

The classified ad columns serve both the man who wants to sell his "used car" and he who wants to sell his "used coat."



Oregon Journal

SUNDAY WITH HER UNION SHE FLIES DOWN WINGS



THE WEATHER Occasional rain in this district today; winds generally southerly.

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CITY EDITION

PORTLAND, OREGON, SUNDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 11, 1914.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

CHAMBERLAIN ENROUTE HOME TO MAKE TOUR

Oregon's Senior Senator Is Granted Leave by Colleagues in Upper House to Visit State Before Election

ATTENDANCE RECORD HAS BEEN CONSTANT

Absence Is Sought Only After Business of Session Practically Concluded.

Senator Chamberlain's Eastern Oregon Itinerary.
Oct. 14—Baker, evening.
Oct. 15—Union, afternoon; La Grande, evening.
Oct. 16—Pendleton, evening; afternoon to be arranged by local committee at Pendleton.
Oct. 17—The Dalles, evening.
Oct. 18 and 19—Portland (no formal addresses).

(Washington Bureau of The Journal.)
Washington, Oct. 10.—Senator Chamberlain left today for Oregon. He will reach Portland next Sunday, October 18, being scheduled to make several speeches in eastern Oregon en route.
With the best record for attendance of any senator, he finally yielded to persuasion by friends to enter personally into his campaign. To The Journal correspondent this afternoon he said:
"Practically nothing remains to be done by congress, except to pass the war revenue bill. This measure has passed the house, and has been considered in detail by the Democrats of the senate. As amended, it has been reported by the finance committee to the senate, and is now pending on the calendar. It will doubtless pass with some changes, and will then come to conference, where it will be placed in agreement so that congress will doubtless pass it within the next 10 days or two weeks. I have remained at my post here until all of the president's wishes have been crystallized into statute, and I have done so, except that the war revenue bill I pass without question, and on that I am paired with a senator who is opposed to it. I have been here this evening for Oregon to participate in the campaign.
"18 Months' Continuous Session.
"Congress has been in continuous session since President Wilson's inauguration and in that time it is safe to say that more constructive legislation has been passed than at any time in the history of the United States. Measures which have been promised from time to time by parties in the past for the relief of the people of the country but which have not been passed heretofore, have been taken by the president and congress within the past 18 months, considered, discussed and placed upon the statute books. It has been an administration of wonderful achievements. All parties during the past 12 years have, on the platform, made promises to revise the tariff and to legislate upon the subject of the currency so as to protect the country from such panics as occurred in 1907. Our Republican friends, taking advantage of the fact that their platform of 1908 did not say whether the tariff should be revised upwards or downwards, passed the Payne-Aldrich bill of 1909, which raised the tariff upward in violation of the demands of the American people. The Wilson administration has carried out the platform pledges of all parties and has revised the tariff downwards, so that in the ordinary course of things the people will shortly begin to realize some advantage from the removal of protective duties which the consumer has been compelled to pay.
"Currency Legislation a Monument.
"The legislation of the present congress upon the currency, the creation of the federal reserve board and the amendment of the Vreeland currency bill will practically make a money panic like that of 1907 impossible. These two measures in themselves are a monument to the ability of the Democratic party to engage in constructive work, but this is not all.
"The enactment of the trades commission bill, with powers and duties to inquire into and investigate whether or not individuals and corporations are engaged in business in violation of the Sherman anti-trust laws, and the anti-trust bill, which has just been enacted supplementary to the Sherman anti-trust law, are magnificent acts of constructive legislation.
"The one declaration in the recently passed anti-trust bill, that the labor of a human being is not a commodity or article of commerce, takes labor out of the category of a mere commodity where plutocracy and greed have heretofore placed it, and is worth all of the money that has been expended during the past 18 months while congress has been kept in session, even if nothing else had been done.
"Significance of Alaskan Bill.
"I might refer to other great pieces of constructive work performed by congress, notably the Alaska road bill, which will have the effect of developing the resources of the new America in the north-west and save the splendid resources of that territory from Guggenheim grasp and greed. The future possibility of this great territory and its effect upon Oregon and the northwest it is impossible to foresee. The \$35,000,000 appropriated for the construction of this government owned road will be money well expended to develop a virgin territory still owned and controlled by the people themselves. This legislation, supplemented by the ad-

OREGON SENATOR GETS LEAVE OF ABSENCE



Senator George E. Chamberlain, from photograph taken recently in Washington, who is en route to Oregon to make speaking tour.

Innes Reiterates Plea of Innocence

Former Portlander, Indicted With His Wife in San Antonio, Texas, on Murder Charge, Insists He Is Not Guilty.
San Antonio, Texas, Oct. 10.—Faced with grand jury indictment charging the murder of Mrs. Eloise Nelms Dennis and her sister, Beatrice Nelms, Victor E. Innes of Portland this evening reiterated his expressions of innocence. "I had nothing to do with the disappearance of the two girls," he said, "other than that I do not care to discuss the matter. The facts in the case will probably come out at the habeas corpus hearing set for next Tuesday."
When Innes heard the grand jury had indicted him he asked anxiously: "Did they indict my wife, too?"
When informed that she had been indicted he said nothing. Mrs. Innes appeared visibly agitated at the news but would make no statement.
Judge R. H. Ward, counsel for Innes, said that he would press the habeas corpus hearing next Thursday. He manifested little surprise that Innes had been indicted.
Innes and his wife are indicted jointly on a charge of murder and on an additional charge of conspiracy to murder the two girls. It is charged that the Nelms sisters were murdered in Bexar county, Texas, on or about June 20.
The bodies, it is alleged, were disposed of with a meat grinder and with corrosive acids.
The conspiracy indictment sets up that Mr. and Mrs. Innes did conspire in the states of Georgia, Alabama and Texas to kill the two girls. Innes and his wife were arrested on a farm near Eugene, Or., late in August, whence they had removed from Portland.

Mountain Climber Passes Suddenly

T. Brooke White, Who Scaled Mt. Rainier, Dies of Heart Failure After Short Run to Car.
Although on August 10, with the Mazamas, he reached the summit of Mt. Rainier, 14,498 feet high, following an exhausting climb, just two months ago, T. Brooke White, aged 59 years, died of heart failure after a short run for a Williamsette Heights car about 6 o'clock last night.
With Rodney L. Glisan he was out for a walk along the Linnton road. Returning, they ran for a car. Mr. Glisan climbed on first. Mr. White followed. On the car platform he dropped unconscious, and was placed on a seat while the car dashed for Good Samaritan hospital. He died before a physician and nurse, summoned by Mr. Glisan, reached the car.
Mr. White, who was a charter member of the Mazamas, was born at Godalming, England, December 3, 1854, and was educated at Oxford and Heidelberg, Germany. He came to the United States in the early 70s. After being in the engineering department of the Northern Pacific at Tacoma for a number of years he came to Portland in 1881. He was admitted to the Oregon bar in 1894, later entering the government reclamation service. He followed this work through the western states.
Mr. White was a charter member and president and secretary of the Oregon Rowing club, and was also president several terms of the North Pacific Rowing association. He was unmarried, and is survived by a sister and brother in Victoria, B. C. He lived at 573 Main street. The body is at the Dunning & McEntee undertaking establishment and funeral arrangements will be made after relatives are heard from.

BRITISH FORCE IS DRIVEN ONTO DUTCH GROUND

Two Thousand Marines Cut Off From Antwerp Relief Brigades by Germans, the British War Office Admits.

WILL BE INTERNED IN HOLLAND DURING WAR

Statement Says Retreat Out of Antwerp Was Successfully Made.

(United Press League Wire.)
London, Oct. 11.—(Sunday)—Two thousand British marines and sailors, a part of a force of 8000 which participated in the defense of Antwerp, have crossed into Dutch territory in the neighborhood of Hubert and laid down their arms. They will remain interned in Holland during the war. This fact was made known in an official press bureau statement issued early today, which also frankly stated that the danger to the Belgian army was that of being cut off by a strong force of Germans. The statement follows:
"In response to an appeal from the Belgians, three brigades of British (Concluded on Page Five, Column One)

WORRY WORKS DEATH TO ROUMANIA'S KING



King Carlos of Roumania (holding paper) in conference with his advisers. This is one of the last photographs of the late monarch.

ROUMANIA'S KING DIES FROM EXCITEMENT OF THE EUROPEAN CRISIS

Carlos, Aged 75 Years, Succumbs; Recent Quarrel Causes Breakdown.

(United Press League Wire.)
London, Oct. 1.—The Roumanian legation tonight officially announced the death at Bucharest at 5:30 this morning of King Carlos of Roumania. Seventy-five years of age and of late in poor health, his death is due to excitement engendered by the recent break with his ministry over Roumania's position in the European war. A week ago there were reports that the monarch contemplated abdication.
"King Carlos was a Hohenzollern and thoroughly German in his views and sympathies. His people were essentially Slavic. Both Austria and France sought to draw the little country into the war. It was then that the king made known his pro-German sentiments. The populace in Bucharest at that time was clamoring for war. The Roumanian ministry was a unit in declaring that Roumania should stand with England, Russia and France.
"The death of the king at this time, it is believed here means that Roumania will throw her fortunes with the allies.
"If so her troops, admittedly the best drilled of the southern European principalities, will be of great assistance to Serbia against Austria.

BOSTON BRAVES TAKE SECOND GAME FROM CONNIE MACK'S MEN

Stallings' Wonder Workers Score Another Victory—James Holds Athletics.

(Written for the United Press.)
Philadelphia, Oct. 10.—(By the calendar, August 9 by the heat)—This miracle team from Boston fought the Athletics to a standstill today, stopped their supposed irresistible attacks by superb pitching and brilliant fielding, and after they had broken the spirit and the hopes of Philadelphia they made one run, and won the game, 1 to 0.
There is no discounting the fact that spirit and fire and sheer confidence trumped over the superior strength and ability of the world's champions. It is evident too, that the Athletics, for the first time in their victorious career, finding themselves forced and pressed at every turn, have wilted.
Deal No Joke.
Today, when in the ninth inning, Deal, the battling joke of the series, the man who seven times in succession in two games had failed miser-

GERMANS TRY TO OVERTAKE BELGIAN ARMY

A Large Force Pursuing King Albert and His Men Who Escaped From Antwerp Before the City Was Taken.

BELGIAN KING, WITH HIS ARMY, IN DANGER

(By the International News Service.)
London, Oct. 10.—King Albert, at the head of the vanquished field army of Belgium, which he led out of Antwerp to save it from being bottled up when it was seen that the fall of the temporary capital was inevitable, is reported to be in a critical situation. He is being pursued by a large detached force of the German division of the besieging army under General von Veseler, which is attempting to cut him off along the Dutch border and force him either to face battle in the field against overwhelming odds or seek refuge in Holland, where he is interned during the remainder of the war.
Queen Elizabeth of Belgium arrived in England today, landing at Folkestone from Dunkirk.
Her movements were guarded with the strictest secrecy. The pursuit of the king and the gallant defenders of Antwerp developed when a body of Germans in great strength essayed a crossing of the Scheldt river near Termonde. They threw temporary pontoons across the river, and despite the raking fire from the Belgian trenches succeeded in establishing themselves on the other side, where they were hastily reformed and took up the march in a northeasterly direction towards San Nicholas, 26 miles southwest of Antwerp and but five miles from the Dutch frontier.
AIM TO PREVENT BELGIANS JOINING ALLIES.
The Germans evidently were bent on turning the rear of the retreating Belgian column and either forcing a battle or driving them into Holland, and in any event preventing the Belgians from effecting a juncture with the allies in France, who are pushing steadily toward the Belgian border. Should the Belgians appear behind the German line in France, they would be able to seriously harass General von Kluck's forces.
In their rear the flying columns of Belgians and pursuing Prussians left a once beautiful city, the pride of Belgium, two-thirds in ruins. The evacuation of Antwerp came only after it was seen that further resistance would mean the utter destruction of the city by the rumous fire of the giant howitzers which had been pouring their deadly rain of shells into it without surcease for three days, the climax of a ten days' siege.
Fires still rage unchecked in many parts of the city. The loss of life has been appalling. Scores of beautiful buildings, monuments for centuries, have been razed or scarred. The Hotel de Ville, a wonderful example of Renaissance type, dating from 1561, suffered severely. Some reports say that the Notre Dame cathedral, dating from 1352, a magnificent structure, has been seriously damaged. Others say it escaped unscathed. Fugitives report the plight of the refugees desperate. Aged and infirm lie by the roadside, worn out and helpless, where they collapsed. Women and children are forced to walk to a refuge in Holland.

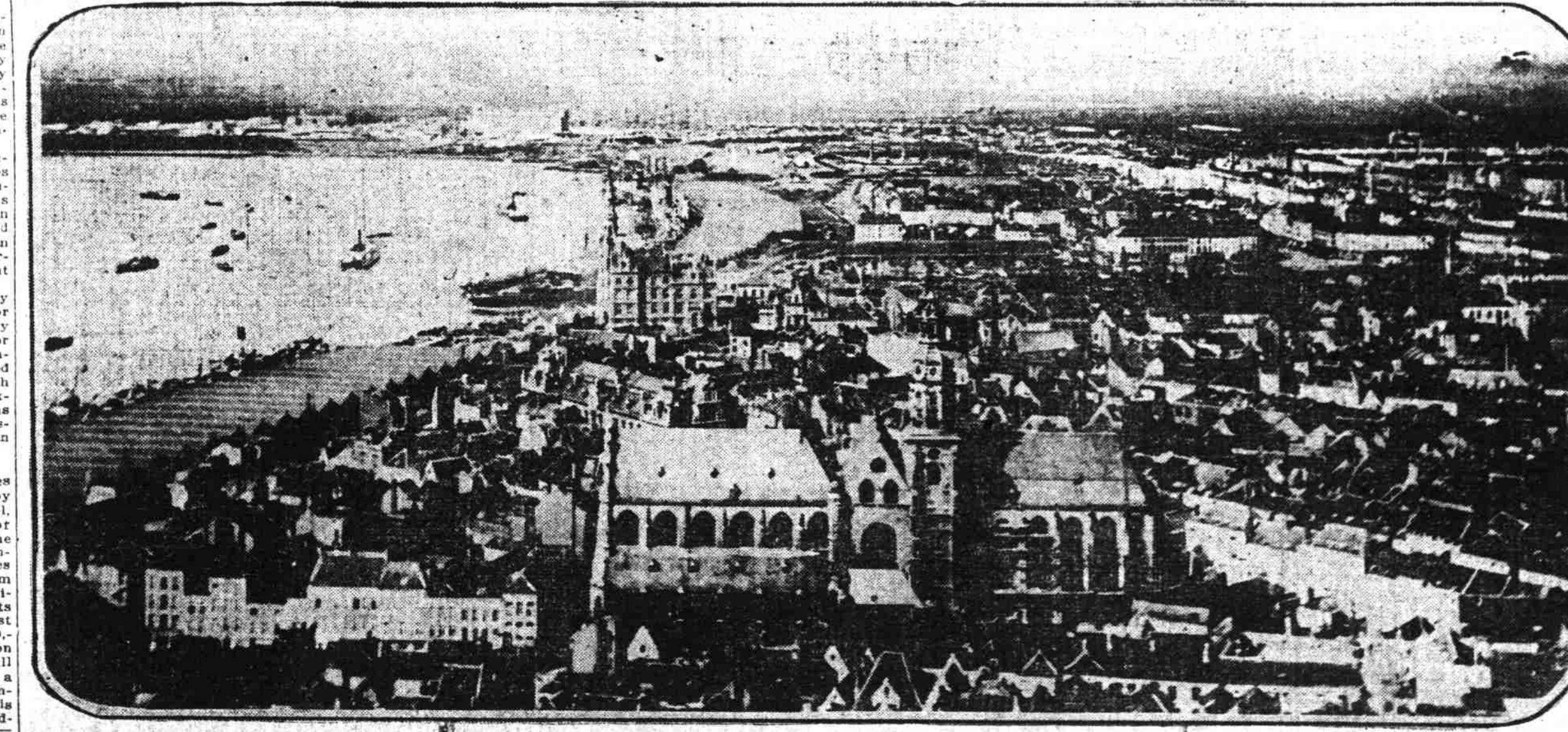
BELGIANS SURRENDER UNCONDITIONAL

The Germans are in complete occupation of the city. The actual surrender took place at 2:30 Friday afternoon. At 9 o'clock the flag of capitulation was raised where the war flag had been flaunted from the tower of the cathedral.
Burgomaster de Vos, accompanied by a German Louis Franck, met General von Veseler, commanding the besiegers, at the Berschem gate and the city was surrendered unconditionally. At 2:30 the Germans marched in through the suburb of Berschem.
Military critics today discussed the possibility of the retaking of Antwerp by the allies. It is an accomplished fact that permanent fortifications in an exposed position are easy prey for modern artillery.
This was the reason for Antwerp's fall.

GREAT CATHEDRAL IS DAMAGED BY GERMANS

Rosendaal (Via The Hague and London), Oct. 10.—German control of Antwerp is absolute. Tonight it is reported here that the invaders now hold not only the city, but everything that their great 42-centimetre guns did not demolish. They have restored order in the city and made every attempt to limit the fires burning in various sections of Antwerp caused by their shell fire. It is stated that the great Gothic Cathedral of Notre Dame has been damaged, but not beyond repair, by German shells.
Two streets—Rues Darciles and Van Bree—have been greatly damaged, the houses lining them for their entire length having been reduced (Concluded on Page Five, Column Two and Three.)

GENERAL VIEW OF ANTWERP WHICH WAS SURRENDERED TO THE GERMANS AFTER A BITTER SIEGE



Photograph copyrighted 1914 by the International News Bureau.

(Concluded on Page Nine, Column Two.)

MISSOURI MULES AND A PHONOGRAPH

In today's Journal Want Ads you will find offers of everything from mules to phonographs. The following are samples. The name of the classification in which it appears today follows each item:
"We have 2 clients who want 5 or 7-room house not to exceed \$4000." Wanted—Real Estate.
"Five-room upper flat, paneled dining-room, phone and water, \$12.50." Flats to Rent.
"Mules! Mules! We have for sale 2 carloads of good Missouri mules, weight from 1200 to 1500 pounds." Horses and Vehicles.
"\$20 takes my \$75 White machine." For Sale—Miscellaneous.
"Wanted—To buy a milk or buttermilk route; will pay \$100 or cash down; give amount of milk sold and number of customers." Business Chances.
"Typewriter—I will trade diamond, run or furniture for visible, single keyboard." Swap Column.
"\$18 buys Edison phonograph, including 40 4-minute records." Musical Instruments.
"\$100 to loan on improved city real estate." Money to Loan—Real Estate.
"Two large rugs in good condition for \$20." Household Goods for Sale.
"Good library of books to trade for 22 rifle or anything I can use." Swap Column.
"Singer sewing machine and other furniture for typewriter, camera or diamond; would sell cheap." Swap Column.
"Young married couple want 2 or 3 decently furnished rooms or part of furnished house with private family; no apartments; west side preferred." Wanted to Rent.