GERMANS RE-ARRANGE LINES IN BELGIUM AND FRANCE IN NEW MOVE

Evacuate Coast Towns as Far North as Mariakerke Preparing for New Drive.

CREUSOT GUNS EFFECTIVE

French Check Advance of Germans at Soissons; German Veterans Appearing in Arras and Roye Districts.

(By the International News Service.)

London, Jan. 16.—Important new dispositions of troops are being made by the Germans, according to dispatches received here from Holland and from behind the lines in Belgium and France. The change, which evidently is taking place in the Germans' campaign plans, indicated by the general shifting of first line forces, is accepted by British military critics as presaging a new drive against the allies at a point which only can be conjectured.

Amsterdam reports that the Germans have evacuated all the towns and villages on the Belgian coast as far north as Mariakerke, to the north of Nieuport and three miles southwest of Ostend. The towns reported abandoned include Middlekerke, Slype and Westende. The veteran forces already had been withdrawn from along the Yser to reinforce Von Kluck's army which attacked Soissons, under the eye of the kaiser and landsturm transports have taken their places. It is considered likely that the new drive of the kaiser's troops will be made against the French coast positions by way of Arras and Roye, where fresh bodies of first line troops are already reported to have appeared.

Creusot Guns Check Germans.

German attacks against Soissons continue, but the invaders evidently have been checked by the fire of the new Creusot guns brought up to the south bank of the Aisne at this point. Shells hurled against the positions the Germans captured when they forced the French across the stream destroyed a number of the enemy's field works, dispersed a regiment which was attempting to reassemble and wrecked and completely silenced several German batteries.

Berlin reports quiet on the Soissons front, but adds that the number of cannon captured from the French on January 12, 13 and 14 has been found to be 35. The French report, on the other hand, denies the German claim that 5000 Frenchmen were killed and more than that number made prisoners on these days.

Fresh gains on the Perthes, Beausejour front were set out in the midnight official communiqué received from Paris. A new trench was captured from the Germans on the outskirts of Perthes-Les-Hurlus and a wood nearly 300 yards in front of the French line at Beausejour has been occupied by them.

Two Accounts at Variance.

Berlin states that La Berselle to the northeast of Albert, was completely destroyed by the German shell fire and the town entirely cleared of the French. Paris states that the Germans attacked violently the French positions to the west of the town but were repulsed. Of fighting in the town itself, no mention is made by the French paper. The French claim progress at Blangy, near Arras, while Berlin states that the French attacks to the northeast of Arras were repulsed, two trenches being captured from the French in a counter-attack, all the occupants being made prisoners.

Artillery duels continue on the Flanders front and sporadic attacks and counter-attacks with slight gains for one side or the other, none of which materially affect the military situation, are recorded on the remainder of the battle front.

Weather conditions continue severe, the roads being too heavy for the moving of heavy guns or transport motors. The swollen rivers and small streams continue to harrass the entrenchments near the banks and in many places the lines have been forced back from the edges of the streams to safer and higher ground.

Couple Is Charged With Embezzlement

Owner of Apartments Alleges Janitor and Wife, Arrested in Oakland, Cal., took Rentals and Furnishings.

Dispatches were received from Oakland, Cal., yesterday afternoon by Captain of Detectives Baty stating that F. L. Green and wife, until last Monday in the janitor service at the Peninsular apartments at 1135½ Albina avenue for two months, were under arrest on fugitive warrants charging them with larceny by embezzlement.

The charges were preferred by William P. Sinnott, owner of the apartments, who asserts that the couple made away with more than $200 in rentals they collected, in addition to two trunks, and a large quantity of sheets, blankets and other equipment of the furnished apartments.

Mr. Sinnott demanded an accounting from them Monday, and was to return Tuesday for a final settlement of the matter.

City Detective Coleman and Snow traced them to Oakland.

Deputy District Attorney T. G. Ryan prepared extradition papers last night, and Detective Snow will secure the extradition warrant from the governor and leave for the south Monday.

Illustrious Men Set Bryan Example

George Washington and John Mason, Both Arraigned Before Fairfax County Court for Violating County Laws.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 16.—It has been learned that the threat of arrest for breaking the game laws of Fairfax county, Virginia, which has been hanging over Secretary of State Bryan since Christmas day, was made by a friend. This friend wanted to put Secretary Bryan in the same class with George Washington and John Mason, who were both arraigned before the Fairfax county court for failing to make proper returns on the wheel tax.

It has also been learned that, although Secretary of State Bryan did go rabbit hunting on Christmas day, he will not be haled into court to answer to the charge.

Journal Want Ads bring results.

OFFICIAL

FRENCH
(Issued by war office at Paris.)

Coat of Arms of France.

"There is nothing important to report except that our troops have taken a new trench in the outskirts of Perthes and have captured a woods 200 or 300 meters in front of our lines north of Beausejour.

RUSSIAN
(Issued at Petrograd headquarters)

Russian Coat of Arms.

"During the whole of yesterday and the preceding night quiet prevailed on all fronts.

"On the left bank of the Vistula, especially from Sochaczew to Bolimow, artillery rifle duels occurred. The Germans continue their fruitless attempts to assume the offensive on this front.

"It has been observed that the Germans are making use of the white flag to facilitate their approach to the Russian positions.

"The region to the north of Rawa has been shelled by the German heavy artillery. The Austrian heavy artillery has also shelled the Russian positions along the Dunajec. On January 14 they bombarded the station and town of Tarnov without noteworthy results."

GERMAN
(Issued by general headquarters, Berlin.)

German Coat of Arms.

"A Turkish bulletin says the French submarine Saphir has been sunk by Turkish artillery while trying to enter the Dardanelles.

"An Austrian bulletin reports that a heavy artillery battle is in progress on the Dunajec. The Austrians succeeded in silencing one Russian battery by exploding the ammunition magazine.

"The British naval expert, Archibald Hurl, in the Fortnightly Review, says England may congratulate herself that no battle has occurred in European waters.

"The Nieuwe Rotterdamsche Courant estimates the English losses in France and Flanders from January 1 to 13 at 190 officers and 6200 men.

"The Swedish government has decided to prohibit the transportation of war material through Sweden. The Swedish press, satisfied with the decision, declares that the last way for Russia to get war material is now closed."

Carranza Must Annul Oil Decree

Lifting Embargo Only Partially Relieves Tension, and More Is Expected or Trouble Promised.

Washington, Jan. 16.—Carranza's lifting of his embargo on oil shipments from the Tampico district, as reported from Mexico City to the British embassy here tonight, only partially satisfies the demands of the United States and Great Britain. While it will temporarily relieve tension, both the United States and Great Britain will insist upon complete annulment of the oil decree, it was stated.

Removal of the embargo will permit the exportation of oil in storage in the Tampico district. The state department had no confirmation tonight of the British embassy report, but officials understood that part of the decree forbidding operation of the oil wells, except by express permission of the Carranza government, was not revoked.

John Parsons, Trust Organizer, Is Dead

Veteran Lawyer and Leading Corporation Attorney Passes Away at Ripe Old Age.

New York, Jan 16.—John Edward Parsons, veteran lawyer and organizer of the sugar trust, died today at his home here. Mr. Parsons had specialized in corporation law through a long career at the bar and other lawyers agree that he had few equals and not one superior in this branch of practice. He was in active practice for more than half a century and for 25 years he was the guiding legal light of the sugar combination. He was born in 1829.

Irrigation Measure Imperiled by Move

Speaker Clark Refers Appropriation Bill to Committee on Appropriations Instead of Irrigation Committee.

(Washington Bureau of The Journal.)

Washington, Jan. 16.—Speaker Clark today ruled the bill carrying appropriations from the reclamation fund aggregating $13,000,000 should be referred to the committee on appropriations and not to the committee on irrigation. The western congressmen fought to have the irrigation committee consider it, as they believe the appropriations committee less friendly. Oregon items total $1,133,000.

Gun Mounting Will Increase Its Range

Secretary Garrison Reports That Only Slight Change Necessary to Make Big Rifles' Range Greater.

Washington, Jan. 16.—In a letter to the house today, Secretary of War Garrison declared that while the true range of British 15-inch guns exceeds by more than four miles United States coast defense guns, our weapons could be made to equal the range of the British guns by a slight change in the mounting.

Fireman Hurt in Fall.

While alighting from a street car at East Thirty-ninth street and Hawthorne avenue yesterday morning, Harry Gardner, a member of the city fire department, slipped on the icy pavement and fell, fracturing his right arm. He was taken to the Good Samaritan hospital and afterwards to his home, 1134 Belmont street.

New York, Jan. 16.—The battle of Soissons and the success of the Germans in seizing a lodgment on the south bank of the Aisne have given to the week the most important western war news of the winter. For three months each of the belligerents has been trying continuously to find a badly defended spot in the other's battle line. The Germans now have been successful in the search and have won the most notable victory in the west since the occupation of Westende.

About 10 miles of French trenches have fallen into the enemy's possession, putting the Germans within easy artillery range of one third of the circumference of Soissons.

The Aisne crossing, east of Soissons, which has been wrested from the French, is a gateway of importance, if a new drive upon Paris is undertaken; but to make the crossing secure, Soissons itself will have to be occupied. This seems to be the principal German objective, for the moment, in the western war area. Whether it will develop into a serious attempt to reach Paris once more probably depends on the quality of the French resistance.

BRITISH WON LOST TRENCHES.

The positions now recaptured by the Germans were originally won at heavy cost by the English during the battle of the Aisne. The inability of the French to regain possession of the trenches after the English had left them for Flanders will create an unfortunate impression among Englishmen and may limit the cordiality between the western allies.

Paris has permitted reports to circulate during the week that General Gallieni, military governor of the French capital, has been appointed generalissimo of a new Alsatian army. If this is true, it means that General Pau, the one armed hero of the Franco-Prussian war, has not given satisfactory service since he was put in charge of the Alsatian campaign. Only as a last resort would General Pau be superseded because of its discouraging effect on French opinion. If, therefore, General Gallieni has been ordered to Alsace it is because the German offensive along the upper Rhine is far more formidable than was anticipated.

In the east Count Berchtold's resignation as Austro-Hungarian foreign minister and president of the Austro-Hungarian ministerial council, is the week's most significant war development. Count Berchtold is the creator of the present war, because it was on his advice that the terms of the Austrian ultimatum to Servia were so worded as to be unacceptable. He is a representative of the ruling German caste in the dual monarchy and on him has been thrown the responsibility for the meagre defense of Hungary.

HUNGARIAN REVOLT THREATENS

Threats of a Hungarian revolt, because of German indifference to Russia's invasion of the Magyar territory apparently have finally forced Austria to capitulate to Hungarian pressure. The appointment of Baron Rajecz, a Hungarian, to succeed Count Berchtold, guarantees to the Magyars that Budapest's interests no longer will be subordinated to Berlin's.

Turkey has taken revenge during the week for her Caucasian defeat by invading Persian territory and capturing Tabriz, the center of Russia's sphere of influence in northern Persia. The military value of Tabriz is negligible, but Russia must regain the city, or see her prestige in Persia suffer. Thus, an unwelcome diversion is forced on the Slavs; while bargaining power of much value will be given the Turks, if they can retain Tabriz until the end of the war.

Italy has been quick to decline all foreign aid for her earthquake victims before any assistance has been offered. This means the Roman government does not expect to permit a domestic catastrophe to influence Italy's foreign policy, and consequently refuses to be under sentimental obligations to any of the belligerent powers.

WOMEN AND CHILDREN DIE AT SOISSONS

(Continued From Page One.)

Bucy-le-Long; Le-Moncel, St. Marguerite and Missy-Sur-Aisne.

"We left a rear guard to protect us as we crossed the Aisne. The fighting was the most desperate of the war. In the great glass works at Vauxrote we made loopholes in the stone wall. We lined up through them six rapid fire guns. With them we performed marvels. But the Germans, in an overwhelming horde, poured on. They reached the building and even took hold of the barrels of our mitrailleuses, shouting: 'Comrades, surrender, we won't hurt you.'

"But we kept on firing and the carnage was awful. Finally I was hit by a piece of a shell and was taken to the rear. When I was taken across the river, I found that nearly all of our division had arrived there safely."

German Victory Denied.

German claims of sweeping victories over the French troops, are dismissed with contempt by military officials tonight. Twice today the war office has seen fit to discuss the German claims of a second Gravelotte. Each time it has been to reassure France and to declare that the ground ceded north of the Aisne was of no consequence and that the German claims of 5000 dead and 5000 prisoners, were figments of the imagination.

No attempt is being made by war officials to hide the fact that the Germans are on the offensive, not only in the triangle of the Oise and the Aisne, but in the north from La Basse to the coast. They have been unable to accomplish much. A few outlying trenches have been ceded to them because of the French policy of safeguarding their main positions and saving their men. At no point, however, have the Germans developed a weak spot, where they could hope to break through the allied cordon that runs from the sea into upper Alsace.

Allies' Position Excellent.

"The position of the allies was never better at any time since this war began," said Minister of War Millerand tonight. "The Germans continue their policy of sacrificing men against positions which they cannot hope to carry. This policy of the officers is naturally affecting the morales of the troops and will be of great advantage to us when we resume the offensive."

The Germans have suffered heavily along the River Aisne, where the French heavy artillery has literally mowed down entire companies. The guns mounted on the south bank of the river have the complete range of the German positions, as every foot of this territory has been mapped out by the French engineers. As a result it is said the Germans are unable to progress at any point.

Despite the fact that a heavy fall of snow covers the Vosges and upper Alsace regions, the French continue their offensive there. Progress is necessarily of the slowest, but is officially stated that all positions previously occupied remain in French possession.

New Aerial Raid Expected.

There is every reason to expect another general German aerial raid on Paris in the near future. Government information is that the Germans are in readiness for such a movement. In consequence, all lights must be shaded in the city, while additional searchlights have been mounted on the towers, ridge of fortifications and on the Eiffel tower. French aviators with machine guns are in waiting.

Fined for "Mashing."

"Don't I know you?" inquired Stephen Renz, a dredger for the Port of Portland, of a woman he had been following Friday night. Shortly thereafter Patrolmen Wise and Martin, who in turn had been following Renz, arrested him for violating the "mashers" ordinance. In the municipal court Renz admitted accosting the woman, but said he was intoxicated, and didn't know what he was doing. Municipal Judge Stevenson imposed a fine of $10.

DEATH ROLL IN ITALY IS NOW UP TO 40,000 MARK

(Continued From Page One.)

crushed as they listened to a sermon by a famous Passionist father.

Six Thousand Deaths Added.

More than 6000 deaths were added to the list by reports from the following towns:

Collarmele, where 1700 are reported dead; Ortucchio with 2000; Balsorano, 1000; Morino, 1000; Collelongo, 590; Caniworona, 100, and Lisnaga, 70.

The total number of deaths reported from official and public sources to date exceeds 45,000, but Premier Salandra states that many of these reports obviously are exaggerated and they are given only for their face value. It will be weeks, he says, before correct casualty lists can be prepared.

Of primary importance now is the succoring of the injured and the care of the homeless.

King Victor Emmanuel returned to the Avezzano region to resume charge of the rescue work. The king states there is a deplorable insufficiency of surgical and medical aid.

Heavy Snow Fall Feared.

In many of the towns the wounded are dying from hunger and exposure. Now a snow fall is feared as the weather has changed. A heavy fall of snow at this time would mean certain death to practically every victim buried beneath the wreckage and awaiting release.

It has been ascertained that the casualites in Mangliano will reach 1700. The head of the relief corps there has been compelled to stop the rescue work, owing to lack of funds.

Up to today 400 survivors have been liberated at Avezzano. Isolatiri reports 60 dead and 100 slightly wounded have been dug from the ruins.

Many pathetic incidents have been related by the workers in the ruins, who have returned here for more supplies.

At Sora a young mother, crazed by the castrophe, snatched from the doctors her 18 months old baby. When later the baby died the mother jumped to her death from the Liri bridge.

Child Asks for Parents.

Little Luigi Falco, 5 years old, after being swathed with bandages by the doctor, asked:

"Where is mother—where is sister?"

When the nurse replied that they were in Paradise, the boy, after thinking for a second, said:

"I don't want to go to Paradise; I want to go to America with papa."

The supply question is even more serious in Sora than in Avezzano, because of the interrupted railway communications. Food and medicines are being conveyed from Rome and Naples with all haste by automobiles, whose owners are cooperating with the authorities in every way. All the automobiles in the capital without exception are employed in the relief work, the death and destitution in Avezzano, Sora and surrounding towns demanding the quickest transportation methods.

Worshippers Caught in Church.

Pescosolido, Isolatiri and Castelliri, near Sora, were badly wrecked. All the churches in these towns collapsed and the faithful who were hearing early mass, as well as the priests, were crushed in their places. The carbineers who escaped, as did those at Sora, quickly organized rescue parties, but their efforts were only partly successful, as it is said that in the three towns only four persons were taken from the ruins alive. The local doctors were unable to relieve the injured because their medical supplies and surgical instruments were destroyed.

Antrosano shared the fate of Magliano. In the rush of horror following the disaster, the two places had been completely overlooked. A Paris priest, who walked to Avezzano after two days and nights of ceaseless work without food, has pictured the situation in his home district as most deplorable, and renewed efforts to get help there were began today.

Massadalbe was likewise forgotten for a time, but yesterday soldiers managed to make their way to the town.

Many of Injured Die.

They were almost too late. Scores of injured persons had perished of their hurts and from cold, lack of food, and exposure. Paterno is still unreachable because the road has been destroyed and the survivors are said to be without food of any sort.

In Celano 3000 were killed and the question of burying the dead is a great task. Heaps of bodies have been piled up in what was once the public square, and every moment the ghastly pile is enlarged. Only one person has been found alive so far. The churches of St. Francis and St. Angelo, Capuchines and Carmelites collapsed, burying many in their ruins.

At San Beneditto an appalling number of dead and injured was found. All the doctors in the village were killed and disease is spreading. The parish priest is heroically doing his utmost in administering first aid and religious consolation to the survivors and in distributing the scanty supply of food. Here, as in many other small places, the escape of hundreds was due to the superhuman efforts of the clergy, who bore the burden of caring for whole communities until the arrival of the soldiers and the government relief parties.

Peace Congress to Meet; Failure Sure

Convention Opens Tomorrow at Copenhagen, With No Representative From Warring Nations.

Copenhagen, Jan. 16.—The socialist peace congress will open here tomorrow doomed in advance to failure. The only delegates who will be present will be the representatives of Holland, Italy, Sweden, Denmark and Norway.

While the war will be discussed, it is admitted by the delegates already on the scene that no plan is possible to be devised which will make for peace. The acceptance of the war principle by the German, French and British socialists, has effectively demonstrated this, it is asserted.

TRAFFIC ORDINANCE, ITS KINKS REMOVED, PASSAGE IS ASSURED

Revised Measure Runs the Gauntlet With No Serious Obstacles to Fear.

SEVERAL CHANGES MADE

Pedestrians Must at All Times Obey Directions of the Traffice Policemen.

With no opposition so far developed and the members of the city council practically agreed as to the new revised trafic ordinance it is probable that it will unanimously be adopted this week. The new ordinance takes the place of about 20 existing measures and makes a number of changes in traffic regulations.

The only restriction the measure places on pedestrians is that they shall at all times obey the traffic directions of police officers. The ordinance states, however, that pedestrians should for their own convenience and safety look to see what is approaching before stepping from the sidewalk; cross the street at right angle, preferably at a regular crossing; stand on the sidewalk when waiting for a car; face the front of a car when alighting from it and observe the traffic from the right before moving to the sidewalk, and, if crossing behind a car, observe the traffic in both directions; on sidewalks keep to the right, and when stopping do not obstruct a crossing or entrance to a building.

Speed Limit Lowered.

As for the regulations as to speed of automobiles and trucks, a number of changes are made, and in several instances the speed limits lowered. The maximum speed limits are as follows:

For emergency vehicles in any part of the city, 25 miles an hour; for motor vehicles (except motor trucks), 15 miles an hour inside the congested district; for motor trucks, 10 miles an hour; for vehicles passing a public school between 8 a. m. and 4 p. m. school days, 10 miles an hour; for horses outside the congested district, 8 miles an hour; horses inside the congested district, six miles an hour; for motor trucks crossing the river, six miles; for horses on bridges crossing the river, four miles; for vehicles of any kind crossing a sidewalk, four miles an hour.

Congested District Enlarged.

The congested district is also enlarged as follows:

From the north line of Thurman street to the west line of Twenty-third and Ford streets, to the south line of Jefferson street, and on the east by the Willamette river and on the east side from the north line of Broadway to the east line of Grand avenue to the south line of Hawthorne avenue and on the west by the Willamette river.

Changes are made in the district in which automobiles can not be parked for more than 30 minutes between 9 o'clock in the morning and 6 o'clock in the afternoon as follows:

Beginning at the intersection of First and Oak streets, south to north line of Yamhill street, west to Tenth, north to Stark, east on Stark to Park, north on Park to Oak, east to First street.

Dazzling Lights Barred.

The proposed measure so provides that no automobiles are to be equipped with glaring or dazzling headlights.

Under the ordinance no vehicle of any kind, except streetcars, is to be allowed to stop in front of any fire house or within 50 feet of the space needed by the apparatus in getting out of the fire stations.

The ordinance gives emergency vehicles and fire apparatus the right of way over all other vehicles at all times which they do not have at the present time except by custom. Vehicles on the approach of fire apparatus are required to immediately stop parallel with the curb of the street.

Drivers of vehicles, in slowing down, stopping or turning their machines, shall give warning by outstretched arm. This is an innovation in Portland, although it has been in use in other cities for several years.

A unique feature of the ordinance is the restriction placed upon pedestrians and vehicles regarding breaking through the line of a funeral procession.

The ordinance prohibits anyone or anything going through such lines.

Minor Changes Made.

Automobiles with trailer attachments are prohibited from the congested district between 7 o'clock in the morning and 8 o'clock at night. Trucks and drays are prohibited from using Morrison, Alder and Washington streets between Second and Tenth streets between 9 o'clock in the morning and 6 o'clock at night unless making deliveries on such streets.

A large number of minor changes are also made, the ordinance, as a whole referring to vehicles as applying to horses and to other conveyances except street cars. The term vehicle also applies to skaters and to baby carriages when on a street, except at regular crossings or on a sidewalk or footpath where they shall be considered as pedestrians.

The measure provides for a fine of $200 or imprisonment in the city jail for 90 days for violations.

Caught Stealing Grain.

Four small boys were caught stealing grain from a North Pacific car in the lower yards yesterday afternoon by Patrolman R. L. Phillips. They had hauled out three and a half sacks of wheat and half a sack of oats. The lads admitted their names are Tony and Constantine Belletich, aged 15 and 10 years, respectively; Arthur Mickowski, aged 15, of Quimby and Eighteenth streets; and William Smith, aged 15, of Sixteenth and Overton streets. The lads were sent home, and will probably be taken before the juvenile court this week.

Extra Special This Week
Linoleum worth up to 75c per yard for
39c
Good assortment of patterns and colors.
Cash or Credit

Clearance and Removal

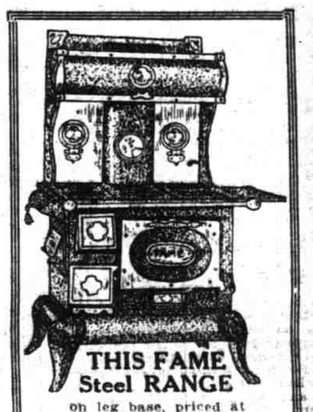
Combine to Make
EDWARDS' OUTFITS

especially attractive at this time to those who plan to furnish a home.

The outfit is a specialty with this store and we strive constantly to give the maximum in quantity and value for the least money. Specializing in this department, we are able to offer you unsurpassed value at all times, with exceptional opportunities now, before we move.

It is a positive fact that this house sells so many outfits that factories make up special designs for us which it is impossible to secure in other stores. By handling outfits in such numbers, we are able to buy and sell for less money. For many years now, Portland people have considered

Edwards the Store for the Outfit



THIS FAME Steel RANGE
on leg base, priced at
$29.25
$1.00 per week pays for it. A handsome, colonial designed range; electrically welded—non-rust steel body, large flues, asbestos lined, large fire box, with duplex grate, jointed top, with loose plates. Nicely nickeled, plain and easily cleaned.

3 Rooms Complete and Elegantly Furnished $15.00 Cash and $10 a Month

Exactly As Pictured — Including Brass Bed, Brussels Rug and Solid Oak Furniture

Oak Telephone Stand and Stool
beautifully finished in wax, worth $6. Priced at
$3.95
Cash or Credit

All Birdseye Greatly Reduced
$35.00 Birdseye Dresser $17.50
$32.50 Chiffonier to match $16.25

New Patterns Reversible Rugs
9 by 12 ft., worth $7.50 to $9.00—Priced at
$4.75

Dining Room
$59.40
$6.00 CASH
$1.25 WEEKLY

Including solid oak Table, 42 inches in diameter, 6-foot extension, designed just as shown, for $15.00
Four heavy oak Chairs, made to match the table in finish and design $9.40
A handsome, large Buffet, made with plenty of room for silverware, linen and china, equipped with a heavy plate mirror $21.00
Genuine Brussels Rug, choice of patterns, size 9 by 10-6 feet, for $14.00

Kitchen, $23
$2.50 CASH—$1.00 WEEKLY
All that is required in a modern kitchen.
New Process, 4 burner gas range, with broiler, including connections $16.50
Two sturdy craft style Chairs, built of hardwood $3.00
Kitchen Treasure, with 2 flour bins, 2 small drawers, 2 medicine boards $3.50

Sleeping Room
$56.60
$6.00 CASH
$1.25 WEEKLY

With this outfit we furnish a guaranteed Brass Bed, plain, pretty design, quite massive in appearance and full size, for $10.00
Colonial Oak Dresser, as shown in picture, large and roomy, for only $17.50
Mission Bed Room Stand, nicely finished, for $3.10
Small Bed Room Chair, of genuine oak, finished to harmonize with the balance of furniture $2.50
All steel Spring, with link fabric and guaranteed a lifetime $5.50
Sanitary Combination Felt Mattress, with pretty art covering, well tufted and stitched, for $7.50
Craftsman Rug, 8-3 by 10-6 feet, in popular browns, blues or greens for $10.50

A GOOD PLACE TO TRADE
EDWARDS CO
185-191 FIRST ST.