

Member From Clackamas County Gets Surprise; State School for Girls Given Support

SCHUEBEL'S FISH AND GAME BILL PUT OUT OF THE WAY, QUIETLY

Committee Substitutes Another Measure Providing for New Commission.

SPEED SHOWN BY HOUSE

Late Afternoon See Fifteen Bills Passed by Prolific Members.

(Salem Bureau of The Journal.) Salem, Or., Feb. 13.—Road work for the coming biennium is to be continued on the one fourth of 1 mill tax levy of 1913, according to decision of the house of representatives yesterday, when it indefinitely postponed the Vawter bill, No. 293, raising the levy to 1 mill. The majority report of the ways and means committee was against any increase whatever in road taxes, but the report was brought in cutting the levy to one half of 1 mill, which would be one quarter of 1 mill higher than the present levy. Vawter moved the adoption of the minority report, declaring that Governor Withycombe, in his inaugural message, had made a plea for better highways, and that the interests of the state demand additional road development under the new plan to be directed by the state highway engineer.

But the motion was lost and the bill slid down the skirts into outer darkness. The late afternoon, finding the members fretful and weary, saw much legislation put through in haste—almost in a flash. When Chris Schuebel of Clackamas was looking the other way, the committee slipped in a report indefinitely postponing four bills, amending the administrative features of the fish and game code, among them House bill 101, which was previously designed to abolish the fish and game commission and give the governor power to appoint and discharge the master fish warden and master game warden at pleasure.

Schuebel found out afterward that his pet measure had hit the skirts and promised a lively clamor. As previously described, the new bill the committee substituted for 191 provides a new game commission, with the governor at its head. Schuebel holds that it is useless to fire one only to appoint another.

Fifteen bills were passed by the house yesterday afternoon, including House bill 454 by Blanchard, requiring that any alterations in printed contracts of sale entered into between agents and purchasers of goods will be valid only when countersigned by the principal. This is to avoid the old dodge employed by agents changing terms just at a customer, though a line on the contract specified that the company is not responsible for inter-pretations or extras.

Other bills passed included: House bill 203, by Clatsop delegation, raising the salary of the county superintendent of Clatsop from \$1200 to \$1500; house bill 469, by ways and means committee, appropriating maintenance for the girls' industrial school; house bill 387, by Petros, prohibiting net fishing in the Rogue river; providing methods for conducting county business; house bill 384 by Littlefield, regulating domestic corporations; house bill 432 by Clark, prohibiting swine from running at large in Gilliam county; house bill 370 by Davey, designating newspapers for publication of legal notices; house bill 420 by Barrow, providing for support of illegitimate children; house bill 186 by Hare, making calling of national horse claim for less than \$250; house bill 246 by road committee, allowing cities, counties and road districts to assist in building highways outside of their own jurisdiction; house bill 280 by Olson, imposing penalties for the misbranding of goods; house bill 171 by Hare, regulating the sale of motor vehicles; house bill 463, by road committee, amending law governing the laying out of roads; house bill 464 by fishes committee, forbidding use of seines in Alsea bay.



Try this easy way to heal your skin with Resinol. If you are suffering from eczema, ringworm or similar itching, red, unsightly skin affection, bathe the sore places with Resinol Soap and hot water, then gently apply a little Resinol Ointment. You will be astonished how instantly the itching stops and healing begins. In most cases the sick skin quickly becomes clear and healthy again, at very little cost. Resinol Ointment is a nearly flesh-colored that can be kept on face, hands or other exposed surface without attracting undue attention. Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap also clear away pimples, blackheads, and freckles. Sold by all druggists; for trial free, write to Resinol, Lepp, 26-S, Baltimore, Md.

PROBLEM OF UNEMPLOYED GROWS; STATE FARM MIGHT BE ANSWER TO THE QUESTION

(Continued From Page One.)

with these agencies. Many hold that any legislative attempt to abolish them would prove unconstitutional and that no more than regulation should be attempted. It goes without saying that happiness and prosperity go hand and hand with labor steadily employed at fair wages. It is to the best interests of a state, therefore, that those things be done which will not only provide employment during slack periods, but by aiding in the distribution of labor, take the jobless man to the manless job.

STATE FARM FOR UNEMPLOYED PROPOSED

The writer believes that there should be secured and operated under state control, a good-sized tract of agricultural land. This farm should be within a reasonable distance of the city of Portland and should be used as a kind of rendezvous for the employed. Here men would find food, shelter and work on the co-operative plan. The aim would be to make the place self-sustaining—the work of the men to produce the necessary food and clothing. The men to remain at the farm only until employment could be found. Under this plan the official in control could get a line on the character and ability of the men, and thus become of great assistance to such agencies as may be endeavoring to find them employment.

A state employment bureau should be maintained with headquarters in the city of Portland. This bureau should be given such control over private agencies as will enable it to curb any possible abuses and secure every possible co-operation. It should also be given power to co-operate to the fullest extent with municipal employment agencies throughout the state.

TAKE THE JOBS OFF THE STREETS

Men out of employment would find a home at the "farm." This would take them away from the city of Portland, where most of them congregate, yet not so far as to be out of reach of any employment that should be suddenly offered. The state employment bureau would in the meantime be gathering information from all quarters as to jobs for the jobless and would draw on the farm when men were needed. When an order came, the farm superintendent, by reason of his opportunity to classify his men, would find himself in position to send those who would be most likely to make good on the job. It must be remembered that among the unemployed there will be found the "fit" and the "unfit," and unless some little judgment is exercised in sending out men through a state employment bureau, employers will soon cease to deal with it and throw their business to the private agency. The unemployed laborer who is fit for work presents one problem and the unemployed laborer who is unfit to work presents another.

Mr. Eaton's bill, however, does not go as far as above suggested. It provides only for the establishment of a free employment bureau—a provision calling for the regulation of private agencies having been stricken out in the house. The bill is a move along the right line, and in drafting it, Mr. Eaton evidently felt that he was going as far as it was possible to go at this time.

The unemployed problem is a serious one and demands, without further delay, state legislation as well as the organization and funds necessary to handle it in a manner which will be productive of results. Mr. Eaton's bill opens the way for such action.

WILL GIVE GOVERNOR AUTHORITY TO NAME HYDRO DELEGATES

House Changes Memorial That Showed Apparent Discourtesy to Executive.

(Salem Bureau of The Journal.) Salem, Or., Feb. 13.—Resenting the apparent slap at Governor Withycombe taken by the house in depriving him of the right to appoint Oregon's delegates to the proposed hydro-electric congress in Portland next fall, the house yesterday afternoon passed the senate joint memorial, No. 9 after amending it so that the governor and not the legislature shall choose the state representatives to the congress. The whole subject involves Oregon's policy on future water power development. The senate fought over a proposed memorial to congress urging the passage of the Elberts bill, but this was defeated and the enemies of the bill passed the substitute memorial calling for a conference of all the states west of the Rockies to formulate a policy to pass on to congress for legislation.

The memorial as it came over from the senate stipulated that the Oregon delegates be elected, two by the senate and three by the house. It required further that the delegates on the other states be selected by the legislatures or by the governors if the legislatures are not in session. This measure was referred to the house resolutions committee, was not altogether satisfactory to its members because it took from the governor the privilege of making these selections of delegates though upon him rests the responsibility of enforcing the present water power regulations within the state.

The committee likewise felt it discourteous to prescribe to the states invited to the congress the manner in which their delegates should be chosen. The house adopted the amendments to the memorial and then the memorial itself with few dissenting voices.

BILLS INTRODUCED IN THE SENATE

S. B. 274, by Judiciary committee—Amending section 40, Lord's Oregon Laws, relating to interpleaders.
S. B. 275, by Bingham—Providing for the publication by each road district a full annual report of its operations for the past year.
S. B. 276, by committee on railroads (Sah, for S. B. 1221)—To provide safety for employees of the railroads by prescribing clearance regulations.
S. B. 277, by Clark—Providing that district attorneys shall make monthly reports to the attorney general.
S. B. 278, by Gill—Creating division of pictorial instruction to provide and loan free of charge to the educational purposes of pictorial lantern slides, etc., provided for by appointment of a director at salary of \$150 a month and a clerk at a monthly salary of \$800 for initial purchase of plant and equipment and \$1000 for operating and maintenance for two years.
S. B. 279, by Yamhill delegation—Giving governor, as commander-in-chief of the Oregon National guard, authority to discharge commission officers if the organization does not conform to requirements of war department orders and regulations.
S. B. 180, by Langsbury—Providing method for annexing unincorporated territory to cities or towns.
S. B. 181, by Hollis—Providing that the state treasurer shall make monthly reports to the attorney general.
S. B. 282, by Hollis—Amending section 3008 of the Oregon Laws, relating to the assessment on property when it is shown to be above cash value.
S. B. 283, by Kellaher—Authorizing the supreme court to employ seven stenographers and five clerks, and providing for salaries sections 2749, 2754 and 2755.

German Red Cross Party. The women of the German Red Cross society will give a card party in the German house, Thirteenth and Main streets, on the evening of February 24, for the benefit of the orphans and widows in the war zone. Those interested are invited.

PERKINS DESIRES TO EXEMPT MULTNOMAH FROM TAX COLLECTOR ACT

Present System of Collection by Treasurer Works Well, He Says.

(Salem Bureau of The Journal.) Salem, Or., Feb. 13.—It was definitely decided by the senate committee on Feb. 12, that the bill to exempt Multnomah county from the tax collector act would not be reported. The bill was introduced by Chairman Perkins of the committee offered bitter opposition to the bill unless it exempted Multnomah county. Perkins insisted that Multnomah county is not completely equipped to handle the tax collection system through the office of the county treasurer, which the system in vogue in other counties is. He stated that the collection with such officials had proved a success, and that it would be a detriment to the county to have the tax collector act applied to Multnomah county in the category with other counties.

Other members of the committee coincided that Multnomah county should be exempted, and that they would agree to the chairman's motion to exempt the county but for a ruling by the attorney general that such an exemption might be unconstitutional and invalidate the entire bill.

The bill has been carrying the main content of the bill in both the house and senate has been as to the division of salaries, and in the other counties. This bill provides for a state-wide system of road building, under an appropriation of half a mill, all the work aided by this fund to be under the direction of the state highway commission.

It has also been the practically unanimous consensus of opinion that no matter which official collected the taxes, he should be collector of delinquent taxes as well, in contrast with the present system, which makes treasurers collectors of the taxes, but the sheriff collector on delinquencies.

Perkins asserted he would fight against the bill in its present form when it reached the floor of the senate, but would offer no minority report, unless the governor should refer the bill to the committee in favoring his amendment if the possible unconstitutionality of it could be eliminated.

Good News for Boys Under 16 Years Old

New Bill Intended to Remodel Present Fish and Game Laws Boosts Age Limit Two Years.

(Salem, Or., Feb. 12.—The house committee on game reported in this morning the bill to amend the fish and game laws, which was introduced by Representative Olson, which was passed by a vote of 41 to 16. This is the measure amending the primary law of the state, which provides for the option of paying a flat prescribed fee and thus getting his name on the primary ballot, or of circulating petitions for his name on the ballot. The bill provides for a non-political commission of five members, with the governor as its head, and the elimination of the requirement that the defeated party candidates pledge themselves to support the successful party candidate, but rather requires that a candidate, beaten by the voters of his party, may not accept the nomination of another party, and thus run for office regardless of his turn down at the hands of those with whom he affiliates.

The bill will stop this course of petition shovels," said Olson. "It will give the candidate a chance to get on the ballot by the outlay of far less than the cost of the present system, and thus run for office regardless of his turn down at the hands of those with whom he affiliates.

Jenkins Denies He Is Candidate

Principal of Jefferson High School Not to Oppose Superintendent Alderman for the Superintendency. "I am not a candidate for the office of city superintendent of schools," said Principal Hopkin of Jefferson high school today. The statement was brought out in answer to the question whether he would contest with L. R. Alderman for the superintendency in the election by the board of directors, which is the one member of the board of directors who has offered his support to Mr. Jenkins for the position.

Jitneys and Fun Are Mixed at Luncheon

Promoter of First Bus Line Says No Business for Poor Man; Four Chairmen During Joyast. Jitneys came in for an arrangement at the meeting of the Portland Realty Board yesterday, when the board of directors of the first jitney company in Portland, declared that the venture was one that the poor man should avoid. He said that the average net earnings after keeping up machines, etc., was about 67 cents a day; and under the present conditions, it was on the routes to which they had been assigned.

BINGHAM MEASURE A POLITICAL SCHEME ASSERTS KELLAHER

Declaration Greeted With a Round of Applause; Value of System Is Emphasized.

FOREST SERVICE IS ISSUE

Many Prominent Men Take Part in Discussion Before Joint Committee at Salem.

(Salem Bureau of The Journal.) Salem, Or., Feb. 13.—Charging that Senator Bingham's bill and the measure of the committee on consolidations were framed solely with a view of getting the forestry service in politics, to the end that a strong machine might be built up and that their passage would mean the utter disorganization and demoralization of an efficient system of fire protection, Senator Kellaher was applauded to the echo at the night session of the joint committee on agriculture and forestry last night. Bingham made the significant statement that if the timber owners would "come in" and join the plan for a new system they could get anything they wanted, whether \$100,000 or \$150,000 but they would have to abandon the fight they have been carrying on or he would continue to wage war on the patrol system.

Kellaher denounced especially the consolidation bill, which has an emergency clause. "Designed for Politicians." "They want to put this law in effect before the people can have a chance to express their opinions on it," he declared. "Any person who is too cowardly to place his name on a bill for proposed legislation is unworthy of consideration. Let the author of this bill put his name on it so that the people can hold him accountable. I believe that the people's right to express their opinions should be respected. The bill is designed to make places for politicians."

Leading Men Talk. Among those who spoke during the evening were: George B. Hammond, manager of the Hammond Lumber company; Wells Gilber, owner of the company; J. S. O'Granger, of the Columbia River Logging association; the manager of the Wisconsin Timber company; Manager McKay of the Muller Timber company; Crook county; J. H. Hagan, timber owner and manager of the interests of several large timber companies; William McKelzie, a Portland labor man; J. Brown, representing large timber interests, who said \$2,000,000 had a while ago been invested in Oregon largely on account of the good fire protection system; Manager Walker of the Willamette Pulp & Paper company; C. H. Chapman of the Oregon Forest Fire association; E. T. Allen of the Western Forest and Conservation association; and Mrs. Breyman of Portland, representing State Federation of Women's Clubs.

System Is Explained. Forester Elliott explained the system in vogue at some length. In the budget an item calls for \$5000 for the fire fighting and Bingham claimed that the report has been held up at his instance, although the investigation has been completed for several months. He announced yesterday that he would make the report public next week.

Grand Trunk Guards Property. Montreal Quebec, Feb. 13.—Officials of the Grand Trunk railway admitted here this afternoon that extra guards have been stationed near the International bridge at Niagara Falls, Ontario, and about its property at Lake Ontario, Maine. This action was taken as the result of a recent attempt to dynamite a Canadian Pacific bridge near Vancouver, Maine.

Troops Leave Painted Creek. Fort Smith, Ark., Feb. 13.—Federal soldiers, who have been in the Painted Creek coal strike district since November 10, left yesterday.

Coal Strike at White Salmon. White Salmon, Wash., Feb. 12.—Excitement stirred by the Salmon and Bingen consequent upon the discovery here of a vein of coal. C. A. Rogers, while drilling a well on the property of John Tammy at Bingen, struck the vein. Options are being taken on the property in the vicinity.

Fatality Near John Day. John Day, Or., Feb. 13.—Frank Dunn, a rancher living about five miles below here, was killed Tuesday when his team ran away. Dunn was thrown under the wagon, which was loaded with lumber. Two wheels passed over his body. Dunn leaves a wife and five children.

Completion of Shipments of Pressure Pipe from Portland made possible the completion this week of the new power plant here. An expenditure of \$100,000 has been made in the rebuilding of the plant. Since the old power plant closed in October, John Day and Canyon City have been without electric lights. At the regular meeting of the Joint Day council Tuesday evening, steps were taken to send a night watchman to the power plant which will provide for the extended lighting service that was included under the old contract.

\$57.80
This Grafonola Favorite and 24 Selections (Twelve Double Disc Records)
PUT IN YOUR HOME FOR \$7.00 ON DELIVERY AND BALANCE
\$5.00 PER MONTH
This is equipped with the new metal motor board. Bayonet tone arm, built in wood horn, 12-inch turn table and the No. 6 reproducer, same as used on the \$500.00 Grafonola. In fact this machine has all the tone qualities to be found in the \$200.00 instruments. Come in and hear "Cohen at the Telephone" on this machine, or we will send it to your home on three days' free trial. Call us up. Main 1750.
COLUMBA GRAPHOPHONE COMPANY
429-431 WASHINGTON STREET
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Eastern Oregon Is Given Commissioner

Senate Passes Railroad Commission Districting Bill With Some Amendments—Farm Loans Bill Killed.

(Salem Bureau of The Journal.) Salem, Or., Feb. 13.—The senate yesterday afternoon passed the railroad commission districting bill as amended with but little opposition. The bill now provides that one railroad commissioner shall be elected from eastern Oregon, one from western Oregon and the other from the state at large.

As the bill was passed by the house it provided that a commissioner should be elected from each of the congressional districts. This met with strong opposition and the bill, as amended and passed by the senate, is the compromise measure.

On the ground that it was unconstitutional, the senate killed senate bill No. 246, by Kellaher, providing a system for extended loans on farm mortgages. The feature declared to be unconstitutional provided for raising the money by bonding the state.

Six other bills were passed as follows: 245, by committee on revision of laws—Providing for annual report of trustees holding funds within the state; 246, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 247, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 248, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 249, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 250, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 251, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 252, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 253, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 254, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 255, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 256, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 257, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 258, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 259, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 260, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 261, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 262, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 263, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 264, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 265, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 266, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 267, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 268, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 269, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 270, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 271, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 272, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 273, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 274, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 275, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 276, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 277, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 278, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 279, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 280, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 281, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 282, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 283, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 284, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 285, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 286, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 287, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 288, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 289, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 290, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 291, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 292, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 293, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 294, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 295, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 296, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 297, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 298, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 299, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 300, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 301, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 302, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 303, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 304, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 305, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 306, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 307, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 308, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 309, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 310, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 311, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 312, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 313, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 314, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 315, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 316, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 317, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 318, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 319, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 320, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 321, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 322, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 323, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 324, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 325, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 326, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 327, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 328, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 329, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 330, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 331, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 332, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 333, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 334, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 335, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 336, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 337, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 338, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 339, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 340, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 341, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 342, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 343, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 344, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 345, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 346, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 347, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 348, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 349, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 350, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 351, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 352, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 353, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 354, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 355, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 356, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 357, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 358, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 359, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 360, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 361, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 362, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 363, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 364, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 365, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 366, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 367, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 368, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 369, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 370, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 371, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 372, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 373, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 374, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 375, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 376, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 377, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 378, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 379, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 380, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 381, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 382, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county; 383, by committee on revision of laws—Repealing section 2528, providing for the purchase of the state's own appropriation of Unifield county;