

TEMPERATURES TODAY
Boston 2 a.m. 50 Portland 8 a.m. 57
Wash. 10 a.m. 64

TAMMANY BARES CLAWS TO STRIKE GOVERNOR SULZER

Resolution of Impeachment Follows Action of New York Assembly in Adopting Condemnation Report.

TWO EXECUTIVES FOR STATE IS PROSPECT

Sulzer Expected to Hold Fort Against All Comers and Battle Murphy.

(United Press Leased Wire.) Albany, N. Y., Aug. 12.—Falling in an attempt to muster enough votes to put through the resolution introduced by Majority Leader Levy, providing for the impeachment of Governor William Sulzer on charges of malfeasance in office, Tammany Hall members of the state legislature announced this afternoon that they would not attempt to call the session to order until 5:30 o'clock this evening.

Albany, N. Y., Aug. 12.—New York state today faces the probability of having two rival governors, as the result of attempts to impeach Governor William Sulzer on charges of malfeasance in office.

At 12:15 o'clock this morning, the assembly, after an all night session, by a vote of 65 to 35, adopted the Frawley committee report condemning Governor Sulzer. This was followed by Majority Leader Levy introducing a resolution calling for Sulzer's impeachment, and it will be voted on today.

The state constitution provides that Lieutenant Governor Glynn shall become acting governor automatically if the impeachment resolution passes, and he will act in this capacity until the end of the trial. If the governor is vindicated he will resume his office, but if ousted Glynn will fill out Sulzer's term.

Sulzer Expected to Fight. Friends of Governor Sulzer say he will ignore the right of the special session of the legislature to impeach him, and that if the resolution passes he will remain in the executive offices and continue to issue orders. A bitter fight is sure to follow when the Levy resolution is brought to a vote today. There is a bare chance, however, that the vote will be deferred.

At last night's session, opponents of Governor Sulzer could muster only 76 votes necessary to impeach, and a hurry-up call was sent out for New York absentees. The only reason the resolution was not pushed last night is that the Tammany following lacked its full strength.

House Leader Levy today explained the procedure in the proposed impeachment. If the resolution for it passes, the speaker will at once appoint a board of managers to draw up the actual impeachment and prepare the formal charges. Not until then will Lieutenant Governor Glynn be declared acting governor.

The absence of Tammany men caused a delay in opening the case today, the session scheduled to start at 11 o'clock not having started at one.

Changes of Committees. The Frawley committee report declares that Governor Sulzer swore falsely regarding his campaign contributions, that he had received many times the amount of \$5460 which he had declared as the total sum, and that he had used some of the money to speculate on Wall street; that he had been engaged in stock market speculations at the time he as governor was earnestly pressing legislation against the New York Stock Exchange, which would affect the business affairs of the exchange, and that there was evidence before this committee to sustain a charge that as governor he has punished legislators who opposed him by vetoing legislation enacted for the public welfare and has traded executive approval of bills for support of his direct primary and other measures.

The committee also charged that the governor had blocked the investigations of the body.

FORMER DISTRICT ATTORNEY J. L. McNAB IS CALLED TO STAND AS FIRST WITNESS IN DIGGS WHITE SLAVE TRIAL THIS MORNING

Sensation Seekers Are Much Disappointed When Former Federal Officer Takes Stand—Reno Police Officers Tell of Threats Made to Sacramento Girls After Being Placed Under Arrest in Nevada Town.

(United Press Leased Wire.) San Francisco, Aug. 12.—John L. McNab, former United States district attorney, who left his office in the preliminary of the Diggs-Caminetti white slave cases after charging Attorney General McReynolds with delaying their hearing because of "pull," was the principal witness heard today in the Diggs case here in United States Judge Van Fleet's court.

A buzz of excitement went round the court room when McNab was called to the stand and for a time it was believed that those angles to the case which made it national in importance were to be touched on. This expectation, however, soon fell to the ground and not a single word of the disagreement between McNab and the Washington authorities was elicited.

SHE ADVISED GOVERNOR TO FIGHT TAMMANY



Mrs. William Sulzer, wife of the governor of New York, upon whose advice the governor began the fight with Tammany that has ended in the report of the Frawley committee recommending his impeachment.

TAMMANY EXPOSED AS WELL AS GOVERNOR IN SCANDAL, SAYS WORLD

Exposure Should Drive Out Sulzer and Destroy Lair of the Tiger, It Says.

(United Press Leased Wire.) New York, Aug. 12.—Denunciation of both Governor Sulzer and Tammany hall is voted here today in an editorial in the World, one of New York's leading newspapers. "The Sulzer scandal," says the World, "is no less an exposure of Governor Sulzer than of Tammany. It is the most convincing object lesson of government by blackmail New York has ever known. Sulzer has not been destroyed because he pocketed campaign contributions and failed to make the accounting that the law commands and because he used the money to conduct Wall street operations. Those are traditional Tammany practices. Tammany candidates and bosses are expected to do this."

(Continued on Page Nine.) Senate Extends Sessions. Washington, Aug. 12.—The senate today began longer sessions to expedite action on the Underwood tariff bill. It is expected that Senator Miles Poindexter of Washington will support the Democrats, but it is questioned whether Senator La Follette will take a similar stand. Senator Kenyon and Senator Clapp are undecided whether to support the Republicans or Democrats.

HUSKY TRIPLETS ARRIVE WITHOUT AID OF DOCTOR

(Special to The Journal.) Rooster Rock, Or., Aug. 12.—Triplets, two boys and a girl, were born at Rooster Rock, Or., August 9, to Mr. and Mrs. R. R. Jones. The three have an aggregate weight of 20 pounds. No doctor could be obtained, so a neighbor, Mrs. F. O. DeMoss, was the only one present to welcome the husky little trio. All three babies are perfect healthy and with the mother doing finely, a tribute to the pure air of tent life.

LEPROSY CURED BY VACCINE IN INDIA

London, Aug. 12.—Leprosy is a curable malady, according to representations made to the bacteriological section of the medical congress here today by Major E. R. Rost of the Indian Medical Service. Major Rost asserted that four cases positively had been cured in India by the new vaccine method and that 49 cases, now under treatment, were progressing favorably.

Powder Teamster Panic Stricken

Nevada City, Cal., Aug. 12.—How some men's minds work was seen here when a wagon load of giant powder burned. The teamster, terrified, got one horse loose, shot the other dead, and is reported to be running yet.

HUERTA'S APPEAL TO JAPAN THROUGH DIAZ MAY NOT BE HEARD

No Chance of Rupture With Mikado's Kingdom; Lind Has Month's Work Ahead.

By John E. Nevin, United Press Staff Correspondent.

Washington, Aug. 12.—Direct reports from both John Lind and Charge d'Affaires Nelson O'Shaughnessy that affairs in Mexico City are quiet was the encouraging news received at the state department today. Despite reports to the contrary, Lind, it is understood, has made no positive predictions regarding the ultimate outcome of his mission. The report from Tokio that General Felix Diaz will not be received officially at Tokio by the Japanese government is surrounded in mystery. The reason assigned is regarded as mere diplomatic way of saying that Diaz is not wanted and it is thought here that the enthusiastic welcome to American Ambassador Guthrie in Tokio was Japan's way of expressing disapproval of Huerta's attempt to use Japan as a club to force recognition.

Japan in Friendly Mood. Open suggestions from Mexico City recently that Diaz had been commissioned to negotiate a secret offensive and defensive treaty with Japan displaced Tokio. Officials here who are in a position to know say that Japan and the United States were never more friendly than now and that the California Webb law has really increased this friendship instead of being a barrier to it. It is understood that both Secretary Bryan and Ambassador Chinda believe there is absolutely no chance of a rupture with Japan.

The state department today declares it is making real progress toward an understanding with Mexico, that the tension is lessened and that there is no longer fear of any danger to the president's envoy, John Lind.

Lind in Close Touch. President Wilson is being informed of Mexican conditions by Lind, whose status in Mexico will be officially explained by Charge d'Affaires Nelson O'Shaughnessy in a scheduled interview with Foreign Minister Gamba at Mexico City. O'Shaughnessy will also assure Gamba of the desire of the United States for peace. It is not expected that Huerta's status will be discussed at the conference but it is expected to pave the way for future negotiation.

The chief difficulty in the situation today is Lind's failure to recognize Huerta as president of Mexico. While settlement of this point is in progress, efforts are being made to get all destitute Americans out of the country, and gunboats are being sent to advantageous positions in case any further difficulty should come. It is authoritatively stated here today that Lind will not attempt to communicate directly with any of the Mexican insurgents in the field. He may talk with friends of the constitutionalists, but he will not go into the territory held by Carranza's forces. It is estimated here that it will take Lind a month to round out his mission.

SECRETARY LANE WILL MAKE BUT SHORT STAY HERE INSTEAD OF WEEK

President Wilson's Wishes Necessitate Rearranging Itinerary.

Franklin K. Lane, secretary of the interior, wired the commercial club this morning that his plan has been changed. His journey here is interrupted. The president desires him to attend the congress of governors in Colorado Springs, then to return immediately to Washington. He will not, therefore, spend a week in Oregon, but only a few hours. He will arrive in Portland Monday morning at 7 o'clock. He may be persuaded to remain for a luncheon at the commercial club. He may not see the west extension of the Umatilla irrigation project. He will not go to Klamath Falls, and there see reclamation projects and attend the annual meeting of the Central Oregon Development league. The Oregon program for the secretary will be adapted to the exigency which has arisen. Upon his attention will be the discrimination against Oregon in the matter of reclamation appropriations should cease. That the entire 30,000 acres of the West Umatilla project should be authorized and work commenced at once. That the government should take steps to ascertain and be impressed with the scope and magnitude of the entire Deschutes project, together with several other interior Oregon projects. What is most desired is to acquaint the secretary of the interior thoroughly with the needs of the Oregon situation.

CASTRO'S UPRIISING IN VENEZUELA IS FAILURE

Washington, Aug. 12.—Official reports today from American Consul Voetter at Caracas to the state department, say the uprising in Venezuela, led by Cipriano Castro, is a failure. Voetter's dispatch also confirmed earlier reports that General Torres and his officers, who had headed the revolution in the eastern part of Venezuela, have been captured. No More Fees for California Justices. Los Angeles, Aug. 12.—No justice of the peace in California can demand a fee for performing a marriage ceremony, according to an opinion given today by City Counsel Hill. He further declares that should a couple force a fee upon the justice, that official must turn the money into the county coffers. A test case is being discussed.

TAKES OATH OF IMPORTANT POSITION



JOHN MONTAG IS NOW MARSHAL OF OREGON; APPOINTS HIS DEPUTIES

Two Employees Under Former Administration Retained—Court Bailiff Keeps Job.

John Montag became United States marshal for Oregon at 11:20 this morning, when the oath of office was administered by United States Judge Charles S. Wolverton. All the affairs of the office were at once turned over, and Mr. Montag relieved Leslie M. Scott, who has been marshal for the past two years.

With Mr. Montag in office, practically all the big federal positions have been filled for the Democratic administration. Mitt A. Miller will become collector of internal revenue Saturday, when the oath is to be administered. Clarence L. Reames, as United States attorney, has been in office since June 1, and Frank S. Myers has been postmaster for nearly the same period of time.

Hond for the office of United States marshal is \$30,000, and Mr. Montag's bondsmen are A. G. Long, Attorney Ed Mendenhall and George F. Heisner. A little mistake in the bond form caused a delay. The form neglected to state whether or not the bondsmen were on the bond of any one else.

Retiring Marshal Shakes Hands. At the time mentioned, Mr. Montag was introduced by United States Attorney Reames. Practically everyone in the federal building, with the exception of postoffice employees, was on hand to witness the event. Immediately afterward Mr. Montag (Continued on Page Three)

EVERYONE IS VOTING; BONDS APPEAR SAFE

Public Works Close to Let Men Vote; Outsiders Come Home to Ballot.

(Special to The Journal.) Vancouver, Wash., Aug. 12.—Various public works in the city closed down at noon today to give the men an opportunity to go and vote at the special election being held all over Clarke county today to vote bonds in the sum of \$500,000 for a Pacific Highway bridge across the Columbia river. Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Forbes, who were visiting at Minneapolis, Minn., reached the city yesterday and will cast their ballots today for bonds. They hurried away from Minneapolis in order to reach here in time. Numerous voters returned from Seaside and other beach resorts expressly to vote. The polls opened in the city promptly at 8 o'clock this morning and will close at 8 o'clock this evening. Up to noon only 75 per cent of the voters had recorded their ballots, and it is expected that practically everyone in the city who had registered, will be out before the polls close. Nearly every auto owner in the city placed his machine at the disposal of the committee this morning, and from two to three are being used in each precinct. Some machines were sent into the country to assist the farmers in reaching the voting places. It is predicted that not more than 10 per cent in the county will vote against the bonds.

INSIDERS CHARGE MELLEN IS 'GOAT' FOR J. P. MORGAN

Investigation of New Haven's Monopoly, Alleged Wrecking of Road Said to Reveal Plot of Directors.

DISPLACED PRESIDENT OPPOSED TO PROGRAM

Details of Financing, Planned by Morgan, Lead to Indictment of Head.

By Herbert Corey. Copyright, 1913, by J. G. Lloyd.

Washington, Aug. 12.—The department of justice, for some time engaged in an inquiry into the New Haven railroad monopoly, is now deep in facts which will result in startling indictments if the facts are found to warrant them. Attorney General McReynolds is by no means satisfied with what has been done. The longer he stays on the New Haven trail, the farther up the creek he goes—the bigger are the tracks he finds.

The department is now hunting for those who stood in the background. They directed every step of the New Haven's plan of traffic monopoly. It was because C. Melten, president of the New Haven company choked off the Grand Trunk's plan to extend the Central Vermont to Providence, which would have interfered with its monopoly, that the recently resigned president of the New Haven was indicted in December last.

They handed the New Haven's money as they pleased. There were \$403,000,000 in assets in the pot. Interstate Commissioner Prouty's recent report states that in nine years \$24,000,000 was spent by the New Haven "outside the sphere of railroad operation." Of one transaction Prouty comments: "In this affair \$12,000,000 of the New Haven's money vanished into thin air."

Speaking of the purchase of the Rhode Island trolleys, Prouty said: "Paid \$13,800,000, Got Nothing." "The New Haven turned over \$13,500,000, for which it received absolutely nothing." It has been represented to Attorney General McReynolds that the tremendous scheme of expansion which characterized the New Haven's management for the past nine years—which led to the plan of sewing up the five New England states in a traffic bag—had its origin with the banking members of the Grand Trunk directors. Only by such unheard-of extension was the huge outpouring of securities through their banks made possible—and profitable.

McReynolds may find that J. P. Morgan, Jr., originated the plan to group all New England's transportation facilities under the New Haven cloak. It was alleged that he personally directed the attack upon the Grand Trunk road, and that when he became incapacitated, his son, Jack Morgan, took his place. Walter G. Baker, chairman of the board of the First National bank, and William Rockefeller, the elder Morgan dominated the board.

For the present McReynolds will not urge the trial of Melten, President Chamberlain, and Chairman Smithers of the Grand Trunk road, but their indictments found in December. He may discover on further inquiry that the operating heads of these railroads should bear a comparatively minor share of the responsibility for whatever infringement of law may be found.

McReynolds Looks Up Papers. Pending action, he has impounded all papers bearing on the New Haven case and now in the possession of the Interstate Commerce commission or the department of justice. Special Attorneys Gregory and Adkins hurried from Boston last week to report their discoveries to him. It is also learned that persons connected with the Grand Trunk road will actively aid the government in its effort to get at the New Haven truth. (Continued on Page Four.)

ERROR IN DRAFTING COMMISSION CHARTER PREVENTS FINANCING STREET AND SEWER WORK UNTIL IMPROVEMENT IS COMPLETED

Peculiar Situation Will Greatly Increase Cost to Property Owners Who Wish to Take Advantage of the Installment System; Correction Will Be Attempted by Ordinance Unless Charter Amendment Necessary to Meet Conditions.

"I have discussed this matter of correction in the improvement code with Mr. Holton and in general I agree with his ideas," said Commissioner Dieck, this morning. "By ordinance, it is possible, because more expenditures are more easily changed to meet new conditions, or by charter amendment, if necessary, this correction must be brought about. It is very necessary." The drafting of the administrative code required under the commission charter has brought to light a curious situation in the commission charter itself. Without correction results will be serious, in the opinion of authorities. A charter amendment will be necessary not only for correction, but to go a step farther and meet Portland's present needs in the matter of bonding improvements. Section 425 of the old charter adopted the Bancroft bonding act, as passed by the state legislature, to Portland. The act was amended in 1892 and again in 1911. To meet deficiencies still existing in the bonding of improvements the charter of 1902 was amended at the election of 1912 with section 383.

One Section Overlooked. The charter board realized that under commission government there would still be grave anomalies in a way that could be corrected by a charter amendment. It is now the law of Portland, although its provisions do not apply to Portland. The financing of an improvement cannot be accomplished until the improvement is completed. There is no arrangement for paying interest on improvement bonds during the period. Contractors have to wait one to five or more years for their money. (Continued on Page Five.)