

# TARIFF BILL WILL BE ENACTED JUST AS FIRST DRAFTED

## Outlook for Ultimate Passage of Wilson-Underwood Bill to Be Most Favorable at End of First Week of Discussion

(United Press Leased Wire.)  
Washington, April 12.—The Wilson-Underwood tariff bill will be passed practically as originally drafted. There will be changes but they will standardize the measure. That is, differential rates will be withdrawn.  
That was the real reason why the shoe machinery schedule was withdrawn and shoe machinery placed on the free list. The shoes are free of duty under the new bill. It was argued in the caucus that if shoes were to be admitted free of duty, all leather products should be. The result was that the house argued that the bill should be a "model of propriety" and ever since every representative has been endeavoring to reconcile his beliefs with the attitude adopted by President Wilson.

**Much Standardization Necessary.**  
There are many schedules that must be standardized. Certain members of the house ways and means committee have utilized their position to slip so-called jokers into the bill. The president has not objected. He has insisted that the purely legislative end is one for congress to decide. But he has also explained to every one who has called on him that when the bill is under consideration every representative must have his free say.

On the final analysis the president will take the position that the will of the majority must rule. This was shown this afternoon when the house voted down all of the amendments to the bill that provided for immediate free sugar or to block free sugar.

**Living Outdoors With President.**  
The president has told Colonel Robert Ewing of New Orleans, democratic national committee man from Louisiana, that he believes sugar should be put on the free list immediately. But he has also insisted that his personal wishes made no difference and that what he wanted was to safeguard business men and that in as much as Colonel Ewing has the views of the southern cane growers at his fingers' end and as they insisted that they needed time to readjust business conditions, the president was willing to favor the three years' clause.

But the president points out that this is not a compromise. He simply stands pat on his speeches in the pre-election campaign in which he said that business should not be placed under an undue hardship.

## NOT GUILTY VERDICT DENIED FURTH'S COUNSEL

(Special to The Journal.)  
Bellingham, Wash., April 12.—At 4:30 o'clock this evening Judge Hardin denied the motion of the defense that he instruct the jury to return a verdict of not guilty against Jacob Furth of Seattle on trial here on a charge of aiding and abetting the failure of the La Conner bank, and the case will go to the jury.

## WOMEN ORGANIZE TO FIGHT CHARTER

To fight the proposed charter, in which they claim to find much verbiage but little of real worth, Mrs. H. R. Reynolds of Fourteenth and Salmon streets, and Mrs. Edward McPherson have been chosen by a number of women interested, to secure signatures for a permanent organization to fight the charter. Mrs. Reynolds claims that the little of value she can see in the charter is almost entirely hidden in political phraseology.



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## Saturday in Congress

Washington, D. C., April 12.—What congress did today:

**Senate:**  
The senate met at noon. President Taft presided for the first time.  
Several nominations from President Wilson received.  
Bill to authorize national banks to lend money on real estate introduced by Senator Nelson.

Coast guard service to be composed of the life saving and revenue cutter services proposed in bill by Townsend.

Primary elections for nomination of presidential and vice-presidential candidates proposed in bill by Cummins.

A resolution for a committee of three senators to investigate conditions in the coal strike in the Paint creek district in West Virginia introduced by Kern.

Newlands reintroduced his interstate commerce trade commission bill.

Discussed Overman resolution calling upon interstate commerce commission for data about placing government employees in office without reference to their civil service commission.

Adjourned at 1:05 p. m. until 2 p. m. Tuesday.  
The house was not in session today.

## VALUE OF FRIEDMANN CURE YET UNCERTAIN; 'GIVE IT TIME'—KINNEY

Delegate From Oregon State Board of Health Watched More Than 100 Cases.

(Special to The Journal.)  
Astoria, Ore., April 12.—Dr. August M. Kinney, who was sent to New York by the Oregon state board of health to investigate the treatment of Dr. Friedmann, returned to Astoria today. Dr. Kinney said:

"After three weeks of observation of patients treated by Dr. Friedmann, I will state that up to the present time our information is not sufficient to determine just what real value this new treatment will prove to be. It will undoubtedly take two or three months before the physicians of the United States hospital service will report upon the Friedmann treatment, and its value will depend upon their findings.

"Personally, I believe the Friedmann value will be of some aid to the methods now in vogue in the treatment of certain forms of tuberculosis. While in New York I had opportunity of following over 100 cases treated by Dr. Friedmann and of this number were patients afflicted with various forms of tubercular disease (tuberculosis of lung, bone, skin, joints, kidney, etc.), pulmonary (lung) cases showed very little improvement, aside from a lessening of such subjective symptoms as cough, expectoration, etc. The cases of surgical tuberculosis (tuberculosis of bone, joints, skin, kidneys, etc.), showed greater improvement, and in a few instances considerable improvement. It would be in this latter class of cases that I would expect to find some benefit derived from the treatment.

"Tuberculosis is eminently a chronic affection and it takes time to determine the real value of remedial agents used in its treatment."

**FRIEDMANN'S SERUM IS NOT A POSITIVE TUBERCULOSIS CURE**  
(Continued From Page One.)

that it would cost him \$2000 to have Friedmann "look him up."  
"The young man pleaded limited circumstances, and finally succeeded in closing an agreement whereby he was to pay Dr. Friedmann \$250 for each injection. In spite of the fact that Dr. Friedmann contends that usually one, and not more than two injections, suffice for the cure in any case, this young man has already received four injections, for which he paid \$1000. I learn that since Dr. Friedmann came to America his assistant continues to treat this patient at the usual fee.

**Decided In Coming to America.**  
"That Dr. Friedmann was decided in coming to America he frankly admits. The board of health officials did not feel justified in permitting anyone to experiment on the consumptives of New York. The newspapers, however, criticized the government officials so severely that they were eventually compelled to allow him to use his vaccine on a selected number of cases in order to prove its value.

"Since that time several hundred cases have been treated and I was offered an opportunity to investigate nearly all of these cases. Those patients who prior to the treatment had been working hard, were up and around all day, living under poor hygienic conditions, running an afternoon fever, and insufficiently nourished. After receiving the Friedmann treatment these patients were put to bed at the Bellevue hospital, there was an immediate gain of weight and improvement of temperature, but this could not be attributed to the vaccine, the reason that such an improvement would be expected in any case were a patient under such conditions put at absolute rest in bed and properly nourished.

**Some Patients Have Died.**  
"Other lung cases had been under observation for some time and conditions before and after the Friedmann treatment remained the same. It was in this group of cases that the influence of the new remedy could be most accurately judged. I observed these cases almost daily and discussed them frequently with the officials, nurses in charge, and with the patients themselves. In this group of patients there has been absolutely no change in their condition so far as the disease is concerned.

"At the hospital for joint and deformities I saw Dr. Friedmann treat many patients suffering from tuberculosis of the bones and joints, and also observed many cases which he had treated weeks before. It is in this type of cases that the most favorable results of his treatment were seen. While I had this opportunity to examine some of these cases before injections were given, I was told by the hospital authorities that a great improvement followed the injection of his vaccine.

"The fact that several patients received the Friedmann treatment and have since died, although the treatment was not in any way responsible for the death, proves that this is not an absolute cure."

Journal Want Ads bring results.

# EUROPE LEAD TO TRY IF LAID LAW SHOULD HIT HER

## Proposal to Have California Treat All Nations Alike Is Cause for Foreign Governments to Prepare Protest.

(United Press Leased Wire.)  
Washington, April 12.—In an effort to soothe the Japanese and satisfy France by enacting an alien land law that will not be obnoxious to any particular nation the California legislature has apparently jumped from the frying pan into the fire.

Several European governments are preparing to enter protests against legislation which will require aliens to take out their first papers of citizenship in their first states within one year after entering into realty leaseholds.

Under most of the American treaties with European nations there are clauses for reciprocal treatment of aliens of each country as to property holdings.

The treaty of 1853 with France, which is still in effect, has an article on the holding of property which gives Frenchmen the right of possessing personal and real property by the same title and in the same manner as the citizens of the United States.

## DIVORCE SOUGHT BY UNHAPPY MRS. ADAH KITTREDGE

(Continued From Page One.)

Cornick, however, would seem to be indicated by her divorce complaint which avers that she was married on October 25, 1897, to Kittredge. She says he deserted her in January, 1908.

This was one month after she had been committed to the insane asylum for attempting to will McCormick.

Mrs. McCormick since her release from the asylum on January 31, last, has been living with friends in this city and it is understood she is being supported by her millionaire father.

Kittredge is living in Contra Costa county, California, and is said to be in an extremely impecunious condition. Mrs. Kittredge does not ask for alimony.

**First Marriage Joseph Vincent.**  
Adah Long, famed about San Francisco for her beauty and wealth, was married in St. Louis in 1890 to Joseph Vincent, general manager of the Colorado Syrup company of Denver. At the time of her trouble with McCormick Vincent made this statement about their married life:

"She was a beautiful woman, but I always felt that she would end badly. She was one of the bodies of St. Louis when I married her there in 1890.

"I was a wealthy man then. I gave her \$40,000 for a home in one of the most fashionable districts of the city. I lavished money upon her; I took her abroad to Italy, to Rome, to the sensation of Paris. We were the guests of Whitelaw Reid, then minister to France. We traveled all over Europe, but her follies and extravagances finally ruined me financially.

"Her father is a rich man and a good man. Hearing that I was without money he came to Denver and offered me a draft for \$25,000 to start in business again. I had then divorced his daughter and refused his kind offer. I started in anew and have been successful.

**Experience Cost \$200,000.**  
"My former wife was too beautiful. She was the cynosure of all eyes wherever she went. She loved admiration. She was too fast for me. "It cost me \$200,000 to learn that she and I were not mated."

Following her divorce from Vincent 16 years ago, Miss Long, the name that Mrs. Kittredge resumed, lived in Denver when not in Europe and was reigning in that city.

In June, 1906, she fell from a polo pony in Denver and a drastic change in her life followed. Her mother went to Denver, nursed her back to bodily health and then brought her to the family mansion in San Francisco.

The family tried to make it possible for the girl to take up her social activities once more, but it was impossible.

**Acted as a Stranger.**  
Her beauty was the same as of yore, she was but 20 years old, but she was a changeling in her own home. The way she there was a strange wistful expression in her eyes, always she acted as a stranger in the house.

Finally it was decided to place her in a sanitarium at Belmont to see if her mental faculties could be stimulated. The girl would have none of it and so they came back to the city. Then the daughter conceived the idea that her family intended to incarcerate her permanently in a safe retreat.

One day while her mother was absent from the house the girl packed up a few things and was not heard of again until located in the city prison months later.

**Lives as Waiter's Wife.**  
Meantime the vagaries of her clouded mind had taken her from her mansion home to a shack at 16 Vulcan street, high up on the Twin peaks; took her from the life of culture, books and athletic sports to a pitiful existence in poverty and want, far beyond the ken of her proud family. There she was known as the wife of Joseph McCormick, a waiter.

McCormick, however, had not always been a waiter. His life, also, had been a full one.

His grandfather on his mother's side was James Gray, United States senator from Kentucky. His grandfather on his father's side was William McCormick, United States senator from Iowa.

# RESIST PAYING TAXES ON STREET

## North Broadway Owners Assessed for Property Taken to Widen Thoroughfare.

The county court will be called upon next Wednesday to decide whether or not the sheriff shall make a division of the taxes levied against property on North Broadway. The street was widened last year but the street was not declared open until November 13, 1912, after the board of equalization had met and completed its work. This made it too late for the owners to protest at being assessed on the 10-foot strip which was taken on each side for the widening.

The estate of John Labbe and Blaise Labbe asked for a division of the assessment some time ago claiming that the city should be assessed for the 10-foot strip. The matter was referred to District Attorney Evans and he declared that the sheriff had no discretion but must make the division if it was not protested. The city protested, however, and the matter must now go to the county court.

The property on which the Labbes pay taxes is located at Broadway and Couch street and was assessed at \$25,000. The tax was \$326 on this property. Under the division the tax on the Labbe property would be \$295.50 and the city taxed \$145.20. The city is exempt from taxation so that in effect the division would mean the reduction of the amount to be collected of \$148.30.

The sheriff has no authority to make reductions except in case of error and this was his contention in the matter. Should the division be upheld the county will be compelled to make up the amount due the state from the taxes being collected from the city. The majority of the property owners on Broadway in the district affected have already paid their taxes or a great hardship might be worked on Multnomah county.

## TOT FINDS DYNAMITE CAP, IT EXPLODES

While playing with other children in the street at Sixth and Sheridan streets yesterday afternoon, Stephen Drabaras, eight years old, living at 650 Fifth street, picked up a dynamite cap, which exploded in his hands. Three fingers were badly lacerated, and burns sustained on the hands and face. The cap was one used by workmen in the street at that point, but had never been exploded. Dr. F. H. Dammasch was called and attended the child.

## TEAMSTER THROWN FROM WAGON AND INJURED

J. F. Dorsey, 623 East Salmon street, teamster for Anderson Brothers Livery company, was thrown from his wagon yesterday evening at Seventeenth and Savier streets, receiving a broken arm, dislocated shoulder, and three broken fingers. The team ran away, becoming frightened at an automobile at Fifteenth and Savier streets. Dorsey was removed to the St. Vincent hospital.

# ROPES MAY BE PUT INTO USE TO HALT MOTORCYCLISTS

## Chief of Police Slover to Wage War on Speeders; License Tags Must Be Plainly Exhibited.

The scooting, darting, speeding, shrieking motorcycle is to be the object of relentless attack by Chief of Police Slover and the members of the Portland police department, under his direction, until riders of what Chief Slover has dubbed "wheeled demons" come within the law.

Chief Slover has ordered that special attention be given motorcycle speeders until they are brought to time, and cease the practice of tearing through the streets at break-neck speed, shrieking sirens and whistles. If nothing else will avail, ropes will be stretched to stop them, he avers.

Furthermore, motorcycles must be properly equipped with license tags. These will no longer be allowed to be so bent and distorted when placed on the rear of the cycle that the full number is not legible and the chief will not stretch a point in his interpretation of what "legible" means.

License tags that are covered with mud must be cleaned off and kept clean. Otherwise arrests will be made of the riders of the machines and their cases called to the attention of Judge Taxwell, who has given his hearty endorsement to the movement that Chief Slover has started.

"I wish that motorcycles could be swept off the earth," said the chief yesterday, as he saw a messenger scooter down North Sixth street at high speed. "They are wheeled demons, and they make me shudder whenever I see one." His attention was called to a license tag that was bent about the mud guard so that but two figures could be seen, and when the owner appeared, he ordered him to immediately straighten the tag and clean it off.

The order has been issued that the tag must be set straight across the rear of the machine so that all numbers will be plainly seen and not bent, so that confusion cannot result in an attempt to read them.

# RAILWAY PUSHING AHEAD TO LOST LAKE

Cascado & Rogers of this city have the contract to build an extension of the Mt. Hood railroad from Dee two miles in the direction of Lost Lake. With a three-quarter mile spur already constructed in that direction, the extension will be nearly three miles in length. It will extend along the Middle Fork, but later strike the West Fork and follow it toward Lost Lake. This is the first section of the road which the company intends to ultimately construct to Lost Lake.

The Eccles interests own large timber tracts in that section and will extend the road as their logging operations are developed. The first section will be completed before the end of this season.



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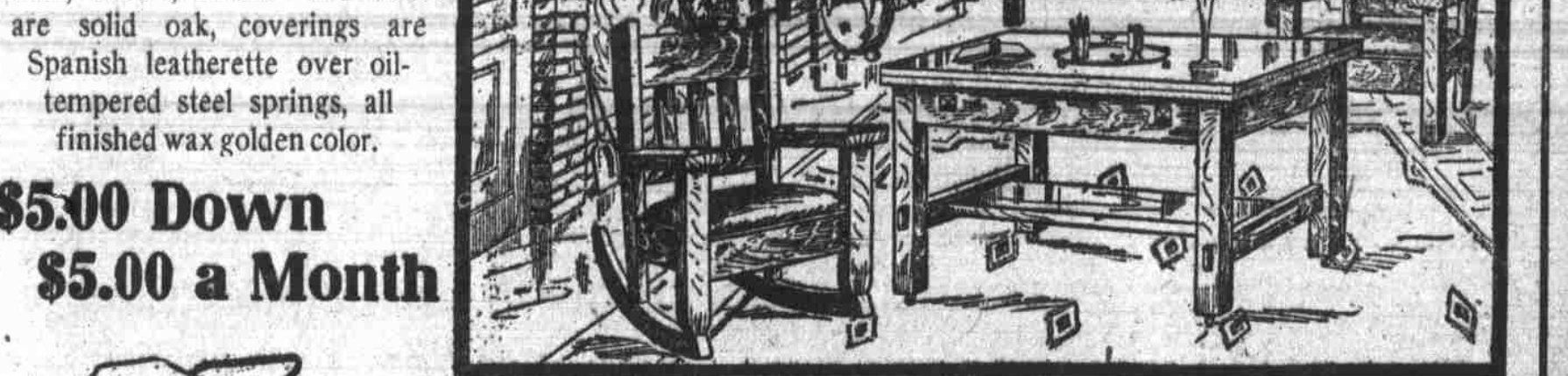
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