

Occasional rain today, with southerly winds.

UNDERWOOD ONLY STUMBLING BLOCK FOR JUDGE KING

Oregon Man Probably Will Be Made Chief Justice of the Court of Claims; House Leader Has a Candidate.

MAY BECOME DISTRICT ATTORNEY FOR OREGON

Lane and Chamberlain Still "About to Get Together" Over "Patronage."

(Washington Bureau of The Journal.) Washington, March 22.—Within a day or two it is probable that Judge Will R. King, national committeeman for Oregon, may be named chief justice of the court of claims in this city.

Only one thing, it is said, intervenes to prevent his immediate appointment, and that is the desire of Oscar Underwood, chairman of the ways and means committee, to have this place go to a man from Alabama.

Should the place not go to King, the Oregon man may possibly be named United States district attorney for Oregon, although this would not be without strong opposition.

Chamberlain and Lane are likely to get together very soon and discuss the distribution of Oregon federal patronage. Senator Chamberlain called today on Senator Lane and found him out, but had a long talk with his acting secretary and former campaign manager, Myers.

WEST NAMES BECKWITH, BABCOCK, MARSHALL UNDER WORKMEN'S ACT

Which Will Get Long Term Not Decided as Yet by Oregon's Executive.

(Special to The Journal.) Salem, Or., March 22.—Members of Oregon's first industrial accident commission, created by an act of the recent legislature will be Harvey Beckwith of Portland, W. A. Marshall of Portland and C. D. Babcock of Salem.

These appointments were announced tonight by Governor West. According to the provisions of the workmen's compensation law, one of the terms is to expire January 1, 1913, and the second on January 1, 1916, and the third on January 1, 1917.

Harvey Beckwith, who for the last 20 years has been employed of the Wells Fargo Express company and for a number of years has been manager of the company's branch at Portland, will represent the employers on the commission.

INDICT EVERY HOTEL AND SALOON MAN IN MEDFORD

Charge is Made That the Action of Grand Jury Was Actuated by Politics.

(Special to The Journal.) Medford, Or., March 22.—The grand jury, which has been in session all week, this afternoon adjourned after filing indictments against every hotel and saloon in the city for selling liquor to minors.

Among those indicted is Count E. Miller, proprietor of the Manhattan restaurant. Miller's friends charged that the case against him was pushed for political reasons, as he and a majority of the council have been standing out against the mayor in his appointments.

Several days ago Miller was arrested on a city charge for the same offense, and the case fell through. Within 30 minutes he was again arrested on a somewhat similar charge, and the case is still pending.

President Seeks Successor to Resigned Weather Chief

Willis L. Moore Quits Because of Failure to Be Placed in New Cabinet.

(By the International News Service.) Washington, D. C., March 22.—Willis L. Moore, chief of the weather bureau for more than 20 years, today sent in his resignation to President Wilson. The resignation was unexpected at this time, and no successor has been decided upon.

The reason behind this sudden leaving by one of the best known and most efficient men in the employment of the government was Moore's resentment at the attitude of the president toward his candidacy for the secretaryship of agriculture, a candidacy that was promoted by his friends, and not by himself.

It was stated definitely at the White House this afternoon that Moore had not been asked to resign. It was pretty well understood, however, that a hunt had been made for a man to fill his place, and that the president believed that he can find another man of adequate scientific standing for the job, which is a big and important one.

Professor Moore was savagely attacked in the last issue by Representative Alken, and a threat was made that the department would be investigated.

After 36 years connection with the weather bureau and as chief of it during 18 years of that time, I shall now retire to my farm and grow fruit. I have 10,000 trees on my place. With the care of these I do not expect to find time hanging heavily on my hands.

FASHIONABLES HEAR TALES OF IMMORALITY AT LOW WAGE INQUIRY

Notables Testify in Washington Concerning Conditions Among Working People.

(United Press Leased Wire.) Washington, March 22.—Fashionably gowned women, who had rolled up to the exclusive Hotel Willard in their motors, listened with blanched faces this afternoon, while government workers, sociological experts and women's welfare workers discussed remedies for vice conditions among working girls before the House National Civic Federation.

The testimony of the witnesses was brutal in its frankness. At times the intense silence in the mezzanine balcony was broken by hysterical applause. In the gaily dressed throng were some of the best known women in the country, Mrs. Harvey W. Wiley, wife of the former chief of the bureau of chemistry and president of the Consumers' League; Mrs. Adolph Kann, president of the Alliance of Jewish Women; Mrs. A. A. Birney, president of the National Mothers' congress; Mrs. Archibald Hopkins, chairman of the welfare department of the National Civic Federation; Stanley W. Finch, special investigator of white slave conditions for the department of justice, and Robert A. Barrett, son of Mrs. Florence Waller Barrett, head of the Florence Crittenton mission, were among the witnesses.

Dr. W. C. Woodward, health officer for the District of Columbia, testified that a minimum wage for men was more necessary than for women. "Men today," he said, "are living enforced celibate lives up to 27 or 30, because they cannot earn sufficient to marry. In other days, they married at 21 or 22. Now, underpaid and with no innocent recreation provided for them, they are forced into evil ways. Until you have provided recreation for poor men and poor women—recreation that will crowd out the bad ideas—you cannot solve the problem. The school system doesn't take cognizance of the needs of the child to earn a living. It is taught high ideas, yet taught no means of attaining them. The schools must teach practical things and self-control."

Dr. Woodward, citing the prevalence (Continued on Page Five.)

FACTORY WALLS FALL ON BOYS IN STREET

One Killed and Four Are Fatally Hurt Following an Explosion.

(United Press Leased Wire.) New York, March 22.—One boy was killed and four others probably fatally injured today when an explosion blew out the side walls of an East Side factory, scattering the debris over the group of boys playing in the back yard of a tenement. A number of other boys were slightly hurt.

The dead boy was Henry Forman, aged 10. He was crushed under a big section of the wall and instantly killed. His brother, Abraham, was dug from a pile of debris. His skull was fractured and he will die. The three other boys expected to die were crushed by falling bricks.

The explosion was caused, it is believed, by an accumulation of leaking gas. No one was in the factory at the time.

UMBRELLAS FOR EASTER IS MIDNIGHT PREDICTION

(United Press Leased Wire.) Washington, March 22.—Umbrellas, golfshoes, rain coats, etc., are to be Easter costumes over the greater portion of the country if the dire prediction issued by the weather bureau at midnight fulfills its promise.



Willis L. Moore, chief of weather bureau, resigned.

The first was the discovery that after her marriage to Admiral Eaton, Mrs. Jennie May Harrison Eaton maintained friendly relations with Huntington Daniel Ainsworth, her former husband and offered him financial assistance.

POISONED ADMIRAL A COLLECTOR OF VENOMS OF DEADLIEST SNAKES

Eaton House Full of Fatal Poisons Upon Which Retired Officer Spent Much Time.

(By the International News Service.) Hingham, Mass., March 22.—Two startling developments marked the hunt for evidence in the Eaton mystery today. The first was the discovery that after her marriage to Admiral Eaton, Mrs. Jennie May Harrison Eaton maintained friendly relations with Huntington Daniel Ainsworth, her former husband and offered him financial assistance.

The second discovery made today is that the late admiral had given such close study to the most deadly poisons, that he had become a fanatic on the subject and had spent vast sums and given much of his time to a world-wide collection of the most deadly drugs and reptile venoms.

These poisons were found secreted in every conceivable hiding place in the Eaton home in a sassafras village and included snake venoms used by the savages of the South Sea Islands.

The prosecutor has men at work today digging into the ash heap at the Eaton home and plowing up the ground in an effort to find a bottle which the prosecution hopes to prove contained arsenic.

James Prouty and other neighbors of the Eatons said today that they had heard the admiral say to Prouty: "Jim, you are lucky because you are not afraid that some one is trying to poison you."

Partial confirmation of the rumored intention of the prosecuting officials to have a lunacy commission examine Mrs. Eaton was seen today in the trip to Boston of District Attorney Barker, of Brockton, prosecuting attorney in the case, to visit Chief Justice Aiken of the state supreme court. Attaches of the district attorney practically admitted that the conference was for that purpose.

Plans have already been made by Judge Kelley, counsel for Mrs. Eaton, to fight any attempt of the government to test Mrs. Eaton's sanity.

Statements of Barker that he thought the accused woman mentally unsound have aroused Kelley and even before it became known today that the district attorney might be working for a lunacy commission, Kelley was laying plans to block the action. Property rights are involved in the sanity of Mrs. Eaton, and these, Judge Kelley, as the personal counsel for Mrs. Eaton, is sworn to guard.

Since the arrest of Mrs. Eaton, the police have been engaged in a frantic hunt for evidence against her. This hunt, which has resulted in the ransacking of the Eaton home, plowing up of the Eaton land and the grilling of mem-

(Continued on Page Two.)

FALLS ON WIRE NETWORK CARRYING 6600 VOLTS

Engineer of City Pumping Plant at Raymond is Terribly Burned, Probably Will Die.

(Special to The Journal.) Raymond, Wash., March 22.—With only his feet showing above the partition that enclosed two transformers and their network of 6600 voltage wires to disclose his whereabouts, the body of Joseph Cullen, city engineer at the electric pumping station, lay with a faint spark of life remaining, was found by rescuers today. He had fallen while painting above the transformers about 3 o'clock this afternoon.

HOPE SPRINGS IN AILING BREASTS AS PHYSICIAN WORKS

Hundreds Watch Friedmann Treat Sick, Deformed and Dying in New York Hospital; Injected Ones Gain Weight.

WILL MAKE A FLYING TRIP HOME AND BACK

Patients Treated Certainly Feel No Worse, Declares Chief Bellevue Physician.

(By the International News Service.) New York, March 22.—Dr. Frederick Franz Friedmann held 1500 men and women spellbound today in the clinic amphitheatre at Bellevue hospital.

With exquisite skill which called forth the praise of the noted physicians present, the young German savant treated 23 patients selected by the government for a further test of the turtle germ. The patients ranged in age from a baby boy 2 years old, upon whom Dr. Friedmann accomplished an exceedingly rare operation, to men and women of advanced years.

Seven patients who were treated by Dr. Friedmann at Bellevue last Monday walked into the clinic chamber and publicly announced their condition. Another patient—almost dying when he received the injection six days ago—was wheeled in.

Patients Are Examined. The patients were questioned by Dr. John Winters Brannan of Bellevue, who, after each had told of his condition, summed up the situation for the clinic in these words:

"The condition of the first injected patients is practically unchanged. Six have gained from three quarters of a pound to four and one half pounds in weight. Dr. Friedmann looks for a change under subjective treatment. The patients certainly feel no worse. Weight gains are not indicative. We count on a gain in weight here due to nursing and wholesome food."

With the previous patients out of the way, new patients were wheeled in. (Continued on Page Two.)

ATTACK ON EASTER EGGS TO BE MADE A GREAT SLAUGHTER

Nearly 250,000 Eggs Will Be Engaged in Conflict One Way and Another Today.

Whether it rains or snows or shines, something like a quarter of a million eggs, the harder boiled the better, which is only one to every person in this town, will lose their shells and individualities in Portland this Easter day.

Unhindered like the Easter bonnet and the new Easter suit by the state of the weather, the old fun of egg rolling, typical of the joyous, feasting spirit of the day, will take place as it has since the custom was begun.

In almost every home where there are children today, the little ones will slip out of bed in the morning and pit their gorgeous-hued egg champions against each other. May the egg with the hardest shell win.

Despite the raid on the egg market, the price of fresh eggs at the grocers has remained at 25 cents the dozen, and there will be eggs aplenty for all.

In the days when you were young, before aniline dyes came into vogue, eggs, typical of the joyous, feasting spirit of the day, will take place as it has since the custom was begun.

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EASTERTIDE THROG FILLS ATLANTIC CITY

Chilly Weather Does Not Check Inrush of Holiday Celebrants.

(United Press Leased Wire.) Atlantic City, N. J., March 22.—Despite predictions of the coldest Easter on record here, pilgrims from every section of the country poured into this resort tonight, the Mecca of the fashionable world at Eastertide.

The official forecast late today was slightly more encouraging. Fair and cool weather, with only a probability of cloudiness in the afternoon gave hope to the fashion plates that they might be given at least several hours in which to display Easter bonnets and new style totes. Tonight, however, the thermometer was hovering at the freezing point and it was predicted it would remain near there most of tomorrow.

The announcements of County Prosecutor Moore that he will prosecute to the limit liquor dealers who violate the Sunday closing law has caused a rush to cafes and hotels.

Sylvia Pankhurst Ill From Forced Feeding in Prison

English Militant Suffragette Charges Jail Authorities With Cruel Treatment.

(United Press Leased Wire.) London, March 22.—Miss Sylvia Pankhurst, the youthful militant suffragette, freed from Holloway jail because of ill health induced by forcible feeding, tonight was transferred to her mother's flat in Knights Bridge, to a private hospital after physicians pronounced her condition most serious.

The hospital authorities confirmed the announcement that Miss Pankhurst's illness was alarming and ordered that none but her mother, Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, leader of the militants, should be permitted to see her.

Miss Pankhurst had served five weeks of a two months prison sentence for window smashing, when Home Secretary Reginald McKenna ordered her to be liberated, on representation that her health was in a precarious state. The young woman had declared a hunger strike as she left the court-room at Old Bailey, following the imposition of sentence, and she kept her word. She refused all food and drink and, after the first day, prison authorities resorted to forcible feeding.

Letter Tells of Cruelties. A letter written by Miss Pankhurst to her mother, the public reading of which was popularly supposed to have instigated the burning of Lady White's \$20,000 country mansion in Surrey, was only one of the many alleged truthful exposures of the painful prison custom.

Miss Pankhurst said that when she refused to eat, five prison wardenesses seized and held her powerless, while two doctors fed her through a stomach tube. With steel instruments, she said, they pried open her jaws and inserted the tube into her throat. Thus injected a liquid, and her mouth and gums were constantly sore and bleeding from this treatment, she declared. This process was repeated twice daily.

That the cruel practice was really injurious to Miss Pankhurst was evidenced by the fact that the prison doctors admitted to Home Secretary McKenna that to keep her there longer would jeopardize her life. He thereupon ordered her release.

Miss Lillian Lenton, an American suffragette of prominence and of a wealthy family, also was released from Holloway jail, on the condition that the order of the home secretary, because her health broke down under forcible feeding. She was compelled to ask the aid of friends and was confined to her bed, seriously ill, for a long time. Other suffragists also have been broken in health in that way.

In the month following the withdrawal by the government of the franchise reform bill, Miss Pankhurst was twice arrested and jailed for smashing windows and for stoning, fighting and kicking the policeman who arrested her.



Sylvia Pankhurst, militant suffragette.

AMUNDSEN DECLARES ARCTIC EXPEDITION PLANNED TO ADVANCE INTERESTS OF SCIENCE

Discoverer of South Pole Outlines Scheme of Discovery and Research He Proposes to Follow During Long Stay in Far North.

San Francisco, Cal., March 22.—"I propose to drive the Fram into the ice fields as far as possible, let it be frozen into the pack, and then drift across the end of the world," said Captain Roald Amundsen, discoverer of the south pole, today in a speech before the committee of the Arctic sea, upon his arrival here today.

"Maybe it will take four years, and maybe it will take five years to drift with the ice pack, but that is a mere matter of time. "It is true that I have said every man that goes on this expedition will know that he is risking his life, and that if called upon he will have to give it gladly. I have said that we will eat our dogs if the food gives out, and, if necessary, would then begin to eat each other. Such an extreme, however, is not in my thoughts, although it has to be kept in reservation as a remote possibility."

"I am confident, however, that we will weather our way through the ice and return to civilization to report the conquest of the Arctic sea before the expiration of seven years."

Desires to Assist Science. "It is only the desire to advance science, to give the world information that has been heretofore withheld and which may be of vast value to mankind that induces me to leave the comforts of civilization again for the hardships of such an expedition as this I am planning."

"Depending on the currents which we know drift the ice pack of the north across the Arctic sea, I estimate that it will require four or five years to drift from the Alaskan coast across the Arctic sea to Spitzbergen and the European coast," said Captain Amundsen.

"The information regarding the air currents, the water currents, climatic conditions and scientific matters I believe will be of great benefit to the world, and if we are successful, as I confidently think we will be, our achievement will well repay us for the hardships of the journey, not in the praise of the world that follows achievement, but in the knowledge that we have contributed to the knowledge of the world and the lore of science."

"I will sail from San Francisco bay in June of next year in the Fram, the craft which carried me and my men to the Antarctic sea. With me will go a small fifteen tried and trusted men. In Alaska we will procure our forty dogs and take on the last of our store of provisions. I have already begun collecting the stores we are to take, and am arranging to have the Fram brought from Buenos Ayres around the Horn to California."

Plans Seven Years' Trip. "Although I hope to make this trip in four or five years, I shall equip our expedition to be gone seven years. Our food stuff will be the same as that we had on the trip to the south pole. Penicillin will be the chief article of diet. Our experiences in former expeditions have taught us how to avoid scurvy and other ills attendant on improper rations."

WILSONS TO ENTERTAIN AT CABINET DINNER

First Formal Social Function of the New Administration Will Be Held April 16.

(By the International News Service.) Washington, March 22.—The first formal dinner by President and Mrs. Wilson will be given April 16 in honor of the members of the cabinet.

As soon as holy week is passed, Mrs. Wilson and her two daughters will be besieged with invitations to teas, dinners and theatre parties. Mrs. Wilson has not yet accepted any invitations to private houses, to lunches or teas as Mrs. Taft did, and Washington hostesses are anxious to know if Mrs. Wilson will keep on refusing to go to private entertainments.

Mrs. Wilson will occupy a box at the annual meeting of the Southern Educational association which will meet March 26th.

A number of Wilson relatives have arrived in Washington to spend Easter at the White House.

Austria's Move Disquieted. (United Press Leased Wire.) Berlin, March 22.—The single-handed stand against Montenegro operations in Albania taken by Austria-Hungary, causes alarm here.

WILSON RECEIVES NEWSPAPER WRITERS

President Has a "Get Together" Meeting With Washington Correspondents.

(United Press Leased Wire.) Washington, March 22.—President Wilson received most of the newspaper correspondents in Washington in the East Room of the White House today. He explained to them that the occasion was in the nature of a "get together" and that the proceedings were not for publication. It was more in the nature of a heart-to-heart talk, Wilson said, in order that the correspondents might get a clearer idea of his plan of work and his views on some of the more pressing public questions.

It is expected that some method will be devised by the president whereby he will be able to meet the correspondents frequently so that they may get his viewpoint firsthand and not misconstrue his position on the important problems that he will have to deal with.

King's Assassin Is Bulgarian

(By the International News Service.) Constantinople, March 22.—A police official of high rank states that the assassin of King George of Greece is a Bulgarian and a lieutenant of the notorious Sandanaks.

POWERS ATTEMPT TO SAVE TURKEY'S PLACE IN EUROPE

Joint Note to Allies States Terms Upon Which They Will Mediate—Propose to Double Allotments.

PLAN INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE IN PARIS

Object to Indemnity Demands and Reserve Right to Handle Aegean Islands.

(United Press Leased Wire.) Sofia, March 22.—If the great powers of Europe have their way, Turkey, when conquered, will be left with more than double the amount of territory in European than the Balkan allies would have allowed the Ottoman empire to retain.

This became known tonight when the foreign office gave out the text of the note today, delivered to Bulgaria from the ambassadors of the powers in London, through the ministers here, setting forth the conditions under which the powers will consent to mediate in the Balkan war.

First, the powers demand that the new Turkish frontier shall extend from Enos on the Aegean, by way of Maritsa and the Erkens river to Media on the Black sea. The allies would be given all the rest of Turkey in Europe except Albania, which is to be given autonomy. The division of allotted territory would be settled by the allies themselves and the powers would settle the limitations of the Albanian boundary. The powers also demand to be allowed to settle the possession of the Aegean islands.

In addition, they regard with disfavor the indemnity demands of the allies, and propose an international conference to be held in Paris, attended by representatives of the Balkan states, Turkey and the powers, to devise a plan for that part of the Turkish national debt for which the conquered provinces are responsible, to be assumed by the allies who take over the territory.

Bulgaria Gets Note

(United Press Leased Wire.) Sofia, March 22.—Bulgaria tonight received the statement of conditions under which the great powers will undertake to mediate in the Balkan war against Turkey. The communication came in the form of a note from the ambassadors in London, transmitted through the diplomatic representatives of the great powers here to foreign office.

The contents of the note were not made public, but it was semi-officially stated that the powers suggested that the allies would have to modify their indemnity demands and scale down their territorial stipulations. It is believed that the powers wish to retain religious domination of Adrianople and to keep the Aegean islands that control the Dardanelles.

ANXIETY IS RIFE IN MEXICO CITY OVER RUMORS OF PLOTS

Possibility of Demonstrations Against Huerta Regime Create Uneasiness in Capital.

(United Press Leased Wire.) Mexico City, March 22.—Much uneasiness exists here tonight over the many rumors of antigovernment manifestations which it is said will mature within a few hours, and especially over the startling discovery of a plot for an attack upon the penitentiary tomorrow. It is said that this attack was planned by Maderistas and several hundred prisoners would have been freed had it been successful. The government has distributed a heavily mounted patrol throughout the city and extraordinary precautions are being taken to prevent any demonstration against the constituted authorities.

Mexican Situation More Grave

Havana, March 22.—The present Mexican situation is graver than at any existing period during the past two years, according to statements made by recent arrivals here, and late advices received from that country. Outside of the secession of Campeche and the general revolt in the Yucatan district and the more or less open secession movements (Continued on Page Five.)

ACCUSED JUSTIFIES HIS ACT OF MURDER

Colorado Ranchman Pleads Unwritten Law in His Own Behalf.

(United Press Leased Wire.) Burlington, Colo., March 22.—Charged with the murder of N. J. Allen Jr., age 40, a hotel proprietor at Engler, a small town near here, Frank Schlyer, a ranchman, is in the Kit Carson county jail tonight. Admitting he shot Allen down when he found the man in Mrs. Schlyer's room, the prisoner tonight justified his act by pleading the unwritten law.

Allen was slain as he was trying to escape Schlyer, who had concealed himself in his wife's room to discover if there was any foundation for reports that Allen was for slaying L. M. Schlyer.