ARMORY RECEIVING FINISHING TOUCHES FOR BIG LAND SHOW

Small Army of Workmen Are Rushing Job for Opening of Show Tomorrow.

EXHIBITS NEARLY READY

Three Hundred Exhibits Will Be in Competition for $10,000 in Premiums Which Are Offered.

The Armory and temporary pavilions connected with it will be busy places today for the reasons that the last heavy work before the opening of the Manufacturers' and Land Products Show tomorrow night must be completed today.

All day yesterday, between 75 and 80 men worked at building booths and completing the pavilions while scores of decorators and exhibitors put in long hours placing the displays and making ready for the big and long expected event.

Everything is progressing satisfactorily and Manager Buckley said last night that the show will be ready for the opening signal from President Wilson, who will start things formally by touching an electric button at the White House in Washington.

The bulk of the exhibits will be put in their proper places today and all that will remain to do tomorrow will be to put on finishing touches. During the day dray load after dray load of soil products and manufactured articles were delivered.

There will be approximately 300 exhibitors in competition for the $10,000 offered in premiums, and it is declared that the displays in the land products division will outclass anything ever shown under one roof in the state. Indeed with 80,000 square feet of space available, the place seems somewhat crowded.

The manufacturers of Made in Oregon goods are doing themselves "proud," according to officials, and the collection of articles that are turned out in the state's industrial plants will prove surprising to every well informed citizen of the commonwealth. In this connection a conservative estimate shows the displays themselves are worth $100,000.

"People do not begin to understand all the things that are made in Oregon," said Colonel Dunne, president of the Manufacturers' association. "The show will show them. That's what it is for. Better still it will prove to people that Oregon made goods are good and better than the imported article and costs no more to buy. One lesson I hope the exposition carries home to everybody and it is this—patronize home industry. A dollar turned in Oregon means a dollar more wealth for our citizens and a dollar more that can be used for the development of the state. A dollar gone outside is that much credit lost."

Oregon Agricultural College Is to Assist

Dry Farming and Irrigation Methods Will Be Demonstrated in the Most Modern Manner.

An exhibit which will be of more than passing interest to everybody interested in the development of the state will be staged by the Oregon Agricultural college in the lands products division of the big Armory show.

The college has taken more than 1200 square feet of space, and there will show the hows and ways of every form of farming in Oregon. How the dry farmers turn the soil into a revenue returning proposition, how the irrigationists wrest a fortune from what was desert—the costs of the work, the kinds of soil needed for special crops—and everything else of value to agriculturists will be shown and explained. Ralph D. Hetzel of the college and seven assistants will be on hand, and in addition to explaining the exhibit will also deliver lectures.

Albert Is Found Guilty of Arson

Jury Returns Verdict After Deliberating on the Evidence for Period of 28 Hours.

After 28 hours of deliberation the jury in the Max Albert case returned a verdict of guilty at 8 o'clock last night. Albert was charged with setting fire to his house at 848 Sumner street on the night of November 18, 1912, for the purpose of securing insurance on his furniture. The incendiarly origin of the fire was admitted, but Albert denied any connection with the setting of the blaze.

The jury recommend leniency, but its recommendation can have no effect unless Judge McGinn, before whom Albert was tried, should parole Albert. The statutory punishment is from three to seven years. Sentence will be passed Wednesday morning.

Albert was acquitted when tried on a similar charge involving a fire, which damaged the store of L. Sax & Son, 207 First street. Sax and his son, Sam Sax, were also under indictment on that charge but the indictments were dismissed. Judge McGinn directed a verdict in the A. Wolfeman case on a similar charge involving a Burnside street store. Several others are under indictment on similar charges and all are alleged to be members of an "arson trust." The others will be tried as soon as possible.

In the Malay peninsula an English naturalist has discovered a species of ant that makes its nest in the fleshy stems of ferns that grow on the limbs of trees high in the air.

The Search for Ben Davis, an Apple Episode

The names of about 50 of the many varieties of apples that will be shown at the exposition in the Armory, when combined, make readable sentences. Here are examples:

Imperial, King David and Wealthy Senator Jonathan were in Missouri looking for a Rome Beauty when they saw Ortley McIntosh, an Arkansas Black and a Northern Spy.

"Stayman!" shouted his majesty. "Tell me where I can find Ben Davis, who, with Hoover and Grimes, Hydes Kings?"

"Sure!" replied Black Ben, as he was also known. "With Bailey Sweet, on Jeffris Baldwin, you will find him with the Duchess of Oldenburg, a Red Cheek Pippin, with Golden Russet hair. She will be on Wolf River, near Spitzenberg, wearing a Yellow Bellflower and eating a Banana. And now that he has quit drinking Winesap, he probably will be imbibing Smith's Cider in a manner that would make a Maiden blush. Cox and Wagener make it out of Yellow Newtowns for Famous Gano, Tompkins King, and it is Delicious. He drinks it out of a Gravenstein, which he hangs on a Black Twig when not in use.

"And now, gentlemen, pray excuse me. I weigh only Twenty Ounce, and have far to go, because I am on my way to Rhode Island, Greening."

REAMES DENOUNCES RECORD OF LAFFERTY AND C. N. M'ARTHUR

(Continued from Page One.)

of representatives in 1909 when the people were fighting for the direct election of United States senators, and asking their representatives in congress to pledge their vote for the candidate who was the people's choice and to sign a pledge to vote for the candidate who received the highest number of votes under Statement No. 1.

"He Was Kind to Me, But—"

"Pat McArthur as speaker left the chair to go down on the floor and made a speech favoring the Bean bill—a bill which made it a crime for any legislator to sign that statement. I was in the legislature of 1913 and I was one or six Democrats in the house.

"McArthur was kind to me, but I could not help feeling amused the other day to read that he did not like the Democrats because they opposed the caucus."

Then Mr. Reames described the celebrated caucus of the Republican legislators that held out against the eight Democrats and held the session over until after the legal limit for the governor to sign or veto bills, when they took the six bills vetoed by the governor and passed them over his veto. That is why Mr. Reames said he was amused at the stand the speaker has taken against Democratic opposition to the caucus principle.

"The legislature of 1913 was controlled by a machine," continued Mr. Reames, "and Pat McArthur was engineer of the steam roller of that machine."

When he came to discuss Lafferty's service of the state in congress Mr. Reames caused many bursts of applause. Lafferty, he said, has a record of being perhaps the most absent member that congress has had.

"He was absent when the president was calling for all to stay and help him in the great reorganization work he was doing," Mr. Reames exclaimed.

Absent Four Months.

"He was absent for four months—in Portland—attending to his own personal campaign. This is one reason why he should not be returned to congress and one reason why he is an unfaithful servant.

"Two weeks ago in a speech in the house of representatives, in a speech which contained not one sentence, not one phrase, upon which congress could possibly act, he gave a biography of himself with arguments why his opponents should not be elected to congress. This was delivered for but one purpose—that he might take advantage of his franking privilege and flood the mails with his personal record and his campaign material to influence for his reelection. This was a gross abuse of that privilege and in direct contradition to the spirit of the corrupt practices act. That is another reason why he should not be sent back.

"He has never done anything for Oregon. That is another.

"But by far the most important reason of all is the speech he made last March in the house of representatives, when, as your representative in congress, he uttered a sneer, an insulting handful of ridicule, upon President Wilson and Secretary Bryan at a time when they were keeping this nation out of war, when they were developing that policy that has kept us free from the entanglements of the battlefield and world-wide carnage."

Reading from the Congressional Record of March 31, 1914, Mr. Reames quoted the speech that slurred the administration. This was one of the bits of literature with which Lafferty is now flooding the mails, sending it to the voters of this district. It deals with the "Democratic ship of state, with Mr. Bryan as aviator," which "has been up in the air for more than a year." It refers to Mr. Bryan's trip to California, saying "the premier of the Wilson administration took his place in the party biplane and aviated to California," where he "encountered dangerous cross currents of racial prejudice." The speech continues with reference to a "flight" to the Mexican border, where he could "watch and wait," later sailing farther to the south and giving the other nations a free exhibition by landing on the Panama canal.

Mr. Reames declared that this speech alone should damn Lafferty as a true and faithful representative of the people of Oregon. He declared that he had no right on the floor of congress to give the impression that the people of Oregon stand for those sneering sentiments.

"He made that speech and the people back at Washington are waiting to hear what your answer to it will be. On November 3 you will tell them **what your answer is."**

Referendum Ridiculed.

Mr. Reames also quoted from a speech Lafferty made at Gresham on October 23, 1908, in explaining why Taft should be reelected president, ridiculing the initiative, referendum and recall and other measures of popular legislation then recently enacted by the voters of Oregon.

"The initiative and referendum is folly, the recall is visions and Statement No. 1 is a positive violation of the United States constitution," Mr. Lafferty was declared to have said.

Just as Mr. Reames was finishing his address, Senator Lane and his party entered the hall. He was ushered to the front of the room and Captain Wilson presented him simply "as a man you all know and one who therefore needs no introduction."

No one was expecting the call from the senator, but a burst of applause greeted him, even as he was walking down the aisle.

After a friendly chat with his hearers over his return to Oregon after a long and laborious absence, the senator declared he had come over just to add a word in behalf of Mr. Flegel.

Democrats Are Lauded.

"As mayor of Portland from 1905 to 1909 I soon found out that those qualities that make for a good councilman are of the utmost importance in the making of a good congressman," he said. "I found out about this man Flegel in his work as a councilman. His is the type of honesty and integrity that proved invaluable to me. I don't know a man who could represent you better, a man whom I would sooner entrust with the destinies of the people. This is not said in derogation of the other candidate, but the president needs at this time men who will help keep the nation at peace with the world.

"The president has the respect of every monarch in Europe. There is not an old time Republican but says it is a gift from above that we have such a man in the president's chair. It is a matter of small importance just now whether we agree with the president in the minor matters of legislation, but the fate of the nation is at stake and we must be kept at peace.

Senator Lane paid a high tribute to the work Senator Chamberlain has done for the people of Oregon, as governor and as senator. He referred to the effort of "some of the newspaper boys to get us at loggerheads," but declared he had come back to say that Mr. Chamberlain had treated him with the utmost courtesy.

"I never saw the time," exclaimed Mr. Lane, "when he did not stand pat to the finish on matters of interest to Oregon."

"If there are any men better fitted to represent you in the senate, he continued, "they are not running in this campaign."

Booth Is Considered.

But it was in paying his compliments to Robert A. Booth that Senator Lane got fairly eloquent and measureably rhetorical.

"I see by the report of the bureau of corporations that the Booth-Kelly Lumber company owns 324,000 acres of timber land," he remarked. Those of his audience who heard the West-Booth debate the night before giggled in anticipation.

"That's more timber than one man needs. Why, I wouldn't send him to the senate just on that account, no matter how he got it. Why, that's land enough to support 32,400 families—giving each 10 acres.

Then, on the other side of the mountains, we have Bill Hanley running for senator. Now Hanley grabbed off most of the land in eastern Oregon. Some of it had something to do with the old toll road from Albany to the Idaho state line—800,000 acres.

"Do you know that if we had the two more Hanleys and three more Booths, there wouldn't be room in Oregon for anyone else.

"Now I hear that Colonel Wood is stirring things. I can't understand the colonel—I think I'll have to go and see him. I don't just see how he can say that Chamberlain hasn't been a competent senator. He's efficient, capable and influential. Why, even the Republicans would be pleased to have him come back."

Audience Gives Cheers.

When the senator began talking about Dr. C. J. Smith the audience broke into cheers.

"Why, I told him 10 years ago that he ought to run for governor some time," said Mr. Lane. "Maybe I'm the one who put the bee in his bonnet. Anyway, I knew him well when we were associated on the state board of health and know he is capable and competent and he'll make a good governor."

When John Manning took the floor, most of the good things had been said about the Democratic ticket, but this former district attorney discussed chiefly the merits of Tom Word.

"This county never had a better sheriff," he declared. "Tom took an axe and broke in the doors of the gambling houses to force them to close up. And they were closed up. You would be surprised if I told you the names of the citizens who came to the district attorney's office every day and pleaded that the closing of these places would 'hurt the town.' But it didn't hurt the town, and Tom Word helped clean it."

An informal reception was held in the rear of the hall, after the meeting, with Senator Lane as the central figure.

Four Prisoners on Way.

Klamath Falls, Or., Oct. 24.—"Buck" Lindsey, the Warner valley horsethief who escaped from a train here some time ago, while on his way to Lake View for trial, is here again today, this time on his way north to serve an indeterminate sentence in the penitentiary. Three other prisoners are to go to Salem from Lakeview in the morning, but special watch is being kept upon Lindsey.

In Douglas County.

Roseburg, Or., Oct. 24.—Total registration in Douglas county are given by the county clerk shows 8800. Of these 5051 are Republicans, 2598 Democrats, and 450 Socialists.

QUIET PREVAILS ALONG MEXICAN BORDER

Left to right—General Villa and General Villareal, provisional president of Mexico, photographed in Torreon in July in an attitude of close friendship.

Naco, Ariz., Oct. 24.—Quiet prevailed today along the international border, Generals Hill and Maytorena, leaders of the Carranza and Villa troops at Naco, Sonora, having agreed upon a truce pending the outcome of the peace conference at Aguas Calientes.

As a result, Maytorena was withdrawing his troops today to a point several miles southeast of Naco.

EVERYTHING IS READY FOR HOLDING RECALL ELECTION ON TUESDAY

For mayor, H. R. Albee (to succeed himself), B. E. Kennedy and Eugene E. Smith.

For commissioner, remainder of the four year term, Robert G. Dieck (to succeed himself), Dr. George Parrish and H. E. Abry.

For commissioner, remainder of two year term, W. L. Brewster (to succeed himself) and W. A. Leet.

These are the candidates who will be voted for in addition to voting for or against recalling Mayor Albee and Commissioners Dieck and Brewster.

Voters are also asked to vote on an ordinance providing for collecting household water rates quarterly (not in advance), making rates chargeable to the premises served, refunding all deposits and prepayments and establishing a minimum of 50 cents per month for water.

The polls open at 8 o'clock in the morning and close at 8 o'clock at night. City Auditor Barbur requests the judges and clerks of the election to give newspaper representatives the usual information desired.

Veteran Sailor to Be Laid to Rest

John Rankin, Who Will Be Buried Today, Had Seen Service on Pacific Coast for Over Forty Years.

John Rankin, father of Captain O. P. Rankin of the steamer Rose City and one of the veteran sailors of the Pacific coast, will be buried this afternoon, the services to be conducted at 2:30 p. m. from Finley's undertaking parlors.

Arrangements for the funeral were not completed till the arrival of the steamer Rose City yesterday afternoon with Captain Rankin abroad. The pallbearers are to be members of the crew of the Rose City and life long friends of the aged seaman. They will be J. Anderson, ship carpenter on the Rose City and a former shipmate of Mr. Rankin; Chief Engineer E. J. Mooney of the Rose City, P. Smith, stevedore foreman on Ainsworth dock, and E. H. Dahl, F. Crews and F. Goetz, friends of Mr. Rankin.

John Rankin has been sailing the Pacific ocean since 1874 and put in some time on the Atlantic coast before that. He went to sea when 14 years of age and shipped as seaman on one of the old English tea clippers. He was a member of the crew of the steamer Great Eastern in 1866 when she laid the first successful Atlantic cable. After his discharge from the Great Eastern he came to the Pacific coast on the steamer Moses Taylor, but remained only long enough to earn money to go back to Sweden after his bride.

They came directly to the Pacific coast and from that time on John Rankin was on Pacific coast steamers. He saw service on the Ajax, Orofino, John L. Stevens, Oregon and Columbia. He was pensioned by the Harriman system in December, 1906 and since that time has been on shore.

Death came as a result of hardening of the arteries after an illness of less than a year. He was 76 years of age and lived at 425 Larrabee street. He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Hedda Rankin and three children, Captain O. P. Rankin, Mrs. Anna M. Hannond and Miss Ellen H. Rankin.

Douglas Principals Organize.

Roseburg, Or., Oct. 24.—The annual Douglas County Teachers' institute adjourned late Friday after a successful educational event. During the institute the principals of the several schools of Douglas county organized what will be known as a Principals' club. J. H. Morgan was elected president.

Sheriff Quine has received word from Gardiner to the effect that persons there have recognized from photographs sent there, Walter Brennan, John O'Neal and John Adams, who are in jail in Portland, as men who were camped near there for several days before the robbery of the Gardiner Mill company's office, in which nearly $4000 was secured. Detectives Peter Kelley and Barney McShane of Portland are here investigating the matter.

Word was received here Friday that the postoffice department has accepted the proposal of J. W. Perkins for the removal of the postoffice to the corner of Glass and Stephens streets.

The "Flying Squadron of America," which made its initial stop in Oregon at Roseburg, was greeted by full houses in the spacious Antler's theatre. Group one of the squadron entertained the people here on Thursday, group two on Friday, and group three, the last, is here today.

A gun invented by a New Yorker for shooting lifelines from ship to ship or ship to shore utilizes the power of what ordinarily would be the recoil to add to its effectiveness.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE

Judgments Entered.

Emilie Fritsche vs. Julia E. Fritsche et al; dismissed.

M. Hansen vs. Barber Asphalt Paving Co.; attachment discharged.

A. R. Putnam et al vs. Ernest Wells et al; judgment for plaintiffs.

Bertha P. Mitchell vs. Ray A. Mitchell; decree.

George H. Sinner vs. Peter Speker et al; judgment for plaintiffs.

Mabel McDowell Williams vs. W. W. Chambreau; judgment for plaintiff.

W. F. McKnight vs. C. C. Shay; judgment for plaintiff.

Page Investment Co. vs. City of Portland; dismissed.

William Milner vs. Anna Etta Milner; decree.

Emilie G. Cofer vs. William J. Cofer; decree.

Clifford R. Fones vs. Charles Bay et al; judgment for Maud Bay.

Princeton Trust Co. vs. Hurley-Mason Co. et al; judgment for defendants.

New Suits Filed.

Grayce Wightman vs. George Ernest Wightman; divorce.

H. L. Halversen vs. J. W. Cook et al, for recovery on stock purchases of $5500.

Earl A. Clark vs. Thomas W. Jenkins; suit for accounting.

Portland Gas & Coke Co. vs. E. W. Riner et al; $1000 damages.

Margaret Edgerton vs. Jeffrey J. Edgerton; divorce.

Ella Ehmsen vs. Anna Belle Fairman et al; foreclosure.

W. A. Hessian vs. J. S. Clark; damages, $100.

City of St. Johns vs. Pacific Coast Westrumite Co. et al; $15,000 damages or repair street.

George Kanakarie vs. Lezer Almeich et al; foreclosure.

TRUSSES

should be fitted by an expert who understands the Technique. Anyone can sell a truss but it takes an expert to fit one.

Laue-Davis Drug Co., at 3d and Yamhill streets, are truss experts.

SEE

La Serrinta and Huntington Freeman

who will demonstrate the latest dances the One Step, Hesitation, Lulu Fado, Castle's Half and Half, Maxixe and Fox Trot

In Eilers Window, Broadway at Alder, Commencing Tomorrow at 5 P. M. Until 7 P. M.

They will demonstrate how, with the wonderful Autopiano, you can dance all of the new steps in your own home.

Be Sure and See Them.

Eilers Music House

Broadway at Alder

Shall Oregon Retreat?

Dentistry Bill a Humiliation

	State Board of Examiners	State Examination	State License	College Requirements	Provision for Practitioners	Licenses Accepted From All Other States	Revocation of License
Ala.	Yes	Yes	Yes	27 Months	Yes	No	
Ariz.	Yes	Yes	Yes	27 Months	Yes	No	Yes
Ark.	Yes	Yes	Yes	27 Months	Yes	No	
Cal.	Yes	Yes	Yes	27 Months	Yes	No	Yes
Colo.	Yes	Yes	Yes	27 Months	Yes	No	
Conn.	Yes	Yes	Yes	27 Months	Yes	No	Yes
Del.	Yes	Yes	Yes	27 Months	Yes	No	
Fla.	Yes	Yes	Yes	27 Months	Yes	No	Yes
Ga.	Yes	Yes	Yes	27 Months	Yes	No	Yes
Idaho	Yes	Yes	Yes	27 Months	Yes	No	Yes
Ill.	Yes	Yes	Yes	27 Months	Yes	No	Yes
Ind.	Yes	Yes	Yes	27 Months	Yes	No	Yes
Ia.	Yes	Yes	Yes	27 Months	Yes	No	Yes
Kan.	Yes	Yes	Yes	27 Months	Yes	No	Yes
Ky.	Yes	Yes	Yes	27 Months	Yes	No	Yes
La.	Yes	Yes	Yes	27 Months	Yes	No	
Me.	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes	No	
Md.	Yes	Yes	Yes	27 Months	Yes	No	
Mass.	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes	No	
Mich.	Yes	Yes	Yes	27 Months	Yes	No	Yes
Minn.	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes	No	Yes
Miss.	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes	No	
Mo.	Yes	Yes	Yes	27 Months	Yes	No	Yes
Mont.	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes	No	
Neb.	Yes	Yes	Yes	27 Months	Yes	No	Yes
Nev.	Yes	Yes	Yes	27 Months	Yes	No	Yes
N. H.	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes	No	
N. J.	Yes	Yes	Yes	27 Months	Yes	No	Yes
N. M.	Yes	Yes	Yes	27 Months	Yes	No	Yes
N. Y.	Yes	Yes	Yes	27 Months	Yes	No	Yes
N. C.	Yes	Yes	Yes	27 Months	Yes	No	Yes
N. D.	Yes	Yes	Yes	27 Months	Yes	No	Yes
Ohio	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes	No	Yes
Okla.	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes	No	Yes
Or. Present Law	Yes	Yes	Yes	27 Months	Yes	No	Yes
Oregon Dentistry Bill	No	No	No	12 Months	No	Yes	No
Pa.	Yes	Yes	Yes	27 Months	Yes	No	Yes
R. I.	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes	No	
S. C.	Yes	Yes	Yes	27 Months	Yes	No	
S. D.	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes	No	Yes
Tenn.	Yes	Yes	Yes	27 Months	Yes	No	Yes
Tex.	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes	No	
Utah	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes	No	Yes
Vt.	Yes	Yes	Yes			No	
Va.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Equivalent to Physician	Yes	No	
Wash.	Yes	Yes	Yes	27 Months	Yes	No	
W. Va.	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes	No	
Wis.	Yes	Yes	Yes	27 Months	Yes	No	Yes
Wyo.	Yes	Yes	Yes	27 Months	Yes	No	

Every state in the Union has a State Dental Board of Examiners.

Shall Oregon become the only state in the United States without state supervision?

Every state in the Union provides for a state examination.

Shall Oregon throw open the door to every applicant without adequate evidence of ability or fitness?

No state in the United States accepts without qualification the license of every other state?

Shall Oregon let down all bars?

Every dental college in the United States requires at least 27 months' special study.

Shall Oregon lower the educational requirement to 12 months?

Under a well settled principle of law, the proposed Dentistry Bill repeals the present law in its entirety.

The Dentistry Bill sweeps away all salutary and wholesome provisions of the present law.

The present law revokes a license for CONVICTION OF FELONY OR MISDEMEANOR INVOLVING MORAL TURPITUDE; for GROSS IGNORANCE, INEFFICIENCY, HABITUAL INTEMPERANCE, FRAUD OR MISREPRESENTATION.

Under the Dentistry Bill no revocation is possible.

SHALL OREGON HAVE THE LOWEST AND LOOSEST DENTAL LAW IN THE UNITED STATES?

Defeat the Dentistry Bill

VOTE 341 X NO

(Paid Adv. Oregon Society for Dental Education, M. G. Raymond, Sec., 509 Morgan Bldg.)