

PROGRESS IN CHINESE REPUBLIC IS SUBJECT TO MANY ADVISORS

Some Urge Establishment of a Constitutional Monarchy on Ground That Change From Imperial Government to Popular Sovereignty Is All Too Sudden.

Written for The Journal by Pin Wong, Special Correspondent.

Canton, China, Aug. 13.—Kobe, the largest open port in Japan, is now a city of refuge for the prominent Chinese whose political opinions differed from those who are at present in power and in government. Among the noted persons there are Shen Hsun Hwai, the last president of the board of post and communication under the late dynasty; Chang Ming Ki, last viceroy of the province of Kwangtung, and Liang Chi Tsao, vice president of the Chinese Empire Reform association.

Shen is the minister who advocated the nationalization of all railroads in China. A policy that has directly caused the revolution. Viceroy Chang is believed to have carried away with him more public funds than the other provincial officials in their escape. Shen is accused by the citizens of Kwangtung of having taken \$6,000,000 in Mexican money.

Some of the refugees there may never have a chance to see their native land again, as they have committed the usual mistake of carrying with them in their flight some of the most costly state treasures and all the available public funds. It is not likely that the Chinese of this generation will be able to develop the habit of prosecution only according to due process of law.

Kang Yue-Wei, a former councillor to the late Emperor Kwangsu, the man who wrote the famous reform edicts of the emperor in 1898, is a frequent visitor to Kobe. Kang is the president of the Chinese Empire Reform association and now in Penang, a city in the Straits Settlements.

Plans Being Projected. Are they there with a purpose? Yes, they are planning to make the weak China a strong one, according to their theories and plans. What they will do at any moment may never be known until they are given the chance to try it. They will probably have a good chance in the next few years when the feelings of reaction come, when the ignorant mass will condemn the hard theories and unsettled conditions that usually appear after a great change, when the money invested in the new enterprises will not yet be ready to yield any return, but require more of itself to upkeep its usefulness and to prevent failure.

Of course, no one of the political factors there seen would admit that they are there for any other purpose than by chance. Liang Chi Tsao is so secluded himself that he refuses to see even his personal friends of former days.

The general feeling of the Chinese at home and abroad is against the Chinese Empire Reform association today. Ten years ago it was considered by the modernized Chinese a crime in not being a reformer if one was a resident in a foreign country or in a concession not within the imperial Chinese jurisdiction. At the beginning the object of the reform association was to protest against the imprisonment of Emperor Kwangsu by the empress dowager and to overthrow the Manchu dynasty at the first opportunity. Today the reform association is working for a constitutional monarchy, as it believes the Chinese people are not yet ready for the republican form of government now coming to be. The reformers are not at all unwise in what they believe unless the present leaders of the republican party can see a way through to better the education of the great mass in their rights and privileges, their duty and responsibility.

Many Favor Constitutional Monarchy. Some of the more intelligent Chinese still at heart believe in the wisdom of having a constitutional monarch as the figurehead of the government. The step from an absolute imperial monarchy to the sovereignty of the people is too high to ascend, according to some. The Chinese people of today, however, are not yet ready to have a society where opinions may exist. Not only at home but abroad, political per-

secutions are still in progress. A few weeks ago the members of a brotherhood society in Honolulu sent a petition back to the government at Canton urging the prosecution of the officers and some active members of the reform association, 60 in all, if they should return to Kwangtung. These 60 reformers did not entertain the idea that the Canton officials will act according to the civilized laws, and, therefore, they informed the provisional president, Yuen, and the premier, Tong Shao-Yi, at Peking of the conduct of the Honolulu revolutionists.

As they and all the better educated Chinese would expect, the reply from the Canton officials was favorable and comfortable to the reformers. The Canton officials did not even take notice of what has taken place in Honolulu, as they have long prepared to meet the attack and misrepresentation of the ignorant, loyal mass whose over-enthusiasm does more harm than good to the reconstruction and unification of China.

The Chinese Empire Reform association has lost nearly the number and faith of its members, not through its unpopular political platform, but because of its unwise methods used to bind the followers together. Its leader, Kang, thought his followers could be more united by business ties than through a common belief. He therefore organized corporations in China, Mexico, and other countries to promote mining, banking, publishing, and a dozen other enterprises. Through mismanagement and dishonesty of the managers, all these enterprises have failed.

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AILING CHILDREN BURDEN SCHOOLS

Expert Says 75 Per Cent of Pupils in Schools Need Medical Attention.

(Salem Bureau of The Journal.) Salem, Or., Aug. 13.—Of the 20,000-000 school children in this country, not less than 75 per cent "need attention today for physical defects which are prejudicial to health and which are partially or completely remediable."

This is the finding of Dr. Thomas D. Wood, professor of physical education in the teachers' college, Columbia university, New York, and published for free distribution by the United States bureau of education. State School Superintendent Alderman is in receipt of a communication showing the following conclusions of Dr. Wood:

"From 1 1/2 to 2 per cent, or 400,000, of these have organic heart disease. "Probably 5 per cent, 1,000,000 at least, have or have had tuberculosis of the lungs.

"About 5 per cent, or 1,000,000, have spinal curvature, flat foot, or some other moderate deformity serious enough to interfere to some degree with health.

"Over 5 per cent have defective hearing. "About 25 per cent, or 5,000,000, have defective vision.

"About 25 per cent are suffering from malnutrition, in many cases due in part at least to one or more of the other defects enumerated.

"Over 30 per cent, or 6,000,000, have enlarged tonsils, adenoids, or enlarged cervical glands which need attention.

"Over 50 per cent, or 10,000,000 (in some schools as high as 98 per cent), have defective teeth which are interfering with health.

"Several millions of the children possess each, two or more of the handicapping defects.

"About 100 cities in the United States have as many different kinds of organizations for the care of health in the schools.

"The most important of all our natural resources is the health of the people. The most valuable asset in our capital of national vitality is the health of the children."

BANKER STUDIES NEWBERG DISTRICT

W. S. Wharton Spends Three Weeks Visiting Homes of Producers.

(Special to The Journal.) Newberg, Or., Aug. 13.—W. S. Wharton, president of the First National bank of Newberg, improved his vacation in a rather unusual way. For three weeks he rode over the country adjacent to Newberg and came in personal contact with the farmers, the apple growers, the berry growers and the men who produce vegetables.

He came here only a few months ago and took this method to learn conditions at first hand. The story of his observations occupies nearly seven columns of a local paper and it is peculiarly interesting.

Mr. Wharton insists that this locality is especially adapted to intensive farming in small tracts. He says that this is, first of all, an ideal section for Italian prunes. He found the orchardists enthusiastic in this respect. Land at \$200 to \$300 an acre cannot longer be devoted to grain growing to advantage. He found that there are now some 2000 acres planted to prunes in this vicinity, that the normal crop is about 60 carloads of the dried product and that the prune trees find here the most favorable conditions.

Apple orchards conducted on scientific principles are found to be exciting an increased interest. Mr. Wharton is convinced that in a few years this industry will equal in results and in character and quality of fruit any portion of the country. Strawberries he found to be a "debt raiser" and the acreage rapidly extending. He is especially enthusiastic in regard to loganberries and proposes to engage in the business more extensively.

In this vicinity is the largest English walnut orchard in the world. It is said, and the area given to orchards is being extended with the most satisfactory results.

In closing his review of the situation Mr. Wharton says that the need of a commission house here for the handling of fruit and vegetables is imperative and should no longer be neglected. Another necessity is a cold storage plant. By a combination of the producers and the business men of Newberg he says that these needs can be supplied.

AWARD IMPROVEMENT CONTRACTS AT WEISER

(Special to The Journal.) Weiser, Idaho, Aug. 13.—The city council has rejected all bids made for paving the streets of Weiser. The sidewalk contract was let to the Reliance Construction company of Portland for \$117,830; that for the waterworks to Bird Mendenhall of Salt Lake City, for \$63,984, and the sewer work to G. A. Heman of St. Louis, for \$52,727.

Journal Want Ads bring results.

ALTERATIONS BEGIN TOMORROW

It will not be long now until all appearances of the old STEINBACH store will be materially changed that you will scarcely recognize it. In order to make these changes there are scores and scores of articles that we must sacrifice quickly. Below are a few. The first five items are for SPECIAL TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY SELLING.

- MEN'S SHIRTS—A very large stock of regular \$1.50 grade that we offer at... **65c**
- MEN'S SILK HOSIERY—Very fine grades. The kind that Steinbach sold for \$1.25. Pick at... **50c**
- 150 BOYS' KNICKERBOCKER SUITS—All have been cut in half exactly. To \$15. The \$5.00 grade at... **\$2.50**
- LADIES' WAISTS—We have placed all the Steinbach Waists on sale. Greatly reduced. \$2.30 to... **65c**
- FANCY VESTS FOR MEN—A wide range for your selection. Take your pick of the best for... **65c**
- BOYS' LONG PANTS—We have put them all in one lot. They have been reduced to only **1/3**

SCORES OF OTHER SPECIALS

NOTE THESE PRICES

ON ROGERS-PEET, BROKAW BROS., HORNTAL, BENJAMIN-RHEIM, MICHAEL-STERN AND STRATFORD SYSTEM CLOTHING. The most wonderful price reductions ever made in this city.

- \$35 SUITS FOR... **\$17.35**
- \$25 SUITS FOR... **\$12.35**
- \$18 SUITS FOR... **\$8.65**
- \$30 SUITS FOR... **\$14.85**
- \$22.50 SUITS FOR... **\$11.15**
- \$15 SUITS FOR... **\$7.35**
- \$27.50 SUITS FOR... **\$13.45**
- \$20 SUITS FOR... **\$9.85**

And Then Look at These Prices

- \$5.00 Youman's Derby Hats... **\$3.45**
- \$9.00 Youman's Silk Hats... **\$5.95**
- Straw Hats, broken lots... **45c**
- 50c Boys' Caps... **15c**
- Adler's Tryon Gloves, \$1.50 at... **\$1.10**
- Hansen's Auto Gloves, \$3 at... **\$2.15**
- E. & W. White Dress Shirts... **\$1.25**
- E. & W. Collars (linen), two for... **25c**
- \$2 Negligee Shirts, with collar... **\$1.15**
- \$1.50 Steinbach Shirts... **85c**
- Rough Neck Sweaters, \$8 for... **\$5.15**
- Pongee Silk Night Shirts... **\$2.45**
- Madras Night Shirts, \$2.50 at... **95c**
- Linen Health Underwear, \$6.50 at... **\$1.85**
- MEN'S EXTRA TROUSERS—All Reduced.
- \$3.50 grade now only... **\$1.95**
- \$5.00 grade now only... **\$3.15**
- \$6.50 grade now only... **\$3.85**
- \$8.00 grade now only... **\$4.85**
- \$10 grade now only... **\$6.85**
- Boys' Wash Suits to \$1.00... **35c**
- Boys' Wash Suits to \$2... **65c**
- Boys' Wash Suits to \$3... **\$1.15**
- Boys' Wash Suits to \$4... **\$1.65**
- Boys' Wash Suits to \$5... **\$1.95**
- Russian and Sailor Suits... **\$1.95**
- Russian and Sailor Suits... **\$2.95**
- Russian and Sailor Suits... **\$3.95**
- Russian and Sailor Suits... **\$4.85**
- \$1.50 Men's Holeproof... **95c**
- \$2.00 Men's Holeproof... **\$1.35**
- \$3.00 Men's Holeproof... **\$1.95**
- Rogers-Peet Full Dress Suits... **\$37.50**
- Rogers-Peet Full Dress Suits... **\$28.50**
- Norfolk Suits, 2 pair pants... **\$3.35**
- G. & M. Underwear, \$2.50 grade... **\$1.15**
- Cooper Springneedle Underclothes... **85c**
- 1912 College Brand Suits... **\$13.85**
- English Covert Topcoats... **\$5.45**
- Young Men's Two-Piece Suits... **\$4.85**

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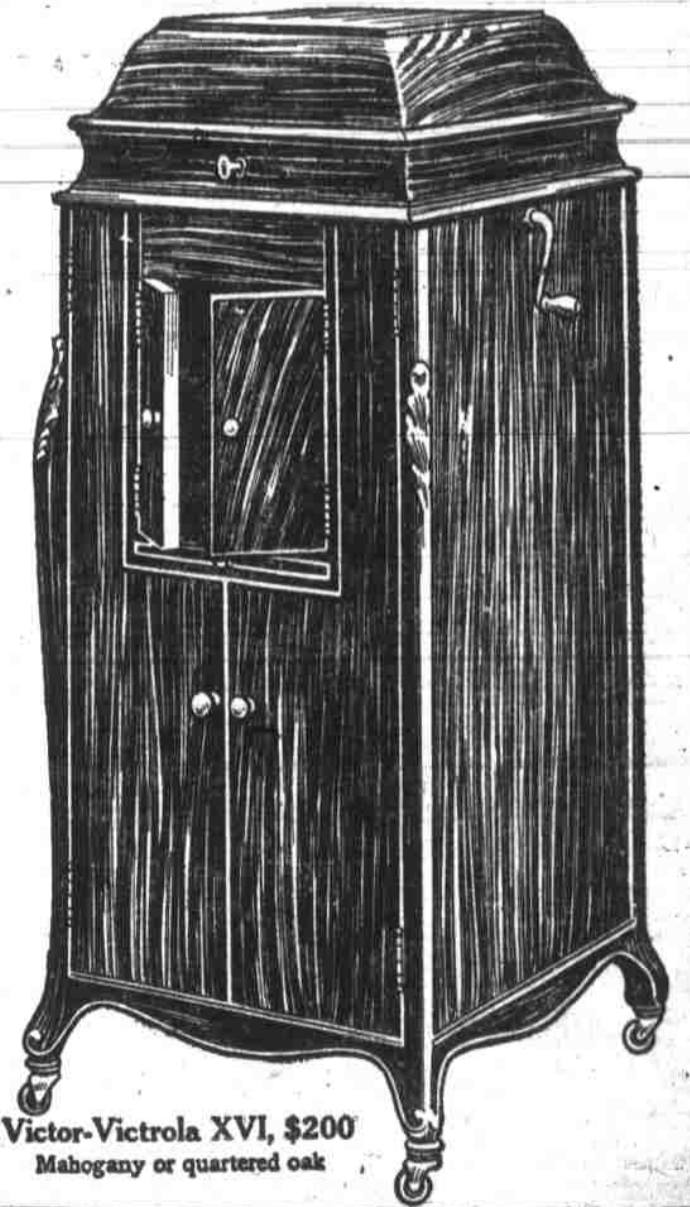
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