Next Concert of Symphony on March 14

Attractive Program Will Be Rendered With Haydn's Symphony a Feature.

OWING to conflicting dates with other attractions at the Heilig, the Portland Symphony orchestra concert announced for Sunday afternoon, March 7, has been postponed till Sunday afternoon, March 14. It is possible that arrangements will be made for the orchestra to give a concert at Salem on the afternoon of March 7, however, Mrs. B. E. Taft, business manager, having received many requests from the capital for a concert there this season.

Mose Christensen will conduct the orchestra at this concert, which is the fifth of the fourth season, and he has chosen a program of remarkable beauty, with Haydn's symphony No. 2 in D Major as the principal offering. This symphony is one of much brilliancy and was written during the period when the famous composer was at his best. The symphony is rather short, as though in the usual four movements, and for that reason the first part of the program will consist of Massenet's charming overture "Phedre" and the symphony.

The second part of the program will consist of Richard Wagner's Siegfried Idyll, a composition that gives remarkable opportunities for the string section; Asmus Jarnefelt's "Praeludium" and "Bereeuse," both charming tone poems; Taubert's "Liebeslieschen" for strings only, and Eduard Lalo's "Nowegian Rhapsodies, No. 1." Jarnefelt and Lalo are both new composers to the orchestra, the former being Finnish and a relative of the famous Jean Sibelius. Lalo is a Belgian composer and this lends considerable interest to this number at this particular time.

Taubert's "Liebeslieschen" as the name implies, is a song of love voiced through the most expressive of all musical instruments, the strings. It is a picture of intense emotions.

* * *

"Ave Maria, My Faith Looks Up to Thee" is the title of a duet for voices of medium range, composed by Daniel R. Wilson of this city and just published by Graves Music company. Its very simplicity is perhaps its most appealing quality and it will undoubtedly prove very popular for both church and concert work. An octave is the widest range.

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After four years of continuous service, Alfred Hertz has resigned as German conductor of the Metropolitan Opera company. The position has been offered to Arthur Bodansky, a conductor of renown and ability.

* * *

Miss Marie Roberts, soprano, was the soloist at the Columbia highway views, shown by Samuel Hill, on Tuesday evening at the Hotel Multnomah ballroom, under auspices of American Institute of Bankers.

ROYAL CIRCLE, WOMEN OF WOODCRAFT, ORCHESTRA

Standing—M. Scott, M. Morgan, E. Martin, H. Day, R. Smythe, C. Day, L. Curtiss, F. Mountford.
Sitting—E. Jager, E. Helm, W. Menke.

WHAT LABOR IS DOING

Union Is Seeking an Understanding with the Fraternal Orders.

Employes Make Complaint.

Railroad authorities under oath have recently admitted that employes sustained heavy losses in having to sell their homes when terminals were changed. Employes claim it is frequently done in connection with real estate speculations of road officers and stockholders.

* *

Non-Union Musicians.

The Musicians' union is endeavoring to secure a better understanding with a number of fraternal orders over the employment of non-union musicians. It is the practice with some fraternal orders to form a band or orchestra of their own members and pay them for music furnished the regular lodge meetings as well as for open dances. The Musicians' union objects to the fraternal orders employing non-union players at all, but particularly to their employment at open meetings and dances where admission is charged. As many members of organized trades unions belong to the leading fraternal orders there will be an adjustment made without friction in good time.

* *

Cooperative Stores.

White women cannot hereafter be employed by Asiatics in British Columbia.

* *

Workingmen in Chicago are opening cooperative stores.

* *

The report of the industrial relations committee which has examined into industrial and economic problems all over the country is not likely to be published. Sudden economy is the reason.

* *

A workingmen is killed every 15 minutes in the industries of the United States.

SCHUMANN-HEINK CONCERT AT EILERS RECITAL HALL

Most Admired of All Contralto Records Assisted by Well Known Local Talent.

Ernestine Schumann-Heink is the most popular and beloved contralto who has ever visited America. Her superb voice and thoroughly artistic singing and acting, as well as her genial personality, have endeared her to audiences everywhere.

Mme. Schumann-Heink is the daughter of Herr Rossler, an Austrian army officer, who, at the time of her birth, was stationed in Lieben, Bohemia. At the age of 10 little Ernestine was sent to the convent of the Ursuline nuns in Prague, where she sang in the choir, but entirely by ear. Her father was afterward transferred to Graz, where a teacher named Marietta von La Clair, who had recognized the signs which told of a voice worth cultivating, kindly offered to give the budding genius her best efforts without pay. The girl's voice at that time was a deep contralto, with no high notes. The wise teacher kept her on nothing but exercises for two years before she gave her songs by Mendelssohn, Schubert and other composers. Her first appearance in New York was in 1878, and she was such a great success that American audiences refused to allow her to return to Germany. She has now taken up her residence here and has become an American citizeness, making only short trips to Europe to fill special engagements.

This singer's capacity for work is simply phenomenal, and her record of 1904, when she made 92 appearances in four and one-half months, is still remembered as a feat unequaled by any prima donna.

But the engagements which interest the largest number of persons are those which the great contralto fills in the Victor laboratory. Large as her audiences always are, they would seem small indeed compared to the great public she sings to by means of the Victrola. She says her income from concerts and making of records is $135,000 annually.

That all may hear her wonderful records, the public is cordially invited to attend the free concert in the recital hall on the Eilers Talking Machine company on the second floor of the Eilers building, Broadway at Alder street, each afternoon this week at 3 o'clock. Complimentary tickets may be obtained there in advance if desired.

Mme. Schumann-Heink, desiring that her records should be as nearly perfect as possible, and worthy of her great reputation, has signed an exclusive agreement with the Victor company. The sympathetic and luscious quality of Schumann-Heink's glorious voice is so perfectly recorded that there is nothing left to be desired. (Adv.)

FRATERNAL NOTES

Quadrennial Convention of Maccabees to Convene at Albany.

Delegates to Be Chosen.

The quadrennial state convention of the Knights of the Maccabees for the state of Oregon will convene at Albany, Or., on March 6 for the purpose of electing delegates to the supreme tent, which meets at San Francisco on May 18, and also for the purpose of electing state officers and such other business as may properly come before the convention. The Maccabees of Albany will tender a reception to the delegates and all visiting Maccabees on Friday night, March 5. Prominent Maccabees from all over Oregon will appear on the program.

* *

Will Celebrate Anniversary.

Cosmopolitan lodge 109, Knights of Pythias, will celebrate the fifty-first anniversary of the order upon tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock by giving appropriate ceremonies, followed by a luncheon and dance. All knights are cordially invited. The Castle hall is located at Third and Madison streets. The progressive knights of this lodge have succeeded in forming a company of the uniform rank K. of P., the only company at present in the city. This lodge had the largest per cent of growth during the last year of any K. P. lodge in Portland.

* *

Order Has Rapid Growth.

The Knights and Ladies of Lincoln is a beneficial order for men and women, about two years old, and claims 20,000 members. C. Elmore Campbell, the supreme secretary, has chosen Portland as his location because of its central position and accessibility to Oregon, Washington and Idaho points. Two lodges are in process of formation in this city. No. 100 will meet in Selling-Hirsch hall, and No. 102 in Thiel hall, Mississippi avenue and Killingsworth.

* *

Sands Will Be Hot.

Next Tuesday evening the D. O. K. K. degree of the Knights of Pythias is to be pulled off at their castle at Alder and Eleventh streets. This degree always attracts members from far and near. The sands will be hot, and the pace fast, so Ed Lance assures the faithful.

* *

Getting Class at Salem.

C. A. Anderson, deputy state commander of the Knights of the Maccabees, is hustling a big class of candidates in Salem for Willamette tent No. 6. Last Wednesday evening a meeting was held at which visiting knights were present in large numbers.

* *

Will Hold Dance Thursday.

Thursday evening the regular monthly dance and card party of Prospect camp, W. O. W., will be held at W. O. W. temple, 128 Eleventh street. These social gatherings are always well attended and well managed.

* *

Party Is Well Attended.

Last Tuesday evening Multnomah Tent No. 67, Knights of the Maccabees, and its auxiliary hive, Ladies of the Maccabees, No. 24, gave a card party and dance at Odd Fellows hall, East Sixth and East Alder streets. It was well attended and all enjoyed a pleasant evening.

* *

Franklin Given Gold Jewel.

C. J. Franklin has been presented by Electric council, Royal Arcanum, with a gold jewel and badge as past regent. He is highly thought of by the members.

* *

Past Sachems Move House.

The Past Sachems' organization within the Improved Order of Red Men has moved from Morrison and Second streets to the Lelu club and lodge rooms at East Morrison and Grand avenue.

* *

Celebrate Washington's Birthday.

The Red Men will celebrate Washington's birthday at the German house, Thirteenth and Main streets.

* *

Anniversary Is Celebrated.

Ashland members of the Knights of the Maccabees attended in large numbers the recent twenty-second anniversary of the founding of Granite tent No. 4.

* *

Royal Highlanders Entertain.

A program and dance will be given Monday evening by the Bonnie Rose Castle, Royal Highlanders, in the Woodman of World hall, 128 Eleventh street. Admission will be free.

Louise Home Is Under Handicap

By Fred Lockley.

The Louise home, located at 373 Cable street, near the end of the Chapman street car line, is a branch of the work of the Pacific Coast Rescue Protective society. In addition to the Louise home the work of this society includes the Portland Commons, the Albertina Kerr Nursery home, the Prison league and the Anti-White Slave league. Miss Emma Lovett is the superintendent of Louise home and Dr. C. J. McCusker is the physician in charge. The whole atmosphere of Louise home is one of service. "Inasmuch as you did it unto the least of these my brethren, ye did it unto me" is the spirit which animates the workers. While the spirit of those in charge is of the best yet the home itself is wretchedly inadequate to the work. It occupies a flimsy old wooden structure that in case of fire would be a veritable fire trap.

Miss Beatrice Prosser, the assistant matron, took me through the home. The basement is dark and small, the floor being rough and uneven and the stationary tubs old and leaky. "Of course it seems hard to have the girls do the washing for themselves and the babies in this dark and sloppy basement, but it is the best we can do," said Miss Prosser. We went next to the kitchen and dining room. The house is built in the old style. The object of the builder seems to have been to see how many rooms he could make in a given space, consequently all of the rooms are small, the dining room and kitchen being no exception. My guide was very apologetic over the stoves which, to be frank, are very poor apologies for stoves, the oven of one of them having been broken so that it cannot be used. Up a dark, narrow, winding stairway we went to the next story where the office and some of the bedrooms are located. Up another equally narrow, winding stairway we took our way to the top story and went through the cell like bedrooms of the girls. In a small room four cots are located, two of the cots being occupied. "This is our hospital," said Miss Prosser. "Of course like most of the rest of the equipment it is inadequate but it is the best we have. The student doctors come here in childbirth cases and if any complication arises Dr. C. J. McCusker himself comes. Our girls come from all over the state. The little girl that you spoke to in the kitchen is 13 years old. She will not become a mother for a month or two yet. Come out on the porch and I will show you some of our youngest citizens." On the porch were hanging three clothes baskets in which three recent arrivals were snugly ensconced. "All three of the babies are boys," said Miss Prosser. "And all of them have been born within the past month. During the past year we have admitted 60 girls to the home. We have had 12 babies born here and taken in 11 young girls with their babies. Of the 60 girls admitted 16 were under 16 years of age, five were under 15 years of age, four under 14 years of age and one was under 12. The remaining 31 girls range from 18 to 35 years of age. Seventy-six cases were handled by William Gordon MacLaren, the superintendent of the work, 26 of the cases were prosecuted and 22 convictions secured. Twenty girls were taken on parole. In the cases in which prosecution occurred the men are prosecuted for ruining young girls."

After making the tour of the home we went down into the kitchen where the three babies who had been brought in from the porch were hanging up in their baskets. One of the babies wanted his dinner. He wanted it at once. He was announcing the fact that he was hungry not with a querulous wail but with a lusty roar that certainly proved he had good lungs.

Lack of Home Training Deplored.

"What brings most of your girls here?" I said to Miss Prosser. "After examining hundreds of cases I think I can answer your question by saying lack of home training. Lack of home training is caused by a number of things. Friction in the home, divorce, immorality of the parents and the mistaken attitude of allowing the children too much liberty and an utter lack of discipline, all of these are contributing causes, but broadly speaking you might say that lack of home training causes most girls to go astray.

"Many people ask, 'Why don't you make the man marry the girl he has ruined?' One of the reasons why this cannot be done is the fact that more girls are ruined by married men than by single men, so that the man who ruins the girl cannot marry his oftentimes innocent victim.

"We are crowded to our capacity all of the time. We can only keep from 12 to 15 girls and we usually have applications for at least 40 cases. No particular class of society furnishes our inmates. Two of the girls now here are high school girls, three are girls from the grade schools, one is a stenographer, one is a servant girl, one of the girls was induced to enter an immoral life through the persuasions of her mother. We take the girls in without questions or without thought of pay. If they can later reimburse us we are glad to have them do so. If they cannot nothing is said. We try to find work for them when they leave and we try to get the girls to keep their children. In fact most of the girls want to keep their children for a baby brings its love with it. The father has deserted the girl. The baby is all she has left and she loves him with a protecting love that the sheltered mother probably can not know. Miss Bessie D. Danskin is the matron here, I am the assistant, Miss Nelson is the nurse, Miss Belle Davidson is the field worker and Miss Emma Lovett is the superintendent. Miss Lovett is also the superintendent of the Albertina Kerr Nurery.

Cost of Maintaining Home.

"The Louise home and the Nursery home work is in very close affiliation. The average number of girls kept here during the year is 12. Just at present we happen to have 13. The total cost of running the home for the past year amounted to $1561.64. This makes a per capita cost of about $10.85 per month per girl. When I tell you that the four workers received a total amount of $203.35 for their salary during the year or a little less than $51 apiece for their year's work you will see that the institution is not run for what the workers are making out of it. What we are working for is the satisfaction we get from service rendered to those who much need help. That verse on the wall applies to the workers as well as it does to the girls who come here." Hanging in a prominent place in the front room is an illuminated motto which reads: "May Jesus reign within this dwelling and may we be indwelt by his love and grace. Thus whether it be work or play or pain we shall be kept till he comes again."

"You can understand that when an average number of 12 girls and four workers are fed for an average of $4.10 per month that we do not live very high. Today our breakfast consisted of oatmeal, toast and tea. For dinner we had mashed potatoes, succotash bread, gravy and butter, and for supper tonight we will have tea, soup, bread and butter and fruit. Twice a week we try to have meat for dinner. Yes, the building is old, inconvenient, dark and a fire trap, but we try to do as good work as we can and make the girls realize that though they have made a mistake yet they can go from the Louise home and make a new start and become clean, useful and productive citizens."

Looking over the books I found the following financial statement for the year ending December 31, 1914:

Receipts.

Donations	$364.85
From general fund of the P. C. R. & P. S.	569.80
Total	$1534.65

Disbursements.

Provisions	$494.59
Salaries, 4 workers with board	203.35
Fuel	85.85
Light	68.70
Telephone	72.14
Water	8.25
Labor	33.10
Carfare	48.50
Repairs	113.52
Furniture	43.50
Sundries	12.25
Insurance	18.66
Traveling, investigations, correspondence and protective league work	360.00
Total	$1496.75

SALVATION ARMY BENEFIT PLANNED FOR MARCH 9

—Photograph by Bushnell.

Mrs. Thomas Carrick Burke, who is in charge of the concert to be given for the benefit of the Salvation Army next month.

The big musical event of the Lenten season will be a monster benefit concert, to be given Tuesday evening, March 9, in the Lincoln high school auditorium, the proceeds to go to furthering the local work of the Salvation Army. This is one of Portland's most popular philanthropies, and its benefits which are always arranged by people of social and musical prominence, are accounted among the brilliant affairs of the season.

Mrs. Thomas Carrick Burke is arranging the program, and she will be assisted by some of Portland's best talent. The list of patronesses is being made up. Already the following well known women have signified their willingness to lend their assistance toward making the concert a great artistic and financial success:

Mesdames Robert Smith, W. J. Burns, C. F. Adams, Guy W. Talbot, A. J. Meier, W. H. Wheelwright, Helen Ladd Corbett, Edward Ehrman, Frederick Eggert, H. R. Albee, W. E. Thomas, Henry L. Corbett, C. H. Wortman, Thomas Carrick Burke, M. Fleischner, Thomas Honeyman, Vincent Cook, Herman Metzger, Harrison G. Platt, J. Elliot Kling, Thomas Kerr, L. A. Lewis, James Honeyman, W. C. Alvord, David Honeyman, Dr. E. H. East, Harry Chipman, H. L. Chaplin, George Cellars, Dr. Ford Warren, Victor Johnson, J. Wesley Ladd, Kenneth Beebe, S. M. Mears, A. E. Rockey, W. H. Daughtrey, C. C. Colt, J. C. Mack, Julius Meier, Harry Meier, Julius Lippett, John H. Burgard, Andrew Porter, John F. Logan, John Claire Monteith, Johnston Porter, E. M. Baker, W. J. Patton, W. N. Gatens, Fred L. Olson, Solomon Rosenfeld, Charles Feldenheimer, A. A. Morrison, Luther R. Dyott, D. C. Burns, D. D. Clarke, Martin Wagner, Walter B. Hinson, J. C. Hare, Henry Stone, James Failing, John Manning, W. H. Boyer, W. A. T. Bushong, Florence West, Ben Selling, R. C. Walker, Edgar B. Piper, Abe Tichner, R. S. Irvine, Walter M. Cook, E. H. Wardner, J. C. Mann, W. F. Greer, Donald Spencer, W. M. Ladd, Solomon Hirsch, P. J. Mann, Arsilie Feltes, A. W. Fulton, C. Henri Labbe, F. O. Downing, W. E. Coman, Albert Feldenheimer, G. Lewis Mead, Chester Deering, F. S. Myers, H. G. Reed, G. J. Frankel, Harper, R. C. Walker, J. P. O'Brien, William House, the Misses Maud Ainsworth, Elizabeth Cadwell, Lina James, Ward Swope, Failing, Flanders, Emma Butler, Anna Murphy, Waldemar Lind.

"HOME SWEET HOME"

By Fannie I. Clark.

"While nations are beating each other to death,
And hundreds are slaughtered at every breath,
Bulge forth your American bosom and say:
There's no place on earth like the old U. S. A.

It may be in Kansas or Kalamazoo,
In Maine, or in Utah or Texas, that you,
With feet neath the table chew three squares a day,
Just eat and give thanks for the old U. S. A.

You may be from Germany, England or France,
You'll never be blamed for such a small circumstance;
Just send 'em back word you're contented to stay
'Neath the star spangled flag of old U. S. A.

Perhaps you're from Russia, with beard like a mat,
Or Ireland, or Sweden, or some place like that;
You'd better be here now at two plunks a day
Than be a king outside of old U. S. A.

So let's give three cheers for the nation of peace,
Where things run as smooth as a barrel of grease;
Come on all together, hip, hip, hip, hurray!
The best land on earth, the dear old U. S. A."

Competition Saves Life of This Man

New Jersey Resident With German Name Loses Desire to Kill Himself When He Hears "Tipperary."

Passaic Falls, N. J., Feb. 20.—Charles Steinheaver stood at the brink of the falls, melodramatically gesturing his intent to commit suicide. As his swan song he sang "Die Wacht am Rhein."

Patrolman John Jorlett saw him, but could not urge the would-be suicide to leave his perilous position.

Jorlett scratched his head, and started a competitive concert. He sang "It's a Long Way to Tipperary."

Steinheaver got mad and came down to fight. He rests in jail, instead of the river.

Rose Culture Is Worthy of Stvdy

By E. B. McFarland.

PART ONE

It seems almost incredible, yet it is true, that all the splendid roses we now grow have been produced from the small, single species found in the different countries of the world. By careful selection and cultivation, and by crossing and intercrossing the original species, the present result has been obtained.

China and Japan have furnished a number of varieties. Among them the Rugosas and the handsome little Polyanthas.

From the Island of Bourbon England received the Bourbon race of roses about the year 1825. Sou De La Malmason is a sample of this class.

The Damask rose is a native of Syria, and was introduced into England about the sixteenth century. The striped York and Lancaster is a type of this variety.

The tea scented roses, which are noted for their delicacy and the variety of their beautiful blooms, originated in France about the year 1800, and were, no doubt, obtained from crossing the native roses.

North America produced the Noisettes, of which the well known yellow Marechal Niel is a striking example.

The Austrian yellow is of European origin. The Persian yellow is a native of Persia. From the last two species all our beautiful yellow roses have been derived by propagation with other varieties.

Roses came into prominence a little more than 50 years ago. About that time the first exclusive rose shows were held in England. Before that time they were shown in agricultural fairs only. The holding of the special rose exhibitions brought them directly to the attention of the people, and they gained many devoted admirers, who have ever since increased in numbers corresponding to the improvement in the quality of flowers. At that time the Bourbon and Damask roses and roses of that class were the principal ones shown. But little progress was made in the varieties for a number of years, although the quality of the blooms wre grealy improved and the people educated to greater effort.

Slowly the Hybrid Perpetuals were introduced, and finally became the principal roses grown and exhibited. This is not to be wondered at, if you consider their great advance in size, color, form and fragrance and the length of their blooming period.

About the year 1876 the National Rose society of England was started. Their efforts were directed toward the extension and improvement of rose culture. They held regular yearly exhibitions, and gave premiums as at the present time.

There is no doubt that exhibitions do a great deal toward the propagation of fine roses. Each grower, of course, produces the best he can. The result is many superior flowers, the "survival of the fittest." The people are educated to know and cultivate the best.

To the efforts of the National Rose society is due in large measure the high quality of roses we now possess. By the ready purchase of the new varieties produced, at increased cost, they encouraged the producer to fresh efforts in hybridizing, and also helped to educate the people to appreciate them. For the next 20 years the Hybrid Perpetual reigned supreme, the principal prizs going to them.

Cross Fertilization Tried.

About the year 1890 Charles Darwin's book on the "Origin of Species" caused some thinking people to put in practice his theory of "cross fertilization," from which all the Hybrid Tea blooms we now have have been produced. The pollenizing of the strong growing, brilliant Hybrid Perpetuals, with the beautiful, but delicate, Teas, have given us the splendid ever-blooming Hybrid Teas which now comprise about nine tenths of the roses shown. Here we have roses with the substance and vigorous constitution of the Hybrid Perpetuals, one of the parents, and with the beautiful colors of the other parent—the Tea. The real development of the race began about 1890, and since then one fine bloom after another has been produced so fast that it is hard to keep track of them.

It is not necessary to say that all the new varieties are superior to the older ones. Such is not the case. Many of the older varieties, on account of special qualities, will no doubt hold their place for a long time to come.

For a time there was a tendency to propagate only the large, full flowers to the neglect of the beautiful, but thinner, decorative varieties. But now the latter are fully appreciated.

It is possible now to get roses in almost endless varieties suitable for everything flowers are used for. There are more than 1500 kinds in the market, but I should say that 200 or 300 cover the good ones. This, of course, is a matter of taste.

Now, as to planting. The preparation of the rose bed is of the first importance, and if new ground, it should be done at least two weeks before used. A bed three feed wide is a very satisfactory width for two rows.

Remove the top foot of soil and place it alongside the bed. Then spade up to the depth of another foot and thoroughly mix well rotted cow manure with it. Then place the top dirt on the bed again. If the bed is treated in this manner, it will need but little fertilizer for some time. When ready to plant, trim off any broken roots and place bush in the bed, being careful that the roots are spread out full length, and do not come in contact with the manure. Cover with a couple of inches of fine soil and press firmly. If the ground is dry, pour in a gallon or so of water, then fill up the dirt around the plant until it is slightly deeper than when in the nursery.

How and When to Plant.

Let me say that planting is a very important part of rose growing. Plant your bushes carefully at any time the ground is in fit condition after November 15 to the end of March. Fall is the best time for large plants, 2-year-olds, but small, weak plants should be planted in March.

Pruning is also an important part of rose culture. Each variety should be pruned according to its growth and nature. It is hard to give general directions to cover each case. Use your own judgment. First, cut away all dead and unripe shoots; then thin out the center of the plant, so the air can circulate and to make room for the new growth. This will leave three or four of the well ripened shoots of last year's growth, as the case may be.

Now, if the plant is of the slow or moderate growing variety, and you desire exhibition blooms, cut back these shoots to three or four "eyes" from the base to the shoot started from, but if you want a greater number of blooms, and do not care for the high quality, cut back to within four to six "eyes."

If the plant you wish to prune is of vigorous growth, cut away the weak and unripe shoots then thin out the center for free circulation of air and to make room for new growth, as before stated. Then if you want exhibition blooms, cut the remaining three or four shoots back, so as to leave four or five "eyes" on each shoot. If you would like a greater number of blooms without regard to their quality, cut back to six or eight "eyes."

In shortening a shoot always cut to an eye pointing away from the center of the plant. Long shoots may be cut away in the fall, so as not to thrash about all winter. If you want exhibition flowers, do not leave more than four or five blooms on an average size dwarf bush, and disbud, of course, leaving one flower to a shoot.

Climbers require to have the old stalk or shoots removed after flowering, and the tips of the remaining shoots cut in the spring. They require very little pruning, except to cut away dead wood and thin out when they become crowded. Some varieties like J. B. Clark and Frau Karl Druschki do best when three or four branches are left long and pegged down or spread upon a trellis.

Why do we prune? To concentrate the sap in fewer branches and blooms, thus increasing the vigor of the branches and the size of the blooms.

The principal errors in pruning are cutting away too much of bushes that require little pruning, and too little of bushes that require severe pruning, and then cutting the bushes square across, regardless of the number of stalks or branches left in the center.

Cuttings.

There are many thrifty varieties that will root readily from cuttings, particularly if cut with a heel.

There are, however, a great number of weak growing kinds, especially Teas, that do not strike easily, and do not do well on their own roots. It is waste of effort to use cuttings from them.

Probably the best time to plant cuttings is in November, but they can be started most any time if provided with moisture and warmth.

Do not pay too much attention to advertisements reading, "Roses on their own roots." It is simply a catchy ad for the inexperienced, for in reality the large majority are better budded or grafted on some strong growing variety.

Part Two of this article will be published in The Sunday Journal, February 28.

When the first straw hat appeared in 1784, men laughed at them. But, after long dodging, they finally adopted them.

Real Music at Last!

Edison's Supreme Achievement

THE DIAMOND DISC PHONOGRAPH

No Needles No Trouble

YOUR CHOICE of Any Style Sent to Your Home Absolutely FREE For several days' trial. No obligations to buy. Mr. Edison wants everybody to hear his wonderful invention.

Graves Music Co.

FACTORY DISTRIBUTORS—ESTABLISHED 1896

151 4th St., Between Morrison and Alder Sts.

The Doctor's Advice

by Dr. Lewis Baker

The questions answered below are general in character, the symptoms or diseases are given and the answers will apply in any case of similar nature.

Those wishing further advice, free, may address Dr. Lewis Baker, College bldg., College-Ellwood sts., Dayton, O., enclosing self-addressed stamped envelope for reply. Full name and address must be given, but only initials or fictitious name will be used in my answers. The prescriptions can be filled at any well stocked drug store. Any druggist can order of wholesalcr.

"Young Woman": "For several years I have doctored for distressing stomach symptoms, such as sour stomach, belching, accumulations of gas, heartburn, drowsiness after eating, sleeplessness, coated tongue, bad breath, nerves, and I am getting thin and weak, my complexion is poor, and so far have not been improved by the medicines I have taken."

Answer: Your need is medicine to aid digestion, overcome dyspepsia and tone up the stomach, liver and bowels. I advise you to take "double-four stomach and bowel medicine," sold in sealed packets, by druggists, with complete directions.

Miss Adele writes: "My hair is combing out, my scalp itches and dandruff is very annoying, and I want something to cure these conditions."

Answer: For hair and scalp troubles I have never found anything to equal the beneficial results of a thorough treatment of olaju yellow ointyol. It is cooling, cleansing and invigorating and thousands now use it regularly as a hair and scalp tonic.

Henry J. C. writes: "Something seems to be wrong with my system and I don't know what it is. I have huge puffs under my eyes, my eyes are bloodshot in the morning and my feet and ankles are swollen. Sometimes I have chills and feel weak and tired most of the time."

Answer: Your eliminating organs, such as liver and kidneys, are in need of treatment. Begin taking balmwort tablets at once. Get them in sealed tubes with full directions of any well stocked druggist.

C. M. C. asks: "Please relieve me of a coated tongue, foul breath, headache, constipation and general ill health."

Answer: If habitually constipated, you should take three grain sulpherb tablets (not sulphur) and arouse the organs which eliminate waste material from your body. These tablets purify the blood and improve the health by acting on the liver, kidneys and bowels. Obtain in sealed tubes with full directions.

"Sarah" says: "Can anything be done for one who is bothered with rheumatism? If so, please reply."

Answer: You can be relieved of your rheumatism if you take the following: Mix by shaking well and take a teaspoonful at meal times and at bed time and you will soon be relieved. Comp. essence cardiol, 1 oz.; comp. fluid balmwort, 1 oz.; syrup sarsaparilla comp., 5 ozs.; wine of colchicum, one half oz.; sodium salicylate, 4 drams; iodide of potassium, 2 drams.

Miss Bertie L. asks: "What remedy can you recommend to reduce obesity safely? I want to reduce about thirty pounds."

Answer: I rely on five grain arbolone tablets as being the most effective and convenient treatment to reduce abnormal fat. Druggists supply this in sealed tubes with complete directions. After the first few days a pound a day is not too much reduction.

Mrs. M. D. D. asks: "Do you think it possible for me to increase my weight from 97 pounds to about 125 pounds?"

Answer: Yes, I believe that the regular use of a special tonic tablet will do this for you as it has for thousands of others. Ask your druggist for three grain hypo-nuclane tablets in sealed package with full directions. Take them for several months to get the full benefit.

"Ray" writes: "Can a sufferer from bronchial trouble be relieved? Doctors do not seem to help me, what would you suggest?

Answer: To relieve chronic cold, sore throat, bronchitis, I would advise the use of concentrated essence of mentho-laxene. Purchase this at any drug store in 2½ oz. packages and mix according to directions given on bottle and you will very shortly be relieved of all bronchial trouble. This will not only relieve, but will correct, and is very pleasant to take.

M. G. W. asks: "What can one do for a bad catarrhal condition? I have suffered a long time and am unable to find relief. In addition to catarrh in throat and nostrils, I am also affected with pelvic catarrh (or leucorrhea)."

Answer: A good tonic and builder such as three grain hypo-nuclane tablets should build up your vitality, while using antiseptic Vilane Powder for local treatment. Get either a two or eight ounce package of the powder and complete directions with package will tell you how to use.

John C. L. writes: "I find my natural strength and nervous system failing me. I do not recuperate as of yore. My food and rest seem not to benefit as they should. Am weak, despondent and unable to perform the duties which were assumed earlier in life, while my ambition for work and pleasure is slowly going."

Answer: I think a powerful, harmless tonic and nervine medicine will rejuvenate and restore the functions of digestion, assimilation and elimination by invigorating the nervous system. Obtain three grain cadomene tablets, packed in sealed tubes, and take as per directions accompanying. (Adv.)

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