

"SEE US FOOD OR LOOK OUT," WARNS KAISER

Washington, D. C., Feb. 13.—Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, acting under instructions from the Berlin foreign office, called upon Secretary Bryan today and delivered a warning to the United States that if the British government does not permit the Wilhelmiana with her cargo of foodstuffs to go through to Germany, the German authorities will take steps in retaliation that will indirectly prove dangerous to American shipping.

WILL MAKE REPRISALS THAT MAY INJURE U. S.

Von Bernstorff Calls England's Attitude Indefensible and Unheard Of.

(By the International News Service.) Von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, acting under instructions from the Berlin foreign office, called upon Secretary Bryan today and delivered a warning to the United States that if the British government does not permit the Wilhelmiana with her cargo of foodstuffs to go through to Germany, the German authorities will take steps in retaliation that will indirectly prove dangerous to American shipping.

Germany Threatens Reprisals

With Germany's agreement that the cargo should be distributed under American supervision, Ambassador Bernstorff stated that there would be no question of Germany's good faith, which he did not think Great Britain should question. But if Great Britain should insist in the extreme determination to take the Wilhelmiana and its cargo into a prize court and if the decision of a prize court should be unfavorable, the Wilhelmiana would be forced to reprisal.

Germany Not to Hesitate

It is perfectly clear now that Germany does not intend to stop at any reprisal which she may think necessary to protect her civil population from the hardships which would be imposed upon it under the proposed British blockade.

Financial Situation Clear, Says Hamlin

Governor of Federal Reserve Board in Chicago Address Declares the Tide Sweeps Toward Prosperity.

Perfect Model Hunt Lands Artist in Jail

Many Women Apply, None Are Chosen and Finally Police Said Studio and Was Allyn Sherrick.

Honey Marries His Campaign Manager

Graft Prosecutor Weds Mrs. Edna Van Winkle in Los Angeles; She Was His Campaign Manager for U. S. Senate.

Los Angeles Bank Clearings

Los Angeles, Feb. 13.—Bank clearings for the week \$1,120,654 against \$2,859,533 for the same period last year.

COMPARING NOTES



AMERICANS ENTITLED TO PROTECTION GIVEN BY OWN FLAG, CLAIM

Captain of Lusitania, Loaded With Americans, Says He Will Use Flag if Necessary

NEWS INDEX

- SECTION ONE—14 PAGES. 1. Germany Issues Warning to U. S. San Francisco Exposition to Open Saturday. Irrigation Aid Reverts With Legislation. French Admit Defeat. Lusitania Again at Sea. Juvenile Court Upheld. Increased Power for Governor. Senate Votes "Extra Dry." Democrats Agree to Closure. Expert Review of the War. Demand for Royal Marriage. Blacksmiths' Convention Ends. Navy League to Convene. Women's Club. Idaho "Frolic" in Lead. Journalists' Ship Gift Acknowledged. Becker Witness Admits Forgery. City Hall News. Room in Journal Building. Calico Canal Opening Plans Develop. News of Winter Relief Bureau. Eighth Company C. A. C. Proud of Record. Purchase of Alaskan Rail Lines Opposed. Merchants Convene Tomorrow. Winners in Pupils' Contest Named. Equal Pay for School Teachers. House Indulges in Horse Play. Police Seek Vagabond. Beatonton Enjoys Get-Together Ban. \$2,500,000 in Appropriations Pending. Record of State Legislature. Columbus Robinson Bill Passed. 10-11. In the Pacific Northwest. Journal Trade and Circulation Contest. 13. Oceanic Safeguarded by Bill. Water Supply Being Watched. State Insurance Measure Passed. 14. Large Docks Declared Read.

SECTION TWO—16 PAGES

- (Sports, Automobiles, Good Roads, Markets, Marine, Suburban, Want Ads, Real Estate.) SECTION THREE—10 PAGES. 1. Jinx Regulation Advocated. 2. Dramatic News. 3. In Photography Field. 4. City News in Brief. 5. Christianization Patriotic—Rev. W. B. Hinson. 6. Opinions of Journal Readers. 7. "Coney" Column. 8. News of Customs in Alaskan Wilds. 9. Illustrated News Review. 10. News from Foreign Capitals. 11. Destruction of Papers. How to Complain to Post Office. SECTION FOUR—10 PAGES. 1-2-3-4. The Week in Society. 5. Police and Burglars. Home-Genevieve Clark. 6. The Role in Festival Plan. 7. Parent-Teacher News. 8. The City Club. Social Service Activities. 9. Fashion Openings—Ann Eitelhouse. 10. Life as a Needlewoman—Sarah H. Hunter. Rag Carpet (Short Story)—W. W. University and College News. SECTION FIVE—8 PAGES (Magazine and Pictorial). 1. All About for the Fair. 2. My Boyfriend Fish Decries Hard Times. 3. True Story of the Tragedy that Killed Stensel. 4-5. Photographs from the War Zone. 6. On the Sunny Side. 7. Science and Near Science Up-to-date. 8. Cartoons. The Story Lady—Georgene Faulkner. SECTION SIX—FOUR PAGES (Comic).

Tiny Actress Files Big Damage Suit

Toby Claude Alleges Two Policemen Handcuffed Her and Showed Loaded Guns, While Arresting Her.

A Watch and a Hog Ranch

The best way to succeed is to take advantage of your opportunities. The best way of finding your opportunities is by reading The Journal Want Ads.

English Wipe Out Turkish Column

Turks, Commanded by Germans, Had Marched Against British Station of Tor; Surprised and Annihilated.

OPERATE ON BERNHARDT

Paris, Feb. 13.—Mme. Sarah Bernhardt, unable to walk because of an affection of the knee, was carried to Bordeaux today to undergo an operation.

JEWELL CITY TO OPEN DOORS ON NEXT SATURDAY

Panama - Pacific Exposition Is Practically Ready to Receive Its Expectant Thousands of Guests.

300,000 VISITORS ARE EXPECTED FOR OPENING

Few Exhibits Are Yet to Be Placed; Landscape, Electrical Work Complete.

(By the International News Service.) San Francisco, Cal., Feb. 13.—San Francisco's shrine of joy—the Jewell City—is finished and stands ready to drop the bars one week from today to the thrush of thousands. Mighty things are mapped out for the opening day, including elaborate ceremonies on the grounds, dedications of buildings, fireworks, speeches, parades and a general program of sightseeing, hilarity and band concerts.

PROTEST REGISTERED AGAINST A CHANGE IN JUVENILE COURT PLAN

Citizens, in Mass Meeting, Adopt Resolutions Directed to the Oregon Legislature.

GOVERNOR IS GIVEN INCREASED POWER TO ENFORCE THE LAWS

Senate Passes Bill Allowing Attorney General to Supercede District Attorney.

SENATE TEST VOTE IS "EXTRA DRY" ON PROHIBITION BILL

Solons Apparently Are in Favor of Law Limit on Liquor Importations.

ALLEGED DYNAMITER OF TIMES ARRESTED

M. A. Schmidt, for Whom Entire World Was Searched for Past Four Years, Is Arrested Here Tonight.

More Power for Corporations

Such Is Aim of Smith Bill

California Decision Is Cited

BY OSWALD WEST

Salem, Or., Feb. 13.—Speaking of the Smith (of Klamath), house bill 351, giving corporations the right to condemn government lands the Oregonian says:

The house bill is an affirmative measure, authorizing the exercise of a state right in such a manner as to render the bills now before congress so much waste paper.

Section 1240 of the California code of civil procedure as recently amended provides that the property, which may be taken through the exercise of the right of eminent domain, includes:

- 1. All real property belonging to any person. 2. Lands belonging to the state, including tide and submerged lands, not within the corporate limits of any city, or city and county, or to any county, incorporated city, or city and county, village or town, not appropriate to some public use.

3. Lands belonging to the United States or owned or held by the United States in trust, or otherwise, for any purpose, except lands owned or held for lighthouses, postoffices or other government buildings, forts, arsenals, or other military purposes.

Within the past year the supreme court of California, in the case of Deseret Water, Oil and Irrigation company vs. The State, had this to say in reference to the provisions of the said subdivision three:

The United States can be sued only in such cases and in such courts as are permitted by its own laws. Therefore the provision of subdivision three, section 1240, of the code of civil procedure, by which the state declares that the lands 'owned or held by the United States in trust or otherwise,' may be subjected to proceedings in eminent domain, stands upon our statute books without the slightest efficacy until the United States government itself shall have authorized the states to bring itself and its lands into their courts.

What Smith Bill Would Permit.

The Smith bill attempts to give certain corporations full power to condemn and appropriate to their own use any and all lands owned by the Jefferson street levee. The Oregon-Washington, Railroad & Navigation company, may condemn and appropriate its own use the public docks of the city of Portland. The Portland Railway, Light & Power company may move into the Portland postoffice at any time. The Hill lines may extend their docks and terminals to Fort Stevens and throw the fortifications into the sea if found in the way.

Oregon, by reason of her popular system of government, has been held out to the world by the Oregonian as the fool of the family of states. If anything was needed not only to bring her up to the standard fixed by the Oregonian but to go farther and make her the idiot of the family in the eyes of the people of the United States it is the passage of the Smith bill.

Three-fourths of the timber of this state has passed into private hands and is rapidly being gathered into the grasp of the few. The 35,000,000,000 feet of timber given this state by the federal government through the school grant, has all passed to private control. We have nothing left but our water power and even that to be thrown into the lap of the power trust at the earliest possible moment.

The "interests" through their agents at the state house are opposing the hydro-electric bills aiming to give municipalities authority to provide their own light and power, and on the grounds that there is no necessity for such development as it will take years before the growth of the state is sufficient to absorb the electric power now developed by power companies and available for sale and use. While the geni of the waterfalls are whispering this kind of dope into the ears of some they are whispering to others that the development of the state is being held back through the inability of those who would develop power possibilities to secure lands for power sites, etc. If the argument against the hydro-electric bills is sound then it should be considered doubly sound if applied to the Smith bill.

Referendum Certain to Be Invoked.

Should this bill pass and be approved by the governor it will offer the people a splendid opportunity to vote their sentiments upon a most important question. That it will be held up by the referendum is a foregone conclusion.

The house very properly refused to swallow the senate resolution prepared by the representatives of the power trust in which an attempt was made to deprive the governor of the right to appoint delegates to a convention provided for therein. The governors of the other western states were extended the privilege of appointing delegates but the friends of the power trust in the senate did not wish to take a chance on our governor's appointees and therefore provided for selection of a certain number by each branch of the legislature. The house was so unkind as to restrict the little scheme and the appointment of the delegates will rest with the governor.

SENATE TEST VOTE IS "EXTRA DRY" ON PROHIBITION BILL

Solons Apparently Are in Favor of Law Limit on Liquor Importations.

(Salem Bureau of The Journal.) Salem, Or., Feb. 13.—On the first test vote making to the prohibition bill the senate, after a long session, went on record as "extra dry," so far as maintaining a low limit is concerned, as the amount of liquor that may be shipped into the state for personal use after the prohibition amendment becomes effective.

By a vote of 15 to 13 the senate voted to replace in the bill the words "or family," which a majority of the committee on alcoholic traffic had stricken from the section prescribing that "it shall be unlawful for any one person or family within this state to receive from any common carrier more than two quarts of spirituous or vinous liquors or more than 24 quarts of malt liquors within a period of four successive weeks."

This action was taken in spite of a majority report, signed by four members of the alcoholic committee, in favor of striking out the words that place the same limitation upon a family as upon an individual, and a written communication from Attorney Arthur M. Churchill, attorney for the Committee of One Hundred, who had most to do with drafting the original prohibition bill, approving the action of the majority members of the committee in striking the words out.

Size of Family Troubles.

The majority of the committee sought to make it so that each individual member of a family could get the limit, making it possible for a family of four adults, for instance, to ship eight quarts of vinous liquor or 96 quarts of beer in four weeks.

Senator Dimick was the minority member of the committee who protested against the amendment the morning, then caused the measure to be re-referred to the committee, and

(Concluded on Page Eight, Column Two)

OREGON'S FAST IRRIGATION HOPE IS LEGISLATURE

Senators Wire That Lane's Bill for \$450,000 Government Appropriation Hinges on Equal Sum From State.

DELAY NOW MEANS WAIT OF TWO YEARS

Acceptance of Offer Would Result in Reclaiming 25,000 Acres for People.

With but five working days left of the present legislative session, it became known yesterday afternoon that the hope of federal aid for reclamation of the contingent upon action by the body now in session at Salem. The information is contained in a joint telegram from Senators Chamberlain and Lane and Congressmen Slinnot, which states that Secretary Lane has selected the central Oregon project for cooperative irrigation work and will recommend an appropriation of \$450,000 by congress, contingent on state appropriating a like amount for the same project. The telegram is as follows:

"Washington, Feb. 13.—Secretary Lane has approved central Oregon project for cooperative irrigation work. The amount of congressional appropriation of \$450,000 contingent on state appropriating like amount for same project. Promises to all he can to secure favorable congressional action. Please advise press.

"GEORGE E. CHAMBERLAIN, U. S. SENATOR. "N. J. SINNOTT."

Portland Water Act.

The telegram was addressed to Guy W. Talbot, chairman of the irrigation committee of the Portland Commercial club, and was dated at Washington yesterday. The message is acknowledged to mean that the only plan which the federal government will assign to Oregon \$450,000, so long in dispute, is contingent on action by the legislature appropriating an equal sum.

Most of the legislators reached at Salem after adjournment last night are unwilling to undertake legislative action in this session, while prominent citizens in Portland from whom pressure could be obtained heartily favored a reopening of the irrigation question by the present legislative body.

Mr. Talbot, as chairman of the Commercial club committee, is strongly in favor of the proposition to secure from the legislature the appropriation of \$450,000 necessary to secure the government's co-operation. The legislature, however, has been negative, due not to hostility to irrigation but actuated by its economy program which has hit nearly all appropriations regardless of their character.

Now is Oregon's Chance.

"The state of Oregon will make an irretrievable error if it rejects this opportunity. There is no other appropriation of \$450,000 we can secure as much more from the government. A sum of \$900,000 will reclaim probably 25,000 acres of now waste lands, which can be disposed of to actual settlers at nearly the bare cost of reclamation.

If no action is taken by the present legislature it will be impossible to do anything for another two years. Two years' idleness at this period of state development will be very serious.

"But beyond the present proposed appropriation it is important that the state of Oregon adopt now at this time a water policy that will be of permanent benefit. We have the opportunity, undoubtedly of continued government co-operation. That means dollar for dollar expenditure in irrigation and will have the greatest results in the advancement of state development.

"All the arguments are in favor of making the appropriation. It is good that the legislature has no substantial arguments against it. It should be done, especially in view of the definite decision by the secretary of the interior."

The business organizations of Portland have uniformly adopted strong resolutions approving the \$450,000 appropriation in order to meet the government's appropriation. The action has been taken in each instance because the Portland business men had direct selfish interest in it, but because it is believed that through state development Portland's prosperity is the better assured. Mr. Talbot intimated that a special train excursion to the legislature, pending recon- sideration of the appropriation would be organized.

Last Wednesday night a strong deluge was recorded.

Alleged Dynamiter of Times Arrested

M. A. Schmidt, for Whom Entire World Was Searched for Past Four Years, Is Arrested Here Tonight.

New York, Feb. 13.—M. A. Schmidt, object of the greatest search for more than four years, in connection with the dynamiting of the Los Angeles Times, was arrested here tonight. Detective Captain William S. Devy, of the New York police department, made the arrest, asserting that Schmidt admitted his identity a few minutes after he was taken into custody.

Schmidt was taken on a fugitive warrant according to Burns, he is charged with being one of the three men who bought 1000 pounds of dynamite with which the newspaper office was dynamited and 21 persons carried to their deaths.