

CLAIMANTS ON SILETZ TELL SECRETARY LANE OF UNFAIR TREATMENT

Charge Made That Contestants Perjured Themselves; Lafferty's Faith Impugned.

Charging that contestants of homestead lands in the Siletz reservation perjured themselves in endeavoring to get favorable action at Washington, a delegation from the Siletz sought and obtained a hearing from Franklin K. Lane, secretary of the interior, while he was in Portland yesterday. They asked him not to be convinced by a showing of but one side of the controversy, or to accept what they alleged was fraudulent documentary evidence without learning the facts from competent witnesses.

"Can only say that I will take this matter under consideration," Lane's promise to the delegation at the conclusion of the hearing, which was held in the Oregon hotel.

Thirty-five Claims Involved.
Thirty-five claims of 160 acres each are involved. They are covered with much of the best timber on the Pacific coast, cutting 10,000,000 to 20,000,000 feet a quarter section, and are worth a small fortune each. They were open to entry in 1901, and cancelled in 1907, after A. W. Lafferty, now counsel for the contestants, secured the passing of a remedial act. On his recommendations the original entrants were ousted. Then he became counsel for them, endeavoring to get them reinstated. Congressman Hawley secured the passing of a remedial act in 1911, which provided for the reinstatement of original entrants on a showing that improvements to comply with the law had been made.

"They perjured themselves," the affidavits that were forwarded," declared G. D. Miller, one of the second set of entrants, who was a member of the delegation that appeared yesterday. "They swore they had cultivated as much as five acres in many instances, when perhaps they hadn't cultivated a hundred square feet."

"We who filed on the land when the claims of the first entrants were annulled have complied with the law, yet the others have never been given first hearing and we have never had representation. An injustice has been done us, and it is in the power of the secretary of the interior to learn the facts and undo the injustice."

Woman Tells Her Story.
Amy Hall, a young woman who filed on one of the claims, which, though covered with timber, were construed as homestead claims by a special act of congress, told her story to the secretary. It was a story of one who had invested money and made permanent improvements in contrast with the fraudulent appearances of compliances with the law by the original entrants.

G. D. Miller said he had lived on his claim four years, hoping for a settlement in his favor. Mary Newman, W. R. Hall and Virgil Clark made statements. They were supported in their representations by A. S. Dresser, who was register of the local land office at the time the first entries were cancelled.

The hearing held by the secretary of the interior in the Tyrolean room of the hotel was more in the nature of a reception. Those who wished to speak to him fell into line and took their turn. John P. Christenson had come from southern Idaho to urge the secretary of the interior to support the bill for \$30,000,000 to be used in reclamation projects, which has been presented before congress by Senator Borah.

Will Meet Water Users.
R. Paulson came representing the water users of the Siletz reservation, for extensions of time for final filings. Lane asked that all the water users of the district represented by Paulson be asked to meet with him when he reached eastern Oregon Tuesday morning.

Levieston Commercial club, greeted the secretary, as did O. E. Freytag, manager of the Oregon City Commercial club. "I am your cousin," said J. H. Fletcher of St. Johns. "I was born six miles from your birthplace on Prince Edward's island. My aunt was your grandmother, and I never saw you before this day."

Oliver Lynch and T. T. McCampbell came from Dale in Grant county to beseech the secretary's favorable attitude in a homestead controversy. More familiar faces were in the line, among them John H. Lewis, the state engineer; J. W. Brewer, the Redmond banker; William Hanley, the sage of Harney county; Joseph N. Teal, the chairman of the state conservation commission; Francis Clarno, E. B. Aldrich of Pendleton, E. G. Hopson, chief engineer of the reclamation service; Milton A. Miller, the new collector of internal revenue; United States District Attorney C. L. Reames, and many others.

SECRETARY LANE VIEWS OREGON; STATE TO HAVE SQUARE DEAL, HE SAYS

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pleased that Oregon has progressed so far as to approve this policy. Four hundred fifty thousand dollars of government money is available from the interior department to be spent dollar for dollar in conjunction with a similar amount from the state as authorized by your legislature in the reclamation of a given unit of a reclamation project.

"The government money will not be spent on a different project than that approved by the state. You will not see the state's money spent on the Tualuma project, for instance, and the government's money spent on another project."

Scientific Brewing—Careful Bottling
and pure ingredients enter into the making of the popular family beer—
Edel Bräu
You will find the flavor pleasing. It's brewed for particular palates.
PHONE YOUR ORDER
Portland Brewing Co.

GRAZING PRIVILEGE GREATLY INCREASED

Many Thousands More Animals Will Be Allowed on Reserves in Future.

Announcement was made at the offices of the United States forest service here today that Secretary of Agriculture Houston has ruled that 73,000 more sheep and 9000 more cattle and horses may be grazed in the national forests of Oregon, Washington and Alaska during the fiscal year now on than during the similar period just ended. All of this increase is now being eagerly taken up by stockraisers all over the state.

Until a couple of years ago the government allowed unlimited grazing in its national forests. As a result the mountains and timbered areas, which are more desirable than the privately owned ranges, became overcrowded and in many places the ranges became absolutely barren. There were spots in the mountains, in some places miles in extent, where not a shred of vegetation of any kind appeared excepting the trees. Finally the federal forestry department was forced to put a limit to the amount of stock that could be grazed.

Grazing in these barren spots was barred, and slowly they are beginning to get the vegetation back again. When the reclamation of the old ranges will be allowed. At any rate, many of these barren ranges have improved sufficiently that an increase at this time was permissible.

"Holding this in reserve, there is now being pastured within the federal forest reserves of the district, comprising the two states and one territory, 1,066,048 sheep, 102,796 cattle and 11,241 horses."

Familiar With State.
He indicated perfect familiarity with the fact that Oregon has lacked railroad transportation development and population because of the policy of the old regime, which was to build into a country only when its development showed that tonnage would be furnished from the start sufficient to pay profits.

"The man who merely held Oregon as a preserve," he said, "was an expression of the special are all the members of the state land board except Attorney General Crawford. The list includes the governor, secretary of state, state treasurer and state engineer. They will go on to inspect the Tualuma, Central Oregon, Lapine and Paisley projects, viewing also the salt and sodium project at Sumner and Albert lakes and returning to the capital via Klamath Falls, Crater Lake and Medford."

Lane Speaks Tonight.
The addresses there will be delivered by Secretary Lane and G. F. Johnson, speaking for the Oregon Development League. State Engineer John H. Lewis, who originated the Deschutes reclamation scheme, declared last night it is a dream that will come true.

He says the principle of state and government cooperation, especially after the state has arranged to finance its share with bond issues, will do more to develop the state and make possible a unified development propaganda than anything ever has done.

Following are the members of the party: Franklin K. Lane, secretary of the interior; Oswald West, governor of Oregon; A. C. Miller, assistant secretary of the interior; H. A. Meyer, private secretary to Secretary Lane; Ben W. Olcott, secretary of state; Thomas Kay, state treasurer; John H. Lewis, state engineer; A. D. Davis, chief engineer reclamation service; J. N. Teal, president Oregon conservation commission; Crater Lake National Monument, Oregon Development League; C. S. Jackson, vice president Portland Commercial club, publisher of The Journal; J. W. Brewer, vice president Central Oregon Development League; Tom Richardson, vice president Oregon Development League; C. C. Chapman, secretary Oregon Development League; W. D. B. Dodson, trade commissioner Portland chamber of commerce; A. H. Devers, Oregon conservation commission; John F. Carroll, editor Telegram; E. G. Hopson, chief engineer reclamation service; E. Baldrich, editor East Oregonian; E. P. Dodd, secretary Hermiston Commercial club; G. S. Crego, photographer Portland Commercial club; Kingman Brewster, secretary Oregon conservation commission; E. W. Worth, surveyor general for Oregon; L. L. Sharp, chief of field division; F. B. Stanley, president Central Oregon Irrigation company; Roscoe Howard, manager Central Oregon Irrigation company; R. H. Crozier, assistant general passenger agent S. P. & S. Ry. A. C. Jackson, advertising agent O. W. R. & N. Co.; O. M. Plummer, secretary treasurer Portland Union Stock Yards, and newspaper men.

The Redmond reception committee was composed of W. S. Rodman, M. A. Lynch, J. R. Roberts, G. E. Dobson, H. H. Palmer, W. C. Walker, F. M. McCaffery, G. W. Wells, J. R. Johnson, Z. Tallaferro and William Phoenix.

**COOPERATION URGED
IN DEVELOPING COUNTRY
BY SECRETARY LANE**

Aboard Commercial Club Deschutes Special, Metolun, Or., Aug. 18.—Secretary of the Interior Lane made to the people of Redmond an address filled with homely truths praise of country, and sound advice following his tour of nearby lands.

"In my month out of Washington I can truthfully say to you that I have seen no country more fair than this valley of Powell Butte which you have shown me from automobile this morning," he said. "I see you today with a town of 600 or 700 people. There is but one reason why I would not find you a city of 6000 or 7000 people come again among you in five years, and that would be your failure to cooperate, to work together. The United States can do but little for you; there is much you can do for yourselves."

"In the White House at Washington there is now a man bent on securing the passage of tariff and currency legislation, and after that a fuller and more constructive program for the betterment of the farmers. There ought to be a system of farmers' credits whereby they will be able to finance their improvements and the marketing of their products for the benefit in their turn of the people who live in the cities."

The secretary discussed the difficulties of learning how to irrigate lands. The Iowa farmer is as helpless when he first tries it as the Portland bank clerk, he said.

Must Serve Apprenticeship.
"Success in irrigation is an evidence of brains and ability. You've got to serve an apprenticeship in irrigation," declared the cabinet officer. "Development without railroads is impossible. Instead of raising alfalfa to sell at \$5 a ton, feed it to hogs and beef and chickens to make the alfalfa pay you \$12.50 a ton."

"The farmer should have credit when he wants to buy stock, and the president of the United States is interested in the forwarding of a plan for rural credit on safe security to put stock on the land."

RECLAMATION IN WEST AND DEVELOPMENT OF ALASKA ARE FAVORED

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denying access to the secretary with courteous firmness, but in the afternoon when Assistant Secretary Miller desired to do some writing and the secretary was holding the public reception, she seated herself in the secretary's office and relieved him of all disturbance.

After the hearing in the afternoon with water users and homesteaders the secretary was taken alone for an automobile ride about the city. Assistant Secretary Miller and the women of the party declined to go.

Interested in West.
"I am intensely interested in the development of this great country," said Secretary Lane, during a brief interview.

"I have come to see for myself what are the problems, what the best methods to be used in solving them, what are the development and reclamation opportunities and how we may best proceed to the realization of these opportunities."

"I'd like to see \$30,000,000 appropriated for reclamation in the western states. I believe it would be a tremendously valuable investment for all the country."

"I'd like to see government built railroads in Alaska and a development of the coal mines there so that the people will get the benefit of cheap fuel."

Purpose of Trip.
"One purpose of my western trip was to see the Sun river project in Montana. It had been reported a failure. I wanted to see for myself whether or not it was a failure. I have not formulated my conclusions yet, one way or the other."

"If I am to make the chief address at the conference of governors in Colorado Springs, it is a surprise to me. The president merely asked me to be present, and I have not prepared for an address."

Secretary Lane, accompanied by a representative party of Oregon and Portland reclamation experts and business men, left by special train over the North Bank road last night for the Deschutes valley.

CHICAGO SOCIETY MAN HURT AT HORSE SHOW

Lake Forest, Ill., Aug. 18.—Francis Jewett Johnson, society and club man, narrowly escaped death in the annual horse show of the Onwentsla Country club when his pony fell on him in the third heat of the polo pony steeplechase, the feature event of the day.

Johnson was thrown under the rolling horse, in full view of the boxes, thronged by Chicago society folks. He was picked up unconscious with his right arm and collarbone broken and his shoulder crushed. Johnson's horse was leading the field when the accident occurred.

INFAMOUSLY BAD POET IMPRISONED IN FRANCE

Paris, Aug. 18.—His last hope of appeal gone, France's famous "Superman" footpad and poet began today his term of six years imprisonment. Jean Michelon is his name. He sandbagged a woman and robbed her of \$100, but when betrayed by a friend, spouted an ode to the sun before the police. "I may be a crook," he said, "but I am an ideal man. I am a Superman. I crack a lady on the head, I grab her coin and run, but any dub that has no bed can tough me for the moon." The authorities are divided over whether Michelon is crazy or clever.

RICH DRIVEN TO SLEEP IN PARKS BY THE HEAT

New York Has Third Visitation of the Summer; Lake Region Sweltering.

New York, Aug. 18.—The third hot wave of the summer is holding New York in its grip today. At noon the thermometer registered 83 degrees and was rising rapidly. The humidity is high. Scores of prostrations already have occurred.

The parks were thrown open to sleepers last night, and many wealthy persons slept on the benches and on the grass.

Chicago Turns Hot Again.
Chicago, Aug. 18.—With the temperature rising here at the rate of two degrees an hour, the entire lake region continued to swelter today in one of the hottest spells of the season. Many heat prostrations occurred.

Reports from Cleveland say that three are dead there; five are dead in Grand Rapids and six in Detroit.

The weather bureau holds out no hope for immediate relief. The temperature in the heat belt ranging from 85 to 97 degrees, with the humidity high.

Voliva Blames Pork Eaters.

Zion City, Ill., Aug. 18.—"I have known for months that Kansas was to have a terrific drought," said Wilbur Glenn Voliva today, discussing the continued heat and dry spell in the middle west. "Kansas and the adjoining states are being punished for being the world's greatest hog section. The drought is the Lord's warning that he will not send rain to raise flesh to pollute the people."

MAZAMA PARTY OF 10 CONTINUES TO HELENS

Will Walk Isolated, Rugged Stretch From Mt. Adams to Sister Peak.

Troutlake, Wash., Aug. 18.—Wishing to subdue Mount St. Helens, a party of Mazamas left Sunday for the peak, guided over the 51 miles intervening by William Kingman and N. Robbins, two local trappers, who are very familiar with the country between Troutlake and St. Helens.

Those leaving for the snowpeak are: Miss Mary Henthorn, Miss Martha Nilsson, Miss Marion Schneider, Mrs. E. C. Dillinger, Miss Anne Dillinger, Mrs. J. P. Morgan, Prof. E. E. Courson and Raymond Courson, H. H. Cochran and Dr. Luther.

The party will walk all the way, and it is expected that the first day it would cover 18 miles. This with the 14 mile hike from Camp Riley Saturday would put the party in trim for the balance of the distance.

The country over which the mountaineers are traveling is one of great beauty and is very rugged. It is taking them out of civilization, over the trails and into deep forests, across mountain streams and across rivers of larger size. The party will average about 18 miles a day.

The major portion of the Mazamas came to Troutlake Saturday and attended the dance at Thode's hall. The dance was largely attended in honor of the Mazamas.

Frank B. Riley led in the singing of Mazama songs.

Morrison Creek, on which the Mazamas camped while near Mount Adams, has been practically dry for several days, because of the failure of the glacier which feeds it, to melt, due to cold weather.

Mormon Church Is Dedicated.

Centralia, Wash., Aug. 18.—The new church of the Latter Day Saints was dedicated in Centralia yesterday, the dedication being the closing event of the Seattle and British Columbia district conference, which convened here Saturday. The dedicatory sermon was delivered by Elder T. C. Kelly of Lamoni, Iowa. The new church is of the bungalow type and has a seating capacity of over 200. Elder S. P. Cox has been in charge ever since the denomination was instituted in Centralia in 1907.

Swedish chemists have invented a way for separating from coal tar the finely divided carbon which it holds in suspension.

A Remarkable Sale of Undermuslins

You Ought Not to Miss on Tuesday
Every Garment New and Dainty—Prices About a Third

—This is one of those rare occasions in which a store delights. It is a sale made possible only through extraordinary conditions where customers obtain remarkable merchandise at but a fraction of the regular cost. This sale ranks foremost in its immense economies.

—Exquisite lingerie gowns, corset covers, drawers, combinations and skirts, are priced at astonishing figures.

—The articles on sale are beautifully modeled, in an immense variety of styles, of the daintiest, sheerest materials.

—In order to insure an equal distribution, this sale will not begin until 10 A. M.

COMBINATION SUITS

Manufacturers' Show Room Samples
Regular \$6.00, \$6.50 to \$9.00
Clearaway, \$2.95
Regular \$4.50, \$5.00, \$5.50 and \$6.00
Combinations
Clearaway, \$1.95
Reg. \$2.50, \$3.25 to \$4 Combinations
Clearaway, \$1.23
Reg. \$1.75, \$2 to \$3.50 Combinations
Clearaway, 95c

GOWNS

Regular \$6.00, \$7.50 to \$9.00 Gowns
Clearaway, \$2.98
Regular \$1.75, \$2.25 to \$2.75 Gowns
Clearaway, 68c

CLOSED-DRAWER COMBINATIONS

Reg. \$4.50, \$5.50 to \$8 Combinations
Clearaway, \$2.23

CORSET COVERS

Reg. 75c, \$1.25, \$2.00 Corset Covers
Clearaway, 48c
Reg. \$2.50, \$3 to \$4.00 Corset Covers
Clearaway, 98c

SKIRTS

Regular \$8.00, \$9.00 to \$12.50 Skirts
Clearaway, \$3.95
Reg. \$12.50, \$13.00 to \$16.00 Skirts
Clearaway, \$4.95
Regular \$5.50, \$6.50 to \$7.50 Skirts
Clearaway, \$2.48

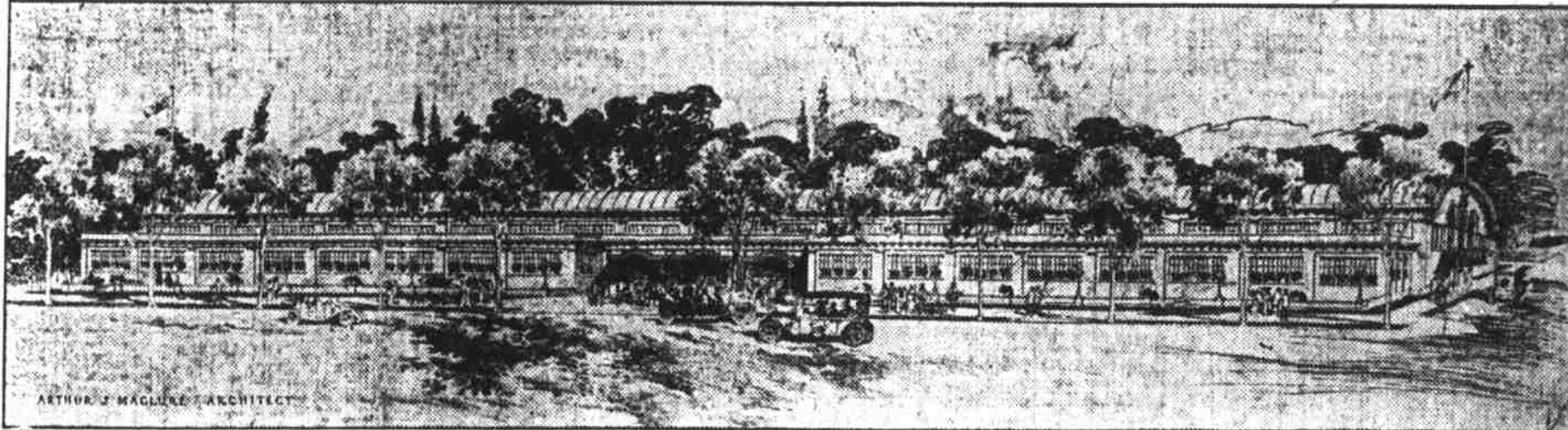
DRAWERS

Regular \$1.10, \$1.25 to \$1.75
Clearaway, 48c
Reg. \$2.00, \$2.50 to \$2.75 Drawers
Clearaway, 92c
Reg. \$3.25, \$3.75 to \$4.50 Drawers
Clearaway, \$1.48

No Liquors
No Grocery
No Restaurant

Sipman Wolfe & Co.
"Merchandise of Merit Only"

No Liquors
No Grocery
No Restaurant



PORTLAND ICE HIPPODROME

LARGEST AMUSEMENT PALACE ON THE PACIFIC COAST

"Plans are being perfected for the erection of an Artificial Skating Hippodrome in this city, same as the illustration herewith shown. The Company is composed largely of British Columbia capitalists, who have had wide experience in amusement enterprises, and has an authorized capital of \$200,000. The building is to be of re-enforced concrete. The main part of the hippodrome will be 360 feet long and 135 feet wide, the roof being supported by immense trusses, thus doing away with any posts or pillars. In the center will be an ice sheet 100 feet wide by 350 feet long, making one of the largest artificial ice skating surfaces in the world. On each side of the ice will be seats well raised to afford a good view from any part of the building sufficient to accommodate between five and six thousand people. At one side of the building will be a ladies' dressing-room, gentlemen's smoking-room, a restaurant, check, skate and shoe rooms. Two refrigerating machines, one of 125 tons' capacity and one of 80 tons' capacity, will be installed. Electric motors will supply power for operation of the compressors. In addition to the profits to be derived from the operation of the amusement features, the plant will produce about 100 tons of ice every 24 hours.

BIG SUCCESS IN OTHER CITIES—The Ice Hippodrome has proven a wonderfully attractive as well as profitable amusement feature in Victoria, Vancouver and New Westminster, B. C., and prospects for even greater success are assured for the enterprise in this city. Already several Portland business men are interested in this proposition, and from the standpoint of an investment, the project offers rare opportunities. Complete information will be given to anyone interested.

PORTLAND ICE HIPPODROME 414 WILCOX BUILDING
Phone Main 3333