

ALBANIA PRESENTS DIFFICULT PROBLEM
RUSSIAN GOVERNMENT FOSTERS DRINK

NEWS FROM FOREIGN CAPITALS

DECORATION FOR DOMESTIC SERVANTS
KRUPP SCANDAL EMBARRASSES ARMY

FEMINIST PROBLEM IN
NEED OF COOPERATION
FOR RIGHT SOLUTION

Italians Are on Right Track,
Declares Signorina Bianca
Palucci.

By Henry Wood.
(United Press Service Wire.)
Rome, Sept. 6.—Italy will be the first country in the world to solve successfully the present humanity-wide problem of "feminism." The honor, too, will be great, for just as the reorganization of the state was the great problem which the entire world left to the eighteenth century to solve, so the establishing of the right political, social and industrial position of woman is the task that the nineteenth century has inherited from all of its predecessors.

This was the declaration today of Signorina Bianca Palucci, the highest recognized authority in Italy on the question of its women. Italy, says Signorina Palucci, has already found the only basis on which the problem can ever be solved, she has already set herself hard to work at the task, and while not a word reaches the outside world of what the women of Italy are doing to solve those questions which are making a world-wide noise in other countries, they are nearly their goal than the women of any other country.

Sex Cooperation Essential.
In brief, Signorina Palucci says that the problem of feminism will never be solved by the fight now being made by women in other countries to wrest from the men what they declared to be their rights. It will only be solved when both sexes, realizing the importance of the question, set themselves jointly at the task and work together harmoniously for the best solution of the question. This she says is the secret which Italy has discovered, and this is why Italy, before any other country, will soon have successfully solved the problem.

While on this side and the other side of the ocean, says Signorina Palucci today, "people are fighting for and against women, while they are bringing forth new theories and new theories on the nature and character of the problem all of which have the fatal error of being so absolute that they kill the very end they try to attain. Italy has given proof of more common sense.

"She has organized a league for the securing and preserving of the rights of women that places for its basis perfect concord and harmony between the two sexes, and that welcomes as members men and women alike.

Italians Form League.
The intelligent women who have been the promoters of this organization, which now represents the entire feminine movement in Italy, have a uniformly very personal ambition, have descended to a basis of practical reality, and have believed it wisest to offer the highest positions in the organization to men. This Luigi Luzzatti, former prime minister, is now its president. Professor Cesare Vivante, famous scientist, is its secretary, and thus all of its most important departments, such as the section for the protection of minors, the section for securing the right to enter the professions and to receive a salary, as well as the section for the securing of suffrage have at their head some senator, deputy, or other distinguished man.

"Perhaps it has been easier to do this in Italy, easier to secure the basis of cooperation of the sexes, than in other countries, for the simple reason that this recognition of woman's rights has existed for centuries. Perhaps in no other country of the world has woman enjoyed for so long a time in her private life that dignity and that recognition of her moral equality which the laws have denied her, and which has enabled her for centuries past to dedicate herself freely to literature, the sciences and other pursuits so largely regarded as the exclusive field of men."

GERMAN MERCHANTS
DO NOT WANT RETIRED
OFFICERS IN EMPLOY

Minister of War's Idea of Employment for Retired Army Officers Is Denied.

By Frederick Werner.
(By the International News Service.)
Berlin, Sept. 6.—The German minister is certainly a very patient and long-suffering person, and so great is his cordiality that it is not to be wondered that our rulers have come to the conclusion that there is no end to his patience. Our little bit too far when he expressed the opinion the other day that German merchants should be proud to offer easy and well paid positions to army officers, whose days of military usefulness had passed.

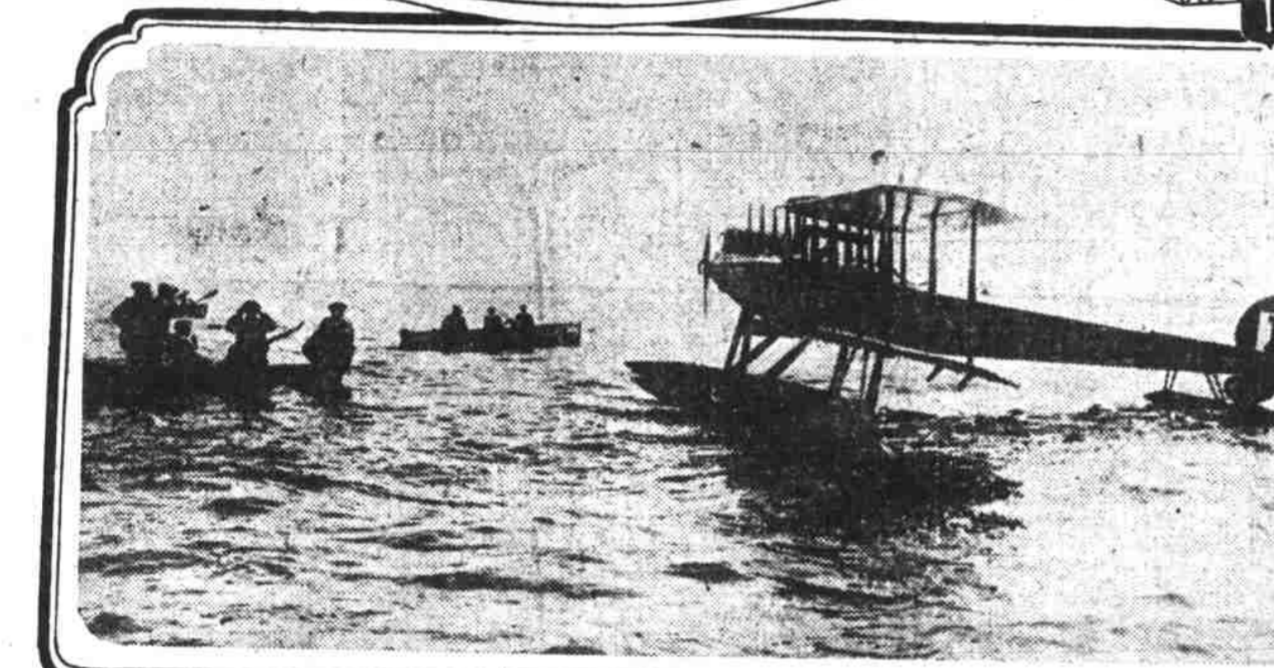
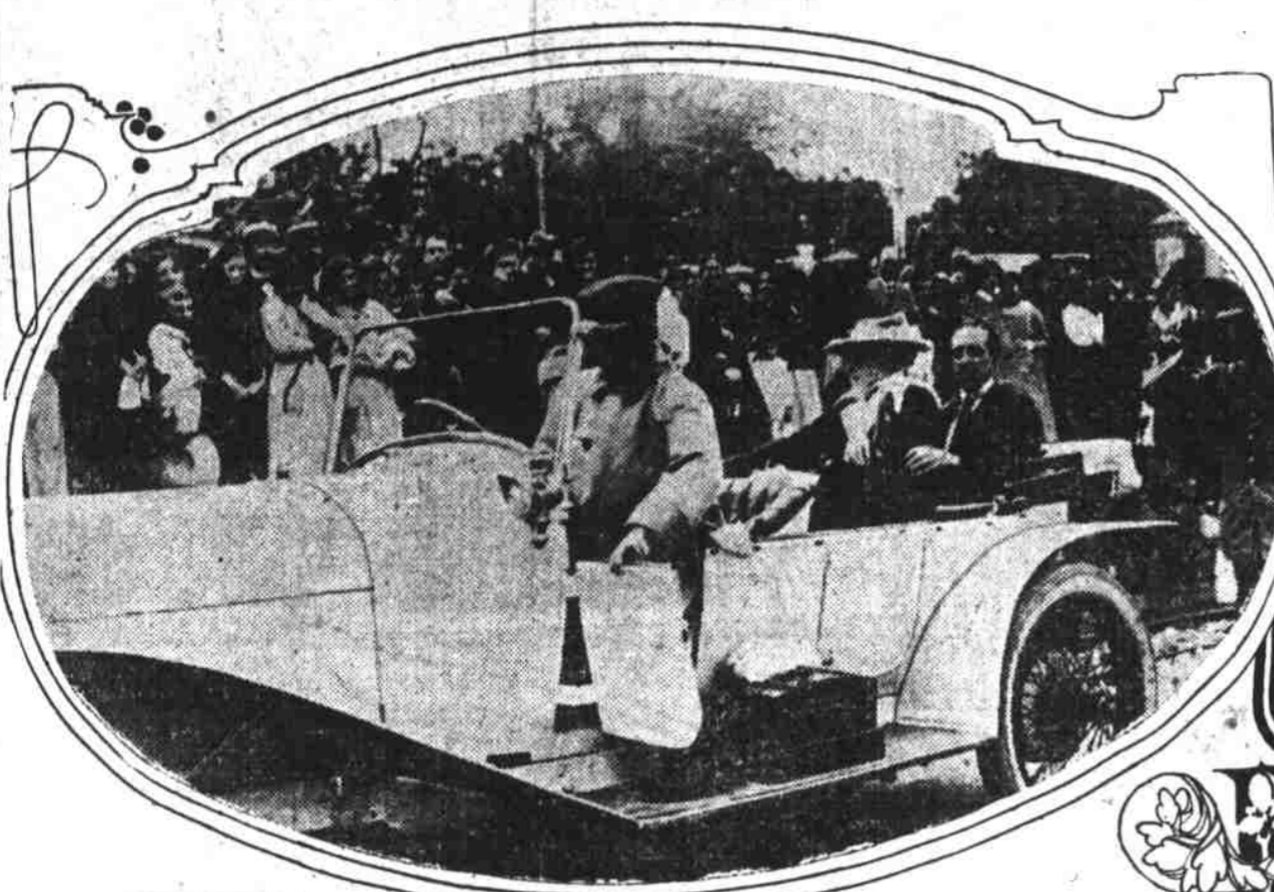
Merchants Deride Idea.
The minister's idea, the only one he has had so far, by the way, since he took up office, has been greeted with derision. Our merchants as a whole think that they contribute even now far more than their share towards the maintenance of the army, and probably no persons are less fit to fill commercial positions than our officers, whose connection with the mercantile world has hitherto been limited to speaking out and marrying the daughters of merchants rich enough to pay their debts.

Kaiser Displeased.
It is pretty safe to prophesy that the present minister of war will not continue long in office after this sad initial blunder, which has seriously displeased the Kaiser, because it has placed retired officers before the public as beggars to be saved from the porches by the very people whom they are in the habit of insulting every day, and because it has given the press, or, at least, part of it, a welcome opportunity to tell what the man in the street thinks of the character and capacities of our haughty officers.

SOCIALISTS OPPOSED TO
PROPOSED BIRTH STRIKE

Berlin, Sept. 6.—The Socialists held a meeting today to discuss the position they should take against the proposed birth strike of Socialist women. Rosa

AS THE CAMERA RECORDS INTERESTING PEOPLE AND PLACES IN FAR CORNERS OF THE WORLD



—Photographs copyright by International News Service.
Top, left to right—The king and queen of Spain, after an afternoon on the sands, prepare to motor home. The absence of an armed escort is a notable feature of this picture; George W. Guthrie, United States ambassador to Japan; Mrs. Guthrie and Miss Guthrie on the verandah of the American embassy in Tokio just before their departure to the American embassy to meet the emperor.
Bottom, left to right—Harry G. Hawker, English aviator, who is trying to win the \$25,000 prize offered by an English newspaper to anyone making a 16,000 mile flight around the English and Scottish coasts in a hydro-aeroplane in 72 hours with stops only at nine established controls; Ambassador Guthrie on his way to the Imperial Palace in Tokio in the royal carriage, accompanied by an escort of imperial guards.

TO PLACE ALBANIA
ON SOUND FOOTING
DIFFICULT PROBLEM

Archbishop Sereggi Declares
Work Must Be Done With
Discrimination and Tact.

By Camilla Cianfara.
(By the International News Service.)
Rome, Sept. 6.—Monsignor James Sereggi, the Albanian archbishop of Scutari, was a recent visitor at the Vatican, where he was received by Pope Pius and Cardinal Del Val, the papal secretary of state, to whom he made a full detailed report of existing conditions in the newly born state of Albania.

Later, in a talk, the archbishop said the world must entertain glowing hopes for the future of Albania, as it will be years before his unhappy country can enjoy the blessings of civilization.

State Organization Difficult.
According to the archbishop, the organization of the state will be one of the hardest problems which modern civilization has confronted. Whether peace will be restored to that country, and whether it will be organized in a way that will prevent discord depends wholly on the spirit with which they undertake the extremely delicate task.

"Albania, or rather the territory within the borders fixed for the new nation by the minister of war, is a vast, almost a little bit too far when he expressed the opinion the other day that German merchants should be proud to offer easy and well paid positions to army officers, whose days of military usefulness had passed.

Sentari Is Desolate.
The archbishop refused to give his views on the surrender of Scutari to the Montenegrins, saying history would in due time reveal many facts of which the world is still ignorant.
"The old Scutari," he said, "is now a wilderness of dilapidated buildings and black ruins. The marks of the long siege will be visible for years to come, and some of them indelible. The cathedral was hit by 40 shells from siege guns of large caliber.
"Today a ragged population of men, women, and children, impoverished by the last days of Ottoman rule, roams through the ruins helpless from months of suffering."

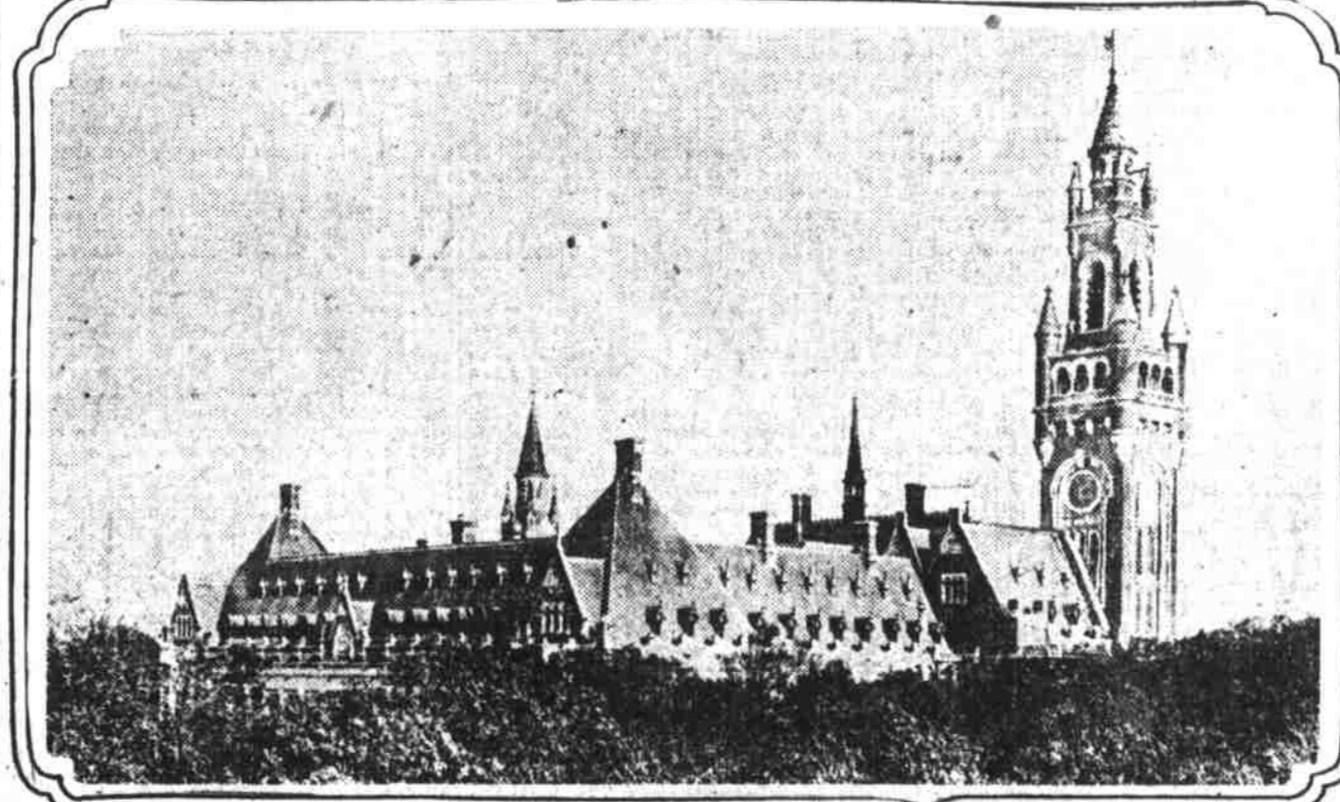
Luxemburg and Clara Zetkin, the two most famous women leaders of the Socialists, strongly opposed the birth strike or the proposition to make the question one of the big topics on the program of the party convention, which is to be held on September 14.
Miss Zetkin declared that the reduction of cannon food for the government would also effect a reduction of the number of revolutionists. "If individual families decide to limit the number of children, she said, it was a personal matter, but she was opposed to making it a party policy."

RUSSIAN GOVERNMENT
TO BLAME FOR EVILS
OF INTOXICATING DRINK

(United Press Service Wire.)
St. Petersburg, Sept. 6.—Starting proof of the tremendous increase in the consumption of intoxicants in the past 10 years, and incidentally of the enormous financial success of the government's liquor monopoly, is presented in official statistics published today in connection with the new budget. The liberal press calls it "the drunken budget." The annual sale of alcohol is stated to have grown from 159,000,000 gallons to 210,000,000 gallons, and it is estimated that in the current year the total income from this source will be \$400,000,000, or more than one-fourth the entire revenue of the empire.

When the government monopoly of the sale of spirits was established in 1895, it was confined at first to four governmental departments, but within a decade it has been gradually extended to the whole of Russia, with the exception of a half dozen of the smaller outlying provinces. Since the establishment of this system the government has sold to the people of Russia nearly 2,000,000,000 gallons of vodka alone, and sociologists agree that the amazing prevalence of drunkenness and crime among the lower classes is attributable almost solely to this fact. At the time the government piously announced that

HAGUE PEACE PALACE, WHICH WAS DEDICATED LAST WEEK



This costly edifice in the Dutch capital is largely the gift of Andrew Carnegie, whose munificence was recognized on dedication day by Queen Wilhelmina in decorating the American steel king with the grand cross of the Order of Orange Nassau.

KRUPP SCANDAL IS A
BLOW TO PRESTIGE
OF GERMAN OFFICERS

(By the International News Service.)
Berlin, Sept. 6.—While the Krupp affair was disposed of by the courts with as little ceremony as possible and while there is a certain amount of sympathy with the seven poor fellows who were made scapegoats it cannot be concealed that nothing has been more harmful to the prestige of German officers than this hurried trial, which officially demonstrated the fact that German officers, with their sensitive and delicate sense of honor did not for a moment hesitate to be in court. They fled in the most clumsy and barefaced manner and when it became evident to everybody that they were lying they found no other excuse than that they had obeyed the instructions of their lawyers.

The Krupp process has added a new chapter to the great novel, "The Curse of Miltarism" or "A People in Arms"—a people in arms, indeed, but to get orders for these arms the great firm of Krupp, whose leaders are personal friends of the Kaiser, have "tipped" German officers to betray military secrets in order to be able to calculate how much they should ask for these instruments of murder for which the German people are forced to pay thousands of millions every year.

JAPAN LAYING PLANS
FOR BIG FEDERATION
OF ASIATIC STATES

(By the International News Service.)
Berlin, Sept. 6.—Under the heading "Japan's Monroe Doctrine," the Yokohama correspondent of a Berlin paper has been making some revelations about the Japanese which have not only aroused great interest here, but which will surely interest Americans even more.

The Japanese, he says, are carefully laying the foundation of a great Asiatic empire, a federation of states among which Japan will occupy a position very much similar to that which Prussia occupies within the German empire, only even more predominant. With this purpose in view Japan is in constant and most vivid communication with all other Asiatic nations.
Recently 18 young Japanese from Honolulu came to Dia Nilon under the guidance of their teacher. They were given a most cordial official reception by the Yokohama Chamber of Commerce, at Tokio they were received in a private audience and given valuable presents by the minister of foreign affairs.

From India the famous Hindu priest Parmopada is on his way to Japan to participate in a memorial festival in honor of the late Mikado in the Shofokutsu temple in Tokio. An official Japanese commission has just returned from China, where it has been studying social and economic conditions and simultaneously a number of members of the Japanese senate have been investigating political conditions in the heavily populated and making preparations for a Sino-Japanese entente or alliance.

A very large number of Japanese men of war are stationed along the coast of China and a Japanese general is studying military conditions in the southern provinces of China.
LORD ROSEBERY AND QUEEN MARY RUL KING
London, Sept. 6.—Lord Rosebery has popped in a way rather disconcerting to the members of the British cabinet. When King George went to Balmoral, Lord Rosebery was not even in Scotland, but he arrived at Balmoral only a few hours after the king.
He remained there more than a week, during which time the king dispensed with the attendance of members of the cabinet. This is the first time that a "prominent unofficial" politician has been at Balmoral to the exclusion of all the king's responsible advisers but Lord Rosebery is now regarded as the real keeper of the king's conscience.
It is significant that his visits are rarely mentioned in the court circular. It is truly said that the British throne is now occupied by a trinity of which the members are the king, the queen and Lord Rosebery. In the order of their importance many would arrange them as the queen, Lord Rosebery and the king. There is little doubt that Queen Mary is her quiet way is one of the most masterly women in Europe.

PICCADILLY FLAT CASE
IS VERY FINE MATERIAL
FOR LONDON GOSSIPS

Question Raised by Keir-Hardie Creates Furore in House of Commons.

By Philip Everett.
(By the International News Service.)
London, Sept. 6.—There have often been times when proceedings in the house of commons have been almost unbearably dull and respectable, but no one can say of the session which ended the other day that it has been lacking in sensation, or even in scandal, as far as we ever have scandals in this country. In this respect, as in many others, we are gradually losing our old-fashioned insularity and scenes have taken place at Westminster during the last few months which have been almost as lively as any of the Hungarian or French parliaments.
At the very end of the session, before we had quite forgotten the Marconi muddle a new scandal threatened to crop up and was only avoided by the firm attitude of Mr. McKenna. I refer to the so-called Piccadilly flat case, out of which sensation loving Tory papers tried to make political capital, insinuating that the immortal flat in question was under government protection, just as houses of ill fame are said to be under police protection in New York.
Mr. McKenna's open answer declaring that no member of either the government or the house of commons were implicated in the affair put an end to the attempts of the sensational press to create another political scandal; but rumors now began to circulate that high and noble personages were involved, to whom the arrested woman had acted as procuress, and immediately a cabinet member, Mr. Keir Hardie, jumped up and asked the minister if he were willing to declare that no names of noble lords had been found among the evidence, a question which the minister skillfully avoided answering, leaving probably very much against his intention, the house of lords under a cloud of suspicion.
That the question will come up again later is beyond any doubt, especially as it is now said that the woman who was convicted of running an illegal resort, and who was supposed to be serving her sentence, is walking about freely. In the meantime we are assured that a score of people of our highest aristocracy, and among them even a duke, are living in a state of terror and hardly dare look at their morning papers, lest they discover that their crimes have been found out.

Admiral Osterhaus Visits Father.
Berlin, Sept. 6.—Admiral Hugo Osterhaus, United States Navy, was in Berlin recently with his wife, from south Germany. The admiral came to Europe primarily to visit his aged father, whom he found hale and vigorous despite his 72 years.