"Personal

RAILROAD MEN WILL

Spokane, Portland & Seattle railway. The railroad men will be greeted by

E. J. Jaeger vice-president of the flesta and chairman of the highway dedication committee. Luncheon will be served at Chanticleer Inn and the return to Portland will be made late

The party will leave the Chamber of Commerce at 9:30 a. m. Stops will be made at several points along the roadway including Multnomah Falls where the national dedication takes place June 7 opening day of the festival.

The trip to Portland at this time will give the railroad men of Oregon, Washington, Montana, Idaho and British Columbia personal knowledge of and the general features of the Rose Festival, June 7, 8 and 9, The railroad men to be in the party today, according to advices received up

to a late hour last night are as fol-Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul—W. P. War-ler, A. G. F. & P. A., Spokane; A. P. Chap-nen, G. A., P. D., Seattle E. K. Garrison, J. F. & P. A., Portland; G. B. Webster, C. War Hurts Rusin P. A., Portland,
Spokane & Inland Empire—A. H. Eldredge,
agent, Colfax; J. A. Patton, agent, Rosalia;
G. S. Richardson, agent, Moscow; E. H. Fraser, agent, Palouse; M. Hossfeld, agent, Cound'Alene; E. D. Nye, agent, Garfield; E. P.,
Cottle, agent, Oakesdale; R. S. Brown, T. F.,
& P. A., Spokane; W. P. Johnston, chiefclerk, Spokane; Waldo G. Palne, V. P. & T.
M. Spokane; Waldo G. Palne, V. P. & T.
M. Spokane spokane. ithern Pacific—A. S. Rosenbaum, agent, The M. Johann agent, Grants Pass;

Southern Pacific—A. S. Rosenbaum, agent, Medford; J. M. Isham, agent, Grants Pass; L. B. Moore, agent, Roseburg; A. J. Gillette, agent, Eugene; A. A. Mickel, agent, Salein; S. T. Johnson, agent, Woodburn; D. R. Livinggood, afent, McMinnville; L. N. Wood, agent, Dallas; L. L. Graham, agent, Corvallis; C. C. Pattison, ticket clerk, Portland; C. C. Thompson, ticket clerk, Portland; L. Driscoll, ticket clerk, Portland; A. B. Stratton, ticket clerk, Portland.
Canadian Pacific—A. L. Welsh, ticket clerk

nd. Spokane International Ry.—C. C. Tourgee, C. P. & T. A., Spokane.
Great Northern—H. Dickson, C. T. A., Portland; F. H. McDonald, ticket agent, Portland; live in tea.
T. MacRae, ticket clerk, Portland; W. H.
Lupin, T. R. A., Seattle; H. E. Stephens,
C. T. A., Everett; J. O. Richards, C. F. & launches.

VEW THE COLUMBIA

HIGHWAY'S SCENERY

HIGHWAY'S SAFILLY POTLANG, TAN POTLANG, TAN POTLANG, HIGHWAY SOLOR PO

erk, Spokane. New York Central—Tom Dickson, Portland. Chicago & Northwestern—C. C. Coleman, Portland.

Grand Trunk—Robert L. Burnap, F. T. M., blicago; J. W. Burgis, G. A. P. D., Seattle; L. Norman, C. A., Seattle; George Kirth, Spokane, Portland & Seattle Hailway—R. I. Crozier, A. G. P. A., Portland; G. B. Johnon, G. A., Astoria; G. L. Tabke, T. F. & P. A. Astoria; J. A. Moore, ticket clerk, Spokane; D. C. Freeman, Adv. Agt., Portland; J. Hodder, agent Astoria; J. A. R. Inckson.

J. J. Hoydar, agent, Astoria; A. B. Jacksen, general agent, Spokane; H. W. Wagner, ticket clerk, Spokane; R. J. Cornell, Portland; F. J. M. Shatko, Portland; Kit Carson, Portland; E. ence for the several occupations fol-Oregon Trunk—D. Keller, agent, Redmond;
A. F. Shugert, agent, Madras,
Oregon Electric—F. S. Appleman, agent, Corvallis; J. W. Ritchie, agent, Salem; H. S. Logan, agent, Albany; G. il. Mason, agent, Filisboro; J. E. Farmer, agent, Forest Grove, Pacific Coast Steamship Co.—R. O. Osburn, C. P. A., Portland.
Rock Island—M. J. Geary, T. P. A., Sectible San Francisco & Portland S. S. Co .- H. A

Mosher, C. T. A., Portland, Pennsylvania Tailroad—E. W. Mosher,

European Contest Has Shut off Dx-

hurt their industry. Most of the pearls found in the White river were exported and the war has shut off most of the demand. The fishers have one consolation, the war has increased the demand for pearl buttons, manufactured from mussel shells. The shells are selfing from \$10 to \$40 per ton. Fishermen frequently recover half a ton of shells a day. Button factories are working overtime. The fishermen live in tents and houseboats and not a few are equipped with gasoline launches.

Shall be divided into three equal periods of four months each. No person shall employ any woman in a weekly wage rate of less than \$7: or for the second period at a weekly wage rate of less than \$7: or for the third period at a weekly wage rate of less than \$7: or for the third period at a weekly wage rate of less than \$7: or for the third period at a weekly wage rate of less than \$7: or for the second period at a weekly wage rate of less than \$7: or for the second period at a weekly wage rate of less than \$7: or for the second period at a weekly wage rate of less than \$7: or for the second period at a weekly wage rate of less than \$7: or for the second period at a weekly wage rate of less than \$7: or for the second period at a weekly wage rate of less than \$7: or for the second period at a weekly wage rate of less than \$7: or for the second period at a weekly wage rate of less than \$7: or for the third period at a weekly wage rate of less than \$7: or for the second period at a weekly wage rate of less than \$7: or for the second period at a weekly wage rate of less than \$7: or for the second period at a weekly wage rate of less than \$7: or for the second period at a weekly wage rate of less than \$7: or for the second period at a weekly wage rate of less than \$7: or for the second period at a weekly wage rate of less than \$7: or for the second period at a weekly wage rate of less than \$7: or for the second period at a weekly wage rate of less than \$7: or for the second period at a weekly wage rate of less than \$7: or for the second period

HEN the Goodyear Service Station Dealer talks to you about Goodyear Tire Accessories, credit him with trying to render a real service.

He will show you that the Goodyear Tire Saver Kit contains materials for making road repairs when accidents occur.

He will test your wheel alignment; he will suggest an Inside Protector if such can add to the mileage of an old tire: he will recommend Goodyear Tire Putty to fill tread cuts and prevent damage from dirt and water.

He sells tire satisfaction in addition to tires; he is not content until you are fully and finally pleased.





REGULATIONS AFFECTING WOMEN WORKERS URGED

Hours of Labor, Minimum Wage, Sanitary and Apprenticeship Conditions Affecting Women Workers Have Been Considered,

trial Welfare commission is about Recommendations on the hours of labor wages apprenticeship, sanitary

lated in accordance to a program outlined by the commission. The report is now ready, but for purpose of final review and that the public may have an opportunity to consider it in its entirety a final pub-

lic hearing will be held by the confer-Recommendations are made under seven heads, there being in effect seven conferences with identical person-

manufacturing, laundry, personal service, public housekeeping, telephone and telegraph and office occupations. Cannery work is not included under manufacturing as the Industrial Welfare commission is investigating this field separately. The personnel of the conference is

as follows: Representing the public, E MacNaughton, chairman; W. L. Brewster, Mrs. G. J. Frankel; representing the employers, Thomas Roberts Sr., Everett Ames and A. C. Callan; representing the employes, Mrs. L. Gee, Mrs. Rose Herst and Miss Nell Younger. The recommendations of the confer-

HOURS OF LABOR FOR THE WOMEN ARE RECOMMENDED

First-No person shall employ any mercantile establishment for more than eight hours and 20 minutes in any one day.
Second—No person shall employ any War Hurts Business of the city of Portland, in any mercantile establishment, for more than

cantile establishment, for more than nine hours a day. Third—No person shall employ any experienced woman in the city of ports But Price in This Country for Portland in any mercantile establishment at a weekly wage rate of less than \$9.25 Fourth—The length of the apprenticeship term for women workers in mercantile establishments shall be one and such apprenticeship term

a. m. and 8:30 p. m., without at least 45 minutes of rest. Eleath—No person shall employ any woman in the city of Portland in a mercantile establishment, other than

confectionery store later than 8:30

confectionery store later than 8:30 o'clock p. m.
Tenth—"Mercantile occupation" shall include the work of those employed in establishments operated for the purpose of trade in the purchase or sale of any goods or merchandise, and includes the sales force, the wrapping employes, the auditing or check inspection force, the shoppers in the mail order department, the receiving marking and stock employes, telephone operators, sheet music saleswomen and planists who are sheet music demonstrators. women and planists who are sheet nustic demonstrators.

"Mercantile establishment" shall include any place where the work of the mercantile occupation is performed.

"Experienced woman" means a woman who has completed her apprenticeship. An experienced woman shall be considered to remain an experienced woman and entitled to the minimum wage as such, while in the same line of business with or without change of employers, but the commission will take into consideration cases in which, by change of employers, or by lapse of time, between periods of employment, such experienced woman may have lost her standing as such, and may not be entitled to the minimum wage, and the commission may, in its discretion, and upon proper showing made, require such women to work for such period and wage as it shall determine to be proper before she shall be reinstated as an experienced woman.

"Person" shall include person, firm, institution, corporation or association. nrusic demonstrators.

be reinstated as an experienced woman.

"Person" shall include person, firm, institution, corporation or association.

Eleventh—The commission may, upon application and showing, permit any person to work women more than the prescribed maximum hours per day, but not exceeding the prescribed maximum hours per week. Such permission shall be granted for such period of time and upon such conditions as may seem proper to said commission.

sion.

The foregoing definitions of "experienced woman" and "person" and the recommendation that the commission may permit any person to work more than the prescribed hours per day apply to all occupations.

TELEPHONE COMPANY WOMEN EMPLOYES' WAGE RATE IS FIXED

The conference on telephone and telegraph occupation recommends:

First—No person shall employ any woman in the state of Oregon in a telephone or telegraph establishment more than nine hours in any one day Second—No person shall employ any experienced woman in the city of Portland in any telephone or telegraph establishment at a weekly wage rate of less than \$8.64.

Third—No person shall employ any experienced woman in the state of Oregon, outside the city of Portland, in any telephone or telegraph establishment, at time rates of payment, at a weekly wage of less than \$8.25.

Fourth—The maximum length of the apprenticeship term for women workers in telephone or telegraph establishments shall be one year.

This apprenticeship term for telephone establishments shall be one year.

This apprenticeship term for telephone establishments shall be divided into four equal periods of three months each. No person shall employ any woman in any telephone establishment for the first period at a weekly wage rate of less than \$6.60; or for the third period at a weekly wage rate of less than \$7.20; or for the fourth period at a weekly rate of less than \$7.80.

The apprenticeship term for telegraph establishment for more than the first period at a weekly rate of less than \$7.80.

The apprenticeship term for telegraph establishment for more than the first period at a weekly wage rate of less than \$7.80.

The apprenticeship term for telegraph establishment for more than the first period at a weekly wage of less than \$6.00; or for the third period at a weekly wage of less than \$6.00; or for the third period at a weekly wage of less than \$6.00; or for the third period at a weekly wage of less than \$6.00; or for the third period at a weekly wage of less than \$6.00; or for the third period at a weekly wage of less than \$6.00; or for the third period at a weekly wage of less than \$6.00; or for the third period at a weekly wage of less than \$6.00; or for the third period at a weekly wage of less than \$6.00; or for the third period at a

After deliberations and public hear-ings extending over two months, the conference committee of the Indus-trial Welfare commission is about

work.
Seventh—No person shall employ any woman in the state of Oregon working during seven days in any one one week in any telegraph establish ment more than six days of eight hours each, and one day of six hours in any calendar week

nany calendar week.

Eighth—No person shall employ any woman in a telephone or telegraph establishment for more than six hours of continuous labor between the hours of 7 a, m, and 8:30 p. m, without at least 45 minutes of rest.

Tenth—Upon application and showing, the commission may, upon such terms as it deems proper, release any such applicant, employing less than ten operators, from compliance with rules numbers five, six and seven

LAUNDRIES PLACED ON THE BASIS OF NINE HOURS DAILY

The conference on laundry occupation recommends: First—No person shall employ any woman in the state of Oregon in any laundry establishment more than nine hours in any one day. Second—No person shall employ any rottand in any laundry establishment at a weekly wage rate of less than \$8.54.

Third—No person shall employ any woman at time rates of payment at a weekly wage rate of less than \$8.54.

Third—No person shall employ any woman at time rates of payment at a weekly wage rate of less than \$8.54.

Fourth—The length of the apprenticeship term for women workers in laundry establishments shall be one year, and such apprenticeship term of shall employ any woman at time rates of payment in any manufacturing of shall employ any woman at time rates of payment in any manufacturing of four months each. No person shall employ any woman at time rates of payment in any manufacturing of less than \$8.25.

Fourth—The length of the apprenticeship term for women workers in laundry establishments shall be one year, and such apprenticeship term for women workers in shall employ any woman at time rates of payment in any laundry establishment at a weekly wage rate of less than \$8.25.

Fourth—The length of the apprenticeship term for women workers in laundry establishments shall be one year, and such apprenticeship term for women workers in laundry establishment shall be one year, and such apprenticeship term for women workers in laundry establishment at a weekly wage rate of less than \$8.25.

Fourth—The length of the apprenticeship term for women workers in laundry establishment at time rates of payment in any laundry establishment at time rates of payment in any laundry establishment at time rates of payment in any laundry establishment at time rates of payment in any one than \$4 hours in one calendar work. Second—No person shall employ any woman in the city of Portland, in any office are a monthly to apprent the properly any woman in the city of Portland in any office are a monthly to apprent the city of Portland, and not apprenticeship term for women workers in laundry establishment at time rates of payment in any office are a monthly to apprent the city of Portland. The properly any office are an onthir work at a weekly wage rate of riod at a weekly wage rate of less than \$8. Fifth—The average weekly wage for

Fifth—The average weekly wage for all experienced women employed at piece rates in any laundry establishment shall not be less than \$8.64 in the city of Portland, and not less than \$8.25 in the state of Oregon outside of the city of Portland, and that at least seventy-five per cent (75%) of least seventy-five per cent (75%) of such employes shall be paid not less than said minimum wage and not more than twenty-five per cent (25%) of such employes shall be paid less than the said minimum wage; provided however that after any woman or ed, however, that after any woman or girl has been employed at prevailing piece rates for three weeks, she shall then be paid not less than \$6 a week, even if the amount earned at piece of not less than 60 days shall be taker woman in the state of Oregon in any laundry establishment for more than six days in one calendar week. Seventh—No person shall employ Seventh-No person shall employ any woman in any laundry establish-ment for more than six hours of cona. m. and 8:30 p. m., without at least
45 minutes of rest.

Eighth—No person shall employ any
woman in the city of Portland in a
mercantile establishment, other than
a confectionery store, later than 6
o'clock p. m.

Ninth—No person shall employ any
woman in the state of Oregon outside the city of Portland in a mercantile establishment other than a
confectionery store later than 8:30

O'clock p. m.; provided, that the commission may upon application, grant
emergency overtime.

Ninth—A laundry is a place where
clothes are washed and cleaned by clothes are washed and cleaned by any process, by any person, firm, insti-tution, corporation or association, and laundry work shall include all the processes connected with the receiving marking, washing, cleaning and ironing and distribution of washable and cleanable materials. The work performed in laundry departments in hotels and factories shall be considered as laundry work ered as laundry work.

PUBLIC HOUSEKEEPING RULE PROVIDES FOR A NINE-HOUR LIMIT

The conference on public housekeeping occupation recommends:
First—No person shall employ any woman in the state of Oregon in any public housekeeping establishment more than nine hours in any one day.

more than nine hours in any one day.

Second—No person shall employ any experienced woman in the city of Portland in any public housekeeping establishment at time rates of payment at a weekly wage rate of less than \$8.64.

Third—No person shall employ any experienced woman in the state of Oregon, outside the city of Portland, in any public housekeeping establishment at time rates of payment at a weekly wage rate of less than \$8.25.

Fourth—The maximum length of apprenticeship term for women workers in public housekeeping establishments shall be one year, and such apprenticeship term shall be divided into three equal parts of four months each. No person shall employ any woman at time rate in any public housekeeping establishment during the first period at a weekly wage rate of less than \$6,

establishment during the first period at a weekly wage rate of less than \$6, or for the second period at a weekly wage rate of less than \$7, or for the third period at a weekly wage rate of less than \$7, or for the third period at a weekly wage rate of less than \$8.

Fifth—No person shall employ any woman in any public domestic occupation for more than six hours of continuous labor between the hours of 7 a m. and \$130 p. m., without at least 45 minutes of rest.

Sixth—"Public housekeeping occupation" includes the work of waitresses in restaurants, hotel dining rooms, boarding houses and all atresses in restaurants, notel dining rooms, boarding houses and all attendants employed at ice cream and light lunch stands and steam table or counter work in cafeterias and delicatessens where freshly cocked foods are served, and the chambermaids in hotels and lodging houses and boarding houses, and the work of janitresses and car cleaners, and the work of kitchen help in hotels and restaurants. taurants.

The work in a candy selling department which is conducted in connection with an ice cream, soft drink or light lunch counter or with a restaurant, will be considered a public

PERSONAL SERVICE WAGE MINIMUM IS \$8.64 PER WEEK

The conference on personal service occupation recommends: First—No person shall employ any woman in the state of Oregon in any personal service establishment more than nine hours in any one day.

Second—No person shall employ any experienced woman in the city of experienced woman in the city of Portland in any personal service es-tablishment at a weekly wage rate of less than \$8.64. Third—No person shall employ any experienced woman in the state of Oregon outside the city of Portland in months each. No person shall employ any woman in any telegraph establishment for more than the first person at a weekly wage of less than \$6; or for the second period at a weekly wage of less than \$7; or for the third period at a weekly wage rate of less than \$8. Fifth—No person shall employ any woman in the city of Portland in any telephone establishment for more than six days in one calendar week.

Sixth—No person shall employ any woman in the state of Oregon outside the city of Portland in any personal service establishment at term for women workers in personal service establishment shall be one year, and such apprenticeship term shall be divided into three equal periods of four months each. No person shall employ any personal service establishment for the first period at a weekly wage rate of less than \$6; or for the second period at a weekly wage rate of less than \$7;

WOOLEN MILLS MAY EMPLOY WOMEN ON

commendations are made: manufacturing establishment more than nine hours in any one day, ex-cept that woolen mills may work their employes ten hours a day for five days and four hours on the sixth day, with 54 hours the maximum for a week, Second—No person shall employ any land, in any manufacturing establish-ment, at time rates of payment at a weekly wage rate of less than \$8.64.
Third—No person shall employ any experienced woman in the state of Oregon, outside the city of Portland. in any manufacturing establishment ship term for women workers in man-

week.

Sixth—No person shall employ any piece rates for three weeks, she shall woman in a personal service establishment for more than six hours of continuous labor between the hours of piece rates be less than that sum. In 7 a. m. and 8:20 p. m., without at least 45 minutes of rest.

Seventh—"Personal service occupation" shall include manicuring, hair dressing, barbering and other work of like nature.

"Personal service establishment" manufacturing establishment for more in the state of Oregon in any manufacturing establishment for more manufacturing establishment for more than six days in one calendar week. Seventh—No person shall employ any woman in any manufacturing establishment for more than six hours of continuous labor between the hours of 7 a. m. and 8:30 p. m., without at least 45 minutes of rest.

Eighth—No person shall employ any woman in the state of Oregon in any manufacturing establishment later than 8:30 o'clock p. m., provided that the commission may, upon application, grant emergency overtime.

Ninth—"Manufacturing occupation" shall include all processes in the proservice establishment" shall include any place where the work Se of the personal service occupation is any performed. shall include all processes in the pro-duction of commodities. Included in this term is the work performed in dressmaking shops and wholesale occupations recommends for such ocmillinery houses, in workrooms of re-tail millinery shops, and in the dra-pery and furniture covering workrooms, the garment alteration, art needlegarment alteration. work, fur garment making and workrooms in mercantile stores and the candy making department of retail candy stores and of establishments having a candy counter. Fruit and vegetable drying, canning, preserving and packing establishments are considered separately and excluded from the foregoing recommendations.

from the foregoing recommendations. OFFICE EMPLOYES WAGE MINIMUM \$40 FOR A MONTH!

The conference on office occupation First-No person shall employ any

ond period at a weekly wage rate of less than \$7; or for the third period at a weekly wage rate of less than \$8. Fifth—No person shall employ any woman in the state of Oregon in any office for more than six days in one

calendar week.
Sixth—No person shall employ any woman in any office for more than six hours of continuous labor between the hours of 7 a, m, and 8:30 p. m. without at least 45 minutes of rest.
Seventh—Office occupation includes the work of those employed as stenoographers brookkeepers typists, billing the work of those employed as stenographers, bookkeepers, typists, billing
clerks, filing clerks, cashiers in moving picture theatres, restaurants,
amusement parks, ice cream stands
and the like, checkers, invoicers, comptometer operators, auditors, attendants
in physicians' and dentists' offices and
all kinds of clerical work.

"An office" shall include any place
where office or clerical work is done

SANITARY RULES COVER EXTENSIVE FIELD OF ACTIVITY

No person, firm, association, instior corporation, subject to acts amendatory thereof, shall employ, or suffer or permit any woman or minor to work in any occupation in the state of Oregon in which the conditions are below the following standards: First—Cleanliness. Every room and he floors, walls, ceilings, windows and every other part thereof, and all ixtures therein shall, at all times, the industrial weitare mission may, upon application showing, release such applicant compliance with the foregoing region of the industrial weitare mission may, upon applicant to compliance with the foregoing region of the industrial weitare mission may, upon applicant to compliance with the foregoing region of the industrial weitare mission may, upon applicant to compliance with the foregoing region of the industrial weitare mission may, upon applicant to compliance with the industrial weitare mission may, upon applicant to compliance with the industrial weitare mission may, upon applicant to compliance with the foregoing region of the industrial weitare mission may, upon applicant to compliance with the foregoing region of the industrial weitare mission may upon applicant to compliance with the foregoing region of the industrial weitare mission may upon applicant to compliance with the foregoing region of the industrial weitare mission may upon applicant to compliance with the foregoing region of the industrial weitare mission may upon applicant to compliance with the foregoing region of the industrial weitare mission may upon applicant to compliance with the foregoing region of the industrial weitare mission may upon applicant to compliance with the foregoing region of the industrial weitare mission may upon applicant to compliance with the foregoing region of the industrial weitare mission may upon applicant to compliance with the foregoing region of the industrial weitare with the foregoing region of the industrial weitare with the industrial weitare mission mission may upon applicant to compliance with the industrial weitare mission mission may upon applicant to compliance with the industrial weitare with the industrial weitare mission m the floors, walls, ceilings, windows and every other part thereof, and all fixtures therein shall, at all times, fixtures therein shall, at all times, be kept in a clean and sanitary con-dition.

Second—Drinking water. A suffi-cient quantity of drinking water, with-in reasonable access to all workers, shall be provided, with sanitary ap-

or for the third period at a weekly wage rate of less than \$8.

Fifth—No person shall employ any woman in the state of Oregon in any personal service establishment for more than six days in one calendar week.

Sixth—No person shall employ any large rate of less than \$1.

Sixth—No person shall employ any woman or girl has been employed at prevailing rate of less than \$2.

Sixth—No person shall employ any woman or girl has been employed at prevailing rate of less than \$4.

Sixth—No person shall employ any woman or girl has been employed at prevailing rate of less than \$4.

Sixth—No person shall employ any woman or girl has been employed at prevailing rate of less than \$4.

Sixth—No person shall employ any woman or girl has been employed at prevailing rate of less than \$4.

Sixth—No person shall employ any woman or girl has been employed at a weekly wage rate of less than \$4. Such toilets must be thoroughly kept in a clean and sanitary

able space effectively screened be provided for women to their street clothes for w

Tables and benches, so constructed to give the greatest possible comic and convenience to women and misemployes, considering the requirements of the work upon which the convenient and comfortable seats misles be furnished where the nature the work is such that employes. the work is such that employes slt while working. Ninth—Expectoration. Signs 1 sit while working.

Ninth—Expectoration. Signs me be placed in all rooms forbidding pectoration on the walls or floor, suitable and sanitary receptacles me be provided for this purpose. The receptacles must be cleaned daily.

Tenth—Where there are less the four women employed by any perform, association, institution or operation, the industrial weitare comission may, upon application

Berlin, May 13 .- (L. N. 8.)-1 mals mostly come from the north many of them are brought from bia, . The beautiful, full bic mounts are distributed among higher officers and it is a pity most of them will be dead in a

soon as practicable, prepare a di-tory code, describing proper sant conditions, and give this code.

tory code, describing proper san conditions, and give this code distribution in order that empire of women and minors may have b

I Am Fighting to Keep Prices Down!

By RAY BARKHURST

The price of woolens—of trimmings—of everything that goes into the making of men's fine clothing—is going up day by day. I am not going to raise prices till I am forced to. Will you help me keep them down? I have been scouring the country from one end to the other to get my materials at the lowest possible price-

And I Have Succeeded In Making a Great Purchase

In my stock and in my windows you will find hundreds of patterns displayed. They include about every weave and fabric, every shade and color, every plain and staple pattern that the average well-dressed man could think of. A big showing in medium and heavy-weight blue serges. The man that can't be suited in this magnificent selection is hard to please, indeed.



I am placing on sale hundreds of fine patterns @ made to your individual measure for

Monday Tuesday

There are values among them that ought to bring from \$30 to \$40, and many of the high-priced shops would charge even more.

But I am going to continue to do as I have always done

Give values that positively cannot be approached by anyone else-and I am going to give my friends and customers the benefit of this fortunate purchase

at least as long as this shipment of woolens lasts. Remember this—every garment ordered in my establishment is keeping tailors busy that live here in Portland. They are married men with families. If you believe in home industry, this is one way you can help both Portland and yourself. I have built thousands of suits in this city, and I know how to please you.

RAY BARKHURST

Corner Sixth and Stark

Portland's Leading Tailor