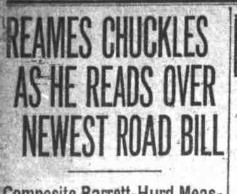
THE OREGON DAILY JOURNAL, PORTLAND, MONDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 10, 1913

WARDEN REED IS

BY

SPEEDED ON WAY



Composite Barrett-Hurd Measure, Which Is to Pass This Afternoon, Almost Duplicate of His Rejected One.

(Staff Correspondence.) Salem, Or., Feb. 10 .- Now that the house and senate good roads committee have agreed on a county road bonding measure satisfactory to all interests, Representative Clarence Reames of Jackson county is enjoying a quiet laugh on fellow members of the house. It it generally agreed that he has the laugh coming.

It's all because the compromise road measure, which combines the good points and removes the features mosobjected to in the Barrett bill, which passed the senate, and the Hurd bill, which passed the house, the composite being called the Barrett-Hurd bill ip compliment to both, is almost word for word the same as H B. 13, which Reames introduced on the first day of the session.

But H. B. 13 was opposed so hard by legislators who favored the Hurd plan that Reames withdrew it for the sake of harmony, though he continued to

fight for the principles it contained. The Hurd plan, which the house approved, provided for the calling of bond elections by the taxpayers at a county convention, made up of representatives hosen at road district conventions. The Barrett bill, on the other hand, put not only the calling of elections but the spending of the money entirely in the hands of the county court, Oppoments of the Hurd plan urged that it would prove so cumbersome in action as to make any bond issue impossible, while against the Barrett bill it was declared that it did not safeguard the interests of the taxpayers.

After all this was threshed out before the joint committees they eliminated the county convention plan, and adopted the Barrett plan of having elections called by the county court. At the same time they lifted out of the Hurd bill a section requiring that the road improvement desired and the money to be spent on it must be spacifically stated on the ballot.

This was exactly the plan that the Reames bill had featured, When the. compromise the Reames-Barrett-Hurd bill, but he laughingly declined. But now he is wondering if the fact that his bill was No. 13 didn't have something to do with its sad and early death.

The compromise road measure has been made a special order of business in the house for 3 o'clock this afternoon. There seems no doubt that it will pass both house and senate

HAMILTON CORBETT'S CONDITION IMPROVED

The condition of Hamilton Corbett, who Friday evening was operated upon Good Samaritan hospital for appendicitis, was so improved this ning



NEW ROAD BILL IS AS

Representative Clarence L. Reames of Medford.



Two Supreme, 6 Circuit Judge- appointed by Governor West to recomships Created and Pay of 10 Lawyers declare that in most cases Circuit Judges Advanced in unfamiliar with law, and that it is not Bills Now Pending.

(Staff Correspondence.)

Salem, Or., Feb. 10 .- If bills pending in the legislature for increase of the Reames pointed it out to the confer- supreme court, new circuit judges and amendment would remove is the possiance committees, they offered to call additional salary for circuit judges are bility of political jugglery in the selecpassed, the increased expense of the tion of the county commissioner to take courts for the next two years will be the place of the county judge as chairapproximately \$100,000.

The bill increasing the supreme bench

of 10 circuit judges to the extent of tion. \$1000 a year each.

creation of six new circuit judgeships, three of these in Multhomah, county, The others create new circuits out of

Polk, Yamhill and Lincoln counties for Jesse E. Crawford, 555 Albina avenue, the new Tweifth district, Washington Jesse E. Crawford, 555 Albina avenue, consumption, that the reservoirs are bridge carpenter for the O.-W. R. & N. small, unprotected from the intrusion of a mighty crimp in the salmon fishing ompany Was instantly killed and Coos and Curry of the new Fourmorning under the trestle at the foot of Russell street, when a heavy timber This calculation does not take into ac-count the additional expense that will was raising the trestle with jacks. be incurred should the legislature adopt Heavy joists supporting the trestle had the superior court plan, under which been sawed away from other parts of each county would be given a superior the support. As the jacks lifted the court and the county judgeship abol- treatle high enough to free the joists, ished to make way for a third county one of the latter toppled over, sriking commissioner. Crawford across the chest. The senate has already passed the The deceased was 38 years old, unbills increasing the supreme court and married, and leaves a mother in Seattle, establishing a new district to consist of Polk, Yambill and Lincoln counties. Fs- mah. The bill paying all judges \$4000 a vorable report has been ordered on the year has passed both house, and is up

GIVE UP OFFICE IN 1914, IS PLAN NOW

COUNTY JUDGES TO

Many Cases to Yielding Up Jobs at Once as First Stated in Latourette Bill.

(Staff Correspondence.) Salem, Or., Feb. 10 .- If the office of county judge is abolished by the present legislature it will apparently be under a compromise measure that will leave

receiving.

sane asylum.

will report V'ednesday.

all county judges in office until the next general election in 1914. This amendment to the Latourette bill, which substitutes the superior court member of the state board of control system in Oregon for the present cir- and his efficiency in these various posicuit courts, and would legislate county tions has now been publicly recognized. judges out of office as soon as the bill becomes a law, will be recommended by take effect as soon as Governor Lister the judiciary committee of . the house can appoint a successor, and has ac-

which now has the bill under consideration. Latourette is a member of this committee and the amendment has his pproval. There are 34 county judges in Oregon, and they and their friends have de-

eloped a powerful opposition to the neasure in its original form. Many of the judges were elected in 1913, after houses, arduous campaigns, and they declare it would be unjust to them to abolish their office and salaries within a few months result of the first four weeks of the after they had been elected to serve four years. By giving them two years in office if is hoped to allay much of their if the law makers dispose of the measopposition. The full terms of many other county judges will expire in 1914. morrow will come up the teachers' pen-

Lawyers Foes of County Courts. The abolishment of the present county court system in Oregon is one judicial gent circumstances through the death reform upon which practically all members of the State Bar association appears to be in harmony. It is one of the only reforms on which the majority

and minority reports of the commission state commissions will probably be ascounty judges are not lawyers and are right to leave the settlement of import-

ant legal questions to them. The Latourette bill provides that the probate cases that now come before the county court shall go to the superior court.

CAKLASSES KU Would Cut Out Political Flots. Another objection to the Latourette bill as at present drafted that the man of the board of commissioners. Dirt Piles Up in Unlined Ex-

This is left to appointment by the comby adding two new judges carries \$20,- already rumors of political plots to put of each judge being \$4500 a year, with county have been heard. By leaving certain persons in office in Multnomah \$6000 a year for additional clerk hire. county judges in office until 1914, how-The bill increasing the pay of circuit ever, the vacancy in the board would be judges to \$4000 a year adds to the pay filled by the voters at a regular elec-1 1 - I DELET

Then there are bills providing for the BRIDGE CARPENTER INSTANTLY KILLED The complaint alleges that the water be-

34 Present Judges Object in Washington Legislature Pays Anderson of Clatsop Hopes to Unusual Tribute to Head of Walla Walla Prison; Pension Bills Up This Week.

COMPLIMENT

(Special to The Journal.)

(Staff Correspondence.) State House, Olympia, Wash., Feb. 10. Salem, Or., Feb. 10 .- The old warfare, -The Washington legislature has old, almost, as the Oregon legislature, is passed complimentary memorials indorson again at this session between the salmon fishing interests of the upper ing the management of the state peniand lower Columbia river. tentiary by, Warden C. S. Reed. Reed. For a while, at least, the house will has been warden for the past six years, be the battleground of the conflicting having resigned as superintendent of the interests, though the senate will take state training school at Chehalls to go its turn later. All legislation to reguto Walla Walla. Before that he was a

late salmon fishing one way or another so far introduced has been in the house For many years there has been great oitterness on the part of the big fishing Reed has tendered his resignation, to interests of the lower river against those of the upper river. This bitter ness at present is chiefly directed cepted a position of superintendent of against Seufert, the so-called salmon the Minnesota penitentiary at a salary baron of the upper Columbia, whose three times larger than he has been seines and fish wheels do a big business The memorial to congress to mark

RIVAL FISH BILLS

Kill Seufert's Seining While

Anderson of Wasco Assails

Lower River Work.

INDU

Alleged Sins of Seufert's Men. The lower river men declare that the with suffable monuments the old Oreupper river is the natural spawning gon trail from the Missouri river to ground of the Chinook salmon, and that Puget sound, has been passed by both Seufert's seiners, dragging their heavy seining nets along the sands and shal-Although a total of only four bills has been received by the governor as a lows, not only catch fish in the regular

spawning season, but destroy tons of eggs already spawned. session, the present week will witness Curiously enough, a Representative a great amount of important legislation Anderson is leading the fight on both sides. A. A. Anderson of Clatsop is ures which are on the calendar. Todirecting the battle against Seufert and his seiners, while J. E. Anderson of sion bill, and on Wednesday the bill to Wasco is defending the upper river fishpension mothers who are left in indiermen and introducing retallatory measures to regulate lower river fishing. of a husband or his imprisonment in a If All the Bills Passedstate institution, either penal or an in-

Just as a sample of the extent to which the warfare has gone there are bills in the legislature at present that The bill to abolish a number of the signed to third reading, and the reports would prohibit almost all salmon fishing of the special committees to investigate in both the upper and lower Columbia irregularities in the state printing derivers.

Anderson of Clatsop made the first move by his bill to lengthen the autumn closed season on the upper river between Cascade Locks and the mouth of the Deschutes, from August 25 to September 10, as it now stands, to December 31. This would stop all fall fishing in the upper river. Anderson declares that he wants to be fair, but that the

present fall open season in the upper iver takes the fish right in their spawning season. His bill also lengthens the fall closed season on the lower river for 15 days, or until September 25. Carpenter of Multnomah has taken a

hand in the fight by another bill to prohibit seining at any, time between Cascade Locks and The Deschutes. Some representatives profess to see in this bill strife between Seufert and Taffe, an upper river fish wheel man, who, it is declared, would be benefited by the prohibition of seining. Both (Salem Bureau of The Journal.) Salem, Or., Feb. 10.-Formal com-Carpenter and Taffe, however, have vigorously denied that Taffe has any plaint against the Coos Bay Water cominterest in the measure. pany has been filed with the railroad

Swatting the Lower River.

commission by the city of North Bend. In retallation for these proposed ing supplied the city is unfit for human measures two bills have been introduced consumption, that the reservoirs are by Anderson of Wasco that would put



(Staff Corresuondence.) Salem, Or., Feb. 10.—Senator T. L. Perkins, introducer of senate bill 11, fications equivalent to the requirements

regulating the practice of dentistry, as. of that association. serts that attacks on the bill consist largely of misrepresentation. He said some of those opposed to the bill, came before the committee a short time ago he is confident the bill will go through already passed the senate.

the bill is being criticised," he said this provision."

board, provided by section 4784 of Lord's

Oregon laws, is unchanged. Again, the

morning, "the old law is in fact unchanged. For instance, the provision for FRED D. FISHER, OREGON, court review of the action of the state

GETS CUBAN CONSULSHIP

section providing that those engaged in Washington, Feb. 10 .- The president practice up to 1905, which has been today nominated Fred D. Fisher of Ore-'jumped on,' is merely a copy of the jumped on,' is merely a copy of the gon to be consul at Santiago de Cuba prasent law. It is mentioned in the bill Cuba.



because there is a minor amendment a the same section

"As to the creation of a dentista trust' the bill is in fact broader that the present law. As the law stands dentists are required to have diplomas from some school connected with the association of dental faculties. In re-cent years some of the good schools have split away from that association, so the

"John F. Logan, who is attorney for

he is confident the bill will go through the house with little difficulty. It has gives power to the board to revoke the license of dentists who disgrace the pro-

"In many respects concerning which fession and this I consider a valuable

that he was able to read a newspaper, according to infor ation given out at the sospital. The pror nent clubman rested easily last night and yesterday, and it is said that ultimate recovery is certain.

With one of 40,000 tons capacity at Kiel and a \$5,000 ton one at Hamburg. Germany claims to have the two largest drydocks in the world.

The finest motion picture theatre in which two programs are exhibited at the same time on separate screens has been opened in Cleveland,

this persons and subject to contamination.

partment and the reformatory at Monroe

cavations, Bitterly Com-

plains North Bend.

It is asserted that the reservoirs consist simply of excavations in the ground without lining or other protection, and that they are utterly without means of not been cleaned for years, and are filled with dirt, vegetable matter and carcasses of animals.

Complaint is also made against the inadequacy of the service because of too small and decayed pipe lines, and of the would stop all gill net fishing on the for the service.

dustry on the lower river. One of these prohibits any seine, set

net or gill net fishing in the Columbia river west of the mouth of the Williamette, from July 15, 1913, to July Under this measure trap fishing 1918. would still be permitted. Anderson of cleaning out or removing the accumula- Wasco says that he, too, intends to be tion of filth .. It is alleged they have fair, but that if upper river fishing is prohibited to save salmon, then should be stopped likewise on the lower river to make a good job of it,

Anderson has another bill, proposed "in the interest of navigation," that alleged exorbitant price being charged Columbia river bar. The gill net fishtmen, he says, are often a menace to

The active business man is really benefited by a luncheon hour spent at the Imperial Grill. Not only does the carefully prepared food prove nourishing and easily digested, but the quiet, calm surroundings tend to refresh him for an afternoon's work.

C. C. Barrow Table d'Hote Lunchson 50 ots.



teenth.

In his recently published book, "Health Through Rational Diet," from the press of the F. A. Davis Co., Philadelphia, says:

> ful cereals which are much used in America would be advantageous. Grape-Nuts, in which the floury substance has been dextrinized by long baking and thus rendered digestible and easy of assimilation, is eaten with cream and would be a useful addition to our usual breakfast.

The recommendation of this eminent European authority to the wealthiest health seekers in the world (those who frequent the famous baths of Carlsbad) is especially interesting to Americans.

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While Grape-Nuts may be a "health luxury" in Europe, this sturdy health-giving food is within the reach of practically every American at trifling cost.

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