced today.

At the same time it announced receipt of unofficial reports of a German raider in the south Atlantic.

"The report of a submarine off the Pacific coast is persistent," said the department, "and so much so that we are on the lookout. The rumor comes from various people, but no vessel has seen the submarine."

Queries as to the Galveston report that a British ship signalled the sighting of a raider in the Yucatan channel, elicited the information that "We have had a rumor of a raider to the south."

The navy has no confirmation of the reported sinking of the British steamer Treveal off the Cuban coast. Nor had it any information as to whether Germany had declared a barred zone around American Atlantic ports.

Frank Rockefeller At Point of Death

Cleveland, Ohio, April 13.—(U. P.)—Frank Rockefeller, youngest brother of John D., momentarily is expected to die. He has been unconscious for 24 hours past.

He underwent an operation for intestinal trouble recently.

A feud, which has existed between the two brothers for 17 years, as a result of business deals, is not expected to end before the younger Rockefeller's death. John D. has not been notified of his brother's condition.

Two Labor Leaders To Be at Conference

Washington, April 13.—(U. P.)—Two labor leaders will be included in a commission to be sent to the United States by the British government to confer on cooperative means for carrying on the war, according to a cablegram received this afternoon by Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, from Premier Lloyd George.

Lumber Freight Increase Canceled

Washington, April 13.—(I. N. S.)—The Interstate Commerce Commission today cancelled the proposed increase from 3.5 cents to 7.5 cents per 100 pounds on lumber and forest products from the Pacific coast to points in Michigan.

AUSTRIA BREAKS WITH BRAZIL BECAUSE OF BREAK WITH GERMANY

Disorders Reported From Rio Because Government Delays War Declaration.

By H. B. Robertson.

Rio de Janeiro, April 13.—(U. P.)—The Austrian minister to Brazil today made formal request for his passports, stating his government's intention to support its ally, Germany, in the break with Brazil.

Formal admission was made today that all Brazilians had been ordered to leave Germany. The public hailed the news with delight, considering the action preliminary to war.

There was no diminution apparent in the war demands by the Brazilian populace today, disorders reported at several points indicating an increasing irritation by the people because the government delays a declaration of war.

Vessel Rumored Sunk.

Sinking of a Brazilian steamship named Grupy or Jacuhy was rumored from several sources today, but could not be confirmed.

Death of Thomas Rundres, reputed to be a German spy, who has lately been in the United States, caused a sensational rumor today of poisoning. Who had administered the poison was not specified in the rumor.

A visit paid to Foreign Minister Muller by the Dutch minister caused a report that the envoy had shown the government a cable from his government that all inhabitants had been ordered to evacuate northern Holland, presumably because of a threat of German invasion.

Mob Damages Building.

Dispatches from Sao Paulo today reported serious outbreaks there in anti-German demonstrations.

A big mob literally pulled to pieces a building occupied by a German newspaper.

No vessel named Grupy is listed in Lloyds Register, but there is a Jacuhy, a steel steamer of 1951 tons, owned by the Commercial & Navigation company and registered at Rio de Janeiro.

Story of Sinking Of Craft Questioned

British Ship Treveal Sunk by Diver Off Cuba, According to Tale of British Sailor.

Key West, Fla., April 13.—(U. P.)—Naval authorities today were investigating the story told by C. Peterson of the sinking of the British ship Treveal by a German submarine off Cienfuegos, Cuba. They would not discuss it.

Peterson, a member of the crew, who arrived here from Havana, declared the crew was landed four hours after the sinking, being picked up by a tug and towed to Cienfuegos.

Hailed by a submarine, the Germans launched a canvas boat, Peterson said, and boarded the Treveal. Captain Williamson was given 10 minutes to take to the boats. The Germans then sank the Treveal with bombs placed fore and aft.

U-Boat Reports Denied.

Havana, April 13.—(U. P.)—Cuban authorities denied foundation for reports of German U-boats in waters on both sides of the island. A story of the sinking of a British sailing ship off Cienfuegos was said to be without proof.

Grand Duke Boris Is Under Arrest

Stockholm, April 13.—(I. N. S.)—A dispatch from Petrograd says that Grand Duke Boris, cousin of the ex-czar, has been arrested for plotting against the republican provisional government.

ONE MORE MILE OF HINDENBURG LINE CAPTURED

Germans Try Desperately to Check British Drive in Vicinity of Arras; Use Prisoners of War to Dig Trench.

AUXILIARY SERVICE MEN SENT INTO TRENCHES

Bavarians Complain That They Are Assigned Hardest Positions.

London, April 13.—(U. P.)—Another advance of nearly a mile nearer Cambrai by British troops in the region of Gouzeancourt was announced in press headquarters dispatches received here late this evening.

By William Philip Simms.

With the British Armies Afield, April 13.—(U. P.)—Another mile of the Hindenburg line was captured by British forces today. The positions lay southeast of the Cojeul river. Their possession by General Haig's troops more and more threatens the pivotal point of the German line around Arras.

Simultaneous with this advance, an entire salient two miles in width and nearly a mile in depth, in which the particular trench was located, came into the hands of the British.

Further to the south around Metz, the British averaged a mile gain on a front of approximately five miles, including Gonzeaucourt, in their sweep.

Canadian Troops Advance.

Canadian troops were steadily advancing from Vimy ridge today. They occupied trenches to the east of the forest on the eastern slope of the ridge. At Souchez 110 prisoners, nine machine guns and one trench gun were captured.

Desperation stalks behind the German lines. The German army chiefs, astounded with the tremendous, unceasing strength of the British smash, are using prisoners of war to dig trenches, thus relieving a few more German fighters, while the word has gone out for reinforcements. While awaiting those reinforcements the enemy is using non-fighting auxiliaries of the army to fill up depleted ranks of its fighting regiments.

Auxiliaries Placed in Trenches.

Scores of captured trench defenders today were transport drivers and assistants, chauffeurs, bandsmen and other auxiliary service men. They had been pressed into service around Fampoux and Hyderabad redoubt where

(Concluded on Page Two, Column Two)

GRAIN SHIPPERS NOT TO FIGHT INCREASED RATE FOR 1917 CROP

Merchants' Exchange Wants Present Crop Excluded Because Much Is Unshipped.

Reasonable rate increases on grain will not be opposed by Portland grain shippers, provided the increases are made after the 1916 crop is moved.

A resolution to this effect was adopted by the Merchants' Exchange association this morning, members agreeing that the railroads are entitled to reasonable increases. What these increases shall be must be determined by the interstate commerce commission.

Inasmuch as the present crop has been sold on the basis of existing rates, increases should not be authorized, it is felt, until the crop is moved. Under normal conditions the crop is generally moved by August 1. With the existing car shortage, however, it is impossible to predict when it will have been moved.

A committee of exchange members was appointed to confer with J. D. Farrell, president of the O-W. R. & N. company, on the car shortage question.

Captain Sweeney To Serve America

Paris, April 13.—(U. P.)—Lieutenant Sweeney, an American with the French aviation corps, was promoted to captain today and given indefinite leave of absence to "serve America," according to official announcement.

He will leave for the United States at the earliest possible moment.

The President's Message—

Although President Wilson's war message was published in full in an extra street edition of THE JOURNAL on Monday evening, April 2, and in all the morning and evening editions April 3, so many requests have been received from readers who failed to preserve earlier copies, that the full text of this epochal address will be republished in THE SUNDAY JOURNAL next Sunday.

Its reproduction in larger type and in a form convenient for filing will be appreciated.

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The Sunday Journal Next Sunday