INQUIRY ON FACTS OF LEGGETT WRECK IS NOW FORWARDED

Information of Real Causes Concerning Open Hatches Is Lacking.

IMPROVEMENT IN MEXICO

Conditions Becoming Normal and Americans, and Others, May Return Safely Soon.

San Francisco, Oct. 3.—Although 78 lives were lost when the steamer Francis H. Legget foundered off the Oregon coast on September 18, the federal officials on the Pacific coast are unable to fix the responsibility. Yesterday John K. Bulger, supervising inspector of the Pacific coast, stated that he had received all of the information possible in the case and forwarded it to Washington.

The testimony of George Poelman and James A. Farrell, the only survivors showed that the forward hatch was open and that the water had entered the holds from the decks. It was not possible to determine when or how the hatches became open, and as the testimony was not from sailors and all of the crew and officers died, the matter will be dropped. It is seldom that an investigation has resulted in the receipt of so little real information. If even a single officer or sailor had survived more could have been learned.

Congratulations Given.

Congratulations were tendered today to the Grace company, representing the Atlantic and Pacific Steamship company, by the officials of the Panama-Pacific exposition for bringing through from the Atlantic to this port of a valuable shipment of fragile freight without any breakage. The shipment consisted of $90,000 worth of searchlight material, which constitutes all of this character of material to be used at the fair grounds and buildings. Shipped from New York and through the canal on the steamer Santa Clara, the delicate freight was then placed on one of the Crowley barges and moved to the fair grounds. Not a single piece of the expensive glassware was found damaged.

The Pacific Mail steamship San Jose, Captain H. L. Jones, arrived from Balboa via ports of Mexico and Central America today. Captain Jones reported that nothing had been seen or heard of any warships excepting those of Uncle Sam, patrolling the lower coast. There were 17 cabin pasengers and 24 in the steerage. The latter included two Chinese in transit.

Conditions Becoming Normal.

Five of the passengers were from Salina Cruz and two from Mazatlan. These included Charles Lang and Robert Townsend, both mining men. It is reported that the situation in Mexico is rapidly becoming normal and if another revolution does not result it will soon be both safe and profitable for Americans and others to return and conduct their former occupations.

At 4 o'clock tomorrow the E. J. Dodge steamer St. Helens, Captain Odland, will sail for New York and Portland, Maine, with a cargo of 600,000 feet of Oregon lumber and 1300 tons of canned California fruits. This will be the first vessel of the Dodge fleet to leave for the Atlantic since the opening of the Panama canal. The Dodge company will also place the steamer Crickett on the same run and this vessel is now steaming down from Puget sound, where it has been loaded with lumber. After loading additional cargo here the Crickett will leave, it is expected, about November 17.

Cigarmakers' International union has started a campaign to organize the lower paid class of cigarmakers, heretofore remaining aloof from the union.

When You Want to Laugh--Eat!

And If You Want to Eat Without Food Fears, Take a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet After Each Meal.

Laughter, smiles and mirth never go with a "caved-in" stomach. Fancy a man afraid of his food laughing! There is always that haunting feeling that a sick stomach is nothing to be mirthful about.

"My old grouchy days are funny to me now."

Just make up your mind to help nature help herself. Give your body a chance to make good. Heal the raw edges of your stomach and give your blood the tools to make digestive fluids with.

There is only one way to make the body well—give it the chance to make itself well. Harmful and strong medicines handicap the system. Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets go into the stomach just like food. They are dissolved and there they strengthen the weakened juices of the digestive apparatus until the digestion is made normal.

There is nothing mysterious or magical about them. Science has proved that certain ingredients make up the digestive juices. Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are these concentrated ingredients—that is all there is to it. One grain of a certain ingredient contained in Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will digest 3000 grains of food. This illustrates how you aid nature to restore her worn-out materials. When a stomach which is filled with food receives a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet, it is more able to digest the food than it would be without it. The work is not so hard nor the task so long.

When the meal is finally assimilated the entire system absorbs more nourishment and harmful food effects are eliminated easily, quickly and with the maximum of benefit.

Every drug store carries Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. To anyone wishing a free trial of these tablets please address F. A. Stuart Co., 150 Stuart Bldg., Marshall, Mich., and a small sample package will be mailed free.

Grand Jury Files September Report

Twenty-one Indictments Reported Including Charge of Murder in the First Degree.

The September grand jury yesterday filed its last and only report bringing in among others an indictment against Giovanni Luciano on a charge of first degree murder for the alleged shooting of Secondino Coco following a dispute over cards. The grand jury reported 21 indictments, six not true bills and two cases referred to the October grand jury. During the month 133 witnesses were examined. Six of the indictments were held secret.

Other indictments reported were:

W. R. Stoltz, alias W. P. Olds, uttering a forged check and obtaining money by false pretenses; Roy McInnis and Oscar Johnson, non-support; J. B. Ogden, uttering a forged check; David E. Bales, larceny of an automobile; Edward Williams alias E. J. Holton and William A. Murray alias William McCarty, obtaining money by false pretenses; A. M. Long and Edward White, larceny from a dwelling; Edward White, having, receiving and concealing stolen property; Andy Morck, receiving stolen property; Salvatore Jardine, assault with a dangerous weapon on Carlo Palandri; A. Smith, obtaining money by false pretenses; William Washburn and Eugene Spencer, burglary.

GERMANS REPULSED AT TWO POINTS WITH BIG EFFECT, PARIS REPORT

(Continued from Page One.)

Vienne-Le-Vieil, through La Harze, and were forced to flee in precipitate retreat.

Both these offensive movements by the Germans were in response to the German staff's order that the French line "must be pierced" at all hazards. The German commanders, evidently acting in unison, very probably considered that the extended northerly movement of the allies' line had been so stretched as to weaken it, and it was at these weak spots that these attacks in force were directed.

These developments were announced officially by the war office during the afternoon. That the double defeat had had a stunning effect upon the invaders was indicated by the night bulletin, which stated that there was no new activity along the battle front, but that the general situation remained favorable to the allies.

Yet, notwithstanding these reversals suffered by the kaiser's army, the German line has not been altered appreciably, and it still holds to the north, where the parallel arms of the two great fighting machines stretch toward the Belgian border.

The arrival of the reinforcements from the German center which made possible General Von Kluck's continued resistance, has been the vital factor in installing new hope in the demoralized ranks of the enemy. Experts here attribute the delay in the inevitable German retreat to the acquisition of this fresh fighting strength and to the failure thus far of the allies to tip the northern end of the French left inward and eastward upon Von Kluck to menace his lines of communication.

It is generally admitted by those experts not carried away by the ardor of their enthusiasm in the repeated successes of the French arms that the German retirement, if forced, will be an orderly one. The withdrawal probably will be to fortified lines which have been discovered in the course of preparation just within the south Belgian frontier.

French Morale Magnificent.

The same authorities, citing the vague possibility of a forced French withdrawal, agree that the line south of the Marne would afford the greatest strategical advantage for the allies in this contingency.

The morale of the French troops is described by the French war office as remarkable. "The spirit of the troops is unimaginable. They go under fire in a way that moves one to tears," says an official statement issued today.

On the other hand the effect particularly of the defeat of the crack force of Prussians in the engagement east of the Argonne today, upon the morale of the Germans is certain to be discouraging, especially after the long series of disastrous attempts to resume the offensive.

France is beginning to appreciate the effect of what is generally predicted will be a long war. Even the battle of the Aisne, now in its fourth week, cannot be decisive. The strength of the rival armies is too great to permit of either of them suffering a decisive defeat. Each week of the fighting has served only to produce more seasoned troops and as the war progresses the men who were reserves a month ago are now fighting in the first line with vigor, courage and efficiency fully on a par with that exhibited by the troops who went into it trained soldiers.

The war is costing France $7,000,000 per day, according to an official announcement by Minister of Finance Ribot today. Even with this enormous expenditure France's army of 1,000,000 men "will be in rags at the end of two months of the war," according to a warning from M. Galli, introducing an appeal for winter clothing for the troops. Nevertheless the populace continues confident and determined to make every sacrifice to insure victory in the mighty struggle.

Hyde Land Fraud Case Is Argued

A. M. Crawford, Attorney General, Appeared for State and A. C. Shaw and E. R. Bryson for Defendant.

Eugene, Or., Oct. 3.—The preliminary argument in the case of the state of Oregon against E. A. Hyde, in which the state seeks to recover several thousand acres of school land from Hyde on the alleged ground of fraud, was held before Judge Harris of the circuit court this afternoon. A. M. Crawford, attorney general, appeared for the state, and A. C. Shaw of Portland and E. R. Bryson of Eugene appeared for Hyde.

The issue argued today was whether the state was guilty of laches in not bringing suit sooner.

In the first case filed in the circuit court here Judge Harris decided in favor of Hyde, on the ground that the state was guilty of laches.

Grand Trunk Official Here.

J. E. Dalrymple, vice president of the Grand Trunk railroad system, arrived in Portland last night and is stopping at the Portland hotel. Accompanying him are C. H. Nicholson of Vancouver, manager of the Grand Trunk Pacific steamers, and J. H. Burgis, general agent of the passenger department at Seattle.

BATTLE OF CRACOW IS REGARDED AS CRISIS OF WAR IN THE EAST

British Admit Battle at the Aisne Cannot Be Decisive Whoever Wins.

ZEPPELIN RAID EXPECTED

British Announce They Are Gathering Evidence of Brutality and Torture on Part of Germans.

By Ed L. Keen.

London, Oct. 3.—Realizing fully that the great battle of the Aisne, whether a victory or defeat for the allies, cannot prove the decisive factor of the great war, England's attention was tonight firmly fixed on the conflict gradually gaining momentum in the near east, now designated as the battle of Cracow. There the Russians are meeting for the first time the flower of the German war machine, the southern province troops of the active army. So important is this battle considered that it is reported here that the kaiser personally commands the German defense and the czar is on the Russian front.

The line of battle extends all the way from the Carpathian mountains to the Niemen river lines in Russian Poland. Petrograd declares that the Russians are in complete force with nearly 3,000,000 men distributed along the front. It admits that Russia realizes that her own standing as a potent fighting force depends upon the battle. The Russian general staff has been quoted as believing that, should Russia deliver a crushing blow to the German defense, the roadway to Berlin will be thrown wide open and the kaiser can be expected to initiate a peace movement.

Aisne Battle Lasts 21 Days.

The battle of the Aisne, which began as a rear guard action 21 days ago, and became converted into a general battle two days later, still rages with uninterrupted ferocity.

The Germans have denuded their centre to send fresh forces into the fighting line on the west. The great "fish hook turning line," extending from Lassigny and bellying out toward Douai and Bapaume now contains fully 75,000 men. Three troops of the active corps, the reserves, the landswehr and landsturm, are fighting shoulder to shouler, in a desperate attempt to break the allied line and isolate the forces of General D'Amaide and certain British supports, who now hold the tip of the flanking line. All reports received here agree that the fighting is of the most desperate character and that the Germans are throwing men against French and British guns like corn in a popper. But it is insisted that at no single point has the allied position been pierced. Because of the violence of the combat it is not believed here that the Germans can much longer sacrifice men in a movement where at no point have they gained a single mile.

That the big Canadian contingent will soon be a factor is hinted at here. There is a growing suspicion that they already may be on the fighting line. It is known that the Indian forces are now engaged. They have been distributed at points where their great mobility will prove a perceptible factor, but naturaly the location is withheld at present.

Zeppelin Raid Imminent.

Meanwhile there is a growing belief that a raid by the German Zeppelin fleet is imminent. Count Zeppelin is reported as at Wilhelmshaven, where the chief units of the Zeppelin and Parseval aerial fleets have been assembled. In the number are reported to be many that are heavily armored on their under sides and cary armored plate to protect the gas bags. The hatred of Britain and all things British is growing so intense in Germany, it is said, that a universal demand for a blow against the one power which has cost Germany practicaly her entire commerce is constantly increasing. It is admitted that for the present the fleet must be kept under the protection of the land guns. Consequently, a raid through the air is now considered inevitable. For the last week high winds have swept the German coast and every day that passes will add to the difficulties of the German air fleet. Autumn and winter gales will soon be the rule instead of the exception and these will make a raid in force with dirigibles, if not impossible, at least very dangerous.

The Germans are also reported working night and day on submarines and are said to have fully 50 additional of the latest type ready for commissioning. It is realization of this fact that has led the admiralty to resort to mine planting, a method of warfare which in the early stages of the war was universally denounced.

Additional details are declared to be at hand which prove conclusively the Belgian-French allegations that the Prussian troops and especially Prussian officers, were responsible for the most of the atrocities which have been alleged to have taken place in both Belgium and France. In this connection, Percy P. Illingworth, the chief liberal whip of the house of commons, in a speech delivered at Shipley today, declared that the British government is gathering authenticated evidence which will later be published.

"This evidence," declared Illingsworth, "is being investigated by a responsible British commission. It is carefully going over all of the proof preparatory to making it public later on. I am violating no confidence when I say that when the damning proof is made public the entire civilized world will stand aghast and will unite in a demand that the utmost punishment be meted out to the men responsible."

More Successes Claimed By Nish

Servian War Office Announces Combined Montenegrin Army Is Pushing Austrians Back in Bosnia.

Nish, Oct. 3.—The war office announced tonight that the combined Montenegrin army continues its successful forward movement in Bosnia. Fierce fighting is in progress along the Igrichta-Karlieva line, but the Austrians have been forced to abandon Vafresnitza. The Austrian forces at Serajevo are now penned up in that city but no serious offensive operations have been instituted by the Austrians until after reinforcements now under way reach the scene.

Another Austrian attempt to retake Semlin has failed.

German War Play On Boards Tonight

"The Barbarians" Deals With Relations Between Germany and France During War of 1870-71.

"The Barbarians," a German play, will be produced tonight at the German House, Thirteenth and Main streets, under the auspices of the Oregon Federation of German Speaking societies in commemoration of the annual "German day."

"German day" is celebrated each year as an anniversary of the landing on American soil of the first Germans.

The plot of the play has to deal with the relations that existed in 1870-71 between France and Germany during the Franco-Prussian war and relates how the French looked upon the Prussians as barbarians only to find that they treated their prisoners with kindness and consideration.

The story ends by a pretty French woman falling in love with a German officer and the curtain drops to the sound of wedding bells.

Those who are cast for parts include Ernest Baer, Mrs. Elsa Schwab, Mrs. R. Adam, Miss Tille Fleischhauer, Fritz Schnurbusch, Martin Dudel, Otto Decker, W. Ross, R. Adam, F. Loretz, M. Klappreth, Mrs. Clara Winter, Miss Elsie Hausman and Mrs. Rose Jansen.

Preceding the play a patriotic address will be made by K. O. Saltzmann.

CZAR GOES TO FRONT TO VIEW BATTLE AS CONQUERING LEADER

(Continued From Page One.)

from the Russian standpoint is already in progress.

The war office tonight gave out a statement covering the operations up to October 2 as follows:

"Fighting of an extremely obstinate character continues in the neighborhood of Augustowo. The Germans who are defending the positions to the north of Lake Wingra made a fierce attack from Rachska and Berimen, trying to capture the western outlet from the Augustowo forests.

"On the Lodzoe-Shiplishki road, the first cavalry division vainly endeavored to stop the Russian advance but was compelled to retreat as was its infantry support.

"The Russians have occupied Raigrod, Kalawaria and Mariampe.

"There has been unimportant fighting in the region of Kiel.

"In the Carpathians the Russians have reached the Nadyag valley.

"The Austrians have been heavily repulsed with losses of guns at Mikoulitz."

Lower Water Rate May Be Voted On

If Recall Election Is Held Probability Is Council Will Submit Law for 50-Cent Minimum.

Should a recall election be held it is probable a measure providing for a 50 cents a month minimum water rate and the collection of water rentals quarterly when due will be submitted for the approval of the voters. The question was discussed informally by the city commisioners' meeting yesterday and it was decided to have a measure prepared for action by the city council Wednesday toward placing it on the ballot for the election.

The amendment would reduce the price of Bull Run water from the minimum of 75 cents to 50 cents for both metered and unmetered service and providing for quarterly payments of all accounts when due. It is estimated that such a scheme would result in a great saving in the water bureau. It is also proposed to have a provision in the measure providing for the billing of all accounts to the building where the water is used instead of to any particular person residing at the house or building where the water is consumed.

Southern Members Demand Currency

Congressmen From the South Threaten to Block Adjournment Unless House Takes up Cotton Feature.

(Washington Bureau of The Journal.)

Washington, Oct. 3.—Although leaders of the house have not changed their minds as to adjournment by Oct. 15, several southern members insist upon forcing their emergency cotton legislation to the front and have threatened to block a recess or adjournment unless the house promises to take up the matter. They want a law which will distribute a large quantity of emergency currency in the south to prevent a panic, which some of them believe is to come because of the condition of the cotton market. Other members of congress are just as determined not to allow the matter even to be discussed on the floor.

Representative Henry of Texas has outlined a scheme whereby the treasury could shift all of its national bank deposits from their present location to the south. Representative Henry said he believed the condition of the south would warrant such a move.

Firing Is Begun on Federals at Naco

Governor Maytorena With Strong Force Attacks General Hill's Federal Force; Border Patrol on Job.

Naco, Ariz., Oct. 3.—Firing has begun on the hills to the front and right flank of Naco, Sonora, just across the border from here in Mexico, where Governor Maytorena with a strong force of Villaistas is attacking the entrenched position held by General Benjamin Hill, commander of the Carranzista garrison. Americans residing on this side of the border are threatened by the fire. Colonel Guilfoyle, commanding the cavalry garrison of American troops, is maintaining a strict patrol of the border line to prevent disaster to Americans on the American side and damage to American property.

Hunter Is Killed By One He Taught

Tacoma, Wash., Oct. 3.—While hunting quail in the woods near here today, William P. Bittner, 38, was accidentally shot and instantly killed by Neil Thorsen, 24.

Bittner, who was an experienced hunter, had volunteered to teach the younger man how to locate game. The men became separated and Thorsen, firing at a covey of quail, blew Bittner's head nearly off.

Bittner leaves a widow and two children.

GERMAN ATTACKS WILL NOT CHANGE PLANS OF SHIPPERS

British and French Depending on British Cruisers of the Pacific for Aid.

WILL SEND RESCUE SHIP

Efforts Will Be Made to Relieve Distress of Seamen Who Are Marooned on an Island.

San Francisco, Oct. 3.—Although British merchant vessels have been destroyed on the Pacific by the German cruiser Leipzig, the shipping interests here show no indication of making any change in their plans to proceed with the dispatching of vesels from this port.

The conditions of confidence prevailing has been succeeded, however, by one of doubt and it is freely predicted that in the event of the Germans continuing the work of destruction, a considerable portion of the plans of the British and French ship owners may be called off.

The British and French are now depending for relief upon the fleet of British cruisers commanded by Rear Admiral Craddock. They believe that the powerful cruisers steaming up the coast of South America from Magellan will either master the Germans or drive them to cover.

Plans for the rescue of Captain John Roberts and crew of the Union Oil tanker Elsinore have been arranged by the owners through Coymn, Mackall & Co., agents for C. T. Bowring & Co., Liverpool, the owners of the unfortunate steamer.

A rescue ship will put out from Guayaquil, Ecuador, the nearest harbor to Galapagos island, the lonely and uinhabited island upon which the crew of the tanker was marooned by the Liepsig.

As nothing has been learned regarding the amount of provisions in the possession of the castaways, every effort is being made to rush the relief ship to the scene as soon as possible.

Rescue advices will be waited for eagerly and many are of the opinion that in addition to the crew of the Elsinore, other seamen may have been marooned on Galapagos, for other vessels may have been captured and destroyed by the Leipsig.

The Union tanker Oberon, flying the British flag and for which fears were felt here on account of the lack of advices, arrived at Balboa October 1, it is learned.

GERMANS TAKE OUTER LINE OF BELGIAN FORTS

(Continued From Page One.)

the forts out of business, have dashed forward by entire regiments, only to be received by a deadly fire which has simply annihilated the attacking force. The Belgians have also essayed a number of successful sallies, in which they have inflicted deadly loss on the enemy.

Antwerp itself is quiet and confident. In preparation for any eventuality, guns have been posted at every point of vantage in the suburbs so that if the Germans should succeed in breaking through the line of forts they could be prevented from entering the city proper. As a matter of fact, there are few of the active German lines of troops left in northern Belgium. All have been withdrawn to extricate the German right in France from an extremely dangerous position, and the fighting here is being waged by the German naval reserves and the German landwehr.

In connection with the defense plans under the direct orders from King Albert, all of the dykes and sluices have been opened and the lowlands, especially in the valley of the Scheldt, are covered with water, waist deep. The country generally in the valley of the Scheldt is low. It is all heavy ground and had not recovered at all from the initial opening of the dykes when the Germans, who tried to operate northward from Ghent, were caught and forced to retreat so fast that they left behind them many of their guns. Most of these are still mired.

The Digue de l'Escaut, which has been opened, will not flood the territory adjacent to it as deep as some of the others. But it is swept by the fire of the forts. Chateaux of importance and huts of farmers who are very poor have alike been sacrificed to give a clean sweep to the Antwerp guns. All trees have been chopped down so that there is not a particle of cover for the foe.

Because of all these precautions, the confidence of the Belgians that their new capital cannot be captured is supreme. Business is going on as usual. Even the presence of Zeppelins in the vicinity of the city caused no alarm. It is not believed that they will try to cross the forts, and if they do come they will be given a warm reception.

Montana Military Court Suspended

Governor Stewart Closes Tribunal That Has Been Trying Cases Since Butte Strike Began.

Butte, Mont., Oct. 3.—Governor Stewart caused a strike of members of the Butte Mineworkers' union this afternoon when he suspended the military court which has been trying cases here since the troops were sent to the city.

The governor did not announce the reason of his action, but it is believed the heavy fines and sentences imposed by the military court were the cause.

It was reported tonight that the governor's action may lead to the resignation of high officials of the militia. Governor Stewart is expected here tomorrow to confer with Major D. J. Donahue, commanding the troops.

A warrant was issued late today for the arrest of Clarence A. Smith, editor of the Butte Socialist, charged with inciting riot in an extra edition published today announcing the suspension of the military court. The article declared the military now has no standing and predicted that damage suits aggregating $1,000,000 will be filed.

Soldiers closed the plant of the Socialist and destroyed all copies of the extra they could find. The situation is tense.

Read page 10, section 2.

Here's a Chance For Another Solomon

Man Milked Cow and Drank Milk; Question Is, Is This Larceny, and If So, Who From?

Frank Pierce, 25 years old, and idle much of his time, was arrested yesterday afternoon by Patrolman Stewart, but the officer was considerably puzzled to know what charge to place against the man.

The particular offense for which the arrest was made was that of milking a cow belonging to a neighbor, then drinking the milk. Ordinarily this would be larceny of milk, but the law has held that ownership of the milk does not pass from the cow to the owner of the cow until the cow is milked. Patrolman Stewart knew this, and contended larceny could not be charged. He was also sure Pierce could not be charged with larceny from the animal. Cruelty to an animal could not be charged, neither could the man be accused of obtaining goods under false pretense. Finally, the officer decided to charge Pierce with vagrancy, a charge broad enough to cover a multitude of objectionable acts.

Fireworks Factory Is Blown Up in N. J.

Four Killed and 40 Injured in Explosion at Jersey City; Although 500 Were at Work, Only a Few Suffer.

Jersey City, N. J., Oct. 3.—Police tonight were investigating the causes for the explosion which occurred in the magazine of the Detwiller & Street Fireworks Manufacturing company shortly before noon today and wrecked the entire plant, killing four and injuring 40 persons, three seriously.

It is believed the accident occurred through negligence of an employe. John Andrews, superintendent of the plant, is held, pending a thorough investigation of the explosion.

The explosion was in two parts. The first, confined to the powder works, is thought to have started the second by concussion. The latter explosion completely demolished the factory. Although it was the busiest time of the day and 500 persons including 200 girls were working nearby, only a few of those in the main factory were seriously hurt.

Flying glass from the windows and falling bricks from the settling walls caused most of the injuries.

NEW PASTOR IS CALLED

At a meeting of the congregation of the Anabel Presbyterian church Thursday night a call requesting Rev. James Thompson, of Wenatchee, Wash., to become the pastor of the local church was unanimously extended. Rev. Robert N. McLean recently resigned as pastor of Anabel to become instructor in Spanish at one of the eastern theological schools. Rev. James Thompson graduated from Albany college in 1903 and from San Francisco Theological seminary in 1906. His ministerial work has consisted in administering to four home mission charges in the state of Washington. He has not replied to the call.

Life Insurance Not To Be Taxed.

Washington, Oct. 3.—The tax on life insurance policies in the war tax emergency revenue bill as it was passed by the house was stricken out of the bill by the Democrats of the senate committee tonight. It was said the committee would also probably eliminate the tax on casualty and industrial insurance policies.

Engineer Killed in Battle With I. W. W.

Marauding Band Tries to Force Its Way Into Great Northern Railroad Company's Surveying Camp.

Glasgow (Mont.) Oct. 3.—A marauding band of I. W. W's., many of whom carried arms, today attempted to force entrance to the Great Northern railroad company's engineering force at Chelsea. In resisting their aggressions a civil engineer was killed, also two members of the band of travelers. A part of the crowd then moved westward to Wolfe Point and repeated their efforts to forage food. In the succeeding encounter at this point a citizen was killed.

Leaders of the crowd declared that the band was enroute to Butte, intending to join a concentration there of the I. W. W. from all over the west to defend the rights of their fellows who have been subjected in that city by the state militia of Montana.

Russians Almost Capture Kaiser

London, Oct. 3.—The Petrograd correspondent of the Central News is responsible for a report that the kaiser narrowly escaped capture when the Germans on the Prussian-Poland frontier were defeated. There is no confirmation.

Four Are Killed at Grade Crossing.

Sangerly, Md., Oct. 3.—Mrs. Tillie Harland, her young son and daughter and her maid, Elizabeth Stewart, were instantly killed and Haines Harland was seriously injured here this evening when the automobile Harland was driving was struck by a Baltimore & Ohio train at a grade crossing.

To The Young Man---

The philosopher says that youth is never a matter of time, but of temperament, which accounts for the fact that there are as many old men of 16 as young men of 60.

So it is with clothes. There are those which, although worn to a thread, preserve to the last the freshness of youth, just as there are those which show the crow's feet of age before the first week of service is over.

Kuppenheimer Clothes possess in rare measure the golden quality of always staying young.

There is in their clean-cut style lines all the buoyancy of 21.

There is in the soft, durable fabric the youthful attribute of endurance under the grind of daily wear.

There is evidenced in the workmanship the youthful ambition to do a thing better than it was ever done before.

The recipe for everlasting youth has not yet been revealed, but as near as we have come to it is this:

Good digestion—a cheery outlook—and

Kuppenheimer Clothes

$18, $20, $25 up to $40

Lion Clothing Co.

GUS KUHN, President

Successor to Steinbach & Co.

Morrison At Fourth

Half Minute Store Talk

Thursday we had the pleasure of fitting a pair of Ralston Shoes for a well known Portland man who stated that his last pair were made-to-order and cost him $16.00. After looking at three different shapes he finally chose the Ralston "Cresco" at $5, and after trying it on made the statement tha it was the best fitting shoe he had ever had. Since Ralston $5 Shoes are more comfortable than $16.00 made-to-order shoes you'll surely choose Ralstons for your next pair.

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DRUGS WOODARD CLARKE CO. DRUGS

ENLARGED (Varicosed) VEINS

are more painful than dangerous, and in their beginning may often be cured or relieved without an operation by wearing a properly fitted elastic stocking.

Ten years ago we began the manufacture of these garments, bringing skilled weavers to Portland—the first in the Northwest. We **measure** and **fit each individual case** and warrant satisfaction. Remember a **stocking, belt** or **bandage** is worse than useless if the pressure is uneven—greater in one place than another. The sufferer might as well put so many rubber bands about the affected limb.

Nothing so quickly relieves an old strain, sprain or weak joint as one of our Elastic Garments. OUR PRICES ARE NO HIGHER than for cheap, factory-made stock. Ours is a true Oregon industry. It is worthy of patronage and support—not from sentimental considerations but because of real worth.

THE BALOPTICON

is a wonderful instrument—a modern Magic Lantern which will throw upon a screen to any needed size, Photographs, Films, Slides, Printed Sheets, Lost Cards, Color Prints or Drawings. Can be attached to any electric-lighting current, D. C. or A. C. Can be used by a child—should be in every home, school or hall—Sunday schools, churches; fraternal, scientific or natural science societies—all should have the BALOPTICON. Prces from $18 to $294. Come in and we'll show you or send for catalog.

Wood-Lark Bldg., Alder St., at West Park