

CHINESE ARE IN FEAR THAT JAPANESE WILL SPREAD COLONY PLAN

Motive of Little Brown Men Questioned Somewhat in Event of German War.

(United Press Leased Wire.) Shanghai, Aug. 18.—What Chinese principally fear in connection with the prospective trouble between the Japanese and the Germans at Kiao Chao is that the mikado's soldiers, getting control of the German territory on the Shantung coast, will attempt to make it a vantage ground for spreading their influence throughout all that part of China.

Germany is so far away that it was never considered likely that it would use the concession as anything more than a trading post. The Germans' presence there was a constant source of irritation to the Chinese in the settlement's vicinity, just as they have always been angered by the foreigners' presence and exercise of extra territorial jurisdiction at Shanghai, Hankow and other treaty ports, but it did not alarm them.

From near neighbors like the Japanese, however, the Chinese are fearful of attempts at colonization on a large scale, as in Manchuria, the establishment of Japanese government over a wide extent of territory and the gradual japonization of the Chinese, with its own people as a subject race.

The Japanese announcement that the mikado's intention is eventually to return Kiao Chao to the Chinese is taken as a diplomatic promise which may or may not be kept.

Armed resistance of the Japanese, it is generally agreed, is out of the question, and indeed, there is no disposition to attempt preventing them from expelling the Germans, who are no more popular than the Japanese, even if they are not feared as much.

There is beginning to be talk, however, of an anti-Japanese boycott, a weapon the Chinese have used so effectively before that the Japanese are emphatically afraid of it. It will not be resorted to, of course, if the Chinese can be assured they will be fairly treated.

Russian Invaders Routed by Austria

Force of Cossacks Which Had Entered the Styry Valley Driven Back to the Frontier.

Vienna, Aug. 17.—(Delayed)—The Russian force which invaded the Styry valley had been driven back to the frontier today. Most of the invaders were Cossacks.

The Austrians had taken the offensive and crossed the Russian frontier at several points. There was much skirmishing.

While admitting losses, the war office said they were "not out of proportion to the importance of the movement."

PRESIDENT WILSON URGES AMERICANS TO REMAIN NEUTRAL

(Continued From Page One.)

pulpits and what men proclaim as their opinions on the streets.

All Must Remain Neutral.

"Our people are people drawn from many nations, chiefly from the nations at war. It is natural and inevitable that there should be the utmost variety of sympathy and desire among them in regard to the issues and circumstances of the conflict. Some will wish one nation and others another to succeed in the momentous struggle. It will be easy to excite passion but difficult to allay it. Those responsible for exciting it will assume a heavy responsibility.

responsibility for no less a thing than that the people of America, loyal to their country, and loyalty to their government, should unite them as affection, all bound in honor and interests, may be divided into camps of hostile opinion, hot against each other and involved in war itself in impulse and opinion, if not in action.

Division Would Be Fatal.

"Such divisions amongst us will be fatal to our peace of mind and might seriously stand in the way of proper performance of duty as one great nation at peace and one people holding itself ready to play the part of impartial mediator and speak counsels of peace and accommodation, not as a partisan but as a friend.

"I venture, therefore, my fellow countrymen, to speak a solemn word of warning to you against the deepest, most subtle and most essential breach of neutrality which may spring out of partisanship and out of passionately

CLARK LEITER LEAVES OREGONIAN; MANAGE POLITICAL CAMPAIGN

Newspaperman Declares Intention to Cast Lot With Progressive Candidate.

He succeeded January 1, 1915, by a law reverting to the contract system.

The law which will go into effect January 1 abolishes the elective office of state printer and provides for the appointment of a state printer by the state board at a salary of \$1800 a year. It gives the board full authority and control over all the public printing, but maintains the present provisions for the operation of a state printing plant. It provides for letting the printing out on contract.

If it should be determined in any way that under the new law the state could not operate its own plant, then it is known that friends of the present system are going to make a fight to have the Valley Stock company succeed by making the flat salary system and state owned plant secure.

Germans of State Raise War Fund

Marion County Society Adopts Resolutions Urging Unbiased News Reports and Editorials in Oregon Newspapers

Salem, Or., Aug. 18.—The Marion County German Speaking society has issued a call for funds for aiding the Red Cross society in its work in Europe. Already \$100 has been forwarded to headquarters. The society has also adopted a resolution calling upon American newspapers to present news from the war in an unbiased manner. The society says one fourth of the residents of Marion county are of German birth or ancestry.

The resolution reads: "Be it resolved, that we, as American citizens, insist that the American press shall present its information in an unbiased manner. The society asks the editorials shall, as far as possible, be without prejudice or hatred toward any class of American citizens, for this though an English speaking country, is not an English nation, and it is but fair in these trying times that the American spirit of fair play shall be exercised to further good feeling among American citizens of every extraction and creed."

Eugene Will Help.

Eugene, Or., Aug. 18.—Eugene Germans will send a sum of money to the Red Cross society in the fatherland.

At a mass meeting of all German speaking people a committee was appointed to raise a fund, which will be sent to the old country with contributions from Portland and other cities of the state.

George K. McCord In Mortal Illness

Former Private Secretary to Mayor Contracted Severe Cold During Last Year's Campaign.

George K. McCord, private secretary to A. G. Rushlighter when the latter was mayor, is very low at his home at 405 East Thirty-ninth street, north. He is not expected to live more than a few days. He is suffering from an affection of the throat.

Mr. McCord, during the municipal campaign in 1912, contracted a severe cold from the effects of which he has never recovered. He was ill the greater part of the fall and during the past winter almost continuously so.

In an effort to recuperate, Mr. McCord went to the mountains several weeks ago but there was no stay in the ravages of the disease and during the latter part of last week he was brought home. Mr. McCord is a Spanish-American war veteran.

New Manager Has Wide Connections

Bon Marche Department Store Will Be Under General Management of Albert Jacobs.

As the result of a recent reorganization, Portland is to have a new department store. It is the Bon Marche, at 145-147 Second street.

Being virtually a new store its new management promises something entirely new in its operation. Details will be forthcoming shortly.

As general manager Albert Jacobs, formerly of Litt, Bros., Philadelphia, has been entrusted with the conduct of the business. Associated with him will be some of the best known department managers in Portland.

Holding a controlling interest in the business, D. Sondheim, recently of New York, will serve as merchandise manager and buyer. Mr. Sondheim is said to have the first call on many buyers through his extensive eastern connections and by reason of this fact it is said the success of the enterprise is assured.

After a young man has been employed in a drug store a couple of weeks, people begin to call him "Doc."

State Printing of Textbooks Is Plan

If Legislature Decides Favorably on Proposition Much Larger Plant Than at Present Would Be Necessary.

Salem, Or., Aug. 18.—There is a probability that the next legislature will be called upon to pass on the question of whether the state shall print textbooks for use in the public schools, as arguments are already being advanced to show that such a move would be a good thing.

It is pointed out that California has such a law and it is said a large saving to the taxpayers has resulted.

If the legislature should enact a law providing for the printing of school textbooks by the state, a much larger printing plant than the state now has would be required. Advocates of the plan, however, assert that the cost of the enlarged printing plant would be saved in one year to those who have to buy school books. It is pointed out also that a savings would be made in the cost of printing the initiative and other election pamphlets, owing to the faster presses and better printing facilities the state would have.

Holding a controlling interest in the state to operate a state printing plant at all is also likely to be fought out in the next legislature, as the law under which the plant is now operating will

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O. C. Leiter, for 10 years city editor of the Oregonian, has resigned that position to become political manager for William Hanley, progressive candidate for United States senator.

In announcing his resignation Mr. Leiter also announces his permanent retirement from the newspaper business regardless of the result of the approaching political campaign.

Horace E. Thomas, for several years assistant city editor of the paper, succeeds his former chief, and Walter R. May, it is stated, has been named to succeed Thomas.

"I am leaving newspaper work and casting my fortune with Mr. Hanley," said Mr. Leiter, "because of my personal regard for him. I have formed a strong personal attachment for Mr. Hanley, and honestly believe that he is senatorial timber, and if elected will be a credit to the state. Mr. Hanley intends to make a vigorous campaign of the state through the newspapers and by speechmaking in every county and I shall have charge of this campaign."

Barber Killed by Train.

South Bend, Wash., Aug. 18.—William Lane, a barber, formerly of Alder, was run over and instantly killed by a logging train, which was backing into Willapa on the Northern Pacific track, this morning at 6 o'clock. He was not seen by the crew until the train had passed over him. It is believed he was asleep on the track.

Kaiser Blames War on Czar of Russia

Germany Is Being Maligned and Her Motives Misunderstood, Says Statement to Secretary Bryan.

Washington, Aug. 18.—"Germany is being maligned and her motives misunderstood and misconstrued as the result of a deliberately misrepresented campaign to foster anti-German sentiment in America."

"This was the gist of a complaint received here today by Secretary of State Bryan from the German Kaiser. Emperor William resented the charge that the responsibility for the outbreak of the war with Germany and declared that the czar of Russia was to blame.

It was learned from a high official source that Kaiser Wilhelm sent the Kaiser's representations, and that the German ruler also requested Gerard to "set him right" with President Wilson.

In his cablegram today to Secretary Bryan, Gerard voiced no comment on the Kaiser's declaration.

French Admit Allies Can't Stop Germans

Kaiser's Troops in Greater Number in Belgium Than First Supposed, Say Military Men.

Paris, Aug. 18.—Military experts admitted today that they doubted if the allies would be able to stop the Germans in Belgium.

Their number there was far greater than previous information had indicated. It was estimated that stretched today from the extreme north of Belgium down through Luxembourg.

The army of the Meuse was investing the Liege forts. It was evident that the two armies of the Moselle would do the fighting farther south.

It was surmised that the Kaiser's plan was to crush the allies in southern Belgium and burst into France before his enemies have time to reform.

Will Consider the Benson-Hyde Case

Attorney General and Special Agent of the Land Office May Decide to Explain to Harris or to Appeal.

Salem, Or., Aug. 18.—Attorney General Crawford today said that he would have a conference tomorrow with C. R. Arundell, special agent of the United States general land office, Portland, relative to action to be taken in the Benson-Hyde land fraud cases, involving about 30,000 acres of school land. They will map out plans for future action, following an adverse decision in the case at court at Eugene. It will be decided at the conference whether an effort will be made to explain the long delay in bringing the suit to the satisfaction of Judge L. T. Harris or to take an appeal from the decision.

In case an appeal is taken, it will be on the ground that in 1907 the legislature passed a law repealing the statute of limitations as applying to the state. The deeds in the cases before the court at Eugene were issued in 1898 and 1899, and the statute of limitations had not run when the law repealing it was passed.

The attorney general asserts that the case is not similar to that of the Warner Valley Stock company sued by the court, for the reason that in that suit the statute of limitations applied, deeds having been issued more than 10 years prior to 1907, when the law repealing it was passed by the state.

Extradition for Carpenter, Heim

Governor West Issues Papers for Two Charged With Swindling Portland People by Means of Forged Checks.

Salem, Or., Aug. 18.—Governor West today issued extradition papers for E. H. Carpenter, alias G. Adams, and Kota Pierce Heim, alias E. D. Patterson, under arrest in Los Angeles, charged with swindling Portland people out of \$1500 by means of forged checks.

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CZAR WILL DEPART FOR FRONT AND HE WILL STAY TO END

London Reports Say Nicholas Will Remain at Front Until End of Military Campaign.

By Ed L. Keen.

London, Aug. 18.—The czar will go to the Russo-German front, it was stated in a news agency dispatch received here from St. Petersburg today, and will remain in the field throughout the entire campaign.

The war office's publicity bureau here announced: "The embarkation, transportation and landing of the British forces sent to the continent has been carried out with the greatest precision along lines planned by the war office many months ago. There was not a single casualty. The expedition landed at its destination ready to take the field.

"Every British soldier carried a card signed by 'War Minister Lord Kitchener under his promise to care for the troops' interests, to provide them with adequate commissary, warning them against drinking and looting and advising them to fear God, honor the king and their country, and to be courteous to all 'but not more than courteous to women.'"

King George's Address.

King George's address to the British troops was sent to General French to be read to them.

"You, my soldiers," it read, "have left home to fight for the honor of my empire.

"Belgium, a country we are pledged to defend, has been suddenly invaded. France is about to be invaded by the same powerful foe.

"I have implicit confidence in you. Duty is your watchword. I know it will be nobly done.

"I shall watch your every movement with the deepest interest and mark with eager satisfaction your daily progress.

"I pray God to bless you and to bring you back victorious."

3500 Americans in Paris.

It was announced that General Smith-Dorrien would succeed General Grierson, who died suddenly Monday, in command of one of the expeditionary corps.

From Paris came news that only 3500 Americans remained there, and these were expected to come to London soon.

It was said that the number of Americans volunteering in the French army was increasing. Two hundred enlisted Monday. Andre Lesourd was drilling them.

There was much discussion of the czar's reported announcement of his intention to send the Russian Black sea fleet through the Dardanelles, despite Turkey's declaration of neutrality. That this would violate the Sultan's proclamation and a treaty of long standing, all agreed. There were many who said, however, that, on the ground of a necessity higher than any outstanding obligation, it certainly could be as successfully defended as could Germany's invasion of Belgium.

The British government was keeping in close touch with Japan concerning the latter's expected action relative to German possessions in the Orient. It was said the Japanese planned to interfere with no German possessions except on the Asiatic mainland and would not concern themselves with German shipping outside the China seas unless compelled to do so to protect Japanese lines in the Pacific.

This attitude, it was understood, was strongly indorsed here, as calculated to prevent outside complications and to limit the mikado's activities to what he declared he had solely at heart—the preservation of peace in the far east.

It would mean, of course, that the Kaiser's insular possessions in the Pacific would not be disturbed.

Prince Alexander, of Teck, Queen Mary's brother and prospective governor general of Canada, is going on foreign service, presumably with the British troops on the continent, it was announced.

From the African gold coast came news that British forces from Accra have had several skirmishes with German colonial troops in Togoland.

Journal Want Ads bring results.

Aprons for All Occasions

Seersucker Overall Aprons 75c

—Excellent quality Seersucker Aprons that do not require ironing, made in overall style with kimono sleeves, belt across back, yoke, turn-back cuffs and pocket of plain material. They are in light blue and white, pink and white, gray and white and tan and white stripes.

Gingham Overall Aprons 59c

—Of fine gingham in stripes, checks and plain colors in light blue, pink, lavender and tan. Made with round neck, short kimono sleeves, belted back and large pocket, trimmed with contrasting banding and white pipings.

—Dust Caps to match these aprons, 12c.

Percalé Overall Aprons 50c

—Overall Aprons, with kimono sleeves, belt in back, pocket and round neck; made of extra quality percale in light and dark colors, in a large variety of patterns and colors. Trimmed with bias pipings.

35c Percalé Bib Aprons 25c

—In light and dark colors, in checks, stripes and plain, made with a large bib fastening in the back of the neck. These Aprons are extra large and are finished with bias bandings, and all have large pocket.

White Lawn Aprons 25c

—Small, square Aprons, shirred on bias belt, trimmed with inset of embroidery insertion at the bottom, finished with long strips and little pocket.

Dainty Tea Aprons 48c

—Round Aprons of sheer batiste, with pleated embroidery ruffles and two rows of embroidery insertion in front. Also with scalloped edge and insets of insertion and lace.

—Fourth Floor

Linens

\$1.25 Bl'ched Damask Special \$1.00 Yard

—Absolutely pure Irish linen, full bleached Table Damask, in extra heavy weight, full 70 inches wide, in a large assortment of beautiful floral, striped and dotted patterns.

25c Hemst'ch'd Towels 18c Each

—Linen Huck Towels, size 36x18 inches, bleached, with hemstitched ends and border embroidered in red. An excellent towel for all-round use.

—Basement

Early Fall Millinery

\$3.95

—Beautifully simple black velvet models on the sailor order, with crowns of gold or silver silk and ornamented with a single rose of the same; hats with maline brims, with a large poppy at the side, in black, white or colors, and others entirely of velvet with fancy ostrich novelties around the brim or crown, tailored quills, stick-up effects of feathers or ribbon and jaunty wings, models that are universally becoming to all faces.

—Untrimmed shapes of silk velvet are also being shown at this price, in flat brim, large and medium sailor, roll brim, side flare effects and novelty shapes, which need but a touch of trimming to convert them into the very latest models.

—Second Floor

An Exhibition of the Newest Things in Art Needlework

—We are now showing many beautiful and useful articles in the Art Needlework Section, articles that are ready for use and new to be embroidered.

—The new Flemish Art Embroidery is very handsome and comes in scarfs, center-pieces and pillows. Made of a soft satin-finished cloth in old gold, brown and dark, exquisitely embroidered in entirely new design.

—We secured from Germany the celebrated "Black Forest" cross-stitch embroidery, showing three of these effective designs in the rose, the dragon and the bird, in lovely color schemes. These designs are shown on large and small centers, buffet and library scarfs and pillows.

—New Filet Scarfs and Pillows, all ready for use, are Special 75c Each.

\$1.00 Cretonne Finished Pieces 75c

—New Cretonne Scarfs and Squares that are attractive for tables and dressing tables. Trimmed with a linen Cluny lace. The scarfs are 20 by 34 inches, and the squares measure 30 by 30 inches.

—Fifth Floor.

Bring in Your Kodak Pictures to Be Framed

—Lowest Prices

Fifth Floor.

Four Great Offerings in Men's Shirts

\$1.50 Shirts at \$1.15

\$2.00 Shirts at \$1.38

\$4.00 Shirts at \$2.85

\$5.00 and \$6.00 Shirts \$3.85

—These are Manhattan and Lipman-Wolfe special make Shirts in patterns specially suitable for Fall wear. The patterns, materials, measurements, workmanship, finish—everything about them—is perfect and at the extremely low prices it is the part of wisdom and economy to lay in a season's supply. The colors, too, are most desirable.

—Plain and pleated Neglige Shirts, with stiff cuffs, of madras and French percales, and soft shirts with French cuffs, of soisette and woven madras, at \$1.15.

—Soft-Bosom Shirts and plain and pleated negligees, with French or laundered cuffs, made of fine woven madras in novelty and plain effects, at \$1.38.

—French Cuff Shirts, which will be worn for Fall, made of fine imported cloths, chevots, madras and silk mixtures, in pretty colorings, at \$2.85.

—Tub Silk Shirts, in French cuff style, in exclusive patterns and colorings, priced at \$3.85.

—The colors in all these shirts are absolutely guaranteed.

—First Floor

The Newest Styles in Basque Dresses

Are Accurately Depicted in These Serge Models at \$16.85

—The Basque Dress for the Fall season is an entirely different style than those worn some years ago. They possess long, graceful lines, giving to the figure a charming youthful air.

—These new models we show Wednesday at \$16.85 are fashioned in various styles with tunic skirts, plain skirts plaited skirts and skirts with tunics that open in the front and button-trimmed down the entire front.

—They are made of fine French serge, in black, navy blue, brown and the new green.

—Some are low neck, having large white pique collars and cuffs to match; others button to the neck and still others show collars of satin in a variety of shapes. All have crushed silk girdles.

—Third Floor

Summer Corset Needs

\$2.00 W. B. Nuform and Nadia Corsets \$1.69

—New models of batiste, coutil and double batiste, with medium bust and long hips and back, or with low bust with insets of elastic and long over hips; some with light boning for slender figures and others boned to suit larger women. They are finished with embroidery or lace at the top, and all have heavy web supporters. Sizes 19 to 30.

\$1.00 Brassieres, Special 69c

—Perfect-fitting Brassieres of soft long cloth in cross-back style, with rows of German Val lace insertion front and back and edging to match, with embroidery medallion in front. Fully reinforced under arms. Sizes 32 to 48.

\$1.50 to \$2.00 Brassieres 98c

—A special assortment of Brassieres, including all the well-known makes, in all sizes but not all sizes in every make. They are in cross-back and hook-front style, of nets, mesh, cambric and dainty patterns of allover embroidery, trimmed with lace and embroidery insertion and edging. Val. and Cluny laces. Some with shields, others reinforced under arms.

—Fourth Floor.

Chambray Petticoats, Special 49c

—Fine quality Amoskeag Chambray Petticoats, in blue, and white and gray and white stripes, made with flounce, finished with small ruffle around bottom, and all have dust ruffle. Length 38 to 42 inches.

\$1.50 Chambray Petticoats 98c

—Made in straight style, with narrow pleated ruffle around bottom, finished with fancy stitching. They are made of fine chambray, in lavender, tan, pink and light blue