"IT'S ALL HERE and IT'S ALL TRUE" — 1 O'CLOCK EDITION

Oregon Daily Journal

WITH HER THE UNION SHE FLIES OWN WINGS

1 O'CLOCK EDITION

THE WEATHER — Tonight and tomorrow, rain; southerly winds. Humidity, 83.

VOL. XV. NO. 9. PORTLAND, OREGON, TUESDAY EVENING, MARCH 21, 1916.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. PRICE TWO CENTS ON TRAINS AND NEWS STANDS FIVE CENTS

FUNSTON SENDS CALL FOR MORE BORDER TROOPS

General Pershing Announces Carranzistas Severely Defeated Bandit Leader in Battle at Namiquipa.

AMERICAN AVIATOR IS BADLY INJURED BY FALL

Lieutenant Thomas Bowen of Aviation Corps Drops With Aeroplane.

Army Aviator Falls.

El Paso, Texas, March 21.—(U. P.)—Lieutenant Thomas S. Bowen, of the American expeditionary force has been seriously injured "somewhere in Mexico," it was announced today. His aeroplane fell while he was scouting for Villistas. Bowen went from San Antonio to join the expedition.

This is the first time on record that an American army aviator has been injured in active service.

Two Aeroplanes Lost.

Columbus, N. M., March 21.—Advices received here this afternoon say that two aeroplanes of the first squadron have been lost in flight from here for the front in Mexico.

No mention was made in the dispatch of the identity of the aviators in charge of the two missing machines.

San Antonio, Texas, March 21.—(U. P.)—General Funston today announced he had asked the war department to give him additional troops, so he could adequately protect General Pershing's "dangerously thin" lines of communication.

Funston refused to make public the number of troops needed. He said he preferred Washington to furnish that information.

Funston did not state whom he regarded as possible enemies necessitating the use of additional troops. The reinforcements required consist of cavalry and infantry and probably of artillery also.

Thirty thousand soldiers are now in Funston's district, but most of them are needed for patrol duties. Funston had no word from Pershing this afternoon. His latest advices placed Villa in the Las Cruces district.

Washington informed Funston that $20,000 had been placed to his credit to be used in employing guides, scouts and interpreters.

Villa Is Defeated.

El Paso, Texas, March 21.—(U. P.)—General John J. Pershing wirelessed his headquarters at Columbus today that Carranzistas yesterday severely defeated the Villistas in a pitched battle. Villa, retreated into the Santa Clara mountains.

Few Hours May Tell.

San Antonio, Texas, March 21.—U. P.)—"On the map it looks as if Francisco Villa might be in hot water," said Major-General Fred Funston today. "The next few hours may tell the story. We must not forget he still has free movement in a big lot of country where he knows every trail and cow path."

Wireless messages received at headquarters here after Villa's first brush with the constitutionalists indicated that he and his men were near Las Cruces, while American cavalry closed on them by galloping for Lake Babricora, Carmen and El Valle.

If it is true that Villa is moving north, as indicated, it seems that he must be hard pressed, army men believe. His original plan was apparently a flight straight south.

Col. Dodd Chasing Villa.

El Paso, Texas, March 21.—(U. P.)—Colonel Dodd's swiftly moving cavalry is reported today on a forced march toward Namiquipa to reinforce General Cano's Carranzistas, who are engaged in a fierce running fight with Francisco Villa and his followers.

Encircled by Carranzistas and Americans, Villa is apparently desperately trying to reach Santa Clara canyon, in the Guerrero mountains 20 miles east of Namiquipa. Absence of any news from the battlefield since Juarez late yesterday received first word that Villa was at bay led to fears that he might have cut through the flying ring and reached a position of temporary safety.

Villa Not Taken.

At 9:15 a. m. today General Gavira said he had not been advised of the result of fighting at Namiquipa. An atmosphere of suspense was noticeable in El Paso military and civil circles. A belief was growing that the reported engagement would not prove decisive.

Asked if Villa had been killed or captured, Gavira replied "no" to both questions.

General Garcia visited Gavira's headquarters at Juarez to learn how the battle came out. He was told that communication with Namiquipa had been cut off. Gavira said he did not know where the break was but asserted

(Concluded on Page Five, Column One.)

PURSUIT OF VILLA IN MEXICO—(1) Where the American troops were stationed on the border. (2) Route taken by Villa after attack on Columbus, N. M. (3) Carranza troops closing in on bandits. Namiquipa, scene of battle, is near bottom of map.

TRANSPORTATION AND WATER PROBLEMS TO BE FACED BY TROOPS

Correspondent Sends Interesting Details of Expedition; Boy Is Mascot.

New York, March 21.—(I. N. S.)—The New York Times this morning prints the following:

"On Pershing's line of march in the Mexican desert, March 20.—(By Courier to Columbus, N. M.)—Pancho Villa's dead, those who succumbed from wounds in the attack on Columbus, lie among the cactus even here (deleted by censor) miles from the scene of the fighting.

"Riding out from Columbus toward Pershing's column some miles above, the Times correspondent found two or three dead, one sprawled face upward upon a butte, another lying in a little valley near a dry stream. Near by each grazed his horse. Jaded and abandoned Villa horses are everywhere in this north Chihuahua district. Too weak almost to eat, they stagger like blind things through the sage and cactus.

Boy Runs Away to Join.

"Near the camp at (deleted), where United States troops are bivouacked, we found nearly a dozen of Villa's horses, some of them nearly recovered.

"The correspondents now making their way to the front are planning to capture horses for pack animals.

"The troops in the field now have a mascot. He is Knox Lloyd, 15 years old, the son of a cattleman near Phoenix, Ariz. Sent to a military school at Meridian, Miss., Knox became so imbued with militarism that he ran away to Columbus, stole a ride on a train here with (deleted) cavalry, now at

(Concluded on Page Thirteen, Column Two)

Orders for Building 500 Cars Confirmed

Great Northern Railroad Company to Have Freight Cars Built; Mills to Share in Business.

Orders for material for the construction of 500 freight cars have been placed with the Duncan Lumber company of this city by the Great Northern railroad. The order calls for approximately 3,000,000 feet of fir. The business will be distributed among mills in this district. Announcement of the placing of an order by the railroad company was made from Seattle last week.

The Duncan Lumber company has also accepted orders for about 4,000,000 feet of fir to go to continental Europe. It will be shipped by way of the Panama canal if the waterway is thrown open for traffic next month as expected, otherwise it will be sent across the continent by rail for transshipment across the Atlantic.

Gunmen to Be Tried.

New York, March 21.—(I. N. S.)—Justice Shearn, in the criminal branch of the supreme court, has set April 3 as the date of the trial of Guiseppe Arichiello, Frank Ferrera and Joseph and Antonio Zafarone, alleged gunmen, accused of having murdered Burnet Baff. The four were caught after a chase of more than 18 months. They will be tried separately.

PRESIDENT IS GIVEN POWER TO CALL OUT 60,000 OF RESERVES

House Adopts Amendment to Hay Bill Authorizing Calling Reserves at Any Time.

Washington, March 21.—No objection was made by Representative Hay, chairman of the committee on military affairs, when the house today adopted without debate Kahn's amendment to the army bill, authorizing the president at any time to call into active service the 60,000 reserves provided for in the army bill.

Acceptance of the Kahn amendment is regarded as a concession to the advocates of a big army. Kahn also tried to force into the Hay bill the enlistment provisions of the Chamberlain senate bill—service of three years with the colors and four years with the reserves. This amendment was defeated, however, the vote standing 113 to 108.

Big Army Men Win Victory.

Gardner's substitute amendment providing for discharge into the reserve after one year's efficient service in the regular army, carried 128 to 117. This was the big army advocates' first victory on a contested point.

Passage before adjournment of the Hay and Tillman military bills in the house and senate was the hope of leaders today.

A final vote on the armor plate measure this afternoon is certain. Voting on the amendments begins at 4 p. m.

Disposition of Representative Hay's army increase bill is rather more doubtful. There is a chance that work on it may be completed today, but it is considered more probable the vote will be taken Thursday, as it will not be considered tomorrow.

Tillman Measure Approved.

Senators Penrose and Oliver were expected to make their final stand

(Concluded on Page Two, Column Three)

Portland Cement Mill at Oswego Soon to Operate

"Cement" is a name given to the produce of certain argillaceous stones, after calcination, which will set rapidly in the air, becoming a hard adhesive substance in a short time, and will also set under water, both without admixture of any other substance.

"Argillaceous" means simply "clay-like." Oregon has plenty of that particular geological formation, but nothing has heretofore been done to utilize it, and vast sums have been sent out of the state for what should have been produced at home.

All this is now to be changed, and the manner of the changing is described on the editorial page of this issue of The Journal under the title "Nothing the Matter With Portland." The appearance of the great Oregon Portland Cement Works at Oswego is an immense fulfilment.

GERMANS LOSE ON EAST FRONT, GAIN AT VERDUN

Russians Win Victories at Both Ends of Eastern Battle Line, Squeezing Hindenburg, Crossing Dniester.

GERMANS TAKE 2500 PRISONERS AT VERDUN

All French Positions Northwest of Avercourt Wood Are Captured.

London, March 21.—(U. P.)—Russian victories at both ends of the 800 mile eastern battleline today overshadowed new German gains at Verdun.

General Kuropatkin, of Japanese war fame, forced Field Marshal von Hindenburg to withdraw his troops from the salient south of Naracoz lake. Berlin admitted this was necessary to avoid having the German troops annihilated by a circle of fire.

Berlin announced Russian attacks had been repulsed south of Riga, west of Jacofstadt and northwest of Postawy. The Russians suffered heavy losses.

At Uscieczvo Russian artillery forced the Austrians to abandon the bridgehead, which had been held for six months against strong attacks, according to the official Vienna announcement.

Petrograd's statement said that Teheran reported Russian troops last Sunday marched into Ispahan, which they had been menacing for some time. The earlier Austrian official statement admitted the important Russian victory in southeastern Galicia, 38 miles north of Czernowitz.

This makes the Austrian position on the north bank of the Dneister precarious, and is believed to forecast the beginning of a new Russian campaign against Buckowina. It is considered the new Russian offensive will compel a withdrawal of Germans from the western front, and possibly terminate the Verdun smash.

GERMANS CLAIM BIG VICTORIES IN ATTACKS ON FRENCH POSITIONS

Berlin, March 21.—(I. N. S.)—Claiming victories of paramount importance today's official bulletin from the German general staff stated that all French positions northwest of Avercourt Wood had been stormed and captured, the Germans taking prisoners 32 French officers and 2500 men.

FRENCH ADMIT GAINS BY GERMANS ON WEST BANK OF RIVER MEUSE

Paris, March 21.—(U. P.)—German attacks have gained more ground on the west bank of the Meuse, it was

(Concluded on Page Nine, Column Two)

MERCHANT VESSELS OF ALL NATIONS LOST IN WAR TOTAL 2,193

U. S. Commercial Attache in London Collects Available Figures of Losses.

Washington, March 21.—(I. N. S.)—In a dispatch to the bureau of foreign and domestic commerce, Albertus H. Baldwin, United States commercial attache at London, gives a general idea of the losses of the merchant marine of the different belligerent countries in the present war. The entire tonnage that has been captured or destroyed is 3,774,219, or 2192 vessels in all.

Great Britain has lost, according to the sources of information available to Mr. Baldwin, 485 ships, with a total tonnage of 1,506,415. The allied countries of France, Italy and Russia have lost all together 167 ships, with a tonnage of 282,187.

The number of German ships lost by capture or sinking is 601, with a tonnage of 1,276,500. Eighty Austrian merchant vessels have been lost, making a total tonnage amounting to 267,664. There has been 124 Turkish ships lost, but no adequate estimate of the tonnage has been secured. Neutral ships have been sunk to the number of 736, with a tonnage of 441,472.

Wife of Premier Is Awarded Damages

Mrs. Asquith Is Given Verdict for $5000 Against London Globe Because of Stories Printed About Her.

London, March 21.—(I. N. S.)—Mrs. Herbert Henry Asquith, wife of England's premier, today was awarded damages of $5000 from the London Globe for publishing stories that Mrs. Asquith played tennis with and sent gifts to German officers interned at Donnington hall. The Globe also was ordered to pay all costs in the case. The newspaper has publicly announced regret for its charges.

Edison Agrees to Win Ford to Preparedness

Inventor Will Take Peace Proponent to Florida and Convert Him; He Fears for U. S.

Orange, N. J., March 21.—(I. N. S.)—While packing some newly invented bait that will make any fish leave his briny home, Thomas A. Edison, who starts for Florida today, paused long enough in his laboratory to remark:

"We're in for big trouble in Mexico, but we'll blunder through it.

"Germany will last one more year and then will be crushed.

"Every young buck in this country ought to be trained to be a soldier.

"But you can't force preparedness on this country until it is too late.

"After the European war preparedness agitation here will die out and then war with us will be a walkover for some nation.

"This nation will reach its apex and then will deteriorate and die.

"Germany is on the wane. Our turn will come.

"We've got to get more efficiency in this country. Nothing can be wasted.

"Henry Ford will be my guest in Florida and I'm going to convert him to preparedness and we'll both get on a war footing.

"If this country goes to war you may be sure Henry Ford will place his plants and his fortune at the disposal of the government."

$950,000 IS PAID BY PORTLANDER FOR PART OF SIMPSON HOLDINGS

Philip Buehner Becomes the Owner of Valuable Lands and Property at Coos Bay.

Marshfield, Or., March 21.—Official announcement has been made of a deal whereby Philip Buehner of Portland, has taken over part of the Coos county holdings of the Simpson Lumber company.

The purchase includes 25,000 acres of timber, 3000 feet of water front in North Bend, a large tract of tide lands, the Porter mill with a capacity of 100,000 feet of lumber a day, eight lots on Sherman avenue and four other lots including Springs in North Bend, the steamer A. M. Simpson and the sash and door factory.

The Simpson company retains the steamer Hardy, the old mill and real estate in North Bend and L. J. Simpson retains his beach home, Shore Acres, and about 16,000 acres of timber and other land.

The property will be taken over April 10. Philip Buehner's son and son-in-law, Henry C. Buehner and George Saylor, will have charge of the Coos Bay end of the business and a Portland lumberman will have charge of the manufacturing end.

The price paid is said to $950,000. The deal is one of the largest ever made of the Coos Bay property.

About 10 weeks ago The Journal stated that negotiations were under way between the Simpson estate representatives and Philip Buehner and his son, and Mr. Buehner admitted that the holdings were being cruised and surveyed with a view of purchase.

Mr. Buehner left here for San Francisco two days ago to arrange for the final closing of the deal. The original Simpson holdings on Coos Bay were 28,000 acres.

Mr. Buehner was at one time active in the management of the Eastern & Western Lumber company of this city and more recently operated the plant of the Carlton Lumber company at Carlton. During the past year he has been handling timber holdings.

Road Ready April 1.

Marshfield, Or., Marsh 21.—Engineer V. G. Hindmarsh, in charge of Willamette-Pacific construction between Coos Bay and Reedsport, stated Monday that service will be established on the railroad from Portland though Coos Bay to Coquille valley points by April 1.

Equipment for the train to run between Coos Bay and Umpqua until the bridge across the latter is completed, is being brought across the river. For the present transfers of passengers will be made on a ferry at the Umpqua river.

Pleas of Irrigation Districts Unheeded

Federal Appelate Court Upholds Lower Court in Idaho Case Regarding Application of General Lien Laws.

San Francisco, March 21.—(P. N. S.)—On grounds of public policy, the property of municipal corporations held for public purposes may be exempt from the operation of the general lien laws of the states, according to an opinion handed down Monday in the United States circuit court of appeals, yet such municipalities may not enter into contracts with third persons for construction of plants or other improvements of property belonging to the third person, to be afterward conveyed to the municipality, and then claim statutory exemption from liens for labor or materials used in the construction of improvements.

This decision was rendered when the district court of Idaho was affirmed in a decision in favor of the Portland Wood Pipe company against the Crane Creek irrigation district and Sunnyside irrigation district. The latter appealed to the circuit court. The lower court held that the districts were responsible for the pipe supplied by the plaintiff company when the irrigation districts were out in, though the Crane Creek Irrigation, Land & Power company, a private corporation, contracted for the supplies and did the work. The irrigation districts claimed exemption from liens on the theory that they are public corporations.

PROTOCOL HAS BEEN ARRANGED WITH CARRANZA

Further Operations in Mexico Probably Will Be Conducted Under Terms of Written Agreement With Him.

NATIVES ARE FRIENDLY SAYS FUNSTON REPORT

He Says Carranzistas Showing Every Indication of Friendliness.

Washington, March 21. — (U. P.) — A message will probably be sent to General Carranza late today, informing him that President Wilson and his cabinet agreed to the Carranza suggestion that further operations against Francisco Villa be conducted under the terms of a written protocol.

The plan was presented by Counsellor Polk of the state department at the cabinet meeting today and was assented to.

There is no intention of signing the protocol immediately, since time will be necessary to give both nations opportunity for ample consideration of counter proposals.

Immediately after the cabinet meeting Secretary of War Baker conferred with General McCain, judge advocate of the army, relative to army needs. It is desired to incorporate these needs in the outline of the agreement between the two governments. The protocol in substance provides:

Cooperation of military forces in the extermination of the common enemy.

Right of either government to send troops across the border in pursuit of bandits and to continue the pursuit indefinitely until the bandits are captured or killed.

Common use of the railroads of both countries in the movement of supplies and munitions for troops so engaged.

The protocol in addition to smoothing the course of the United States troops now in Mexico also will tend to make easier General Carranza's task of organizing and maintaining a stable government.

The agreement as drawn up, is a practical acceptance of Mexican Ambassador Arredondo's suggestion.

A factor in the cabinet's decision was realization of Carranza's difficulty in making his position clear to the Mexican people unless he had some written document or agreement to

(Concluded on Page Four, Column Four)

YOUNG SCHOOL GIRL VICTIM OF ASSAULT; SUSPECT IS CAUGHT

Vera Spennett, Aged 13, Attacked in Woods Near the Woodstock School.

While on her way to the Woodstock school this morning, Vera Spennett, a 13-year-old girl, was assaulted in a woods through which she had to pass.

Within a short time after the attack was reported to the sheriff's office, Deputies Phillips, Ward and Christofferson had arrested Lugi Sisco, an Italian who lives in the vicinity, and the girl positively identified him as the man who attacked her.

Investigation Being Made.

The sheriff's office is investigating whether Sisco is the man who has been terrorizing school children and parents in the vicinity of Ockley Green school.

Vera Spennett told the officers she left her home in Errol Heights, where she lives with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Lewis, shortly before 8 o'clock. As she was passing through a strip of woods, she said, Sisco jumped out of the brush and grabbed her and tied a cloth over her mouth and face, which he did not remove until he had brought her back to the path and told her to go. She said he warned her if she told anyone about the attack her fate would be even worse.

She ran back to her home and told her grandparents. Her grandfather seized a gun and went in search of the man, who was later located by the officers from the description the girl gave of him.

Accosted Once Before.

She said about three weeks ago Sisco accosted her in the same woods and then she turned and ran.

Sisco has lived in Portland about 20 years and owns his place in the Woodstock district. He says he is 63 years old. He is unmarried and lives with the people who have rented his place at 5735 Sixty-third avenue southeast.

When he was brought to the county jail he vigorously protested his innocence of any crime. When he was searched, pinned to his undergarments was a wallet containing five $100 bills and a $50 bill.

Dr. E. P. Geary, the county physician, was called to attend the girl. This afternoon she will make a statement to the district attorney. Her father, William D. Spennett, lives at Winona, near Grants Pass, and her stepfather, Lon Storey, lives at Merrill, in Klamath county.

Lane Predicts Re-Election of the President

Secretary of the Interior Says Republicans Have No Policy, No Leader and No Chance.

Santa Barbara, Cal., March 21.—(P. N. S.)—Confident of success for the Democratic party headed by Woodrow Wilson in the coming presidential election and proud of the general approval of the methods by which the administration is solving its intricate problems of state, Franklin K. Lane, secretary of the interior, in Santa Barbara for a short visit, today spoke of what appeared to him to be the hopelessness of the Republicans without an acceptable leader and without a policy.

"We are in a very happy position not only because of the general support which our policies are receiving, but because of the fact that the Republicans have really no policy," he said. "Look at Root's and Lodge's speeches. They don't dare to come out in the open and be specific. Everything is cryptic. Do they want war? What would they have done in situations such as the present administration has met? Not a word have we had on these points. There has been nothing but generalities."

Secretary Lane declared that the Republicans were apparently without a candidate acceptable to the masses in their party. That Justice Hughes would be the next Republican nominee for the presidency he does not believe, for it is his opinion that the supreme court of the nation will be kept free from politics and the precedent of choosing a presidential nominee from the supreme bench will be avoided.

EARLY CLOSE OF WAR IS BELIEVED POSSIBLE IN LONDON, IS REPORT

Rumors Which Followed Morgan's Return From England Borne Out in London.

Belgium Is Considered.

London, March 21.—(I. N. S.)—Foreign Minister Grey today told the house of commons that England, France and Russia have informed the Belgian foreign office that Belgium's participation in the general peace conference at the end of the war is desired.

"Hostilities will not cease until Belgium's integrity is guaranteed and the country suitably indemnified."

By W. Orton Tewson.

London, March 21.—(I. N. S.)—News that following the return of J. P. Morgan to New York, rumors of a quick peace were circulated in Wall street, bear out the optimistic spirit markedly noticeable here during the last two weeks. Whatever Morgan may have told his friends confidentially on this score, the fact remains that there are certain undoubted earmarks which point to the war's ending considerably sooner than most persons estimate.

As stated in my dispatch of March 11, when Mr. Morgan sailed he was known to be very well satisfied with the result of his visit here. Much depended upon Verdun and now that is no longer in question the prospects for the allies and peace are increased accordingly.

Within the last few days I have heard of wagers for substantial sums being made in financial circles here that peace negotiations will be begun within 90 days.

Recent news from Germany shows that at best the state of affairs there is depressing.

GERARD TO REMAIN AT BERLIN POST TO TAKE UP PEACE PROPOSALS

New York, March 21.—(U. P.)—That Germany may be seeking peace and has intimated to America that its present proposals may not be unacceptable in the near future was hinted in special dispatches from Washington to the Evening Post today.

The messages said Ambassador Gerard at Berlin had postponed his vacation at the request of Imperial Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg, in order to be at his post if America's services in peace negotiations should be needed.

Von Bethmann - Hollweg recently gave Ambassador Gerard his ideas about acceptable peace terms during an hour's discussion of peace possibilities.

Gerard has cancelled his vacation plans and will remain at his post indefinitely.

The Post's information appears to support recent United Press reports from Washington that Colonel E. M. House brought tentative peace terms from Germany to President Wilson after his recent "mystery tour" of Europe.

Gerard's talk with Hollweg is declared to have followed a conference between the imperial chancellor and the kaiser.

Hollweg told Gerard he did not desire to state specific peace terms, but that Germany was willing to withdraw from Belgium without demanding indemnities.

The chancellor said the German public would demand indemnity for withdrawal of the Teuton army from northern France, and would also demand restoration of German colonies taken by the allies.

Deposed King Offers Service.

Madrid, March 21.—(I. N. S.)—King Manuel, deposed king of Portugal, has telegraphed to Lisbon offering his services to Portugal. He said in his dispatch:

"My only thoughts are for the welfare of my country."

SECTION SEVEN GIVES NO HELP TO JOHN LIND

O. & C. Land Grant Committee Holds Session to Hear Explanation Offered by Minnesotan to Charges.

DEALINGS WITH SMITH COMPANY MADE CLEAR

Section Drawn by Him So Altered as to Be of No Benefit to Him.

Washington, March 21. — (WASHINGTON BUREAU OF THE JOURNAL.)—Hearing on the Oregon & California land grant was reopened today by the house committee on public lands to receive the explanation of John Lind, the president's first representative in Mexico, concerning his and the C. A. Smith Lumber company's interest in certain lands covered by executory contracts on which the purchase price was not completed.

A sensational story appeared in the Washington Post today, stating that section 7 of the amended Chamberlain bill was inserted after a conference between Lind and the department of justice officials, and that the effect would be to give Lind title to "public land" worth $400,000.

Lind Left "in the Air."

The charges in effect revamped what S. A. D. Puter heretofore told the committee. The testimony today disclosed that section 7 was first drawn by Lind, handed by him to Senator Chamberlain, handed by the latter to officials of the department, with the statement that it seemed fair and he would like to have it considered. The attorney general's office revised the draft offered by Lind, however, and as it finally was recommended, it would not affect Lind's land at all, leaving him "in the air."

Lind stated he first secured the tract of land in Coos county by using script. This he sold in 1910 to the Smith company for $100,000, receiving $40,000 down and $60,000 in notes. The notes have remained unpaid, and the Smith company now owes him $63,000. When the affairs of the Smith company became involved, said Lind, he accepted a conveyance and assignment from Smith for 7000 acres of grant land that Smith had left, the other 20,000 acres

(Concluded on Page Two, Column Four)

ALLEGED LEADER OF BIG SMUGGLING RING IS ARRESTED HERE

Louie Ding Captured by Government; Twenty-five Captured So Far in Dragnet.

Louie Ding, a Chinese believed to be a leader in the big smuggling ring operating between Canadian waters and Puget sound in motor boats, was arrested in Portland last night by government officials. This is the twenty-fifth arrest made since December 16, when the net of the government first fell around the smugglers.

Some 15 men in two swift boats were taken then, and others believed to be members of the ring have been arrested individually since. This powerful organization has been smuggling Chinese and opium into this country from Canada for several years.

Customs Inspector McGrath, R. P. Bonham of the local immigration office and Immigration Inspector Thomas M. Fisher of Seattle made last night's arrest.

According to word received here today, a third launch was captured in Seattle last night.

This Puget sound smuggling ring has been in existence for years. Up to about four years ago not even a description of the mysterious craft which carried contraband cargoes of Chinese and opium could be secured. Even when a general idea of the boat was ascertained, the craft changed colors like a chameleon and kept matters as confused as ever. It was years before the identity of any of the members was suspected, and after that more months elapsed before tangible evidence against them was secured.

Homestead for $1000—Carpenter Is Wanted

Mrs. Townsend simply "ditched" the old "for rent" sign and advertised her apartments in The Journal's classified section. Now they are occupied again. See pages 15 and 16.

Homesteads—47

HOMESTEAD containing 120 acres in Modoc county, California, improved, ready for plow. Price $1600.

Business Opportunities—20

HALF interest in store and painting business, $450; no agents; give terms.

Help Wanted—Male—1

CARPENTER wanted to build bungalow, part cash and acreage.

The daily circulation of The Journal in Portland and its trading radius is several thousands greater than the morning paper and exceeds that of its nearest afternoon contemporary by practically 50 per cent.