

DEWEY CALLS FIGHT IN NORTH SEA ABOUT EVEN UP IN RESULTS

Says It Emphasizes Need by United States of Battleship Equipment.

BIG FLEET IS ESSENTIAL

Vindicates Recommendations of General Board, Which He Leads, He Says; Should Settle Disputes.

Washington, June 10.—(I. N. S.)—Admiral George Dewey, president of the general and joint boards, today declared the North Sea battle between the British and German fleets ended in a draw.

"It looks about even up to me, so far as I am able to judge from the censored and exaggerated reports contained in the press dispatches.

"From the facts at hand, I would say the titanic struggle ended in a draw, each side apparently performing valourous feats of engagement."

"The outstanding fact of the engagement is that it emphasizes the great necessity of a world power having ample naval strength. It also emphasizes the fact that our navy should be equipped with more battleships."

"It should vindicate the recommendations of the general board and settle all disputes about the wisdom of the board's urgent requests for more powerful fighting strength."

"Latest reports show that it is possible to sink any kind of a battleship. Too much dependence cannot be placed on battle cruisers."

"Although speed is sacrificed for armor in battleships, this class of fighting machine will play the most important part in coming naval warfare."

"Until authentic reports of a detailed character are received it is impossible to comment on the significance of the engagement in any way except generally. Enough information is at hand, however, to prove that a powerful fleet is essential to the national defense."

"Kitchener on Board."

Aberdeen, June 10.—(I. N. S.)—Steamships arriving here report details of the loss of the cruiser Hampshire which was sunk with Earl Kitchener and staff on board.

The disaster occurred between Marwick Head and the Brough of Birsay. A vessel on patrol reports the warship on fire. The ship appeared to blow up. No sound of an explosion was heard, but sound could not travel far in the teeth of the storm that was raging.

Within 20 minutes the Hampshire went down. People on shore saw four boats launched. These were all battered to pieces on the rocks. Vessels were instantly summoned to the search. They found no trace of the sunken warship or even for a time of any floating bodies. The captain's gig was washed ashore but no one was clinging to it.

One raft was washed ashore with 12 men holding on. Battered and exhausted, one or two of the men murmured "Kitchener was on board" and then fell asleep. Seventy or 80 bodies found by a cliff were taken to St. Ronness and buried with full honors.

To Hold Memorial Service.

Los Angeles, Cal., June 10.—(P. N. S.)—British citizens in Los Angeles will hold a memorial service here tomorrow afternoon for the late Lord Kitchener. Several English organizations, including the Royal Oak Lodge, Sons of St. George, will participate. Following this service there will be a sermon on Kitchener in the evening.

HUGHES AND FAIRBANKS HEAD G. O. P.

(Continued From Page One)

unanimous, all opposition had collapsed, the name of Roosevelt was withdrawn, and the fight was over.

The official ballot counts show Hughes 94 1/2, Weeks 3, Roosevelt 18 1/2, Du Pont 2, La Follette 3, Lodge 7, absent 1. Total voting 98 1/2.

Seldom has there been a convention of any party in which the final moments were as tense as those in the Coliseum today. From the first minute of the convention gathering it was almost a certainty that Hughes would win, but dread of Roosevelt power and dickerings with the Bull Moose convention made every man in the Coliseum uneasy, until Alabama, Arizona, Arkansas and California votes had shown that the Hughes landslide had set in.

Colorado Changes Vote.

Colorado, on the first call, cast nine votes for Hughes and three for Roosevelt, but no sooner had Hughes been named than Colorado switched, withdrew Roosevelt's name and cast its solid vote for Hughes.

Solid votes for Hughes were then cast in order by Florida 3, Georgia 3, Idaho 8, Illinois 58, Indiana 39, Iowa 26, Kansas 29, Kentucky 26, Louisiana 12, Maine 12, Maryland 14, Massachusetts 32 votes for Hughes, 3 for Roosevelt and 1 for Weeks.

Michigan cast her solid 30 for Hughes and was followed by Minnesota 24, Mississippi 8 1/2 for Hughes and 3 1/2 for Roosevelt.

A. P. Moore of Pennsylvania, moved

FIRST TWO BALLOTS FOR THE PRESIDENCY

FIRST BALLOT

Table showing first ballot results for various states including Alabama, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Vermont, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin, Wyoming, and Hawaii.

Total: 253 1/2 votes. Other votes were cast as follows: Connecticut 2, Illinois 2, Minnesota 2, Nebraska 14, Oklahoma 2, South Dakota 10, Texas 1, Total 85. Brumbaugh—Pennsylvania 29, Knox—Pennsylvania 26, Ford—Michigan 20, Nebraska 2, Total 22. La Follette—North Dakota 10, Wisconsin 12, Total 22. Du Pont—Delaware 5, Georgia 3, Tennessee 1, Texas 1, West Virginia 2, Total 12. Willis—Wisconsin 3, Texas 1, Total 4. Fairbanks—Texas 1, Pennsylvania 1, Tennessee 1, Total 3.

SECOND BALLOT

Table showing second ballot results for various states including Alabama, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Vermont, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin, Wyoming, and Hawaii.

Total: 327 1/2 votes. Other votes were cast as follows: Alabama 4, Arkansas 1, California 11, Colorado 1, Connecticut 6, Delaware 5, Florida 6, Georgia 6, Idaho 2, Illinois 2, Indiana 2, Iowa 2, Kansas 10, Kentucky 11, Louisiana 11, Maine 8, Maryland 8, Massachusetts 12, Michigan 23, Minnesota 2, Mississippi 2, Missouri 2, Montana 2, Nebraska 2, Nevada 2, New Hampshire 2, New Jersey 2, New Mexico 2, New York 2, North Carolina 2, North Dakota 2, Ohio 2, Oklahoma 2, Oregon 2, Pennsylvania 2, Rhode Island 2, South Carolina 2, South Dakota 2, Tennessee 2, Texas 2, Utah 2, Vermont 2, Virginia 2, Washington 2, West Virginia 2, Wisconsin 2, Wyoming 2, and Hawaii 2.

HUGHES NOTIFIED OF CONVENTION'S ACTION BY CHAIRMAN HARDING

Chicago, June 10.—(U. P.)—The Republican national convention nominated Charles Evans Hughes of New York and Charles Warren Fairbanks of Indiana today. Choice for the presidential nomination was registered on the first ballot of the day—the third of a convention for this place—and selection of Fairbanks was reached on one ballot, after the Indiana statesman's name had been seconded by several of the favorite son states. The convention ignored Colonel Roosevelt's suggestion that Senator Henry Cabot Lodge be named as compromise candidate.

Hughes' nomination was made unanimous on motion of Alexander P. Moore of Pittsburgh and Senator Henry Cabot Lodge of Massachusetts.

Colonel Roosevelt, his nearest competitor for the honor, polled only 18 1/2 votes.

Illinois Withdrew First.

Illinois was the first of the states to withdraw her "favorite son" vote for Hughes' favor. Others clamored aboard the bandwagon in a regular

scramble as soon as the convention met.

Immediately on the conclusion of the third ballot nominating Justice Hughes, Chairman Warren G. Harding dispatched the following wire of congratulation to the nominee of the convention:

"Hon. Charles E. Hughes, Washington, D. C. With deliberation and enthusiasm under circumstances which could not have been more complimentary and with unanimity never excelled in past conventions you have been nominated by the Republicans of the nation as our candidate for the presidency of the United States by your countrymen. Voicing the sentiments of the convention over which I have presided by the courtesy of my fellow delegates, I congratulate you and the country upon the outcome of this convention. (Signed) 'WARREN G. HARDING, Chairman.'"

T. R. Tries to Swing Lodge. Selection of Justice Hughes came after Colonel Roosevelt had made a last-hour attempt to swing a compromise candidate for both his own Bull Moose party and the state standard-bearer of the Republicans, the person of Senator Henry Cabot Lodge of Massachusetts. It was perfectly apparent that the Republican delegates proposed to run their own team roller over the coliseum's aspirations on this year.

Selection of the "silent man" of present day American politics was celebrated by the usual convention uproar and parade of the state standards. There were brief but roof-raising bits of applause and then everybody stood up and talked and hand-clapped their enthusiasm.

California With State Banner. California with its state banner, led the parade of the states through the hall.

Hughes' nomination on an early ballot was indicated as early as midnight, when Sherman withdrew and asked that his 58 delegates vote for the supreme court justice. Ohio next swung into line, and then, just before the convention opened in Iowa, Massachusetts, Pennsylvania and others.

Senator Weeks, the only favorite son actually on the ground here, formally withdrew shortly after the convention met, appearing on the platform to declare he "wore no political scars" from his unsuccessful fight for the presidency.

Colony's Delegates Quiet.

"Big Steve" Stevenson, otherwise "Angie Archie," national committeeman from Colorado and from the first day of the convention a staunch Roosevelt supporter, interrupted the ballot to urge the delegates to support the Roosevelt nomination.

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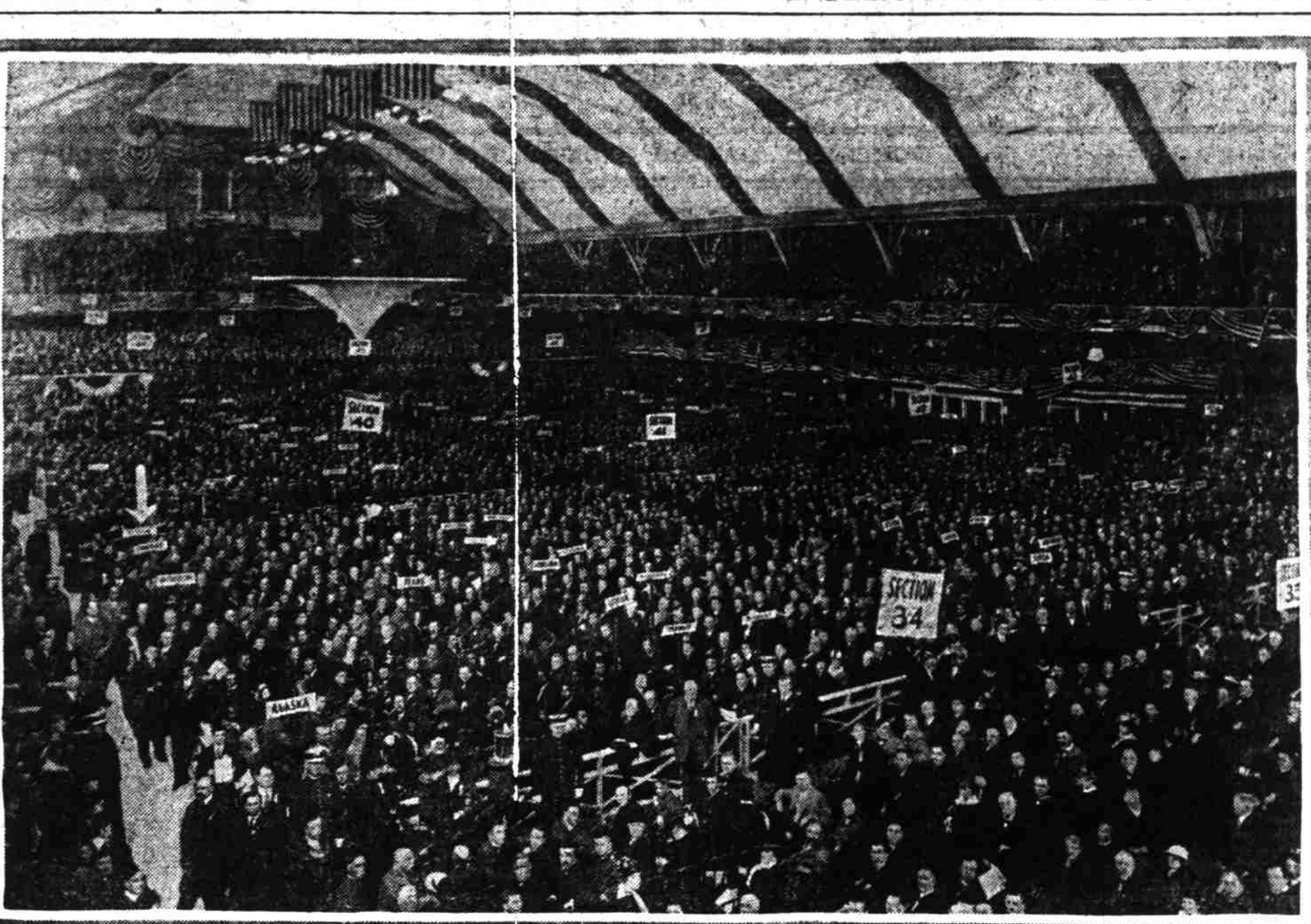
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INTERIOR OF THE COLISEUM UPON CONVENING OF REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION



The picture is taken from the rear of the hall. The sounding board, shaped like a "V," is directly over the speaker's stand. The organ section is marked with a white arrow.

NOMINATED FOR VICE PRESIDENT BY REPUBLICANS

Chicago, June 10.—(U. P.)—Oregon, through Albert Abrahamson, nominated William Grant Webster of Illinois, as vice president, he having received the highest number of votes in the recent primaries.

"I don't think he'll beat Fairbanks, here," he said, "but because he was named in the primaries we feel it our duty to present him."

Senator Fulton of Oregon, explained the matter. "Under our primary law," he said, "much to the amusement of the delegates, anybody can put his name on the ballot for vice president."

There was a roar of laughter as some one yelled "Amend it."

"Heaven be thanked," commented Chairman Harding.

At the end of the second ballot last night the Hughes people tried to force a third, but were overruled by the majority and an adjournment was taken until 11 o'clock today.

Balloting began at 7:30, after an uninterrupted session of 9 hours and 38 minutes of speechmaking. Hughes' lead was manifested almost immediately.

He received 253 1/2 votes on the first ballot, John E. Weeks of Massachusetts, being his next competitor with 105, and Elihu Root following with 102. Roosevelt received only 65. The remaining ballots were scattered among favorate sons.

On the second ballot Hughes began to gain slowly, but surely. Alabama, the first state called, gave him a solid vote. Following came California, contributing two more, Georgia one, Louisiana two, Maine two, Massachusetts, which after a poll gave eight additional Hughes votes taken from Weeks, Maine two, Missouri four, Nevada four, Idaho four, New Jersey four, and New York six.

New York Swings Around. New York, which had stood on the first ballot Root 43, Hughes 42, Roosevelt 2, swung around on the second to Hughes 43, Root 42, Roosevelt 2. The big swing was in Michigan, where the justice got 28 new votes all taken from the second ballot.

Henry Ford who got the solid delegation of 30 votes on the first ballot, Roosevelt got the other two votes on the second ballot.

Other states fell into line, but grudgingly and with little enthusiasm. When Pennsylvania was called upon, Boies Penrose asked that the delegation of Colonel Theodore Roosevelt be presented.

"It's all up to Roosevelt now." This was the declaration here in the session of the delegates should not be taken as a declaration of war on the nomination of Charles E. Hughes for the presidency by the Republican national convention.

"The issue," Johnson continued, "is now up before him for a decision. The question should be settled now, while the convention is still in session. The delegates should not be sent home with one idea, and find out later that things have turned out differently."

Up to Roosevelt to decide whether he will accept. The responsibility is his. He never yet has shirked responsibility.

The delegates went mad. Cheers and mighty volumes of "ayes" rent the air. Then followed the motion to suspend the rules.

Bedlam Follows Announcement. Bedlam again broke loose when Chairman Robins made the following announcement after the motion to suspend the rules had been carried: "The chairman of the convention announces the nomination by the Progressive national convention of William Grant Webster of Illinois for vice president."

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Here's a Man Never Feels Blue Although In Bluing Business



Charles W. Fairbanks of Indiana.

up against a gun. Now you gentlemen are up against a gun. I believe you should nominate Roosevelt without the loss of another second. I believe we should nominate him now. Therefore I second his nomination and urge that the rules be suspended by acclamation to make his nomination by acclamation before the landside occurs in the other convention."

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PERKINS REPORTS THAT ROOSEVELT IS NOT ACCEPTABLE

Chicago, June 10.—(U. P.)—George W. Perkins today reported to a meeting of Progressive state chairmen that the Republicans' peace conferees had made him a definite promise of amalgamation, which would not include the name of Roosevelt.

The expected definite break in the Progressive ranks in the conferees between the two peace committees came when Governor Johnson of California and Parker of Louisiana refused to return for further deliberations after a recess was taken. Perkins, Bonaparte and White, on returning to the Blackstone from the Chicago club, said that they might go back.

But Johnson and Parker made it clear that they were through. Clifford Pinchot, James R. Garfield and White went into a separate conference with Parker and Johnson. White said: "There will be an explosion this morning."

To Nominates at Once. Professor Albert Bushnell Hart of Massachusetts, coming from the con-

ference room of the state chairman, said: "We will nominate at once. Forty-three of the 48 chairmen are for it."

Allen added: "We will leave the baby on Colonel Roosevelt's doorstep."

The conference committee reached the director at 11:10. Perkins will meet the vital needs of the nation until 1 o'clock. We were again asked to state our second choice for a candidate for president. We maintained our position that we had presented a candidate and they had not.

"We advanced our arguments. The Republican conferees returned and asked us what we thought of Justice Hughes. We asked if each of them desired to sign a statement on Hughes and they replied no. Then we adjourned and met again this morning."

All Agreed on Hughes. "As far as we entered the conference today they told us they had all five agreed to Justice Hughes. We took that into consideration and put it before our state chairmen again."

"We decided to present their communication to this convention. The question of a second choice on our part has been deeply discussed, and we laid the whole matter before Colonel Roosevelt last night and Colonel Roosevelt sent a telegram."

The telegram said in part: "I understand you are to have your last conference today with the Republican conferees but that your committee has not settled on a second choice. For months I have thought of this matter and I appreciate your loyal standing ground. Can we not forget our past differences and find a common ground by which we can express our Americanism?"

Appeal to Both Parties. "As far as my soul is known to me, I make my appeal to the republicans and Progressives now in Chicago. In this spirit I appeal to you Progressives to forego your prejudice and your jealousy to me and I realize that this loyalty is a loyalty to principles for which we both stand."

"In view of the existing conditions, I suggest the name of Henry Cabot Lodge of Massachusetts. He is a man of the highest integrity and the broadest national spirit in that he has close knowledge of our naval affairs and understands and supported preparedness in upbuilding the navy and the army and protection of the Panama Canal."

Believe in Will Meet Nation's Needs. "He has stood for the Progressive legislation like the pure food law, the labor bureau and other laws."

If you do not agree with us, please lay this telegram before the Republican and Progressive conventions. "Let me again recall what I said in

Favorite Sons Quit In Favor of Justice Hughes' Nomination

Chicago, June 10.—(U. P.)—The second break in the ranks of the favorite sons came early today. Following the withdrawal of Governor Brumbaugh after the first ballot yesterday, the managers of Lawrence Y. Sherman gave up the ship about dawn. Illinois will join the Hughes forces on the first ballot today and Sherman delegates, scattered elsewhere, are expected to follow.

Other breaks in the allied ranks are expected soon after balloting is under way, until the field is narrowed down to three or four men.

"Favorite sons' row was not a cheery episode about 4 a. m. today. Frazied managers slipped away for a few hours' rest, after a series of long conferences; but it was evident the powwows had availed nothing in the way of a combination to head off Hughes."

Count Not Agreed. The managers of Burton, Fairbanks, Cummins and Root were ready to renew the battle, but they had not agreed on one of their candidates to be the recipient of their combined strength. Individually, they declared it possible to prolong the contest by continuing each favorite son for himself, but none was willing to let Hughes' managers, first to this favorite and then to that, offering them the vice presidency if it would deliver his strength to Hughes. The vice presidential bait did not appear at all realistic, all realized the moment they began dickerings for second place their chance for first place would go glimmering.

Right Unite on Harding. A number of definite plans were under consideration by the favorite son managers today. One was to start a movement for Senator Warren G. Harding to the vice presidency. The favorite son delegates might be able to combine on him and defeat Hughes. Uninstructed delegations were being watched by the favorite son managers. There was coming in early today that first one uninstructed state and then another would break away and go to Hughes.

At a meeting which did not adjourn until almost daybreak, Senator Weeks' supporters were released from their pledge to Weeks, and agreement reached to vote for Hughes. Rufus H. Wilson, Weeks' manager, made the announcement of this step upon his arrival at the convention shortly before noon.

Roosevelt Reading Hughes' Acceptance. Oyster Bay, N. Y., June 10.—(U. P.)—Colonel Roosevelt will have the full text of Justice Hughes' statement on acceptance within a few minutes. Mrs. Richard Dugay, his daughter, is motoring to Sagamore Hill from Oyster Bay with the statement. Telephone inquiries to the colonel's home for comment on ex-President Taft's statement urging him not to accept the Progressive nomination brought the reply that Roosevelt had nothing to say, "for the present."

SUMMER WEARINESS. Norford's Acid Phosphate. Quickly relieves hot weather languor, exhaustion and nervousness. Buy a bottle—Adv.

Captain Cleaver of Navy Dies at Hotel

Captain Henry Tyson Cleaver, United States Navy (retired), died at 6 o'clock yesterday morning at the Hotel Mallory. Captain Cleaver was appointed to the navy in 1871 from Pennsylvania, and retired in 1905. He leaves a widow, Mrs. Mary Porter Cleaver, a former resident of Boise, Idaho.

Foreclosure Suit Filed. Vancouver, Wash., June 9.—Suit to foreclose a certificate of delinquency on lot 22, block 11, Minnehaha Park addition to city of Vancouver was filed in the superior court Friday by Adah McMullen against J. G. O'Mara and others. Plaintiff asks judgment in the sum of \$12,651, which includes taxes for several years and interest.

Money by Fraud Charged. Eugene O'Connor, connected with the Oregon Produce company, was arrested today by the constable's office on a warrant charging him with obtaining money under false pretenses.

Admits Opium Possession. On plea of guilty to a charge of having had opium in his possession, George Smith was this morning fined \$150 by Federal Judge Bean.

The Ideal Hot Weather Food. ROMAN MEAL BREAD. Roman Meal is ground whole from hard winter wheat and rye, combined with "Flaxose"—a pre-digested, odorless, tasteless pure ground flaxseed. There is no medicine in the meal or bread. Made only by the LOG CABIN BAKING CO. For sale at All Groceries—Five Cents.

THEATRE. Turner & Dahnke Circuit. PORTLAND'S LARGEST HOME OF THE PHOTODRAMA. LAST TIME TODAY. The Screen's Greatest Favorite. Anita Stewart in "The Suspect" and Official Rose Festival Pictures. Three Days—Commencing Tomorrow. Charles Cherry and Mary Charleson in "The Passers By." An Exceptional Dramatic Unique in Theme by C. Haddon Chambers. ALSO. NEW ROSE FESTIVAL PICTURES. Opp. Hotel Oregon and Imperial Hotel. PHONE MAIN 68. Broadway at Stark.

Why shouldnt you get a lot of satisfaction out of the OWL? It's certainly made carefully enough, and as for flavor and mellowness—well, just try it! After all, that's the proof. The Million Dollar Cigar. M.A. GUNST & CO. INCORPORATED.