

"IT'S ALL HERE  
and  
IT'S ALL TRUE"



# Oregon Journal



THE WEATHER  
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PORTLAND, OREGON, SATURDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 14, 1916.—FOURTEEN PAGES.

PRICE TWO CENTS ON TRAINS AND NEWS STANDS FIVE CENTS

## SPECIAL MET WITH CHEER FOR WILSON

New York's Society Millionaires' Golden Special Touring Country to Tell Hoi Polloi to Vote for Hughes Arrives in Portland Today.

PARTY SPENDS MORNING IN MAKING SPEECHES

Luncheon Is Taped in Honor of Visiting Women This Afternoon by Mrs. Solomon Hirsch, Reception Follows.

Tonight's Demonstration.  
Scores of women who were not out of their minds when they were presented for tonight's demonstration of protest, are today keeping the telephone at the Woodrow Wilson League headquarters busy with their offers to participate.  
All women who are opposed to the action of the millionaire women of New York sending a "Golden Special" to this state to tell Oregon women how to vote are invited to join in the demonstration.  
The Women's band has offered its services and will be in the parade.  
Automobiles for the parade will assemble on Yamhill street, at Tenth, at 7:30 tonight. The parade will move at 8 o'clock. Line of parade will be west on Yamhill to Sixth, north to Washington, to Broadway, to Taylor, to Sixth, to Burnside, to Third, to Morrison, to Tenth.

Missionaries traveling on the special train making the "relief" swing around the country in the hope of saving the nation for Hughes, much dislike to be known as travelers on the "Golden Special."  
"This was admitted this morning by Miss Esther Lape of New York, who is publicly agent for the travelers.  
"It is so silly, though, that the annoyance is rather wearing off," she said.  
But whether "Golden Special" or simply Hughes' "Campaign Special," as it is officially known, this train de luxe, paid for by Gotham's millionaires, pulled into Portland early this morning and at 8:30 o'clock unloaded its human freight. The freight consisted of some of the most noted women of America, who have won names for themselves because of their labors for humanity.  
The official reception committee, headed by T. B. Neuhausen, E. L. Amundson and Mrs. Solomon Hirsch, met the visitors as they alighted. Roses in baskets and clusters were presented. The Muldorper Republican club, rally uniformed in white, stood at attention under the umbrellas and the millionaires passed by. A band discoursed lively and patriotic music. Some 50 Portland women stood in double line, waving flags, as the visitors marched through on the way to the automobiles waiting outside the station.  
But as the party, with the band at its head, moved on, the band at its head, moved on, the band at its head, moved on.

## POLICE LINE STREETS TO PROTECT EASTERN WOMEN IN PORTLAND

Fears That Wild Western Sisters Would Prove Unruly Stir Hughes Committee.

The solicited regard of Thomas B. Neuhausen of the Republican central committee for the protection of the feminine Hughes supporters aboard the Golden Special against the attacks of the savage and untrammeled Democratic woman voter, as she exists in the west, resulted in a police escort being furnished the eastern women this morning.  
When the women alighted from their cars at the Union station they were met by Police Captain John T. Moore and half a dozen of the heftiest blue-coats. Strung along Sixth street, to Ankeny, and down Ankeny to the Mulnomah hotel, were others of Portland's finest. When the automobile processions struck up Sixth street, Captain Moore, in a police touring car, rode ahead, his eye peeled for the reported militants of opposite political leaning.  
All the precautions taken were unnecessary, however. Dr. Marie Equi, with an automobile and banner, attempted to follow the procession, but was headed off by the police. Another bold Democrat wore a yellow streamer pinned from shoulder to shoulder, flaunting Wilson's name. She was politely requested by one of the Republican committeemen to take it off, and after a while complied.  
Neuhausen reported to the police he was afraid the Democratic women planned to create a demonstration by booging at the easterners and knocking on their car windows.

## Portland Greets Women Who Arrived on "Golden Special" With Cheers for Wilson



At top, left, members of the women's party who arrived in Portland this morning on the women's campaign special to speak for Hughes. At top, right, the Portland reception committee which welcomed the women on the special when it arrived at the Union station. In the center, right, parade of automobiles carrying visitors from railway station to breakfast at Mulnomah hotel, passing Dr. Marie Equi who holds aloft a banner asking the source of their special train. Below, at the left, three of the noted women in the party, from left to right, Miss Annie S. Peck, a famous mountain-climber, Mrs. Maude Howe Elliott and Miss Mary Antin; at the right Mrs. Meta M. Thoff, shouting for Woodrow Wilson at the reception at the Union station.

## WOMEN WILL JOIN IN BIG PROTEST AGAINST THE GOLDEN SPECIAL

Monster Street Parade and Street Speaking Will Be Features of the Evening.

Hundreds of Oregon women are preparing to take part tonight in a great demonstration of protest against the campaign being conducted by the emissaries of the millionaire women of New York.  
The demonstration will be a protest on the part of Oregon women against the "Golden Special," which is in Portland today, sent from New York by the women who are using their great wealth to campaign for Hughes.  
The demonstration will take the form of a monster street parade and street speaking. In the parade will be hundreds of women voters who do not take kindly to the idea of New York millionaires sending a "Golden Special" to Oregon to instruct them how to vote.  
Automobiles for the parade will assemble at the Central Library at 7:30 o'clock and the parade will move at 8 o'clock. The committee in charge has provided 2000 suffrage sashes to be worn by the women who will ride in the automobiles. Many of the machines will be decorated in suffrage colors and in red, white and blue.  
The machines, which will number more than 200, will assemble on Yamhill street and the line of the parade will be sixteenth, then to Washington, to Broadway, to Taylor, to Sixth, to Burnside, to Third, to Morrison, to Tenth and disband.  
Delegations of women from Vancouver, Hillsboro, Oregon City, Milwaukie and other near-by towns will take part in the parade.  
Street speaking will be held on Alder street at Fourth, Sixth and West Park. Among the speakers will be C. E. S. Wood, T. C. Burke, Elton Watkins, A. F. Flegel Sr., G. E. Hamaker, W. T. Vaughan, Mrs. L. Gee, Miss Laura Cavers.  
The speakers will be introduced by Mrs. W. F. Ogburn, Miss Leona Larabee and Dr. Esther Pohl-Lovejoy.

## PROTEST REGISTERED AGAINST TACTICS OF GOLDEN SPECIAL PLAN

Use of Names of Non-Partisan Organizations Arouses Ire of Sister Members.

Action of certain Portland women in taking part in the welcoming of the members of the "Golden Special" and allowing their connection with various non-partisan organizations to be used has aroused indignation among their sister members.  
The Journal telephone has been busy all morning while members of the various organizations mentioned as taking part in the reception to the Hughes' campaign have vented their wrath on such misapprehension.  
"The Daughters of the American Revolution is a non-partisan organization and we would least of all be concerned with a delegation touring the country on a political mission," declared one prominent member of that organization. Mrs. J. B. Montgomery has been mentioned as the representative of the Daughters of the American Revolution in the reception committee.  
"I took part in the reception as an individual and not as a delegate of a Parent-Teacher council," declares Mrs. Alva Lee Stephens, president of that organization.  
Every organization mentioned in the list of those furnishing members to the regular committee is a non-partisan organization, and members resent their being dragged into politics. The list which aroused the comment was as follows:  
Mrs. Solomon Hirsch, chairman; Mrs. Alva Lee Stephens, president of the Portland Parent-Teacher council; Mrs. Ben Sealing of the Council of Jewish Women; Miss Viola Orschold, president of the Portland Grade Teachers' association; Miss Ida Loewenberg, chief of the work of the Neighborhood house in South Portland; Miss Emma Butler of the juvenile court, chief probation officer for girls; Mrs. Frederick Egert, prominent club woman; Miss Lina B. James, general secretary of the Portland Y. W. C. A.; Mrs. Julius L. Louisson, prominent philanthropic worker; Mrs. P. J. Flynn, president of St. Anne's Benevolent society; Mrs. L. W. Therakson, prominent suffrage worker; Mrs. Sae Orr, Dunbar, secretary of the Oregon Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis; Miss Valen-tine of the Pritchard, director of the Institute; Miss Mabel Withycombe, daughter of Governor Withycombe; Mrs. C. W. Fulton, wife of ex-United States Senator Fulton; and Mrs. J. B. Montgomery, founder in Oregon of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

## FACTORY WORKERS AT NOON HOUR LISTEN TO MRS. ROBINS SPEAK

President of National Women's Trade Union League Talks at Factory.

Mrs. Raymond Robins of Chicago, president of the National Women's Trade Union league, and one of the most noted women on the "Golden Special," spoke briefly during the noon hour to the workers of the Mount Hood factory of Fleischner, Mayer & Co. at Second and Couch streets.  
Some 170 employees, mostly women and girls, listened attentively while she spoke of meetings held among foreign working girls in Chicago and their resultant rapid Americanization.  
She concluded with an appeal for a great conception of citizenship and a realization of the ideal of democracy in the choice of Charles Evans Hughes as president of the United States.  
Applause at the end was perfunctory. Mrs. Robins was introduced to the workers by L. N. Fleischer and spoke in the workroom on the second floor, in a room piled high with half finished garments. She was taken to the factory by Mrs. Sanford Hirsch.  
A large number of men lined the curb across the street from the factory when the visiting party came out. Campaign literature was distributed among them. There were one or two satirical shouts. "What is the matter with the Republican party?"  
A review of Hughes' record as governor of New York was made, in which mention was made of his veto of the teachers' equal-pay bill, which the speaker attempted to reconcile with his woman suffrage plank.  
"The poor state laws of the south which permitted so much cruelty and injustice to women without the ballot, would be speedily remedied through the election of the champion of their cause," said Mrs. Robins.  
Equal suffrage by state action is impossible of accomplishment, it was claimed, because of the delaying and complicated processes of making state amendments.  
The passage of the Child Labor law was merely a bid for votes, it was asserted.  
"Voting for Hughes in Oregon would help women to the ballot throughout the United States. It was also claimed, because of the delaying and complicated processes of making state amendments.  
"We love him for his enemies who are enemies of progress and exploiters of labor. President Wilson places humanity above property in his speech of acceptance on September 2—just as Lincoln placed labor above capital in his first annual message."

## SMALL AUDIENCE IS AT LINCOLN HIGH TO LISTEN TO MRS. DORR

Educational Authority Criticizes Lack of Independence of Wilson's Daughters.

With less than 100 people for her listeners, Mrs. Rheta Childs Dorr of the Golden Special, authority on education, this morning spoke at the Lincoln high school. The president's treatment of the "ladies aid society" of the human race, as she referred to the American women, was not satisfactory at all, according to the speaker, and the "sectionalism" of Wilson came in for a rebuke as against the "nationalism," espoused by Charles E. Hughes.  
Of the 90 people who were present, only a doubtful half gave any applause. The "frightful and appalling illiteracy" of the southern states was due to President Wilson's failure to put a secretary of education in his cabinet, the speaker said. Wilson's method of bringing up his family, as compared to that of Mr. Hughes, also came in for criticism.  
It was emphasized that Mr. Hughes' daughters were self-supporting and independent.  
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## LANE RETURNS HOME CONFIDENT WILSON IS TO BE PEOPLE'S CHOICE

United States Senator Lauds the President for Preventing the Great Railroad Strike.

Confident that Woodrow Wilson will be reelected president as a reward for the great service he has given the American people, United States Senator Harry Lane returned home last night from Washington. He says he is feeling fit as a fiddle and is ready to stump the state for the president.  
Senator Lane praises the president for the part he played in forestalling the great impending railroad strike. He declares that congress did just right in passing the Adamson eight-hour bill, laying down the principle that eight hours should be the standard.  
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## GOLDEN SPECIAL AND WILSON WOMEN MIX VERBALLY ON STREETS

Both Parties Have Meetings on Same Corner at Same Time; Lots of Noise Result.

Confusion worse confounded greeted the women of the Golden Special who attempted to hold a street meeting at Sixth and Alder streets at noon today. On the south side was standing an automobile bedecked with Wilson banners. This was the side of the street selected for the Hughes demonstration. On the north side, therefore, the big touring car bearing the Hughes banners was forced to come to a stand.  
There was no paucity of audience. The day's such as that remembered by the women from the east who came on a mission of rescuing the west from Wilsonism.  
Dr. Katharine E. Edson of Los Angeles was the first speaker in the cause of Hughes. Hardly had she begun, however, when Dr. Marie Equi, standing in the automobile across the narrow street, began speaking for Wilson. She waved her "golden egg" banner determinedly. Dr. Edson was greeted with Hughes cheers, which

## Racing Car Afire; Mechanician Burned

R. Hedrick Seriously Injured While Participating in 250-Mile Contest—Twenty Cars Engaged in Test.

Spokane, Oct. 14.—(U. P.)—R. Hedrick, mechanic, was seriously burned when D'Alene's car took fire in front of the pits during the 250-mile grand American automobile race this afternoon. Hedrick, aflame from head to foot, rushed to the judges' stand. After several minutes the flames were extinguished. D'Alene extinguished the fire in his car and continued the race.  
Twenty drivers got away at 2:30. Dario Resta, Peugeot; and Johnny Aitken, Peugeot, crossed the line together at the end of the first lap, which was timed at 1:12.16.  
Louis Chevrolet's entry, Ben Hur Special, was withdrawn at the last minute.  
Ralph DeKalms was showing the way at the end of 50 miles. The Italian was being pressed by his countryman, Dario Resta, Aitken and Rickenbacker. The time for the distance was 2:50. The average speed was 109.5 miles per hour.  
Hughie Hughes was compelled to leave the race with a broken valve spring in the thirty-fourth mile. Jack Milton, in a Duesenberg, was the second pilot out. He burned his clutch after 50 miles.  
Washington, Oct. 14.—(U. P.)—The state department has received from the British embassy the affidavit of Captain Smith of the British passenger vessel Sleipner, stating that the vessel was struck by the first shot from the German submarine U-52 in its attack last Sunday. It was announced today that no one was injured by the shot, it was stated.

## WILSON SPEAKS TO PILGRIMS AT SHADOW LAWN

Spirit of Pennsylvania's Reactionary Republicans Is Spirit Behind G. O. P. Effort to Regain Control.

SPECIAL TRAINS BRING ENTHUSIASTIC CROWD

Visitors Are Introduced by Former Congressman A. Mitchell Palmer.

By Robert J. Bender.  
Shadow Lawn, N. J., Oct. 14.—(U. P.)—"America is always ready to fight for things that are American."  
Speaking to several thousand Pennsylvanians this afternoon at the autumn White House, President Wilson thus answered those who, he declared, have said that "the people of this country don't want to fight for anything."  
"But America," the president continued, "must fight for the elements of justice and peace. When once she is challenged there is no man so mean or so forgetful of the history of this nation who would not give everything, even his life, to stand by the honor of this country."  
The president warned against control of the government by men "who won't tell you what they are going to do," and ripped into the Republican party. He declared that his opponents do not know what they want and are not saying what they would do.  
He said that Progressives have been shamefully deceived and betrayed by those "who merely wanted to gain control of the Republican party."  
"Now we see standing out the old familiar guard," he continued. Remember the things done by the government are not done by the president, but

## SENTIMENT IN LANE COUNTY IS SWINGING TO PRESIDENT WILSON

Senator Chamberlain Arouses More Enthusiasm Than Did Candidate C. W. Fairbanks

By R. A. Watson.  
Eugene, Or., Oct. 14.—Senator Chamberlain spoke before 2000 people in the Armory here last night, 1250 more than greeted Charles Fairbanks a few days ago, or 10 times the number that heard Judge Stephen A. Lowell the previous night.

It was such an audience as seldom faces a political address in these mass-meeting days, and it makes the listener pause to wonder whether Lane county is not going to reverse its history and cast its vote for Woodrow Wilson November 7, without a hand to coax it, as Lowell had; without the impelling force of a vice presidential candidacy to lure it, as Fairbanks had, the audience began to feel the pertinence of Room before the appointed hour until it filled the 1200 seats on the lower floor and banked 800 strong in the gallery.

## Federal Reserve Statement

San Francisco, Oct. 14.—(U. P.)—Statement of condition of federal reserve bank at close of business October 13, 1916.

RESOURCES	
Gold coin and gold certificates	\$11,411,000
U. S. government bonds	4,075,000
U. S. national bank notes	69,000
Total resources	\$15,555,000
LIABILITIES	
Commercial paper (rediscounted)	\$ 250,000
U. S. government bonds	6,231,000
Municipal warrants	2,852,000
U. S. national bank notes	69,000
Bank	1,582,000
All other resources	3,571,000
Total liabilities	\$32,111,000

Federal reserve notes outstanding in hands of public \$ 8,898,000  
Federal reserve notes in hands of banks 2,815,000  
Net amount federal reserve notes loaned to bank by federal reserve agent \$10,713,000