

STRATEGIC LOCATION FAVORS VANCOUVER AS COMMERCIAL CENTER

Early History of Neighboring City Recalls Period When Hudson's Bay Co. Ruled.

DR. McLOUGHLIN IN CHARGE

Fearless Factor of Trading Post Did Much to Pave Way for Peaceful Settlement of Pacific Northwest.

By Fred Lockley.

Vancouver, Wash., Jan. 20.—A point of land juts out into the Columbia near Washougal which is called Vancouver Point. One hundred and twenty-five years ago Lieutenant Broughton of the British navy while exploring what the Indians called the Great river of the west, named this point after his commander. It marked the farthest point reached by Lieutenant Broughton, Lieutenant Broughton made his trip up the Columbia in the late fall of 1792.

Eight years before, on October 19, 1784, there was born near Quebec a sturdy lad named John McLoughlin who in later years was destined to play an important part in the history of the region being visited by Lieutenant Broughton. He it was who selected the present site of Vancouver as the headquarters of the powerful Hudson's Bay company, took the name of Vancouver Point for his fort and trading post and gave Vancouver its name.

The establishment of Vancouver as the commercial metropolis of the Pacific northwest takes us back to the days of Charles the Second of England. On May 2, 1760, Charles granted a charter "For the discovery of a new passage into the South Sea and for finding some trade for furs, minerals, and other considerable commodities, and for the trade of hardy sea rovers and adventurers."

When it came to choosing a name for the company it was decided to grant the charter in the name of "The Governor and Company of Adventurers of England trading into Hudson Bay." So profitable was the trade in furs, minerals and other considerable commodities that eventually there was organized a rival trading company called the Northwest company, with headquarters in Montreal.

The Hudson's Bay company trapped and traded on the waters flowing into Hudson bay and dealt largely with the northern tribes of Indians. The Northwest company was supposed to trade with the Indians of the Columbia river basin, but in reality the traders of the rival fur companies were constantly coming into conflict.

The bitter feud which eventually blossomed the British parliament on July 2, 1821, compelled the warring companies to merge. The Hudson's Bay company and the Northwest company merged under a shorter and more accurate title—"The Honourable Company of the Hudson's Bay." The combined companies were given a license by parliament which was to run for 21 years from December 21, 1821. Dr. John McLoughlin was made chief factor of the western or Rocky mountain department, of the combined fur trade territory.

Expansive Conduct. Prior to this consolidation the British factors of the Hudson's Bay company had been busy exploring and mapping the northern territory as well as trading for furs. It was an Englishman, Hearne, who discovered the Coppermine river. In 1789 Mackenzie discovered the Peace river. Four years later he explored the headwaters. Frazer discovered the Fraser river, though it was left to a later Hudson's Bay company party to discover its mouth, in 1821.

The American fur traders, confining their fur trading and exploring to the coast, Captain Gray discovering the Columbia river in 1792 and with Captain Kendrick and Lieutenant Broughton up and down the coast is what is now Oregon and Washington, trading bits of copper and iron and other trading goods for sea otter skins, beaver skins and other furs.

In 1805 and 1806 Captain Meriwether Lewis and Captain William Clark came overland and explored the Columbia river basin. They camped near the shore of Vancouver lake, about three miles from the present city of Vancouver on November 14, 1806, and two days later they were looking at the tumbling breakers on the bar at the mouth of the Columbia river. They had reached the "bitter water," as the Indians called the ocean.

In 1807 David Thompson of the Northwest company had explored the land of Oregon, and the Couer d'Alene country and three years later he established the Spokane house.

Meanwhile Andrew Henry, an em-

Don't Suffer From Piles

Send For Free Trial Treatment. No matter how long or how bad—get your druggist today and get a 50 cent box of Pyramid Pile Treatment. It

The Pyramid Smiles From a Single Trial. will give relief, and a single box often cures. A trial package mailed free in plain wrapper if you send us coupon below.

FREE SAMPLE COUPON PYRAMID DRUG COMPANY. 88 Pyramid Bldg., Marshall, Mich. Kindly send me a Free sample of Pyramid Pile Treatment, in plain wrapper. Name \_\_\_\_\_ Street \_\_\_\_\_ City \_\_\_\_\_ State \_\_\_\_\_

Former Dallas Man MURDERED IN MINE IN MOHAVE COUNTY

Harry R. Ballard, the Victim, Had Been in the South for Two Years.

SUSPECT UNDER ARREST

Tragedy Followed Location of What Was Believed to be an Abandoned Mine.

Dallas, Oct. Jan. 20.—Word was received here this week of the murder in Mohave county, Arizona, of Harry R. Ballard, formerly a resident of this city. He was a son of Mrs. Alma Ballard, residing east of Dallas, and left here about two years ago to accept a position with an express company in Los Angeles, California.

For the past year nothing had been heard from him until word of his death came in a telegram from Mrs. Ada Webster, at Los Angeles.

Located a Mine. In a letter received from Mrs. Webster later, particulars of the tragedy are given. She and her son and her mother, also called Ballard, left Los Angeles about a year ago in an automobile, locating a short time later on what they supposed was an abandoned mining claim near Secret Pass, Arizona. The mine, it seems, had been located by an old man named Smith, who recently returned and demanded possession of the claim, which was refused by Ballard.

On the morning of January 5, Ballard went to the mine to work as usual.

At noon Mrs. Webster took her lunch to him. She found his body in the mouth of the mine. It had been riddled with buckshot and an attempt had been made to blow it to pieces with dynamite, but without success.

Murder is Charged. The coroner and sheriff were notified and with Indians and dogs took up the trail of the assassin and soon arrested Smith, who was lodged in jail at Kingman, charged with the murder of Ballard.

Ballard's body was taken to Kingman and from there to Los Angeles by Mrs. Webster. In a safety deposit vault there she found papers of Ballard's, giving the address of relatives here. A brother, C. I. Ballard, is arranging to have the body sent here for interment.

Ballard was 32 years of age.

Mrs. M. Travis Dies. Dallas, Oct. Jan. 20.—Mrs. Matilda Travis died at her home in Falls City, January 14, following a stroke of paralysis sustained several days before. She had been a resident of Falls City for 29 years. She is survived by six children, Mrs. M. L. Thompson and Mrs. Walter Barnhart, of Falls City; Mrs. Jessie Hale, of Oakland, Cal.; Mrs. Clark Travis and Miss Travis, of Idaho.

Dallas Will Be Station.

Dallas, Oct. Jan. 20.—Dallas is to be made the test station for the investigation of the prairie fire. The investigation will be conducted by the U. S. Forest Service. Prof. Walter Brown, of O. A. C., was here this week making arrangements for the establishing of the station. He will be the only station in the state and this city has been chosen for its location because of the evenness of the prairie crop year after year, and not because of a greater prevalence of tree diseases here than elsewhere.

27 COUNTIES PAY \$103,775 SINCE THE LAW WAS ENACTED

(Continued From Page One.) approximate but the sheriff's office in sending what it had available said: "We have not the exact figures, but this is something near the graft."

Some Counties are Itemized. Coos county has spent the tidy sum of \$9675.51 to publish delinquent lists. The county clerk estimates that the work could have been handled for \$50 a year.

Crook county has spent \$2125.25 for its publications, and it is estimated by the tax collector that the department there handles large crops of turnips, carrots, beets, cabbages and comestible fruit.

It is interesting to read the old-time reports of the sheriff's office of the county of Port Vancouver and to read of the great fertility of the soil and of the favorable location for commerce and then to hear some of the present-day talk of the "shake the heads and talk gloomily of Vancouver's future prospects. When they are dead and gone they will shake their heads and talk of the great future in store for a location so favored by nature as Vancouver. When mills and factories are built and the products of the fleet of boats that are lined up at Vancouver's wharves the residents of Vancouver will wonder at the lack of vision of the citizens of today.

Fifty years ago Judge Matthew P. Deady, writing of the Portland that then claimed a population of 7000, said that the day would come when Portland would have 50,000, though it would never be apt to have more than that population. He was looking upon a business visionary for claiming that Portland could ever grow to a city with a population of 50,000.

When Vancouver has a population of 100,000 and that not looking very far into the future, its citizens will realize that her location justifies a population of double or treble that number.

The way to make Vancouver grow is to believe in its future and to plan for its growth and development. Service to the community is the common link in dividends to the individual as well as to the city. Civic pride, community spirit and team work will bring growth to Vancouver, just as inflation of land values and the sale of town lots to speculators and real estate gamblers will retard it.

Bandon Mill Will Reopen. The sawmill formerly owned by the Coquille Lumber company, which has been idle for a number of years, will be reopened at Bandon. Its product will be mainly spruce, fir, hemlock, or oak, to be used in building airplanes. The mill is owned by the Robert Dollar company. It has a capacity of 40,000 feet per day and will employ 40 men. The plant is entirely new, having run but six months when it was built.

THOMAS L. EMORY IN BUSINESS FOR SELF

Thomas L. Emory, for the past 10 years an advertising man on Portland papers, has decided to branch out. He has purchased the interest of W. R. Williams in the firm of Hall & Williams and the firm will hereafter be known as Hall & Emory.

Tom Emory, as he is familiarly known, started with the Baltimore American, then owned by relatives 15 years ago, as night clerk. He made rapid strides in his chosen profession and first came to the coast as a member of the advertising staff of the San Francisco Bulletin 12 years ago. After two years at the Golden Gate he came to Portland and for the past eight years has been connected with the advertising staff of "The Journal."

The firm of Hall & Emory proposes to handle advertising, both the writing and placing, for special firms. George Hall is also a well known advertising man, having been connected with that field here for over 10 years.

Water Main Refunds To Be Recommended

Proposition Which Commissioner Daly Will Present to City Council Affects About 5000 Lots in Different Sections of the City.

Will H. Daly, commissioner of public utilities, will recommend to the city council next Wednesday that assessments levied against improved property in the city for the construction of water mains be refunded in all cases where the revenue from the water served the property equals 8 per cent of the total amount of the assessment.

The recommendation applies to about 2000 lots in different sections of the city from which the city is receiving revenue. The assessments against vacant lots will stand until such a time as houses are built upon them, or until the revenues from the mains in the entire district in which the vacant lots are located pay 8 per cent revenue on the original cost of construction.

It is estimated that the proposed refunds will total \$75,000. This money is to be paid from the water fund.

Carver Has Three Franchises Pending

The first of the proposed franchises granting Stephen Carver of the Portland Tractors Car company, a subsidiary concern of the Portland & Oregon City Electric Railway company, the right to operate large motor buses in various sections of the city is to be considered by the city council next Wednesday. Carver has three franchises pending. Two of them are for routes on the east side and the third for routes on the west side. It is probable that the franchise for the operation of motor buses in the southeast section of the city, to be operated in connection with the streetcars of the city, will be the first to come up for consideration.

It is not known whether or not McGowan wrote the verses, but it is believed possible that he did, and anyway, the sentiments expressed come as his last word.

Frank McGowan was a nephew of A. H. McGowan of Portland, business manager of the Reed Institute. Made an orphan by the death of his father in British Columbia about three years ago, he came to Oregon to live with relatives at Amity.

As the war ground on, the lad, only 17 at the time, felt the call and quietly slipped away to British Columbia to enlist in September, 1915. Following a period of training he was sent to England last Easter. More training, and he went to the front in August as a member of the 2nd Canadian detachment of the Seventy-second Canadian infantry battalion.

How he met his end is told by Sergeant F. J. C. Ball, formerly of Portland, in a letter recently received. "Young McGowan was in my section," writes Sergeant Ball, "and was in the trenches when a shell exploded near him. He was not fatally wounded and made for a shell hole (I obtained this information from a dispatch runner who accompanied him and who was also wounded). The Boches evidently saw him fall, and dropped several more shells in the hole, and the shock on top of the wound killed him. When I found he was sitting in a shell hole with a quiet smile on his face, showing that he did not suffer.

McGowan was, of course, much liked by us all, always cheerful and willing to do his duty under any and all conditions. His duty was one of the most dangerous, and I explained this to him when choosing the dispatch runners, but he only smiled and said: "That suits me all right."

"He is buried in a place about half a mile from Courcellette, called Death Valley. Needless to say, this place is one of horror and gruesomeness.

Made the "Great Sacrifice." "As I am writing this to a neutral, I must be careful not to express any opinions, but cannot help saying that young McGowan has made the 'great sacrifice' in a cause as good and just as ever sworn to defend, and I explained to us of us expects some day to make the same sacrifice, and I only hope that he can go out with the same cheerfulness he did. We go at least in gallant company, which doesn't count the cost when a murderous bully sets

When this bloody war is done, I will think of you who stayed at home, for your country and the throne. Do their little "bit." For those who've given all, that their country might not fall, and that the name of our nation's name before?"

Unnamed Verses. The verses of the second poem, unnamed, follow: A wounded, broken "Tommy" lay on the ground, his head behind. By his side a shattered "Johnny," arms no more they'd wield. The first London bank clerk, the other from across the sea, Neither did their duty shirk. In the home of the other was left an aged mother.

When they show the tattered trophies of the war; When your cheers are for the living and your tears are for the dead, Which the foeman's river has trampled o'er; When you fling your red-hot roses at the sun; When you wear the favor of an apple blossom spray; For the girl behind the man behind the gun.

When the heroes are returning and the world with joy is red, And when they show the tattered trophies of the war; When your cheers are for the living and your tears are for the dead, Which the foeman's river has trampled o'er; When you fling your red-hot roses at the sun; When you wear the favor of an apple blossom spray; For the girl behind the man behind the gun.

When this bloody war is done, I will think of you who stayed at home, for your country and the throne. Do their little "bit." For those who've given all, that their country might not fall, and that the name of our nation's name before?"

When this bloody war is done, I will think of you who stayed at home, for your country and the throne. Do their little "bit." For those who've given all, that their country might not fall, and that the name of our nation's name before?"

When this bloody war is done, I will think of you who stayed at home, for your country and the throne. Do their little "bit." For those who've given all, that their country might not fall, and that the name of our nation's name before?"

When this bloody war is done, I will think of you who stayed at home, for your country and the throne. Do their little "bit." For those who've given all, that their country might not fall, and that the name of our nation's name before?"

When this bloody war is done, I will think of you who stayed at home, for your country and the throne. Do their little "bit." For those who've given all, that their country might not fall, and that the name of our nation's name before?"

When this bloody war is done, I will think of you who stayed at home, for your country and the throne. Do their little "bit." For those who've given all, that their country might not fall, and that the name of our nation's name before?"

When this bloody war is done, I will think of you who stayed at home, for your country and the throne. Do their little "bit." For those who've given all, that their country might not fall, and that the name of our nation's name before?"

When this bloody war is done, I will think of you who stayed at home, for your country and the throne. Do their little "bit." For those who've given all, that their country might not fall, and that the name of our nation's name before?"

When this bloody war is done, I will think of you who stayed at home, for your country and the throne. Do their little "bit." For those who've given all, that their country might not fall, and that the name of our nation's name before?"

When this bloody war is done, I will think of you who stayed at home, for your country and the throne. Do their little "bit." For those who've given all, that their country might not fall, and that the name of our nation's name before?"

When this bloody war is done, I will think of you who stayed at home, for your country and the throne. Do their little "bit." For those who've given all, that their country might not fall, and that the name of our nation's name before?"

When this bloody war is done, I will think of you who stayed at home, for your country and the throne. Do their little "bit." For those who've given all, that their country might not fall, and that the name of our nation's name before?"

When this bloody war is done, I will think of you who stayed at home, for your country and the throne. Do their little "bit." For those who've given all, that their country might not fall, and that the name of our nation's name before?"

PAGES OF NOTEBOOK BEAR LAST MESSAGE FROM TRENCH HERO

Frank McGowan, Late of Amity, Or., Fell at the Front in November.

POEMS BREATHE FEELINGS

Comrade Tells How McGowan Died; How He Shirked No Duty and Told of Strife in Which He Was Held.

A few pages torn from a notebook form the last message to Oregon relatives of Frank McGowan, late of Amity, who laid down his life for the allies' cause in the great Somme offensive last fall.

A brief cable received in November told of his death. The message, which arrived only recently along with a letter from one who fought with him that told how he died.

Because the notebook contained signal information which was purely the property of the British government only the pages that were personal to young McGowan were sent. And scribbled on these leaves are two poems, one called "The Girl Behind the Man Behind the Gun" and the other "Without Name."

Veres Convey Sentiments. It is not known whether or not McGowan wrote the verses, but it is believed possible that he did, and anyway, the sentiments expressed come as his last word.

Frank McGowan was a nephew of A. H. McGowan of Portland, business manager of the Reed Institute. Made an orphan by the death of his father in British Columbia about three years ago, he came to Oregon to live with relatives at Amity.

As the war ground on, the lad, only 17 at the time, felt the call and quietly slipped away to British Columbia to enlist in September, 1915. Following a period of training he was sent to England last Easter. More training, and he went to the front in August as a member of the 2nd Canadian detachment of the Seventy-second Canadian infantry battalion.

How he met his end is told by Sergeant F. J. C. Ball, formerly of Portland, in a letter recently received. "Young McGowan was in my section," writes Sergeant Ball, "and was in the trenches when a shell exploded near him. He was not fatally wounded and made for a shell hole (I obtained this information from a dispatch runner who accompanied him and who was also wounded). The Boches evidently saw him fall, and dropped several more shells in the hole, and the shock on top of the wound killed him. When I found he was sitting in a shell hole with a quiet smile on his face, showing that he did not suffer.

McGowan was, of course, much liked by us all, always cheerful and willing to do his duty under any and all conditions. His duty was one of the most dangerous, and I explained this to him when choosing the dispatch runners, but he only smiled and said: "That suits me all right."

"He is buried in a place about half a mile from Courcellette, called Death Valley. Needless to say, this place is one of horror and gruesomeness.

Made the "Great Sacrifice." "As I am writing this to a neutral, I must be careful not to express any opinions, but cannot help saying that young McGowan has made the 'great sacrifice' in a cause as good and just as ever sworn to defend, and I explained to us of us expects some day to make the same sacrifice, and I only hope that he can go out with the same cheerfulness he did. We go at least in gallant company, which doesn't count the cost when a murderous bully sets

When this bloody war is done, I will think of you who stayed at home, for your country and the throne. Do their little "bit." For those who've given all, that their country might not fall, and that the name of our nation's name before?"

When this bloody war is done, I will think of you who stayed at home, for your country and the throne. Do their little "bit." For those who've given all, that their country might not fall, and that the name of our nation's name before?"

When this bloody war is done, I will think of you who stayed at home, for your country and the throne. Do their little "bit." For those who've given all, that their country might not fall, and that the name of our nation's name before?"

When this bloody war is done, I will think of you who stayed at home, for your country and the throne. Do their little "bit." For those who've given all, that their country might not fall, and that the name of our nation's name before?"

When this bloody war is done, I will think of you who stayed at home, for your country and the throne. Do their little "bit." For those who've given all, that their country might not fall, and that the name of our nation's name before?"

When this bloody war is done, I will think of you who stayed at home, for your country and the throne. Do their little "bit." For those who've given all, that their country might not fall, and that the name of our nation's name before?"

When this bloody war is done, I will think of you who stayed at home, for your country and the throne. Do their little "bit." For those who've given all, that their country might not fall, and that the name of our nation's name before?"

When this bloody war is done, I will think of you who stayed at home, for your country and the throne. Do their little "bit." For those who've given all, that their country might not fall, and that the name of our nation's name before?"

When this bloody war is done, I will think of you who stayed at home, for your country and the throne. Do their little "bit." For those who've given all, that their country might not fall, and that the name of our nation's name before?"

When this bloody war is done, I will think of you who stayed at home, for your country and the throne. Do their little "bit." For those who've given all, that their country might not fall, and that the name of our nation's name before?"

When this bloody war is done, I will think of you who stayed at home, for your country and the throne. Do their little "bit." For those who've given all, that their country might not fall, and that the name of our nation's name before?"

When this bloody war is done, I will think of you who stayed at home, for your country and the throne. Do their little "bit." For those who've given all, that their country might not fall, and that the name of our nation's name before?"

When this bloody war is done, I will think of you who stayed at home, for your country and the throne. Do their little "bit." For those who've given all, that their country might not fall, and that the name of our nation's name before?"

When this bloody war is done, I will think of you who stayed at home, for your country and the throne. Do their little "bit." For those who've given all, that their country might not fall, and that the name of our nation's name before?"

When this bloody war is done, I will think of you who stayed at home, for your country and the throne. Do their little "bit." For those who've given all, that their country might not fall, and that the name of our nation's name before?"

When this bloody war is done, I will think of you who stayed at home, for your country and the throne. Do their little "bit." For those who've given all, that their country might not fall, and that the name of our nation's name before?"

When this bloody war is done, I will think of you who stayed at home, for your country and the throne. Do their little "bit." For those who've given all, that their country might not fall, and that the name of our nation's name before?"

Free Methodists to Hear Bishop Sellev

The Bishop is President of the General Missionary Board of the F. M. Church in America.

The congregation of the First Free Methodist church, East Ninth and Mill streets, will hear Bishop Walter A. Sellev for two services today, at 11 a. m. and again at 7:30.

Bishop Sellev is one of the prominent workers of the Free Methodist church, being president of the general missionary board of North America. He resides at Jamestown, N. Y., and with Mrs. Sellev is making the tour of the west. After attending meetings in Oregon, California and Edmonton, Canada, he will return here to preside at the annual coast conference of the denomination, which will be held at the Portland Hotel and Mrs. Sellev are being entertained by Dr. and Mrs. Alexander Beers at the parsonage, 845 1/2 East Madison street.

Orton of Multnomah, and reads as follows: Text of Pleading Measure. Be it enacted by the people of the State of Oregon, That if any person, firm or corporation shall be liable for any tax or taxes due and delinquent on said real or personal property and the rates of interest and penalties applicable thereon, each person, firm or corporation shown on the tax roll as owing real or personal property taxes, or charged with the collection of such taxes, shall also contain a statement of the date on or after which a certificate of delinquency shall be issued, and shall send the notice, in each instance, by mail to the collector of the state taxes, and the collector shall thereupon publish the same in the public papers, and the publication of such notice shall constitute a sufficient notice to the person, firm or corporation shown on the tax roll as owing real or personal property taxes, or charged with the collection of such taxes, and the collector shall thereupon publish the same in the public papers, and the publication of such notice shall constitute a sufficient notice to the person, firm or corporation shown on the tax roll as owing real or personal property taxes, or charged with the collection of such taxes, and the collector shall thereupon publish the same in the public papers, and the publication of such notice shall constitute a sufficient notice to the person, firm or corporation shown on the tax roll as owing real or personal property taxes, or charged with the collection of such taxes, and the collector shall thereupon publish the same in the public papers, and the publication of such notice shall constitute a sufficient notice to the person, firm or corporation shown on the tax roll as owing real or personal property taxes, or charged with the collection of such taxes, and the collector shall thereupon publish the same in the public papers, and the publication of such notice shall constitute a sufficient notice to the person, firm or corporation shown on the tax roll as owing real or personal property taxes, or charged with the collection of such taxes, and the collector shall thereupon publish the same in the public papers, and the publication of such notice shall constitute a sufficient notice to the person, firm or corporation shown on the tax roll as owing real or personal property taxes, or charged with the collection of such taxes, and the collector shall thereupon publish the same in the public papers, and the publication of such notice shall constitute a sufficient notice to the person, firm or corporation shown on the tax roll as owing real or personal property taxes, or charged with the collection of such taxes, and the collector shall thereupon publish the same in the public papers, and the publication of such notice shall constitute a sufficient notice to the person, firm or corporation shown on the tax roll as owing real or personal property taxes, or charged with the collection of such taxes, and the collector shall thereupon publish the same in the public papers, and the publication of such notice shall constitute a sufficient notice to the person, firm or corporation shown on the tax roll as owing real or personal property taxes, or charged with the collection of such taxes, and the collector shall thereupon publish the same in the public papers, and the publication of such notice shall constitute a sufficient notice to the person, firm or corporation shown on the tax roll as owing real or personal property taxes, or charged with the collection of such taxes, and the collector shall thereupon publish the same in the public papers, and the publication of such notice shall constitute a sufficient notice to the person, firm or corporation shown on the tax roll as owing real or personal property taxes, or charged with the collection of such taxes, and the collector shall thereupon publish the same in the public papers, and the publication of such notice shall constitute a sufficient notice to the person, firm or corporation shown on the tax roll as owing real or personal property taxes, or charged with the collection of such taxes, and the collector shall thereupon publish the same in the public papers, and the publication of such notice shall constitute a sufficient notice to the person, firm or corporation shown on the tax roll as owing real or personal property taxes, or charged with the collection of such taxes, and the collector shall thereupon publish the same in the public papers, and the publication of such notice shall constitute a sufficient notice to the person, firm or corporation shown on the tax roll as owing real or personal property taxes, or charged with the collection of such taxes, and the collector shall thereupon publish the same in the public papers, and the publication of such notice shall constitute a sufficient notice to the person, firm or corporation shown on the tax roll as owing real or personal property taxes, or charged with the collection of such taxes, and the collector shall thereupon publish the same in the public papers, and the publication of such notice shall constitute a sufficient notice to the person, firm or corporation shown on the tax roll as owing real or personal property taxes, or charged with the collection of such taxes, and the collector shall thereupon publish the same in the public papers, and the publication of such notice shall constitute a sufficient notice to the person, firm or corporation shown on the tax roll as owing real or personal property taxes, or charged with the collection of such taxes, and the collector shall thereupon publish the same in the public papers, and the publication of such notice shall constitute a sufficient notice to the person, firm or corporation shown on the tax roll as owing real or personal property taxes, or charged with the collection of such taxes, and the collector shall thereupon publish the same in the public papers, and the publication of such notice shall constitute a sufficient notice to the person, firm or corporation shown on the tax roll as owing real or personal property taxes, or charged with the collection of such taxes, and the collector shall thereupon publish the same in the public papers, and the publication of such notice shall constitute a sufficient notice to the person, firm or corporation shown on the tax roll as owing real or personal property taxes, or charged with the collection of such taxes, and the collector shall thereupon publish the same in the public papers, and the publication of such notice shall constitute a sufficient notice to the person, firm or corporation shown on the tax roll as owing real or personal property taxes, or charged with the collection of such taxes, and the collector shall thereupon publish the same in the public papers, and the publication of such notice shall constitute a sufficient notice to the person, firm or corporation shown on the tax roll as owing real or personal property taxes, or charged with the collection of such taxes, and the collector shall thereupon publish the same in the public papers, and the publication of such notice shall constitute a sufficient notice to the person, firm or corporation shown on the tax roll as owing real or personal property taxes, or charged with the collection of such taxes, and the collector shall thereupon publish the same in the public papers, and the publication of such notice shall constitute a sufficient notice to the person, firm or corporation shown on the tax roll as owing real or personal property taxes, or charged with the collection of such taxes, and the collector shall thereupon publish the same in the public papers, and the publication of such notice shall constitute a sufficient notice to the person, firm or corporation shown on the tax roll as owing real or personal property taxes, or charged with the collection of such taxes, and the collector shall thereupon publish the same in the public papers, and the publication of such notice shall constitute a sufficient notice to the person, firm or corporation shown on the tax roll as owing real or personal property taxes, or charged with the collection of such taxes, and the collector shall thereupon publish the same in the public papers, and the publication of such notice shall constitute a sufficient notice to the person, firm or corporation shown on the tax roll as owing real or personal property taxes, or charged with the collection of such taxes, and the collector shall thereupon publish the same in the public papers, and the publication of such notice shall constitute a sufficient notice to the person, firm or corporation shown on the tax roll as owing real or personal property taxes, or charged with the collection of such taxes, and the collector shall thereupon publish the same in the public papers, and the publication of such notice shall constitute a sufficient notice to the person, firm or corporation shown on the tax roll as owing real or personal property taxes, or charged with the collection of such taxes, and the collector shall thereupon publish the same in the public papers, and the publication of such notice shall constitute a sufficient notice to the person, firm or corporation shown on the tax roll as owing real or personal property taxes, or charged with the collection of such taxes, and the collector shall thereupon publish the same in the public papers, and the publication of such notice shall constitute a sufficient notice to the person, firm or corporation shown on the tax roll as owing real or personal property taxes, or charged with the collection of such taxes, and the collector shall thereupon publish the same in the public papers, and the publication of such notice shall constitute a sufficient notice to the person, firm or corporation shown on the tax roll as owing real or personal property taxes, or charged with the collection of such taxes, and the collector shall thereupon publish the same in the public papers, and the publication of such notice shall constitute a sufficient notice to the person, firm or corporation shown on the tax roll as owing real or personal property taxes, or charged with the collection of such taxes, and the collector shall thereupon publish the same in the public papers, and the publication of such notice shall constitute a sufficient notice to the person, firm or corporation shown on the tax roll as owing real or personal property taxes, or charged with the collection of such taxes, and the collector shall thereupon publish the same in the public papers, and the publication of such notice shall constitute a sufficient notice to the person, firm or corporation shown on the tax roll as owing real or personal property taxes, or charged with the collection of such taxes, and the collector shall thereupon publish the same in the public papers, and the publication of such notice shall constitute a sufficient notice to the person, firm or corporation shown on the tax roll as owing real or personal property taxes, or charged with the collection of such taxes, and the collector shall thereupon publish the same in the public papers, and the publication of such notice shall constitute a sufficient notice to the person, firm or corporation shown on the tax roll as owing real or personal property taxes, or charged with the collection of such taxes, and the collector shall thereupon publish the same in the public papers, and the publication of such notice shall constitute a sufficient notice to the person, firm or corporation shown on the tax roll as owing real or personal property taxes, or charged with the collection of such taxes, and the collector shall thereupon publish the same in the public papers, and the publication of such notice shall constitute a sufficient notice to the person, firm or corporation shown on the tax roll as owing real or personal property taxes, or charged with the collection of such taxes, and the collector shall thereupon publish the same in the public papers, and the publication of such notice shall constitute a sufficient notice to the person, firm