University and College News

Recent Happenings on the Nation's Leading Campuses.

Reed College.

President William T. Foster is giving a dinner in honor of the debaters who won from Washington university in the recent contests at the college next Tuesday evening, at 7 o'clock. The afterdinner speakers will be Harry Moore, Arthur Hauck, Otto Schulz, Delbert French, Lloyd Carrick, George Axtell, Clyde Beals, Horace Miller, Edward Shears, Clarence Young, Harry Wembridge and Lowell Bradford, and Mr. Wood and Mr. Ogburn, of the faculty. The 22 interscholastic debaters of Portland high schools, Lincoln, Washington and Jefferson, as well as the principals and instructors in debating, have been invited. The music for the evening will be given by a double quartet, led by Howard Barlow, and accompanied by Frederic Brainerd. It is composed of Delbert French, Milton Bunyan, Harry Wembridge, Alexander Lackey, Charles Rogers, Jerome Holzman, George Pratt and Arthur House, and they will lead in singing Reed college songs.

The next debate to be held at the college is on the question, "Resolved, That There Should Be a Literacy Test for Immigrants Similar to That Provided in the Bill Vetoed by President Wilson." The speakers will be H. Moore and C. Rochet, affirmative, and J. Howes and E. Means, negative. It will be held on Tuesday evening, March 2, at 7 o'clock.

The college office has organized an appointment bureau for all students desiring positions for next summer or later. It is glad to receive notices of any openings which any one may have for the students, and will consider them at once. It has already the names of several applicants, and information about them which it will forward to any one who may need employes.

A chamber concert was given in the college chapel last Friday evening by Mrs. Susie Fennel Pipes, violin; E. Ferdinand Konrad, violincello, and J. Hutchinson, piano.

Professor Norman F. Coleman, head of the English department, and who spent the first five months of the present war in England, will lecture on "England and the War" at the Central Library, next Thursday evening, at 8 o'clock. The lecture will be somewhat the same as a lecture which Professor Coleman gave on the same subject at the college a short time ago, and which proved very illuminating.

At the chapel service last Thursday morning Mr. McClellan, traveling secretary of the Student Endeavor movement, spoke on work which the students were doing as missionaries, and of the origin of the work. Next Thursday Rabbi Jonah B. Wise will be the chapel speaker. On Friday L. K. Richardson will conduct the service.

Dr. Frank L. Loveland, pastor of the First Methodist church of Portland, will speak at the vesper service in the college chapel this afternoon, at 4 o'clock.

A gymnasium exhibition was held at the college last evening for the purpose of showing the work of the students and to get funds for two new handball courts. The principal events were: An exhibition of tumbling, fancy dancing by the women, a basketball game between the dormitory and "day-dodger" teams, and a social dance.

A fancy costume party will be held at the college tomorrow evening, in commemoration of Washington's birthday. The evening will be spent in various performances by the students and some dancing.

Dr. William House spoke to the men Thursday afternoon on the subject of "First Aid to the Injured." The speaker next Thursday afternoon will be Dr. Noble Wiley Jones.

University of Oregon.

Registration in liberal arts courses at the state university is at its record point, with 815 students enrolled since September 15. The first semester enrollment was 745 and midwinter freshmen numbered between 50 and 60. Returning students make up the remainder.

The 1915-16 catalog, which takes account of the registrations in liberal arts and sciences, the department of music, the summer school, the correspondence-study department, and the faculties of law and medicine in Portland will, therefore, contain an attendance summary of about 2000.

A potato starch plant, costing from $10,000 to $15,000, and properly conducted will during a season take care of the cull product from about 5000 acres, according to figures gathered by the University of Oregon school of commerce. The facts are furnished at the request of George W. Bradley, of Madras, Jefferson county, Oregon.

To spend a week or more in an educational survey of Ashland schools, Fred C. Ayer, professor of education, left Eugene recently for Jackson county. With him in the survey is Charles R. Frazier, superintendent of the Everett schools.

University of Washington.

Everything, from laundry bags to fish courses, was included in the housewives' short course, which was conducted recently at the University of Washington under the auspices of the home economics department instructors. More than 300 women from all over the state attended the extension course at the price of $2 each.

Registration at the University of Washington has passed the 4000 mark for the first time in the history of the institution, according to figures obtained from the office of Registrar E. N. Stone. This includes the registration for summer school, the first semester, and the semester which has just begun.

For summer school and the first semester the registration was 2725. The new semester's enrollment of students is between 250 and 300.

A constantly growing number of students in the graduate school is particularly noticeable.

Oars for the women rowers at the University of Washington will be bought with the proceeds of a kirmess which will be given some time in March. The kirmess, which is under the direction of the senior girls of the university, will represent the evolution of the dance, and will range all the way from the oldest Indian dances to the modern type. Sixty students of the university will participate in the dance, the background for which has been written by one of the students.

"Seeing America First" was the name of the entertainment which was given Saturday, February 13, in the various sorority houses at the University of Washington, for the purpose of raising money to help furnish the proposed home economics building.

In spite of an increase in enrollment of nearly 20 per cent over 1913, the scholarship record at the University of Washington for the semester just finished was higher than during the first semester of the last college year, according to the statistics given out at the recorder's office.

Although the faculty, with the opening of the school term, raised the scholastic standing in every branch of work, the statistics shows that the undergraduates have raised the scholarship record above that of any year since the regular collegiate requirements were adopted at Washington.

One reason advanced for the betterment of scholastic standing is that students who are better equipped to carry the college academic work have been brought to the university by the raising of requirements. It is announced that even more rigid enforcement of the scholastic requirements for entrance is contemplated for next year.

Harvard University.

In President Lowell's annual report he suggests the increase of the tuition fees. He says in his report:

"We are faced with the alternative of increasing our income, or of cutting down instruction severely, which would be most unfortunate. In 1869 it was raised from $104 to $150; it has not been raised since that time, although prices have increased and the purchasing power of money has declined, especially within the last few years. Other colleges and universities have increased their tuition fees, until our charges, instead of being distinctly higher than in almost all other institutions are on the level with those of the smaller endowed colleges, and are on the whole lower than those of the larger institutions not supported by the state."

In another part of his report he mentions that the age of the average student entering college is too great. He thinks that the time wasted could be saved in the college before coming to college. He stated that of the men admitted to the freshman class the average was 18½ years, while of the men rejected the average was 15 years.

The Pasteur medal to be awarded this year, which was thought to be lost in transit from France, has finally been located there, and is now on its way to Harvard. This valuable prize is the one given annually by Baron Pierre de Coubertin to the winner of a debate on some subject drawn from French politics. Now that the medal has been located, the debate has been announced for some time in March.

Arrangements have been made for "the second competitive glee club meet" between the Harvard, Columbia, Dartmouth and Pennsylvania Glee clubs, to be held February 27, in Carnegie hall, New York. The Harvard club won the prize last year, a library of music offered by Rudolph E. Schirmer. The prize this year is a handsome silver trophy.

Columbia University.

Dr. James R. Angell, professor of psychology in the University of Chicago, and dean of the College of Arts and Sciences, has been appointed non-resident lecturer in psychology at Columbia university for the current academic year.

The Butler medal, recently established by anonymous gift, at Columbia university, is to be awarded for the first time at the commencement of 1915. This medal is to be awarded in gold for the most distinguished contribution made during the preceding five year period anywhere in the world to philosophy, or to educational theory, practice or administration. It is also to be awarded in silver or bronze to that graduate of Columbia university who has during the year preceding shown greatest competence in philosophy or in educational theory, practice or administration, or who has made the most important contribution to any of these.

Yale University.

The "Yale Review" has started a campaign by way of an appeal to the alumni to increase its circulation from 5000 to 10,000 subscribers. To date a total of $11,000 has been received toward the desired editorial endowment fund of $100,000.

New York University.

The executive committee of the council of New York university has adopted the following recommendations of the faculties of the College of Arts and the School of Applied Science, with regard to ethical and religious training:

"Daily attendance at the university chapel exercises is required of all the student body at the Heights, with the exception of seniors who are taking the full first year work in one of the university's downtown schools, and such other students as elect the substitutional work defined below. A student is allowed 14 absences from chapel during any one term. As often as his absence shall equal 15 in number the student shall be required to submit within three weeks of the time of assignment of a subject an original ethical theme of not less than 1800 words upon a subject assigned by the dean of his respective school, touching upon morals or religion. These themes are carefully graded and marked on the same basis as work covered by a classroom attendance of one hour daily for one term. A fee of $2.50 will also be assessed against the delinquent student."

Technology.

With the opening of the second semester of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, there was established what is termed the Rochester experiment," a new means whereby the alumni can be of service to the students. What is new about the experiment is the detailing of one of the instructing staff, and more, if needed, to meet the students every day to discuss with them whatever may be difficult to them in their studies.

The Technology club of Rochester, after correspondence with President Maclaurin, decided that the great lack of the day was a means for the student to get informally and outside of the classroom the answer to questions that puzzle him.

Dartmouth College.

A new series of "After Supper" talks, which have been conducted successfully by the college club on Sunday evenings, will be given this semester, according to President G. B. Young, '15, of Cleveland.

The annual Green mountain trip was taken by the Outing club and the Out-of-Doors club of the University of Vermont from February 6 to 9. The two parties met in the center of the noted Smugglers' Notch, called by many travelers the most beautiful pleec of scenery in Vermont. The combined clubs then proceeded to Mount Mansfield, where the ski-jump was the main objective.

Princeton University.

The faculty of Princeton university has recently extended the requirements of eligibility now held for athletic teams to the extra curriculum activities of a non-athletic character throughout the university, so that no student can remain a member of any university organization if his scholarship standing in current work is unsatisfactory.

Johns Hopkins University.

President Nicholas Murray Butler, of Columbia university, will be orator at the annual commemoration day of the Johns Hopkins university, which will be held February 22. President Frank J. Goodnow will be inaugurated at that time.

University of Indiana.

A bill providing for the removal of Indiana university from Bloomington and consolidation with Purdue university, the State Engineering school, at Lafayette, has been introduced in the state senate. While there has been much criticism of the water supply at Bloomington, the author of the bill said it was introduced as a measure of economy and to give the state a single university. It is proposed in the bill to use the building and grounds at Bloomington for some other state institution. The consolidation would be completed by July 1, 1916, according to the measure.

University of Michigan.

Four students enrolled in the University of Michigan are from Portland, and seven others are here from Oregon outside of the city of Portland. The Portland students are: William S. Dinwiddie, a first year man in the architect department, also a member of the Sigma Phi fraternity, 426 North Ingalls street; Walker Peddicord, junior law student and member of the Kappa Beta Psi fraternity, 325 South Fifth avenue; Ralph W. Burleigh, junior student in the engineering department, address 718 Monroe street, and Lorenzo B. Lapsley, junior medical student, living at 608 Fuller street.

The other Oregon students here are: Russell P. Calkins and Miss Eva Frazer, of Eugene; Wyeth Allen, Hood River; Robert E. Easterbrooks, Tillamook; William R. Eaton, Milino; Claud S. Wood, Klamath Falls, and Oliver Riggle, of Freewater. These students are registered in six of the principal departments of the university.

University of Chicago.

Official announcement is just made at the University of Chicago that the laying of the cornerstone of Ida Noyes hall, the new woman's building, will take place on convocation day, March 16, instead of in February, as originally planned.

The building, which will cost over $450,000, will extend along the Midway Plaisance 240 feet, the gymnasium reaching back from the main structure 160 feet and the natatorium forming a wing of the gymnasium to the west.

The editors of the Cap and Gown, the annual student publication at the University of Chicago, have just voted to dedicate the volume for 1915 to La Verne Noyes, of Chicago, whose recent munificent gift to the university has made possible the new woman's gymnasium and clubhouse, Ida Noyes hall, now under construction.

Two members of the University of Chicago faculty have just been appointed to important commissions in Chicago by the mayor of the city—Professor Emil G. Hirsch, of the department of Semitic languages and literatures, to the morals commission, and Professor Charles R. Henderson, head of the department of practical sociology, to the industrial commission, which will give especial attention to the present problem of unemployment in the city.

Northwestern University.

Taking the college fraternity under its wing, Northwestern university has supervised the expenditure of $500,000 on a quadrangle of fraternity houses and non-fraternity dormitories. The land given for all the buildings and the non-fraternity dormitories has been paid for out of the university treasury. The fraternity houses which are mingled with the dormitories were built by the Greek letter men on credit, which the university helped them to secure. The title remains with the institution.

A truer college democracy is what the university hopes to achieve by this new unique system, and it is achieving it, it is said. Better scholarship and a decrease n student expense are resulting. Dr. Abram W. Harris, president of the university, is much pleased with the outcome so far.

Mt. Holyoke College.

The new Mt. Holyoke graduate council organized to bring about closer relations and better understanding between alumnae and the college held its first meeting January 26 and 27. This organization was formed as a result of a suggestion made three years ago by Mrs. Lucy Cope Shelmire, of Philadelphia, president of the Alumnae association. It is composed of local alumnae representatives, three alumnae trustees, president and dean of Mt. Holyoke, three members of the faculty and the president and secretary of the alumnae association.

Radcliffe College.

With a view of adopting a resolution similar to that adopted by the students of Columbia university opposing militarism, the students of Radcliffe have voted to hold a debate on militarism to take place within a short time. After the debate a resolution will be drawn and signed by students and faculty.

Bryn Mawr College.

The annual meeting of the Bryn Mawr Alumnae association was held in Taylor hall, Saturday, January 30. After the meeting 300 alumnae were entertained at luncheon by President M. Carey.

Lawyer; What He Should Be

By Edward W. Hope Ph. D.

Dr. Edward W. Hope, head of the campus law school of the state university, at Eugene, is a stickler for higher ideals in the profession of law, one step forward which he says in the accompanying article, is a much higher standard in many American law schools. In this article Dr. Hope is unsparing of the shyster, whom he describes as "the pitiful result" of no preparation before the law school and poor preparation in it. "There are too many 'attorneys-at-law' and not enough good lawyers," he says. Dr. Hope is a holder of degrees from Pennsylvania, Stanford and Johns Hopkins, and has been a graduate student at Berlin and Munich.

University of Oregon, Eugene, Or., Feb. 20.—No one knows better than the lawyer who has essayed to break into practice that the legal profession is overcrowded. No one knows better than the good lawyer that a large percentage of so-called "attorneys" ought to be in almost any other business—not only for their own health, but for the public weal. In fact, much of the public criticism that is directed against the "Law" in these latter days—a great deal of it cheap and unjustified, and proceeding from ignorance—would be quite justified if directed against those multitudinous ones who, with a knowledge thereof scarcely elementary, assume to speak for the law.

The legal profession, even more than others, has been wooed and won of late by any American citizen who had the cheek to "scrape an acquaintance" with the pitiful result that we now have as "attorneys and counsellors at law," mere beardless youths, graduates of grammar schools, without any general culture, without legal knowledge, without experience of life, and without any ability for the profession they have chosen. Mushroom law schools turn them out by the hundreds every year to sink or swim. Naturally, many of them turn into the devious by-ways of the practice in order to sustain themselves, and thus increase the disrespect which a large part of the public feel for the law.

The sole reason many of them have for choosing the law is to make money. With them the law is a business, not a noble and honored profession. For proof of this you can see these "rising young attorneys" joining wealthy churches for business, hanging around barrooms, police courts, jails, entering clubs and lodges, scanning the obituary columns of newspapers, chasing ambulances, and doing many other like things for (to use a Miltonic expression) their "bellies' sake." There are too many "attorneys-at-law," but there are not enough good lawyers.

Higher Standards Urged.

What is the cure for these admitted facts? One far-reaching answer at least is higher moral and intellectual requirements for entrance into and graduation from our law schools, and a far higher standard for our state bar examinations. Until this last year Oregon, for example, had a very bad reputation for the quality of its bar examination—about as poor as any state in the union. It is encourging to notice, however, that, beginning with last year, the requirements, as shown in the questions asked, have been markedly stiffened. In the case of those who have passed the recent tests, there is at least some prima facie evidence of thir possessing the qualifications a lawyer should start with. It is to be hoped that this good work will go on, and that these tests will be made so rigid and exacting that no one who has not spent a studious three years in a thorough school, and had the previous training of at least two years in college (or its equivalent in exceptional cases) can stand much chance of passing them.

The saying is all too frequent among law students in many of our states that the state bar examination can easily be passed at the end of the first year in law school. And the pity of it is 'tis true. It is done by large numbers every year. Is it any wonder that the law as a profession has been losing caste when conditions like these prevail, and when law schools of a commercialized type openly solicit "trade" by what amounts to "coaching" for the bar examination? Shades of great lawyers dead and gone—Blackstone Mansfield, Webster, Lincoln, Choate, and all the rest—if you could only once return and hear the results of this infamitized English and emasculated argument in some of our courts today!

The youth who is looking forward to the law as his profession should throughout his high school and college years elect solid courses requiring hard and accurate thinking. The following have been recommended by some of the best law schools as being peculiarly useful to embryonic lawyers, both as regards substance and disciplinary values:

Latin, advanced English composition, history (Mediaeval, English, American), chemistry, mathematics, French or German, elementary law, Roman law, economics, American government, physics, psychology, philosophy (history of), logic, English literature, rhetoric—and I do not mean a mere modicum of each of these, but an intensive and prolonged study.

Field of the Law School.

What should the law school of today aim to do, and what are the best means of accomplishing its aims? Obviously, its object should be to turn out men thoroughly grounded in the great principles of our Anglo-American law, with the ability to apply these principles unerringly to the facts their future clients will present to them. "Training and knowledge, the means and the end of legal study, go hand in hand." To be more specific: personally, I am of the firm opinion that the "Case system," initiated by Langdell, and now used by nearly all the great modern law schools in America, is the only system by which to train lawyers. The class prepares, say, a dozen cases. Each man is called upon to state all the material facts of the case, and the question of law that emerged from thees facts, and is before the court. He then follows the court's argument through to the decision—taking due note of any dissenting opinion, and formulates from the whole case the doctrine, or general proposition of law, for which this case stands as authority. The instructor then criticises and combats the reasoning and conclusion from every possible angle, making the student defend, or vice versa. Each succeeding case is selected to show a distinction or qualification in its facts leading to a different legal result. All the previous cases are then compared, with the case in hand and distinguished, reconciled, or shown to be irreconcilable, the one having the weight of authority or better reason being noted.

In this way the student's mind is trained to exact and discriminating thought (a lawyer's greatest asset), as well as to clear statement and forcible argument marked by close logic and based on legal principles. He is not memorizing the "black-letter text" of some popular text book which he only half knows, and knows not at all how to apply, but he is developing a "legal mind" by the very kind of work that a practicing lawyer must do. He will know how to deal with the most intricate statement of facts a client can put before him later. It is said that it is so so much to know the law (no one man can hope to attain that fully), but to know where to find the law. I would add this: It is most important of all to know what to do with the law after you have found it, i. e., to apply it.

No Short Cut to the Law.

Following up this scheme of daily work, the examinations should not be mere tests of memory or information, but should present questions carefully worked out, so as to be intricate and complicated in their facts, and illustrative of all the legal principles the class has studied, which are now to be applied in the solution of these hypothetical cases. After three years of this hard theoretical study, supplemented by moot court practice work, a young man of fair natural ability should be able to make a good impression on any court, even admitting that it will take him several years of actual practice to gain proficiency as a trial lawyer. At least his client's life or property would not be intrusted to unworthy hands. There is no short cut to the law, though there are plenty of short cuts to the legal degree and diploma. "The days of shysters and incompetents are numbered in the awakening demand throughout the country for a better bench and bar.

Thorough, intense, serious study, careful, painstaking, long continued instruction in the analysis and development of legal principles, practice and observation work, an inculcation of legal ethics and professional ideals—these things mean a greatly raised standard. A better standard means better lawyers and fewer "attorneys," better judges, better legislators and legislation; and all together these things mean a better deal for the American citizen.

In Sleepy Town.

"I understand they have a curfew law out there now," he said.

"No," his informant answered, "they did have one, but they abandoned it."

"What was the matter?"

"Well, the bell rang at 9 o'clock, and almost every one complained that it woke them up."

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To be one of the 1000 to join this week. DO IT TUESDAY, when the campaign opens. The Meier & Frank Co. heartily recommends this institution to every man and young man.
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Don't miss this opportunity to replenish your medicine chest and toilet table. AND AGAIN WE EMPHASIZE THAT A LOW PRICE NEVER MEANS A SACRIFICE OF QUALITY HERE. We sell articles only of well-known and guaranteed merit. These and numerous other specials for this great sale tomorrow and all week. We reserve the right to limit quantities.

Toilet Soaps
25c Harfina Soap 16c
25c Supertar Shampoo Soap 12c
10c Jergen's Violet Glycerine Soap 7c
10c Dr. Stuart's Buttermilk Soap 7c
10c Jergen's Almond Cocoa Oil Soap 7c
10c Jergen's Benzoin and Almond Soap 7c
10c Jergen's Dutch Sandal Soap 7c
10c Jergen's Peroxide Soap. 7c
10c Jergen's Old-Fashioned Soap 7c
10c Rainier Mineral Soap.. 7c
15c 4711 White Rose Glycerine Soap 12c
10c Radiant Glycerine Soap. 7c
25c Society Hygienic Soap 19c
25c Pear's Glycerine Soap. 13c
50c Jergen's 8 cakes, assorted Soaps, box 21c

Miscellaneous
$2.50 Parisian Ivory, large size, Round Mirrors $1.69
65c Parisian Ivory Dressing Combs 39c
35c Parisian Ivory Dressing Combs 23c
50c Black Rubber Dressing Combs 33c
25c Whisk Brooms 19c
10c Whisk Brooms 7c
$1 Ebony or Mahogany Hand Mirrors 79c
$1 Ebony or Mahogany Stand Mirrors 79c
75c Wool Bath Sponges 39c
$1 Silk Bath Sponges 49c
10c Silk Face Sponges 7c
50c English Bath Salts 29c
FREE—Leather Strap Buffer with every purchase of Manicure Articles during this sale.

Perfumes
75c-$1 Ricksecker's Perfumes, assorted odors, oz. 59c
75c Jergen's Eutaska Perfume, ounce 59c
75c Jergen's Eutaska Toilet Water 49c
$1 Ravlova Toilet Water.. 79c
50c Williams' Toilet Water. 29c
50c D'Orsay Cologne 39c
25c D'Orsay Cologne 19c
$1.25 Roger & Gallet's Indian Hay Toilet Water.. 89c
$1.50 Roger & Gallet's Ansonia Toilet Water 98c
FREE—One ounce Perfume with every $1 purchase at the Drug Counter during this sale.

Hair Tonics
$1 Scheffler's Colorine 59c
50c Newbro's Herpicide 33c
50c Hays' Hair Health 33c
25c Sanitol Hair Tonic 15c
25c Danderine 16c
25c Willow Shampoo Fluff 15c
25c Williams' Brilliantine .. 19c

Brushes
Free—Pkg. Riker's Tooth Powder with every purchase of Tokalon Tooth Brushes 35c
15c and 25c Pure Bristle Tooth Brushes 10c
$1.50 pura bristle Bath Brushes, detach'b'l hand'l 98c
25c Hand and Nail Brushes. 15c
25c Wire Cloth Brushes.... 19c
$1 Clothes Brushes, genuine ebony backs 79c
$1.50 Hughes' Ideal Hair Brushes 98c
$2 Hair Brushes, pure bristles, genuine ebony b'ks. 1.29
$4, $5, $6 Hair Brushes, genuine ebony backs (while they last) 2.49

Face Creams
50c Milkweed Face Cream. 29c
25c Sanitol Cold Cream.... 16c
10c Dagget & Ramsdell's Tube Cream 7c
25c Woodbury's Facial Crm. 16c
50c Stillman's Freckle Crm 29c
50c Malvina Cream 29c
50c Rarus Theatrical Cream, 1-pound jars 39c
50c Sempre Giovine 29c
25c Holmes' Frostilla 18c
25c Honeysuckle Cream.... 19c

Talcum Powders
25c Squibb's Violet or Carnation Talcum 15c
25c Williams' Violet or Carnation Talcum 10c
25c Samural Talcum, 1-lb. tins 19c
25c Jergen's Crushed Rose or rose Talcum, 1-lb. tins .. 19c
15c Jergen's Crushed Rose or Violet Talcum 11c
25c Jergen's Eutaska Talcum 18c
15c Massatta Talcum 11c
15c Babcock's Coryl opsis Talcum 11c
15c Beacham's Talcum 11c
25c Rose, Violet or Carnation Talcum 15c
25c Djer Kiss Talcum 23c

Face Powders
$1 Kalos Face Powder 63c
50c Java Rice Powder 39c
50c Bourjois' Madeline Rice Powder 39c
50c Egyptian Face Powder. 39c
Marceau Face Powder 25c
La Grace Face Powder 50c
Riker's Dresden Face Powder 25c
Veda Face Powder 50c
50c Melorose Face Powder. 39c
"Also scores of other specials."

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"Melba" is one of the most pleasing face powders on the market. It has the odor of spring flowers, and the softness of velvet. It is absolutely pure and its use imparts a freshness and exhilaration to the skin that is most welcome. Once used—always used—is a truth about "Melba"—women realize that they cannot better its effects. Put up in very attractive boxes, with a small chamois in separate compartment. Priced, the box 50c

"Melba" Face Cream is a splendid skin food, astringent in its action, soothing and agreeable to all skins, and will not grow hair. A perfect massage cream, whose use will destroy the lines of worry and age so abominated by women. Price, the jar 50c

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Has a very pleasant odor, and not only will protect, but will beautify your complexion. It's good for chapped hands and lips, rough, dry or irritated skin, sunburn and blackheads. Put up in convenient form in aluminum jars, and reduced from 50c to the very modest price of 39c

Melorose Face Powder is distinguished by a dainty, delightful odor, quite suggestive of fresh flowers. Comes in tints for various complexions. Priced, the box 39c

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This is a toilet preparation that meets the requirements of women who are careful of their appearance. It gives splendid results, is absolutely invisible and harmless to the most delicate skin.

THE BEAUTIFIER is applied with a moist sponge—taking the place of powder and leaving the skin clear and lovely. Used by men as well as women. Priced at 75c, 50c and 25c

AUBRY SISTERS' BEAUTIFIER TINT a harmless preparation that gives a natural glow to the complexion, the use of which cannot be detected. Absolutely harmless. Priced, the bottle, 25c and 50c

VAUCAIRE CALEGA TABLETS — Willard White Cos

The Perfect Tonic and Flesh Builder

"Health" is the keynote of "Beauty"—involving a good appetite, perfect digestion, the ability to sleep well, and well-controlled nerves. All these requisites may be obtained by the use of Vaucaire Galega Tablets. Regular $1.00 boxes, two boxes $1.50; one box 79c

Tooth Powders and Pastes
25c Dr. Lyon's Tooth Pow. 13c
25c Dr. Graves' Tooth Pow.. 11c
50c Sanitol Liquid 25c
25c Ilys Tooth Paste 15c
25c Colgate's Tooth Paste. 20c
25c Euthymol Tooth Paste. 13c
25c Rubifoam 12c

Drug Sundries
75c French Olive Oil, bottle. 59c
Merck's Sodium Phosphate, powd 16c
50c Liquid Veneer 29c
10c Charcoal Tablets, 2 pkg. 15c
10c Insect Powder, Red Diamond brand 5c
10c Elite Cleaning Pads.... 5c
10c Calomel and Soda Tablets, ½-grain 16c
Menthol Inhalers, in metal case 14c
10c Borax (20-Mule Team brand) 7c
10c Bronchial Lozenges.... 5c
25c 3-in-1 Machine Oil.... 16c

Laboratory Products
Epsom Salts, 1 lb., for 5c
Witch Hazel Dickinson's double distilled, pint 15c
Oil Eucalyptus, 2 ozs. for. 22c
Senna Leaves, 2-oz. pkg.... 6c
Olive Oil, guaranteed pure, 1 quart 89c
25c bottle Bay Rum 16c
Moth Balls, 1 lb. 5c
10c Cascara Bark 6c
15c Pure Boric Acid Pow... 10c
50c Aspirin Tablets 39c

Buy Your "High Jinks" Perfume Here Tomorrow!

Rubber Goods
$1 White Rubber Water Bottles, 1-qt. size, guar'd 43c
65c Maroon Face Water Bottles, guaranteed 49c
35c Seamless Rub'r Gloves, all sizes, pair 25c
$2 Whirling Spray Syringe 1.29
75c nose & throat Atomizers 49c
5c Seamless Nipples, all colors, 2 for 5c
Maroon Rubber Water Bottles, guar., 2, 3, 4-qt. size 59c
No Seam Combination Hot Water Bottle and Syringe, guaranteed, 2-qt. size... 98c
$2 Seamless Maroon Rubber Hot Water Bottles, guar. 1.39
$1.50 "Madewell" Red and Maroon Rubber Hot Water Bottles, guaranteed, 3-qt. size 98c
Fountain Syringe, white, red, maroon rubber 2-quart, guaranteed 69c

Patent Medicines
50c Sal Hepatica 33c
$1 Glycothymoline 73c
Phenolax Wafers, Upjohn's 29c
$1 Scott's Emulsion Cod Liver Oil 69c
$1 Syrup of Pepsin 69c
50c Bromo Seltzer 33c
Lax. Bromo Quinine, 2 for 25c
50c Kondon's Catarrh Jelly. 29c
25c Sloan's Liniment 16c
50c Bell's Pine Tar and Honey 29c
Cantrox 33c
50c Hyomei 33c
Mercolized Wax 59c
50c MacLaren's Mustard Cerate 29c
Denver Mud, 50c size, 29c; 25c size 15c
Murine Eye Water 33c

Sundries
Sterilized Gauze, 5 yards in package 27c
Hospital absorbent cotton, full pound 19c
B. & B. Medicated cotton, one pound size 33c
50c Briar Pipes, large assortment 33c
$1 Henckle's Scissors, guaranteed 69c
50c Manicure Scissors..... 37c
75c Knives, 2 and 3 blades, large assortment 49c
$2-2.50 Straight Razors, including Henckel's..... 1.29
$1.25 Genuine Shell Razor Strops 89c
$1 Pullman Aprons, cretonne, rubber lined 79c
$1.25 Pullman Aprons, cretonne, rubber lined..... 89c
$1 Traveling cases, cretonne, rubber lined..... 78c
$1.50 Traveling Cases, cretonne, rubber lined..... 98c
25c Chamois Skins, medium size 18c
15c Chamois Skins, oil tan. 11c
10c Face Chamois, scalloped edges 6c
20-25c Wool Powder pads.. 14c
10c Wool Powder Pads.... 7c
25c Snowball Powder Puffs. 18c
15c Elderdown Powder Pfs. 7c
10c Eyebrow Pencils, brown only 7c
15c Soap Leaves 12c
50c Sandalwood Incense.... 35c
35c Florentine Orris (for dry shampoo) 27c
FREE—10c Package Deazzo Shampoo with every purchase in the Drug Department during this sale.

Thousands of Portland Women Are Loud in Their Praise of

Sempre Giovine

(Pronounced "Sem-pray Jo-ve-nay"—Meaning "Always Young")
"Little Pink Brick" Used as a Skin Cleanser and Complexion Beautifier

Its use is both beneficial and delightful. Clears the complexion and brings color to the cheeks. Convenient and economical, as it saves wasteful dipping of fingers into a jar. The only face cream put up in cake form. Sempre Giovine has been used for years and years, and has won only commendation from all women. Price 29c

Egyptian Face Powder
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