

NEW DEMOCRATIC INSTITUTION IN THE SENATE IS A WHIP

August Body Is Getting Its First Taste of Scientific Management in Politics at This Session.

By Burton K. Standish.

(Written for the United Press.)

Washington, June 21.—The senate is getting the first taste of scientific management in politics. The Democratic majority is applying the new efficiency methods to smooth out the way for the Wilson-underwood tariff bill.

In the first place, the Democrats now have a "whip." James Hamilton Lewis, senator from Illinois. Nobody ever heard of a "whip" in the senate before. It was an outgrowth of unwieldy majorities in the house, where the speaker used to appoint an "assistant floor leader" whose job was to hurry the "boys" on the floor at times when the party needed their votes. "Jim" Watson of Indiana, when he was "whip" of the senate, was a real one. Watson was renowned as never having lost a vote while he was in charge. This was in the old Cannon days. Watson used to stand at the entrance to the senate chamber as the members trooped in would say "vote yes" or "vote no" and the statesmen would answer to their names. A majority of "yes" didn't even know what they were voting on, but they were certain that Jim Watson always had the right dope and they couldn't be recorded against their party.

Lewis' appointment is a further illustration of the Democratic "scientific management" program for the senate. In businesslike manner the new majority has already done away with the furnishing of mineral water to senators; discharged all the messengers, both attendants and servants in the senate chamber; cut down on the number of clerks and "speeded" up routine of senate procedure by change in the rules. It will be Lewis' duty to "speed up" the work on the senate floor.

It is quite a tribute to the Illinois senator that he should be chosen for this difficult post. Moreover his appointment is another breaking of precedent. Lewis came to the senate on March 4 and three months later he was made "assistant majority leader." In the old days it took 10 years for a senator to "arrive in the upper house." Moreover, custom prescribed that during the new senator's first year of office, he shouldn't open his mouth in debate. Lewis, however, has impressed his colleagues in the senate inside of three months that he is a lawyer of remarkable attainments, a speaker of polish and charm, and one who has a most persuasive manner.

President Wilson is understood fully to approve of the plan to reduce control of the senate floor by the Democrats to a science. While granting the minority a full exercise of its right to debate, it is said to be the administration view that henceforth the majority must hold the discussion down as closely as possible to actual business.

MONEY ROLLING INTO FUND FOR BOOSTING STATE

(Continued From Page One.)

agricultural class from northern Europe, and seeing that they are settled upon productive land and colonizing them in such manner that their newly adopted country will be attractive to them.

That Portland and the other cities in the state and in the Pacific Northwest will profit directly from the development of the country is quickly realized, and therefore business men and property holders here are asked to contribute to this fund. Development of the country will automatically mean the growth and development of the city and industrial activity.

"The enthusiasm indicated in this movement," said another member of the soliciting committee, "revealed to me very strongly that the people of Portland stand unanimously in favor of this movement, for at no time in the development of the work in the Pacific Northwest have the property owners and business men been more responsive to a call for co-operation than during the first campaign now made by a few earnest men."

To Direct Expenditures. "G. F. Johnson, chairman of the executive committee of the Commercial club, has selected from that committee the most thoroughly representative finance committee that has ever been named by any commercial body on the coast. It will be the duty of this committee to direct the expenditure of the fund, and the duty of the finance committee to see that the fund is used to insure the greatest results. It has been determined that immigration from northern Europe will be brought direct to Oregon and the Pacific Northwest, and not only placed on the lands but assured of financial support if necessary, after they get here.

"At the present time a large corps of representatives from all parts of the United States are investigating the agricultural situation throughout Europe, at the instance of the United States government, and the report of this committee will be especially helpful in carrying out the plan of the committee to be carried out by the local executive committee."

Not Confined to Oregon. It has been determined to raise \$100,000 or \$150,000 annually for the next three years. Of this amount, \$84,000 has already been secured, and it is the urgent wish of the finance committee that subscribers should send in their subscriptions rather than wait to be called upon by a member of the soliciting committee.

"The movement from the farm to the city is not by any means confined to Oregon and the Northwest. The habit is as firmly fixed upon the people of the eastern states and Europe as it is upon the people of the Pacific Northwest, and everything that can be done by the Commercial club in its development work from this time forward will be directed not only to wards putting the producer upon the land, but in co-operating with him and staying by him until his enterprise is a practical success."

A determined campaign will be made by the Commercial club to organize a local committee in each community which is as strong in proportion to the West and South, and everything that can be done by the Commercial club in its development work from this time forward will be directed not only to wards putting the producer upon the land, but in co-operating with him and staying by him until his enterprise is a practical success."

Portland has always believed that she gets better results by building up the country than forcing the development of the city.

Business Men In Accord. "The business men and property owners of Portland are unanimous in the opinion that if we build up the country the city will be naturally prosperous, and the best of it is that the

city is profiting what she preaches, but during the next three years this position will be emphasized.

A financial arrangement between the larger banks and the small institutions which will give the small as well as the large farmer money to work upon at a reasonable rate of interest, will be the corner stone of the work of this committee. Every hard-working, intelligent farmer with the kind of character that warrants his getting credit will have an opportunity of getting better cows, good hogs, good poultry—and in this way, through diversified farming, build up himself, the community in which he lives, and add to the wealth of the state.

"The location of industries which are adapted to this section of the country will not be neglected; the inquiry of the non-resident will get every possible attention; none of the work of the Commercial club will be slighted, but the actual development of the important resources will be given the closest possible care and attention."

Following is a list of subscribers and amounts:

List of Subscribers.	Amount Paid	Total
Portland Clearing House Assn.	\$5000	\$15,000
Portland Bank, Light & Power	100	7,300
Ladd Electric Co.	100	2,000
Meier & Frank Co.	100	2,000
Northeastern Electric Co.	100	2,000
H. L. Pittcock	100	2,000
Portland & Frank Co.	100	2,000
Union Meat Co.	100	2,000
Portland Flouring Mills Co.	100	2,000
Henry Weinhard Estate	100	2,000
Eastern & Western Lumber Co.	100	2,000
Ruth Trust Co.	100	2,000
Pacific States Lumber Co.	100	2,000
Lang & Co.	25	900
Portland & Frank Co.	25	900
General Electric Co.	25	900
The Burrell Investment Co.	25	900
Portland & Frank Co.	25	900
Marshall-Wells Bldg. Co.	25	900
Mason, Egan & Co.	25	900
Pacific Hardware & Steel Co.	25	900
Twigg Bros.	25	900
Olds, Wertman & King	25	900
Portland & Frank Co.	25	900
Closet & Derrin	25	900
R. L. Gibson	25	900
Portland & Frank Co.	25	900
Rasmussen & Co.	25	900
Fred A. Jacobs Co.	25	900
The J. K. Gill Co.	25	900
Kilham Stationery & Printing Co.	25	900
The J. K. Gill Co.	25	900
Parlin & Grandford Plow Co.	25	900
J. L. English Co.	25	900
Portland & Frank Co.	25	900
W. B. Glafke Co.	25	900
W. H. Gaddy	25	900
W. C. Knox Bag Co.	25	900
Northeastern Lumber Co.	25	900
The J. K. Gill Co.	25	900
Union Laundry Co.	25	900
M. S. Sells & Co.	25	900
Lawrence Title & Trust Co.	25	900
Portland & Frank Co.	25	900
Hushong & Co.	25	900
Beall & Co.	25	900
Portland & Frank Co.	25	900
American Type Foundry Co.	25	900
Irwin-Hudson Co.	25	900
Zimmerman Co.	25	900
T. S. Townsend Creamery	25	900
L. Samuel	25	900
Portland & Frank Co.	25	900
Eastern Outfitting Co.	25	900
Rice & Phelps	25	900
Portland & Frank Co.	25	900
Pacific Iron Works	25	900
Prince Shoe Co.	25	900
The J. K. Gill Co.	25	900
W. H. McGinnis & Co.	25	900
James, Kerns & Abbott Co.	25	900
Portland & Frank Co.	25	900
W. G. Ide	25	900
F. F. Haraden & Son	25	900
Portland & Frank Co.	25	900
Loe Friede	25	900
Chausse-Prudhomme Co.	25	900
Portland & Frank Co.	25	900
Dr. C. W. Cornelius	25	900
J. L. Clemens	25	900
Portland & Frank Co.	25	900
Baltes & Wright	25	900
The Wiley R. Allen Co.	25	900
Jenkins & Co.	25	900
Portland & Frank Co.	25	900
I. Savoy	25	900
James Mercantile Co.	25	900
Portland & Frank Co.	25	900
California Ink Co.	25	900
Pacific Coast Syrup Co.	25	900
Pacific Stationery & Printing Co.	25	900
Newell, Gossett & Walsh	25	900
Munroe & Crissel	25	900
Portland & Frank Co.	25	900
George E. Wagoner	25	900
Wm. E. Brewster	25	900
Portland & Frank Co.	25	900
R. Lee	25	900
Charles H. Dobson	25	900
Portland & Frank Co.	25	900
D. E. Marshall	25	900
The Robert Machinery Co.	25	900
R. F. Rissling	25	900
Portland & Frank Co.	25	900
Wm. Markert	25	900
L. A. McNery	25	900
Chester J. Hogue	25	900
H. W. Hogue	25	900
Total	\$2,333.82	\$84,018

EXPECTED ATTORNEY TO SETTLE FOR HER FINE

Ada Wilson, a colored woman of the north end, made a vigorous protest yesterday, when brought into the municipal court to pay a fine of \$20, which she claims should have been paid by her attorney, Lewis H. Dawley. The woman claims she paid Attorney Dawley his fee of \$25 for defending her in the court, also giving him \$20 with which to pay her fine.

The woman was convicted November 3, 1912, of a statutory crime. Nicholas Beutgen, clerk of the court, says he repeatedly asked Attorney Dawley to have the woman pay the fine. He says Dawley offered excuses each time.

A colored man by the name of Wilson was in the clerk's office Thursday. Clerk Beutgen asking him if he were any relation to Ada Wilson. The man replied that he was, and gave the clerk other information showing she has been in Portland for several weeks. It was then that the clerk issued a bench warrant for her to appear yesterday morning.

When brought into court, the Wilson woman was quite excited over the matter, claiming the money had been given Attorney Dawley to turn into the court. She also said that Attorney Dawley told her Friday evening that the fine had been paid. Attorney Dawley was not at the municipal court yesterday or could not be located at his office in order to see the outcome of the matter. Early in the spring the same attorney became indebted to the municipal court to the amount of \$18 for witness fees, which amount the clerk has been unable to collect. At that time, Judge Tawell severely criticized him for his action in the matter.

For the convenience of those wishing to subscribe to the fund, the following blank is printed, with the request from the finance committee that it be filled in and forwarded to the Portland Commercial club.

\$150,000 FUND

For Publicity and Development Activities
Portland Commercial Club
Oregon Development League
Oregon State Immigration Office
Portland, Oregon.

I hereby subscribe the sum of _____ DOLLARS per month, payable monthly to the PORTLAND COMMERCIAL CLUB, for the period of three years, beginning May 1, 1913.

Please check in the amount you feel you can subscribe, and forward to the Portland Commercial club.

THEO. B. WILCOX
H. L. PITCOCK
C. S. JACKSON
A. L. MILLER
W. M. LADD
BENJAMIN S. JOSELYN
Finance Committee.

GOOD HIGHWAY LEADER IS GIVEN LUNCHEON GREETING

Samuel Hill Meets Prominent Good Roads Men; To Attend Convention; Addresses Big Meeting There.

Samuel Hill, president of the Home Telephone company, is in London. This week he will attend the international good roads convention there and has a promising start in his deliberations. Afterwards he will make an automobile tour, closely inspecting the roads of England.

Since he left Portland, Mr. Hill has addressed thousands of people at various meetings, and showing his wonderful Oregon pictures. He attended the convention of the American Good Roads association, of which he is president. He addressed a notable gathering of officials, engineers and educators in New York. He visited Thomas A. Edison and from him, as from other prominent eastern men, he got the pledge to come to the west in 1915 when the exposition is held in San Francisco.

A letter written by Mr. Hill to a friend in Portland is both characteristic and interesting. It describes some of his journey and speaks of the people he has met. It was written aboard the Carmalan, off the coast of Ireland, and reads, in part, as follows:

"When I reached New York City I was very busy, although there only four days. My audiences numbered probably 6000 people. I showed the Oregon-Washington views and made some of the people believe that there is much to be seen in your fair, far away states. On one of my four days I traveled over 150 miles by automobile, examining the speedway, and some of the new roads on Long Island, built under the Topeka specifications. Through the courtesy of my friend, W. H. Allen, I was tendered a dinner by Honorable George McAneny, president of Borough of Manhattan, and showed the pictures and talked two hours to a company composed in part of all the borough presidents, commissioners of public works, consulting engineers, chief engineers of highways, park commissioners, members of mayor's committee on pavements, city club, street committee, borough engineers. President John H. Finley of City College of New York, William McAndrew, president of Washington Irving high school, John Quincy Adams, chairman of municipal art commission, and many other people interested in streets and highways. Judging by the reception they gave me, they were much pleased with the pictures and with the methods of road building which I outlined.

The president of the borough of Queens and his chief engineer and assistant, Mr. Connolly, were not present, but they met me next morning, and with them I went over 50 miles of roads which they built last summer at the rate of one mile per day, which are built on the Topeka specifications, and which are giving great satisfaction, although subject to heavy automobile trucks and much heavy wagon and passenger traffic in automobiles. The difference between these highways of which they have more than 100 miles, and the Maryland roads is that the latter have the advantage of having had the stone heated hot, and consequently they are more tenacious and more thoroughly saturated with asphaltum.

"The great courtesy shown me by all of these gentlemen was very much appreciated, and many of them have promised to come to the San Francisco fair in 1915 and visit Portland and Seattle. Through the courtesy of a mutual friend Thomas A. Edison invited me to spend a morning with him, which I did with the keenest pleasure. He showed us some of his new work, and it seemed as if now he had absolutely reproduced the quality and fibre of the human voice. On leaving he too promised to come and see us in 1915 and said, 'Mr. Hill, the good roads movement is the most important question before the American people today.'

Working in Harmony. "I explained to them all that the provinces of British Columbia, the states of Washington, Oregon and California were now working in thorough accord and on intelligent lines, and that we hope they may by 1915 pass over a good dirt road which would save time in time to a hard surfaced highway."

Mr. Hill's reference at this point is to the Pacific highway, which it is hoped may be ready for use between British Columbia and southernmost California by the time the 1915 exposition opens. Mr. Hill has been very active in promoting the Pacific highway and is an officer in the Pacific Highway association.

"The meeting of the American Road Builders' association, of which Mr. Hill is president in New York was most satisfactory in character and we decided to accept the invitation to hold our meeting in Philadelphia in December, 1913. There will be a large attendance at the meeting in London which opens June 23, lasting July 25, and a program has been arranged whereby we will have an opportunity to spend a week before the convention and a week after the convention examining in detail by automobile some of the English roads. Perhaps the most interesting experience which we have had was the visit to the new Washington Irving high school in New York City, which I had the honor to christen.

School Is Praised. "A most wonderful building, a most wonderful conception of what a school should be. There we found the girls being taught how to wash, how to cook, how to dressmake, and do all the necessary things which women should know in our modern life. In one room even we found a club being taught how to become librarians. When I addressed the

College of the City of New York, where they have recently made an investment of \$5,000,000 in buildings I had the pleasure at the close of my address in shaking hands with more than 300 professors, and of spending a social evening with many of them. On shipboard we have received every courtesy, and never have I experienced better service on any of my voyages."

Mr. Hill concludes his letter by saying that before he returns he hopes to see all that is new in highway building. So far, he says, the asphalt macadam road at Maryland furnishes the best solution of the road building problem.

ALUMNI TO HOLD A BOATING PARTY

A boating party down the river in the roomy steamer Bailey Gatzert is the treat with which the Portland-Lincoln High School Alumni association will wind up its social activities for the year tomorrow night. Whether the moon is shining or whether it isn't, won't make any great difference. It will be one of the jolliest affairs of the year.

A band aboard the boat will make the air lively with music. In the course of the evening there will be dancing and games. Between 500 and 600 folks, who at one time attended the present Lincoln High school or its predecessor in the old wooden building up in Morrison street, the Portland High school, will be along. For many it will be a reunion with classmates not met in years.

The Bailey Gatzert will leave Alder street dock at 7:30 o'clock sharp. The plan is to go several miles up or down the Columbia river, returning to town at about 11 o'clock.

The affair is in the hands of a capable entertainment committee and no pains have been spared to make it a rare success. Here are the names of those on the committee: James P. O'Connor, Ray O. Baird, Miss Ethel Shapiro, Orville V. Gamble, Nathan M. Simon, Miss Lucy Shearer, Ivan M. Polard, Layton Wisdom, Emily McElroy, Arnold Strohecker, Leo Shapiro, Margaret O'Shea, Marguerite Rangan, Earl W. Hammond, Mrs. Ethel Shapiro, president of the association.

Patrons and patronesses are Mr. and Mrs. Fred H. Noltner, Mrs. Sol Shapiro, Dr. and Mrs. W. J. Rogge, Mr. and Mrs. L. N. Garman, Mrs. S. T. Dering and Mrs. Nora S. Baird.

Tickets may be had of members of the entertainment committee.

AMATEUR FIGHTER KILLED BY BLOW

(By the International News Service.)
Dayton, O., June 21.—Patrick Grant, aged 20, an amateur prize fighter, died today from the effects of a knockout blow received last night in the seventh round of his bout with Eddie Battin. Battin has not been arrested.

The Knights of the Rose will give their last 500 party for the season at 129 Fourth street, tomorrow night. Come all and see who wins the season prize. Admission 15 cents.

All North America to Set One Sunday as "Purity Day"

(United Press Local Wire.)

Minneapolis, Minn., June 21.—Final steps were taken here today to formally request every church and religious meeting in the United States, Canada and Mexico to observe "Purity Sunday," which will fall on November 9, next, with sermons and addresses urging co-operation among churches, city, state and national officials and sociological societies in war on the social evil. "Purity Sunday" has been designated by the seventh international purity congress which will convene in Minneapolis November 7, and continue through November 12.

The convention, which is expected to be the greatest gathering the world has yet known in the interests of the suppression of white slavery and public vice, will be held under the auspices of the World's Purity Federation, its purpose, besides combating the white slave traffic, will be to promote "high and single standards of morals for both men and women, the safe and sane instruction of youth in sex hygiene, and in furthering such social, civic, economic and moral reforms as will conserve the very highest in character and life."

The slogan of the federation in its fight to achieve its object will be "the least publicity concerning the shame of the city." According to plans mapped out today by the local committee "a spade will be called a spade," in all the addresses and discussions, and data and statistics regarding the social evil and the white slave traffic in every city of size in the world will be presented in fullest detail.

Invitations Sent Broadcast.

The appeal sent out to all churches today regarding the formal observance of "Purity Sunday" wherever people gather for religious worship reads: "On this Sunday, when the great congress is in session, and when Minneapolis leads in the movement by opening every church and every hall for the discussion of these questions, we ask every clergyman in the world, of whatever denomination or creed, to deliver at least one sermon dealing with these problems. Fraternal orders and uplift societies are requested to take similar action. We appeal to the higher officials of all churches, to the heads of fraternal bodies, to the rulers of all countries, to the governors of states and provinces, to the mayors of all cities to issue proclamations designating November 9th as 'Purity Sunday,' and urging their members and people to assemble on that day for the serious consideration and discussion of these problems which are so vital to the welfare of people everywhere. By the cooperation of all who believe in the higher things, this day can be made a tremendous power for the advancement of purity in social and individual life."

Besides this appeal for the observance of "Purity Sunday," the local committee also sent out today invitations to all religious, reform, civic and philanthropic societies and to all organizations laboring for the social uplift and to promote purity and eradicate vice, to send delegates to the congress. Invitations

also were sent to the president of the United States, the governors of all states and provinces, mayors of cities, police departments and all departments of the government to send representatives in the invitations it is stated that individuals not connected with any organizations will be welcome.

Announcement was made today that President Wilson, former President Taft, governors of a score of states, mayors of two score cities and officials of a hundred or more civic and sociological organizations already have sent letters praising the work of the federation and intimating that they will appoint delegates or attend themselves.

A tentative program was today made public by the local committee. It will include addresses by eminent reformers from all over the world; religious workers and various officials of a score of nations. There will also be several debates touching upon points "where there now appears to be honest differences of opinion."

Ample opportunity will be given at morning sessions, and following addresses, for open discussions in which delegates will be permitted to participate.

Six great international gatherings have preceded the congress which will convene in Minneapolis on November 7. The World's Purity Federation was perhaps the first large organization to begin the fight against the social evil and commercialized vice through wide publicity and "plain talk" education. It has been mainly through the work of this federation that the present general agitation and open fight against social evils was set in motion. The federation has been working along the same lines for 12 years. Much of this time, according to officials of the organization, was spent "in arousing public conscience" and in combating the secrecy with which the fight against the social evil formerly was carried on and the hesitancy on the part of the great majority even to acknowledge openly that the social evil existed. In the 12 years the organization has been fighting, it has striven to avoid the sensational and hysterical in method and to weed out from its membership the "notoriety seeker and those who are attracted to this fight by desire for honor or a career."

B. S. Steadwell, of La Crosse, Wis., is president, and Judge Ben B. Lindsey, of juvenile court fame in Denver, Colo., is vice president.

Silver Family Fast Breaking Up

Vancouver, Wash., June 21.—Acting on advice received by wire from Seattle this morning the sheriff's office is trying to locate the young daughter of a Mrs. Silver in this city. An older child was taken in charge by the officers this afternoon. Both are stepchildren of a man giving the name of Ralph Silver, who was arrested here last week, and whose stepson, Frank, 12 years old was sent to the state reformatory the first of the week, having pleaded guilty to entering a second hand store in the city. The child is said to be in Portland.

RETURNS FROM TRIP TO EUROPE

Senator Malarkey, Wife and Daughter Back Home; Absent Two Months.

Senator Dan J. Malarkey, wife and daughter returned to Portland Thursday night from a European trip. Senator Malarkey left Portland two months ago, stopping in Washington to argue a case before the supreme court. He went directly from New York to Paris, where he was joined by Mrs. Malarkey and daughter, who had returned to the continent from the Mediterranean trip, including the journey up the Nile, through Syria, the Holy Land and the countries bordering the Mediterranean.

"I am very little of Europe," said Mr. Malarkey, when seen at his residence last night. "In fact, I didn't go on a sight-seeing trip. Nearly all of the five weeks I was out of this country was spent in Paris and a few other of the large cities. I went away for a rest, recreation and a good time and I got what I wanted. At another time I intend to go for a long tour of Europe, when I shall see the country and study conditions at first hand; but I am too busy now to think of devoting the time required for a real tour of the Old World."

Mrs. Malarkey sailed for Europe early in January. She was joined in New York by her daughter, who was then at a boarding school.

CAUTIOUS REGARDING NEW CURRENCY BILL

"As copies of the administration currency bill have not yet reached Portland, and as its details are therefore not yet to be had by us, I shall have to express myself with caution," said John A. Keating, vice president of the Lumbermen's National bank, in discussing President Wilson's currency measure.

"As outlined in the press, it is a simpler measure than its predecessor, the Aldrich bill, and promises better. At the time of the panic of 1907, relief came to the country when the clearing houses, backed by the united banks of their cities, issued their own currency. This bill uses larger units, namely, 12 or more districts into which the country is to be divided. In each of these units is to be a reserve bank owned by the national banks and, possibly, some of the state banks of its district. These reserve banks are to issue the emergency currency which they will obtain from the central organization in Washington. The latter is to be under government control. So far, good."

"Further, these regional reserve banks are to afford a market for rediscounts, as to permit a flow of money from one part of the country to another as needed. This also is good."

R. E. FARRELL CO.'S DISPOSAL SALE

A Tardy Season Is Responsible for the Disposal of This ENTIRE STOCK of Women's, Misses' and Childrens' Ready-to-Wear Apparel, Suits, Coats, Dresses, Waists, Corsets, Etc.

THE SALE BEGINS TOMORROW

and Remember, Not One Garment Is Excepted, Entire Stock Must Go

All Tailored Suits

Grouped for Quick Disposal

50 odd Suits, both light and heavy weight, worth to \$35, grouped at **\$9.75**

Another lot of 50 Suits, selling regularly heretofore at \$27.50 and \$25, now grouped at **\$11.85**

A collection of Suits of every description, worth \$32.50 and \$30.00, now grouped at **\$14.85**

Suits of wool, silk and eponge, worth \$40 and \$45, now grouped **\$21.50**

Suits of wool, silk, eponge and ratine, including blue serge suits and a number of models from Max M. Schwarz & Co., ranging in worth from \$50 to \$65, now grouped at **\$24.75**

Beautiful Gowns

for Every Occasion Are Entered in the Disposal Sale at Remarkable Reductions

\$195 model of pale apricot charmeuse satin **\$79.00**

\$157.50 Cherbourg model of pale gray satin **\$69.50**

\$157