

TWO CROPS OF CORN IN A SEASON RAISED ON COLUMBIA RIVER

Old Notions of Pioneers Shattered by Samuel Hill; Many New Products at Maryhill.

Two crops of corn, in one season on the same piece of land. This was not in the semi-tropical region, but along the banks of the Columbia.

The idea that corn could not be successfully grown in Oregon and Washington existed among the early settlers of the northwest. Like a great many notions held by the pioneers this one was based on fallacy. Many took the pioneer's word for it and never tried to grow the staple. There were others of independent spirit who had to be shown. Among these was Samuel Hill. On his farm at Maryhill this season Mr. Hill not only raised a crop of corn but he raised two crops.

A representative of The Journal who has just made a visit to Maryhill, Goldendale and through the Klickitat valley not only saw this second crop of corn on Mr. Hill's farm, but he saw also a remainder of the southern in a field of corn.

Russian Watermelons Grown.

Another plant unusual to the region was what Mr. Hill calls Russian watermelons. These melons have small seeds and a most luscious pulp. Mr. Hill also has many other varieties of vegetables and fruits on his farm.

As is well known, Mr. Hill is an apostle of good roads and at his Maryhill farm he found a practical demonstration of the faith that is in him. He has had constructed 11 miles of road in order to prove that an investment in good roads is the best one that can be made in behalf of the farmer.

Several miles of this road was built at a cost of \$5000 a mile. It is composed of a mixture of tar and sand in certain proportions at a high temperature and poured on a base of crushed rock.

Hill Donates Fine Road.

Another piece of the road running down the canyon to the Maryhill station, or Columbia, is of a most substantial character and cost from \$12,000 to \$15,000 per mile. The road has been used three summers and two winters and is in perfect condition. After building the roads, Mr. Hill donated them to the state and they are now state roads. It is estimated that this road has saved to the wheat growers of the Klickitat valley over \$50,000. Illustrating the durability of the road Mr. Hill is fond of telling an incident wherein a farmer, in going over the grade with a heavy load, locked one of his hind wheels. Before doing so he took the precaution to ask that he might be relieved of all damage done to the road. When he reached the bottom of the grade he found that his tire was almost worn through. "But the road wasn't marked," concludes Mr. Hill. In connection with this road the representative of The Journal noticed what seems to have been a piece of stupidity on the part of county officials in building a piece of road running from the Hill road to the station. The road runs in the same general direction and appears to serve no useful purpose. It cost the county between \$2000 and \$3000.

MAZAMAS MAY CLIMB MT. RAINIER NEXT YEAR

Election of officers and discussion of next year's trips featured the annual meeting of the Mazamas held at the public library this week. Although no vote was taken, Mount Rainier seems to be the general favorite for the 1914 outing. Crater Lake and a trip through the Olympic range were also discussed. At the meeting papers were read on the trip to the Josephine county caves and the historian's report on the trip to Mount Adams was read and adopted.

The following officers were elected: H. H. Prouty, president; J. E. Bronaugh, first vice president; O. B. Ballou, second vice president; E. C. Sammons, corresponding secretary; Gertrude Faber, recording secretary; Louisa Almy, financial secretary; W. F. Hardisty, treasurer; Beatrice Young, historian; and F. W. Benefield, chairman of the outing committee.

AGED CHINESE SENT TO THE COUNTY FARM

"Lame Duck," one of Chinatown's oldest inhabitants, has been sent to the county farm.

For several months the police have been bothered with the aged oriental, who has formed a habit of picking up stale eggs and selling them.

Four weeks ago "Lame Duck" was caught selling six dozen eggs to an Italian woman who conducts a grocery in South Portland. He was given 10 days on the rockpile. A day or two ago a similar complaint was made against him.

Patrolman Wise found a commission house on Front street where "Lame Duck" has been stealing the stale eggs. The Chinaman told the judge yesterday that he had no money, was unable to work, and agreed to go to the county farm.

Druggist Arrested.

Arthur M. Golden, a druggist at Front and Morrison streets, was arrested yesterday by Sergeant Freese and Patrolman Tackabery on a charge of disposing of morphine. Tackabery, who has been very active recently in these cases and who has caused the arrest recently of several users of morphine, said today that the boys have declared Golden to be a distributor of the drug. He was released on bail.

Use common sense—buy Superior coal. 55 ton. Main 164; A-1641. (Adv.)

QUIT TEACHING TO SELL PEANUTS TO PUPILS



Professor A. E. Munier in his peanut wagon.

Chicago, Oct. 7.—Far happier than ever he was as instructor in French to Lake Forest academy, is Professor A. E. Munier, selling peanuts today from a wagon. The professor has abandoned his teaching—he thinks just now—for all time.

"The romance of it all appeals to me," he said. "Who knows what adventure may meet me during the day when I start out in the morning with my wagon?"

And there is a pleasantly material side, too, to this new occupation of the former pedagogue. For he is able to save money. He is putting \$200 a month into the bank, which he admits with a smile he couldn't do as a teacher. The professor is very popular with the fair sex, and many of his former pupils come to his little wagon when he appears. The girls have developed a great fondness for peanuts, and possibly, if sales continue to increase at their present rate, the professor soon will be able to put away more than the usual \$200 a month.

"I am only 26 years old," he said. "and it is not strange that I should be adventurous. My books must all become dusty on their shelves because I am on a vacation mentally. I have the American fever for making money, and when I have made my 'pile' I shall return to my books and be happy. But I am not allowed altogether to forget my books. The students who know me and to whom I sell my wares will not let me. Often they gather about my wagon and I help them with their French, or their Latin, or their Greek. In return they buy my peanuts and popcorn, and are happy, too."

PROVISIONS OF THE INCOME TAX

Returns made thus far to the internal revenue department indicate that 425,000 persons in the United States will be affected by the income tax.

The incomes covered are:

Those of all citizens of the United States residing at home or abroad.

Those of all persons residing in the United States, although not citizens.

All net incomes from property and from every other business, trade or profession carried on in the United States by persons, aliens or citizens residing elsewhere.

The tax to be paid is:

Normal tax—One per cent per annum upon the amount of net income exceeding \$3000 for individuals and above \$4000 for husband and wife living together.

Additional tax:

One per cent on net incomes between \$20,000 and \$50,000.

Two per cent on incomes between \$50,000 and \$75,000.

Three per cent on incomes between \$75,000 and \$100,000.

Four per cent on incomes between \$100,000 and \$250,000.

Five per cent on incomes between \$250,000 and \$500,000.

Six per cent on incomes exceeding \$500,000.

Included in net income:

All gains, profits and income derived from salaries, wages or compensation for personal services of any kind, professions, business, trade or commerce, sales or dealings in property, interest, rent, dividends and securities.

Deductions allowed:

Necessary expenses actually incurred in carrying on any business from which the income arises.

All interest accrued and payable within the year on indebtedness.

All taxes on state, county, school and municipal taxes.

Losses actually sustained during the year in connection with the business from which the income is derived.

Debts actually ascertained to be worthless.

Deductions not allowed:

All personal, living and family expenses.

Taxes assessed against local benefits.

All expenses of restoring property or making good the exhaustion thereof for which an allowance has been made.

Amounts paid for new buildings, permanent improvements or betterments made to increase the value of any property.

Exemptions:

Interest upon the obligations of a state or any political subdivision thereof.

Interest upon the obligations of the United States and its possessions.

The compensation of the present president during the term for which he has been elected.

The compensation of judges of the

supreme and inferior courts of the United States now in office.

The compensation of all officers and employees of a state, or any political subdivision thereof, but not including senators and representatives in congress.

Three thousand dollars shall be deducted from the net income above ascertained of each person, and \$4000 for husband and wife living together.

The taxpayer must file a return with the internal revenue collector by March 1, 1914, showing all sources of income and the deductions to which he is entitled.

All incomes are to be computed by the calendar year, but taxes for the first year will be levied only from March 1, 1913, to December 31 next.

Notification of assessments will be sent out by the government before June 1 next.

Taxes must be paid by June 30.

Failure to file a return means a fine of from \$2 to \$500.

A fraudulent return makes the taxpayer liable to a fine of \$2000 or imprisonment for one year, or both.

Answers to the government's complaint in the Bell Telephone suit have been filed in the federal court by the Washington County Telephone company, the McMinnville Local & Long-Distance Telephone company, E. C. Hughes, owner and operator of the exchange at Forest Grove, and the Lebanon-Mutual Telephone company.

All of these companies were named parties defendant with the American Telephone & Telegraph company in the suit started late in August. In these answers denials are made that the various companies were ever under the control of the Bell company, as alleged by the government. Trade restraint in the transmission of messages is also denied, as well as the fact that the Pacific Telephone & Telegraph forced any of these companies to sell out.

Answers of most of the larger defendants in this suit were filed September 15. The taking of testimony in the case has already started at San Francisco.

TELEPHONE COMPANIES FILE ANSWERS IN SUIT

YOUNG RICH RELEASED FROM FEDERAL PRISON

Stiles Rich was released from the United States penitentiary at McNeil's Island Monday, a free man, his commuted sentence of 13 months having been completed. Rich returned at once to his home at Salem, where he was arrested a year ago in July for embezzling funds of the United States National bank at Salem, while employed there as paying teller.

Rich pleaded guilty and on October 21 last year was sentenced to five years in the penitentiary. Early this summer, at the request of congressmen of this state and many other influential officials, as well as a host of friends, President Wilson commuted the sentence of Rich from five years to 13 months. Rich was a model prisoner and as such received the extreme time off, which is six days a month.

Fireman Injured.

Truckman J. T. Perkins, located at Truck No. 3, at Fifteenth and Couch streets, while returning to the fire station yesterday on his motorcycle, collided with an automobile at Tenth and Stark streets and sustained a severe fracture of the right arm. He was taken to the Good Samaritan hospital. He is badly bruised but not dangerously hurt.

Turns Down the Prudes.

Washington, Oct. 8.—Secretary Emily Millard of the Corcoran Art Gallery refused to remove nude statues from the institution or have them draped.

CATCHING OF WHALES NOW BECOME HIGHLY MODERNIZED PURSUIT

Every Bit of Carcass Utilized; Only One Piece of Ambergris Found in Three Years.

One of the leading men in the whale catching industry of the coast, G. Rodgers Browne, head of the North Pacific Whaling fleet, of Victoria, B. C., is a guest at the Oregon hotel today. While but a young man, Mr. Browne, is the head of one of the oldest and most interesting of present day businesses, whale catching and packing.

"The whale catching industry has come to be as complete and modern as the packing industry," he said this morning. "We now utilize every portion of the carcass without a bit of waste. Oil is the chief by-product, of course, but from right kind of a whale we get whalebone, and the residue, after rendering out the oil, is converted into fertilizer."

"My headquarters are at Victoria, but we have four stations in Canada and one at Aberdeen, Wash. Our fishing is done by a fleet of a dozen steamers. Most of our men are Norwegians, for Norway is the center of the present day whaling industry, and they are all trained in the business from boyhood."

For Test for Whales.

"This has been rather a poor year for whales in the north, and our Canadian fleet has not made any big catches. The weather has been very bad and the whales scarce as a result. The present day whaler does not cut up his blubber and store it aboard ship, as did the old-timers out of New Bedford and Nantucket."

"Instead, he towed it to a plant, and there goes through the packing process. After a whale is caught it is filled full of compressed air from an air-tank, attached to a buoy and left until the ship can return to tow it into port. The whale, which caused all the excitement recently up the beach in Southern Washington was one that had gotten loose from one of our buoys."

"We have not found a whale containing ambergris in two years. This precious commodity is only found once in a while and generally fetches a big price, as high as \$10 an ounce. Inasmuch as there is no large demand for it and the supply is not constant, any big find will glut the market. It is used as a base in the manufacture of expensive perfumes."

Oil Used for Soap.

"Most of the whale oil manufactured today goes to the soapmaker, although some is used for lubricating purposes. The Pacific whale does not contain a good quality of bone and is not in much demand for that purpose."

The northernmost plant of the North Pacific whaling fleet is at Dixon sound in the Queen Charlotte group of islands, and the southernmost at Aberdeen, Wash. Sulphur, humpback, bottlenose, California gray and sperm are among the varieties caught by the company's steamers. Mr. Browne is here visiting friends, having motored down from Seattle.

Journal Want Ads bring results.

NORTHWESTERN BEGINS SERVICE NEXT JANUARY

Wilbur E. Connan, vice president and general manager of the Northwestern Electric company, announced at the Rotary club yesterday that his company would begin service of power and heat between January 1 and February 1, 1914. He declared that the reason the Fleischacker interests have felt disposed to invest and plan the investment of many millions of dollars in Portland and vicinity is because of their confidence in the future of Portland. The Rotary 45 bill which has been

showing how much purchasing power a single bill has was sold at auction by J. T. Wilson, the auctioneer, for \$10.50 to Vaughn Brothers, dentists. E. E. O'Neill won the one-minute salemanably talk.

Singing Evangelist Engaged.

South Bend, Wash., Oct. 8.—Professor H. P. Stout, the singing evangelist, will be brought here for the series of union revival services to be held shortly after the first of the year. This was decided upon at a meeting of the Ministerial association of the Raymond and South Bend ministers.

GLENESLIN IS SOLD TO ASTORIANS FOR \$500

Astoria, Or., Oct. 8.—The British ship Gleneslin, which was wrecked off Nehalem river last Wednesday, was sold yesterday by British Vice Consul Cherry to A. Bremner and John Saarinen of this city. The price was \$440. Mr. Saarinen left for Tillamook today to take charge of the wreck, according to advices received by Mr. Cherry this morning. The crew of the Gleneslin left this morning for Portland, where British Consul Araki will hold a court of inquiry.

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While our suits at less than \$32.50 embody all that is best in value at their price, the \$32.50 mark is nevertheless the real starting point of the finer, more exclusive suits. For that reason we have selected this group of \$32.50 models as worthy your attention.

Fine materials, clever designing and careful workmanship are vital details embodied in this showing. Each suit has distinct style touches that characterize it as individual—a feature that well dressed women appreciate.

The materials include Eponge, Wool Poplin, Fancy Boucle, Bedford, Clifton, Broadcloth, Honeycomb Checked Fabrics, etc., in many of the favored new colorings—Labrador Blue, Mahogany, Paprika, Smoke, Pearl, Navy, Brown. New long-pointed cutaway coats are favored. Many beautiful novelties and strictly plain tailored. Skirts in peg top styles, plain or extreme. Come in tomorrow and see these stunning new models.

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