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England's new position is the position she has held right along, theoretically, but never heretofore actually put in writing. The order means that England places the burden of proof on the contraband carrier, according to authorities here.

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Jellicoe Report for Home Consumption

Admiralty, Commenting on British Admiral's Statement, Reiterates Previous Admissions. Berlin, July 8.—(U. P.)—The admiralty issued a brief comment on Admiral Jellicoe's version of the North sea battle. It reiterates that previous admissions of German losses are correct, and that any further claims by the British naval chief of the destruction of German ships are false.

The Jellicoe report, said the Cologne Volks-Zeitung, "is specially prepared for home consumption."

RUSSIA DRIVES AUSTRIA BACK ON RIVER STYR

Berlin Receives Word That Greatly Superior Force of Czar's Men Cannot Be Withstood by Front Lines.

IN DANGER OF BEING DOUBLY OUTFLANKED

Polish Legion and German Force Aids in the Withdrawal.

Petrograd, July 8.—(U. P.)—Capture of 1000 additional prisoners and occupation of the villages of Letchinevka, Griva and Grevorov was announced by the war office this afternoon.

Berlin, Via Wireless to Savville, L. I., July 8.—(U. P.)—Austrian troops have retreated from their advanced lines in the bend of the River Styria in Styria, before a greatly superior Russian force, said an official statement from the Austrian war office, received here today.

The German war office, however, announced this afternoon that repeated attacks in the Lake Naroz region, and a Russian attack northwest of Buczacz, in Galicia, were repulsed.

Austrian troops fighting in the River Styria bend, who during four weeks have opposed hostile forces of from three to five fold superiority, on Thursday received orders to withdraw their most advanced lines, which were exposed to double outflanking, said the Austrian statement.

With the cooperation of German troops west of Kolko, and the heroic action of the Polish legion near Koloda, the movement was executed undisturbed by the enemy. South of Kolko there has been no damage. Thursday

RUSSIA WILL RELY ON JAPAN TO GUARD HER INTERESTS IN ORIENT

Minister Says His Country Will Be Occupied With the German Question Alone.

Petrograd, July 8.—(U. P.)—Russia will be relied on fully by Japan to guard her interests in the east while Russia devotes her entire energies to solving the German problem, was indicated here today by Sergius Sazonoff, minister of foreign affairs.

In an interview published by the Bourse gazette on the recently signed Russo-Japanese treaty, Sazonoff is quoted as saying:

"The present war opens up a series of problems for Russia, the solution of which necessitates our confining our attention to the west for many years. Relying on our solidarity with Japan as regarding far eastern questions, we can devote all our energies to the solution of these problems with the assurance that no power will take an unfair advantage of China to carry out its ambitious plans as was the case with other countries bordering Russia in the east."

Americans Will Be Welcomed. New York, July 8.—(U. P.)—Japan welcomes American money and investments, and will steadfastly maintain the open door policy in China, Count Okuma, Japanese prime minister, declared in an interview with a New York Times correspondent at Tokyo, published today.

Count Okuma, commenting on the new Russo-Japanese treaty, said: "Japan has no ambition for Chinese territory. The territorial ambition of the oldtimers is a dream. The world does not think President Wilson's Mexican policy is an indication of territorial ambition notwithstanding that America took Mexican territory years ago.

S. P. Protests O. C. Grant Act Enforcement

Action Taken to Mean Precautionary Step to Preserve Company's Rights.

Washington, July 8.—(WASHINGTON BUREAU OF THE JOURNAL.)—The Southern Pacific company today filed written protest against any step by government officials to enforce the Chamberlain land grant act and gave notice that payment of taxes and lands by such officials will be made "upon their own responsibility and at their own peril and that of the United States."

The action did not occasion surprise, the expectation being that the railroad will make a fight in the courts against the act. Officially the protest is a precautionary step by the railroad to preserve any legal rights it may have.

The railroad officials are still expected to cooperate with the government in furnishing data on which classification and preliminary work may proceed, leaving the validity of the act to be tested later.

The protest begins with the assertion that the Chamberlain act is a violation of the property right of the railroad; that vesting of title in the government is inconsistent with the consent of the railroad, and that the railroad does not assent to the provisions of the act.

A protest, made against the government asserting any right of ownership over the lands or interfering with the railroad's possession. The document closes with a warning against payment of taxes.

Attorney Hoelbling, counsel for the railroad here, filed copies at the White House, with the vice president, the speaker, the secretaries of the interior and agriculture, the attorney general, United States treasurer and other officials.

F. A. HYDE OUTWITS FEDERAL ATTORNEYS IN LAND FRAUD CASE

Relinquishes Title to Land Involved in Three Test Cases, After Long Battle.

San Francisco, July 8.—(P. N. S.)—F. A. Hyde, accused of land frauds involving hundreds of thousands of acres in the west, balked the government today by relinquishing title to 200 acres involved in three test cases.

J. B. Sanford, United States land registrar, returning to San Francisco to write an opinion giving victory to the government, found on his desk a brief note from Hyde saying that he would not dispute the contention that he was not entitled to the land in three test cases.

For five years the government prepared its case against Hyde, and now it is thrown back to the beginning, as Hyde's legal presentation of its claims goes.

Sixty cases were investigated, and of these the three were picked out as giving a general test of all the charges involved, principally forgery. Three months ago the hearing before Sanford. Hyde put up a politically slighted defense. In those cases he was charged with forging the names of George S. Jones, C. P. Carpenter and Fannie Danbuser, to secure government land.

The testimony made a mass as big as two unabridged dictionaries and Sanford took it away, with a cartload of books cited as authorities. He went to the country and spent a month digesting it all.

Then finding the government's case proven, in his opinion, he came back as writing a general test of all the charges involved, and there was Hyde's letter.

VILLISTAS AND CARRANZISTAS IN DEATH GRIP

Force of 2000 of Carranza's Men and 800 Bandits Are Engaged in Desperate Battle Southeast of Jimenez.

JIMINEZ EVACUATED BY VILLA, EL PASO HEARS

Villa Reported to Be Leading Force of 3000 Men to Attack Parral.

El Paso, Texas, July 8.—(U. P.)—Fighting is in progress near Doca, midway between Jimenez and Parral, between Villista columns under General Calixto Contreras and a Carranza force. Three thousand men are engaged on both sides, the Carranzistas attempting the check Villa's advance on Parral. Official announcement of the battle was made by General Francisco Gonzalez, commandant in Cuidad Juarez, across the river, this afternoon.

El Paso, Texas, July 8.—(U. P.)—A desperate engagement is raging southeast of Jimenez, between 2000 Carranzistas and 800 Villistas, led by General Calixto Contreras, according to official advices today to General Gonzalez of Juarez in a wireless message from Chihuahua City.

Unofficial advices reported Francisco Villa at the head of 3000 men advancing to attack Parral. Villa, the report stated, evacuated Jimenez, which he captured two days ago and cut communication lines north to Parral.

Parral is garrisoned by 1000 Carranzistas, under General Ernesto Gomez. Villa is reported to have advanced on Parral.

FINANCIAL OFFER BY U. S. TO MEXICO WILL DEPEND ON CARRANZA

Feeling, However, Is Changing and Events May Lead to Request for Aid.

By Robert J. Bender. Washington, July 8.—(U. P.)—President Wilson will make no effort to rehabilitate Mexico with American money until General Carranza requests it. Administration officials have been informed of any offer of financial assistance now would meet with rebuff.

This is not due to the fact that Carranza does not need money, but to fears among Mexican officials that full trust cannot be placed in this country. Carranza has said in the past that any foreign loan would mean right of intervention as a loaning power.

In the first place, an earnest effort has been made to convince Carranza agents of the sincerity of President Wilson in dealing with Mexico that the United States may be looked upon as a friend of the republic.

This work is already bearing fruit, and some of these agents are expected to return to Mexico City soon carrying their report to Carranza.

President Wilson to Carranza's last note leaves the way open for the first chief to suggest not only means of ending the border trouble, but also of solving other problems confronting him.

German Merchant Vessels Attacked. Submarine Is Alleged to Have Given No Warning, But All the Vessels Escape Unharmed.

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