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# Oregon Journal

WITHER TREUMON SHE FLIES OWN WINGS

**THE WEATHER**  
Fair today, not so warm; westerly winds.

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PORTLAND, OREGON, SUNDAY MORNING, JULY 19, 1914.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

## MME. CAILLAUX' TRIAL SETS ALL FRANCE ABLAZE

Greatest Sensation Since the Steinhall and the Dreyfuss Cases is Expected From Hearing of Murder Case.

## EDITOR OF LE FIGARO SHOT DOWN BY HER

Publication of Love Letters Led to Her Assassinating Calmette.

By William Phillip Simms. (United Press Leased Wire.)

Paris, July 19.—(Sunday.)—On the eve of the trial of Mme. Joseph Caillaux, charged with the murder of Gaston Calmette, editor of Le Figaro, Paris today awaited with anxious expectancy the relation of the story of the intermingling of political and private life, which led to one of the greatest sensations France has experienced since the Dreyfuss case. Mme. Caillaux was today removed from the St. Lazare prison to the tower of the Conciergerie, once the prison of Marie Antoinette. As the structure is now a part of the palace of justice, where the trial will be held, Mme. Caillaux will be confined there until the trial is closed. This action was taken to avoid all risks of personal violence.

The shooting of Calmette by Mme. Caillaux all but wrecked her husband's political career. Former premier, and then minister of finance, Caillaux immediately resigned from the cabinet. It was reported today that she loved him, Mme. Caillaux contemplated bringing action for divorce no matter what the result of her trial might be. This step is to be taken, according to the reports, because of the belief of Mme. Caillaux that she may handicap her husband in his political career because of the tragedy.

Extraordinary precautions are being taken by the military and police to prevent any demonstrations during the trial. Royalists all but brought on riots in the streets immediately after the shooting of the editor, and reports have been circulated that further demonstrations are expected with the opening of the trial.

News items have been spread by Fernand Labori, noted attorney who will defend Mme. Caillaux, in his efforts to produce evidence to show that the beautiful wife of the ex-premier shot Calmette during a moment of extreme emotion or brainstorm. On the other hand, the prosecution, directed by Prosecutor General Jules Kerbaux, will seek to show the calm and collected manner of the shooting, which practically the entire legal battle will be waged.

Mme. Caillaux has quietly assisted Labori in preparing the defense of his wife and will testify in her behalf. Both he and Mme. Caillaux will declare it to be their belief that Calmette intended to publish personal letters which had been exchanged between them while Mme. Caillaux was the wife of another.

Calmette published one written by Mme. Caillaux and another three days before the shooting. This brought to a climax the bitter personal campaign which Le Figaro had been waging against the cabinet minister.

Letters dated shooting. Calmette's friends and those of his wife will testify as to her extreme concern and nervousness following the appearance of this letter.

Caillaux told President Poincare of his belief that Calmette intended to publish further letters and that if he did he (Caillaux) would shoot the editor.

The disposition of the president will be read at the trial.

Gaston Doumergue, until recently premier, will be a witness in the trial. He will tell of President Poincare informing him of the conversation with Caillaux and asking that he endeavor to allay Caillaux's feelings and stop, if possible, some regrettable act. Among other witnesses will be Louis Barthou, ex-premier, other politicians of note, writers, newspaper men and composers, friends of the Caillaux family. Also entering the case is the name of Mme.

(Concluded on Page Six, Column Four.)

## Undertaker Finds Life Left in Body

Prompt Restorative Methods Applied by a Man Called to Care For Dead Body Probably Saves Life.

Called to care for a body, W. M. Jones of the undertaking firm of J. P. Finley & Sons, discovered a spark of life in Mrs. Anna Woods, 60 years old, who lives most of the time alone at 285 Fifth street. There her brother-in-law, by his prompt restorative methods probably saved the woman's life.

A Montgomery street neighbor of Mrs. Woods, knowing that she was alone and falling in, took her to his little home, looked through a window to find her lying on the floor apparently dead. The neighbor immediately called Finley's, asking them to take charge of the body.

Mr. Jones went directly to the house and looking through the kitchen door at the woman's feet he noticed to his great surprise a slight quiver of her chin. Getting into the house he found her still alive and by working over her Finley's, asking them to take charge of the body.

## TODAY'S SUNDAY JOURNAL

Consists of SECTION ONE—TEN PAGES SECTION TWO—EIGHT PAGES SECTION THREE—TEN PAGES SECTION FOUR—EIGHT PAGES SECTION FIVE—EIGHT PAGES SECTION SIX (WOMAN'S)—SIX PAGES SECTION SEVEN (MAGAZINE)—EIGHT PAGES SECTION EIGHT (COMIC)—FOUR PAGES

**SECTION ONE—TEN PAGES**

- 1. Mme. Caillaux to go on Trial Monday. 100,000 View Fire in New York Harbor.
- 2. Huerta to Leave for Jamaica Today. Thermometer Registers 94 Degrees.
- 3. Lateral Board's Execution. Astoria Rate Fight Lapses Comment. Kowalski Ready for Plunge Into Primaries.
- 4. German's Criticism Stings Prosecution. Office of Guyman's Execution Monday.
- 5. Alabama Negro Again Heats Death Warrant.

**SECTION TWO—EIGHT PAGES**

- 1. Arrangements for Buyers' Week.
- 2. Daily Routine at Gearhart Encampment.
- 3. Coast Universities not in Flot.
- 4. Clayton Bill Drawn to Correct Business Evils.
- 5. Housing Code Are Met. Objections to Housing Code Are Met.

**SECTION THREE—TEN PAGES**

- 1. Part One.
- 2. Fortlander Captures Fiske Tennis Trophy.
- 3. Beavers' Lead Increased.
- 4. Portland and Astoria Soldiers. Additional Sport News and Gossip.

**SECTION FOUR—EIGHT PAGES**

- 1. De Beers Syndicate Controls Diamond Market.
- 2. Dramatic and Movie News.
- 3. "Too Many Ideas" No Little Drama, Says Young.
- 4. Good Roads Progress.

**SECTION FIVE—EIGHT PAGES**

- 1. The Week in Society.
- 2. San Francisco News Letter. Pastors Support "Back to the Home" in Seattle Office.
- 3. Oregonians in Washington.

**SECTION SIX (WOMAN'S)—SIX PAGES**

- 1. Some Underwear Surprises for Mrs. After the Sea Plunge—Mrs. Henry's.
- 2. Advice on Social Customs.
- 3. Answers to Beauty Queries.
- 4. A Plea for the Fiction—Mrs. S. M. Mercur.
- 5. Menus and Recipes for a Week—Lily Hayward Wallace.

**SECTION SEVEN (MAGAZINE)—EIGHT PAGES**

- 1. The Sad Sea Waves Aren't So Sad in July—Photograph by Webster.
- 2. A Bill of Oregon Beach—Photograph by Webster.
- 3. Picture Review of Men You Read About in the News.
- 4. Bathing and Boating Popular Pastime These Days—Pictorial.
- 5. Europe and the New American Banking Law—Edmund Fisher.

**SECTION EIGHT (COMIC)—FOUR PAGES**

**BALLOT TITLE BY THE ATTORNEY GENERAL DECLARED NOT FAIR**

Secretary to Governor West Attacks Crawford's Statements Regarding Measure.

(Salem Bureau of the Journal.)

Salem, Or., July 18.—In a petition to the state board of elections, filed late today, Miss Fern Hobbs, secretary to Governor West, vigorously attacks the ballot title chosen by Attorney General Crawford for the initiative measure for abolishing the Desert Land Board, and asks that the title be amended so as to more clearly express what is contained in the measure. Attorney General Crawford had prepared the following as the ballot title:

"Measure initiated by W. P. George, Salem, Oregon, reorganizing certain state offices.

"Its purpose is to make Tumalo project engineer the state engineer until 1916, increasing salary of office for said period \$1,200 yearly; thereafter State Land Board to appoint at annual salary, \$2400; merging state and Desert Land Board, creating office of Water Commissioner, to assume duties of state water board and superintendents of water divisions, abolishing said divisions, making all new offices appointive instead of elective; repealing certain sections and amending others of Lord's Oregon Law."

Miss Hobbs asserts that "reorganizing state offices," falls diametrically to be the distinctly short title by which the measure is commonly referred to and spoken of by the public or press and that, instead, it is commonly spoken of as a measure "abolishing the Desert Land Board."

Further she declares that the general title of the measure is not a true and impartial statement of its purpose and that the language used intentionally constitutes an argument, and is likely to create prejudice against it. She asserts that the language is:

(Concluded on Page Two, Column Two.)

## Boy Swimmer Run Down by Power Boat

Son of Attorney R. W. Montague Painfully Injured; Driver of Boat Does Not Stop to Investigate.

J. R. Montague, son of Attorney R. W. Montague, was run down by a motorboat while swimming in the Willamette river yesterday afternoon, the pilot of the boat absolutely disregarding the boy's plight and run on up the river. Luckily Montague was shoved clear of the screw of the boat, and barring a bad cut through the shoulder blades where the prow of the boat struck him, sustained no serious injuries.

Montague was swimming just below Ross Island about 2:30 o'clock. A launch was bound up the river. It bore no name and in recovering from his plunge below the surface of the water, Montague was unable to recognize the pilot. He swam to the float of the Windemuth bath house, where he was picked up by the harbor patrol boat and taken to the municipal boat landing at the foot of Stark street and then in the police automobile to the emergency hospital. There his wound was dressed and clothes brought him by his mother. He was later taken to his home.

**Throw a Little This Way, Please**

Denver is Advertising for Snow Showers, But It's to Clear Away the Drifts Through for the Elks.

Denver, Colo., July 18.—(Wanted.)—Six men to shovel snow from in front of the Post building. Apply at 6 o'clock and bring your own shovels.

## 100,000 VIEW FIRE FIGHT IN NEW YORK BAY

Passenger Boat Massachusetts, Bound for Boston, Catches Fire as She Is Leaving Pier.

## PASSENGERS CALM AS SMOKE ENVELOPES SHIP

Captain Has to Round the Battery Into East River to Make Landing.

(By the International News Service.)  
New York, N. Y., July 18.—More than 100,000 persons gathered on the Battery and the Brooklyn and Manhattan bridges late this afternoon and watched the most spectacular steamship fire New York has seen since the burning of the General Slocum in the east river in 1904, with its record of 1000 deaths.

The passenger steamship Massachusetts with 700 passengers and a crew of more than 200, an oil burning ship, had cleared from her pier in the north river and swung into New York bay shortly after 5 o'clock when there came a sudden burst of flame through the upper works amidships where the aft funnel rose from the oil tank room in the hold.

Too far from his own pier to return with safety, Captain P. W. Colbeth, who was on his bridge when the fire was discovered, decided to land his ship at the Battery. Swinging around he found that all the available docking space was occupied with Saturday afternoon excursion steamers. Still afraid to risk turning his vessel around and back into the north river, Captain Colbeth rang for slow speed ahead and started to circle the Battery and run for a pier in the east river two miles distant.

Smoke Envelopes Vessel.  
By this time the Massachusetts was almost completely enveloped in a cloud of dense black oil smoke. It was impossible to rush her at any speed for fear the draft so set up would drive the flame all over the ship. Every available man was at work rigging up fire hoses while squads told off from the crew held the passages between the stern and in the bow as far from the blaze amidships as possible.

With her whistle blowing repeated distress, the Massachusetts slowly swung around the Battery and past Governor's island and into East river. Half a dozen fireboats by this time had stood by, but Captain Colbeth signaled that he thought it best to keep on up the river, as he hoped to keep the flames partly under control until some way could be found to get the passengers ashore.

The fireboats blowing their sirens in a weird chorus to clear the pathway of shipping, convoyed the Massachusetts, and all the small craft came alongside, in case more assistance was needed.

The passengers were kept from panic by the heroic work of the squads detailed to look after them, but that the smoke grew denser and settled about the deck it became apparent that it would be impossible to control them for any great length of time.

Steamer Reaches Dock.  
At last the steamer crawled into the Water street wharf directly between Manhattan and Brooklyn bridges, and went fast. The smoke soon died down and when the fireboat crews had joined their efforts to subside on the Massachusetts, the blaze was reduced.

The two bridges, the great Manhattan structure and the Brooklyn bridge were black with soot, which had rushed down street cars, elevated trains and taxicabs, to view the blaze, news of which had spread all over lower Manhattan with incredible swiftness. The Battery and the river front were also densely packed, and everyone who watched expected that any moment the oil tanks of the Massachusetts might blow up and shatter the ship.

## FUGITIVE MEXICAN LEADERS WHO SAIL FOR JAMAICA TODAY



General Huerta and Blanquet and German Cruiser Dresden, Upon Which They and Their Families Are Expected to Sail From Puerto Mexico for Kingston, Jamaica, Today.

## COAST SENATORS TO ACT AS UNIT TRYING TO CUT LUMBER TOLL

Ask Commission to Investigate Deckloading Charges; Chamberlain Busy.

(Washington Bureau of the Journal.)  
Washington, July 18.—All senators from Oregon, Washington, and California have accepted Senator Chamberlain's invitation to act with him in asking the president to name a commission to consider regulations for measuring deckloads on ships passing through the Panama canal. Chamberlain will call a meeting of the coast senators next week to discuss the matter.

The Portland Chamber of Commerce has already addressed a memorial on the subject to the president in which it alleges that assessing tolls on deck loads is contrary to the usual practice and it asks that public hearings be had before some tribunal appointed by him. New York, New Orleans and some place on the Pacific coast are suggested as places suitable for the hearings.

The San Francisco Chamber of Commerce has also addressed the president on this subject, going into full detail regarding its objections to measuring deckloads.

**Army Bill Passed.**  
The house has passed Chamberlain's resolution pending in the senate authorizing the president to increase companies and regiments in the army to their maximum strength in case of war or threatened war. At the war department this is declared to be one of the most important pieces of legislation ever put through congress since the army, and in conjunction with the volunteer army bill put through by Chamberlain, it gives power to reorganize the army.

Senator Chamberlain has secured the consent of the conference committee on the sundry civil bill to the following items:  
First, reducing the salaries of court clerks and marshals in Montana and Washington, asking that the same provision apply to them as to Oregon.  
Second, appropriating \$50,000, as well as \$50,000 in the general deficiency bill, for vessels and boats and the enforcement of fishing laws in Alaskan waters.  
Third, adding \$500 to the salary of the superintendent of the Crater Lake national park.  
The conference agreed to recommend \$40,000 for Crater Lake Park, Chamberlain asking \$100,000.  
Chamberlain believes now he can secure an agreement to keep in the bill an item for \$40,000 for a new life saving station for Cooch Bay. The bill is still in conference and will probably be reported out early next week.

## Two Years' Siege Of Guaymas Ends

Federal General Evacuates West Coast Stronghold, Gunboat Convoys The Transporto Toward the South.

By Michael Williams.

U. S. S. California, via San Diego, July 17 (Delayed).—Guaymas was last night evacuated by General Polanco and his 1200 troops. The federals left on board 11 small steamers and schooners, convoyed by the federal gunboat Guerrero. The boats took a southerly direction, but their destination is unknown. It is believed they will go to either Mazatlan, Manzanillo or Salina Cruz.

Many officers and men from the federal ranks deserted and are in hiding in the surrounding country. General Avarado, in command of the constabulary was passed in 1908 are now without salaries are made wet territory. The court holds that all counties created since the county law of 1852 are believed to be in violation of the constitution. They have 4000 followers under arms.

If the southern rebels have received orders from Carranza to cease hostilities pending further instructions they have disregarded them, as they are attacking villages not far from the capital. With this information reaching here as to revolutionary activity there was little assurance that the fighting in Mexico is at an end.

Among the leaders operating near the capital is said to be General Fernando Gonzalez. He is thought by some to be the son of former President Gonzalez and former governor of the state of Mexico, his name and surname being the same.  
Orozco and Cardenas, heading the national army to the penitentiary on the night of February 23, 1913. It was declared today that General Huerta left just 10 pesos in the national treasury. Despite the fact that the salaries of government employees were not due until Monday, however, President Carbajal obtained funds and began to pay them today.

**Sixth Case of Plague.**  
New Orleans, La., July 18.—Helen Seel, a girl of 19, was removed to the isolation hospital today stricken with bubonic plague. It is the sixth case to be positively diagnosed in the city. The child's condition is serious.

## CARBAJAL STOPS ALL EXECUTIONS; RAISES WASHINGTON STATUE

New President Begins Humanitarian Administration But Revolt Has Started.

(United Press Leased Wire.)  
Mexico City, July 18.—President Carbajal today wired orders to every federal army commander and to the governors of every state controlled by government forces to stop the execution of prisoners of war and political suspects. His orders were that henceforth no one was to be executed.

Carbajal's expressed intention to conduct his administration along strictly humanitarian lines is now being given credence by everyone in the capital. Orders that the statue of General Washington, which was overthrown by a mob here last April, be replaced on its pedestal at once also was given by the new president.

Pasqual Orozco and the famous Francisco Cardenas, anticipating the accession of General Carranza, have started another revolution in the state of Aguascalientes and Michoacan. They have 4000 followers under arms.

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## HUERTA GIVES OWN REPLY TO OWN QUESTIONS

He Issues an Interview With Himself in Which He Asks If He Is a Hero, Answering in the Affirmative.

## TO LEAVE FOR JAMAICA ON A GERMAN CRUISER

Waits Until Today So Train Bearing Friends Can Reach Puerto Mexico.

(United Press Leased Wire.)  
Puerto Mexico, Mexico, July 18.—If General Huerta has any regret at leaving Mexico as an exile he did not show it this afternoon when he received newspaper men after a conference with Captain Koebler of the German cruiser Dresden, it was announced that Huerta and General Blanquet would sail from this port on the German vessel. Their destination will be Kingston, Jamaica, and the dictator intimated he may later visit New York.

The deposed president received the newspaper correspondents in his car attached to the train which brought his party of refugees from the capital. Huerta was in high spirits. He laughed and joked, posed for a "movie" camera and invited everybody present to dine with him in New York.

The grim old Indian who has been one of the chief international figures for the past year and a half, took great satisfaction in explaining that his resignation was entirely an act of patriotism. He dwelt upon his devotion to his country which has run red with blood since he assumed the dictatorship after the overthrow and assassination of President Madero. Dresden in the morning which has run red with blood since he assumed the dictatorship after the overthrow and assassination of President Madero.

**Why He Resigned.**  
"Why did I resign?" was the first question Huerta asked himself. "I resigned the presidency because I believe that after having arranged the International Affairs (the Tampico incident) in a way which has made me a hero, it would be a disgrace to give the last proof of my devotion exclusively to the interests of peace and soundness of the country. I believe that a resignation which is a means of conciliation between all the sons of the republic."

"Why did you leave the country when you can still serve it?" was the next question Huerta asked himself. "My departure from the national territory has no other object than to insure any objection to the new government; my permanency here would be a hindrance to it."

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**Labor Investigates Ford's Complaint**  
Royalties Ringer Kicks at Prison Fate, Starts Hunger Strike and Is Placed in Dungeon at Marysville.

San Francisco, Cal., July 18.—A representative of the San Francisco Labor Council left today for Marysville to investigate the disciplining of Richard Ford for going on a hunger strike in the tuba county jail as a protest against the food served to the prisoners.

With Herman Suhr, Ford is under sentence of life imprisonment for participation in the fatal riot on the waterfront at Westland last summer. Instead of having been sent to the penitentiary, however, he and Suhr are held in jail pending appeal of their cases like 100 other prisoners. Ford, Suhr and a number of other prisoners struck, but Ford was the only one who did not yield quickly. He has been put in the dungeon and deprived of privileges.