

Fair tonight and Sunday; rising temperature; southwest winds.

8 A. M. Today.

Table with 2 columns: Location (Astoria, Seaside, etc.) and Temperature.

JAPAN'S EMPEROR SICK TO DEATH IN PALACE AT TOKIO

Family Has Been Summoned to Be in Attendance at the Passing Away of Ruler, Which is Expected Soon.

PRAYERS OFFERED IN BUDDHIST TEMPLES

Mikado Collapsed Friday While Conversing With the Empress.

(United Press Leased Wire.) Tokio, July 20.—Official admission was made today that the health of Emperor Mutsuhito is rapidly failing, and that his death is probably only a question of a short time.

The mikado is seriously ill of both stomach and brain trouble, and all public and private audiences have been stopped. His condition is more serious than at any other time since his illness began.

Warned that the mikado is sinking steadily, members of the Japanese royal family are hastening to the bedside of the dying ruler. All members of the cabinet and other important government officers are assembled at the palace. The public has been warned that death may come at any time and the streets are crowded with anxious throngs. The whole city is quiet and sad.

According to a bulletin issued tonight, the mikado's temperature is 105, pulse 104 and respiration 38.

Prince Katsura has been advised of the mikado's condition and is expected to reach Tokio quickly. It is believed if the emperor dies Katsura will become premier again.

The sudden change for the worse occurred Friday night, when the mikado abruptly collapsed while conversing with the empress. Court physicians were summoned, and the empress remained all night at her husband's bedside.

Today religious services were held throughout the country for the emperor's recovery, the special services in the Buddhist temples here and at Kioto being especially impressive.

The wife of the heir to the throne, Prince Yoshihito, is representing him at the palace in his absence, and keeps acquainted with his father's condition by telephone.

Mutsu-Hito-Tenno is the 121st emperor of his time, which dates back 2555 years—the oldest dynasty in the world. The emperor is of pleasing address, nearly six feet tall, broad and muscular, of courtly bearing and intellectual appearance.

According to a Japanese legend, Mutsu Hito is the direct descendant of Ginnu, the divine conqueror, who "descended from heaven on the white bird of the clouds." Ginnu, says the legend, conquered the Ainu, a warlike race, whose descendants still live in the northern part of Japan. Having settled with them, he styled himself "Tenno," or "the son of heaven," and founded the present dynasty in 660 B. C.

WESTERN FEDERATION OF MINERS WILL TRY NATIONAL OFFICIALS

Charges of Misuse of Funds and Corruption Will Be Heard Secretly.

(United Press Leased Wire.) Cripple Creek, Colo., July 20.—With the delegates sitting behind closed doors as a committee of the whole, the trial of the national officials of the Western Federation of Miners began before the convention here today. The main charges to be tried are those brought against President Charles H. Moyer and others, by Thomas Campbell of Butte, who represents Vincent St. John, Moyer's opponent for president during the recent campaign.

Campbell, who is not a delegate in the convention and who is himself on trial by special request of President Moyer, charges misuse of funds and general corruption on the part of Moyer and the other officers.

Owing to the executive character of the sessions no direct information regarding the progress of the trial was obtainable today but it is expected that President Moyer and his associates will win out.

Yesterday E. C. McHugh of Lead, S. D., presented to the convention a proposition offering the federation a one half interest in the property adjoining the Homestake mine. McHugh wishes to get the endorsement of the federation in order to break the lockout which the Homestake mine has declared against the miners' union and to avenge an old grudge which he holds against the Homestake interests. The Homestake mine is the property of the Hearst estate.

McHugh offered to pay the expenses of an investigation into his offer, and to finance any proposition which the federation might suggest. The convention voted to investigate the matter.

Rivers and Harbors Bill Up to Taft. (Washington Bureau of the Journal.) Washington, July 20.—The rivers and harbors appropriation bill is now up to the president for approval. The house, late yesterday approved the conference committee report.

Clubwoman Cleared of Murder Charge Sobs Out Her Thanks to Judge and Jury

Mrs. Rene Bacon Morrow, prominent writer and Chicago society woman, who was acquitted of the murder of her husband, Charles B. Morrow (below), who was found shot to death on the porch of his home. Mrs. Morrow maintained that her husband killed himself.



JOY OVER FAVORABLE VERDICT CAUSES HER TO EMBRACE LAWYER

Murdered Body of Husband Found Last December on Back Porch of Home.

(United Press Leased Wire.) Chicago, July 20.—Acquitted by a jury of the charge of killing her husband, Mrs. Rene B. Morrow is in seclusion at the home of church friends. When the verdict was brought in Mrs. Morrow threw her arms about the neck of her attorney with a cry of joy, and then wept violently, sobbing her thanks to judge, jury and friends. She was led from the courtroom by fellow clubwomen.

The frozen body of Charles B. Morrow, an inventor, was found on the back porch of his Chicago home December 28, 1911, with a bullet in his head and another bullet in his heart. Mrs. Morrow was arrested while search was made for an automobile salesman, said to have been the "star boarder" in the Morrow home. Morrow was said to have found his wife and the salesman in a compromising position the day before the tragedy.

Cuthbert D. Potts, a friend of the dead man, told the police that Morrow's domestic life was very unhappy; that Mrs. Morrow forced her husband to sleep in a disused kitchen and that a short time before the tragedy she had secured the deed of the house, chasing Morrow out of the house with a butcher knife when he demanded the return of the deed. Morrow had lost his fortune and gone through bankruptcy, after which Attorney Potts averred there was no more peace in his household for Morrow.

Mrs. Morrow was released on \$40,000 bail, but was later surrendered by her bondsmen. Then the Chicago clubwomen came to her rescue and did all in their power for her aid. Mrs. Morrow denied the murder and declared her husband was a suicide. She is known as a writer and poet, all of her productions having a religious turn.

ASHLAND ENGINEER IS KILLED IN S. P. WRECK

(Special to The Journal.) Ashland, Or., July 20.—Guy C. Dunbar of this city, an engineer, employed by the Southern Pacific company, is dead as the result of a wreck in the vicinity of Dorris, on the line from Weed, Cal., to Klamath Falls. The locomotive turned over. Fireman Selby escaped without injury. It is stated here today that burial will take place at Sacramento, under the direction of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

SUFFRAGETTES WILL GIVE NO INFORMATION

(United Press Leased Wire.) London, July 20.—The suffragettes are today joining in the campaign against the new national health insurance law. A resolution adopted by the Women's Freedom league provides that the "insurance act be resisted to the utmost, and that the general secretary be instructed to make it known that the Women's Freedom league intends to resist the act because women, as women, have not been consulted in the matter, and representatives of women have not passed upon the measure." The league will refuse to give the government any information regarding its employees, nor pay any contributions to the insurance fund on their behalf. Individual members are expected to make similar refusal, even if threatened with arrest and prosecution.

NORTHWEST WHEAT CROP IS 74,000,000 BUSHELS FOR 1912

Gain Over 1911 Is More Than 7,000,000; Of the Three States, Oregon Is Showing the Greatest Gain.

SMALLER IDAHO ACREAGE LESSENS TOTAL BUSHELS

Light Land Yields in Oregon and Washington Mean Banner Year.

Recapitulation table showing bushels for Oregon, Washington, Idaho, and Northwest total for 1912 and 1911.

By Hyman H. Cohen. Oregon will finish the 1912 grain season with the top showing of the United States as regards both condition and average yield per acre.

While the entire Pacific Northwest has unusually favorable grain crop prospects this season, it is the Oregon fields that capture all the prizes. Its condition of crop continuing better than 102 per cent right to the end of the season, has created unusually favorable mention throughout the country. Its quality will be No. 1 for each of the cereals. Both Idaho and Washington, too, have most excellent cereal crops this season. The showing by the Oregon field, however, being something extraordinary, comes from a combination of climatic conditions, soil conditions and general good farming. During the real growing season better weather could not have been made to order.

Washington Grows 40,000,000. About 74,000,000 bushels of wheat was produced by the fields of the Pacific Northwest during the current season. Washington retains the lead so far as aggregate is concerned. The wheat crop in Washington this season is approximately 38,200,000 bushels, an increase of about 1,200,000 bushels over a year ago. Oregon this season has 24,500,000 bush.

(Continued on Page Fifteen.)

EARTHQUAKE SHOCKS TERRORIZE MEXICANS

(United Press Leased Wire.) Guadaluajara, Mex., July 20.—Panic stricken as a result of the most terrific earthquake shocks which this city has felt since the temblors began several months ago, fully 5000 persons have left Guadaluajara today. In the last disturbance, nearly every building in the city was damaged and one whole street was destroyed. There were 23 shocks during the day. No loss of life was reported.

DEFENDERS CAMP AT CENTRALIA AND ARE IN READINESS

Three Thousand Strong, They Will Try to Keep Back 2500 Invaders Who Are Now at Montesano.

OREGON NATIONAL GUARD WILL BE WITH LATTER

Idaho Guardsmen Are Also Invaders While W. N. G. Will Help Repel.

(Special to The Journal.) Centralia, Wash., July 20.—Troop B, from Tacoma, and the remaining 11 companies of the Second Regiment N. G. W. from various cities throughout the state, together with a detachment of the signal corps, are in Centralia this morning. Immediately on arrival on a special troop train the other 11 companies were joined by Company M, the local company, and the entire regiment marched to the fair grounds where it went into camp with the regulars. With the arrival of the militia, the army of defense, commanded by Colonel George S. Young, of the Twenty-first Infantry, a soldier with 37 years' experience, has been completed, the army numbering about 3000 men.

The Oregon National Guard, about 500 strong, passed through Centralia this morning to join the army of invasion at Montesano. With the arrival of these troops the invading army, under command of Colonel L. W. V. Kennon, of the Twenty-fifth Infantry, a warrior of 25 years' experience, has also been completed.

The Idaho National Guard, 700 strong, arrived in Montesano last night and went into camp. The invading army now numbers about 2500 men.

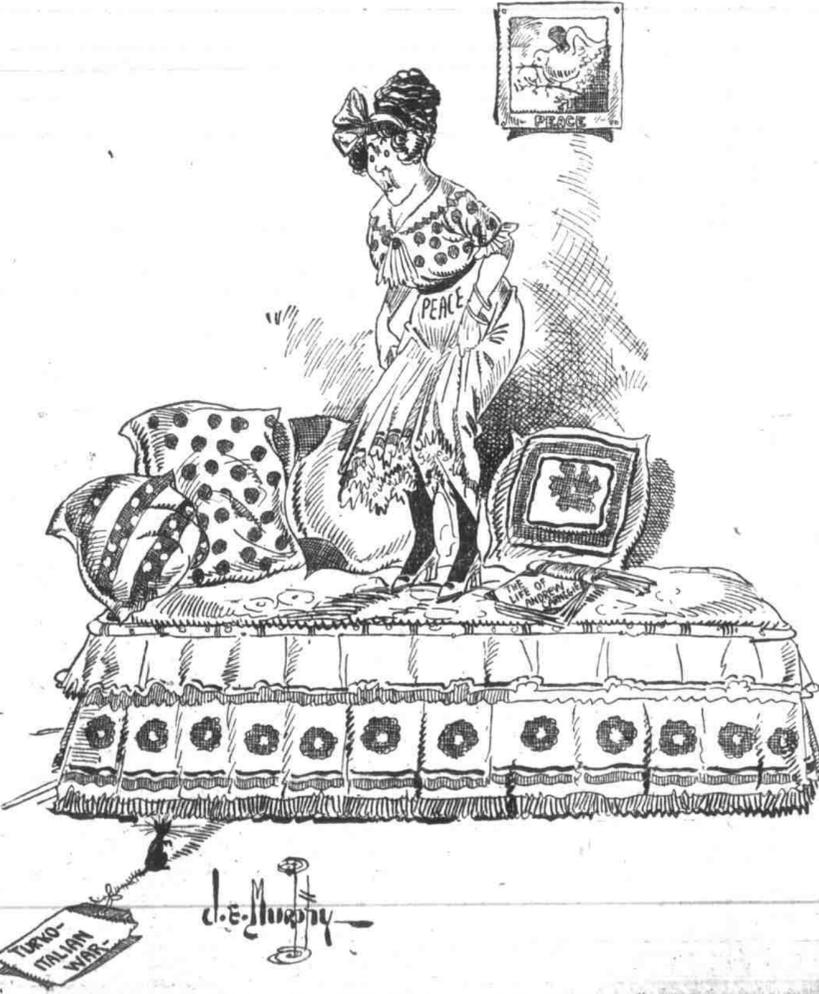
It was expected that the army of the defense would march from Centralia (Continued on Page Twelve.)

BIG CHINESE COMPANY TO DEVELOP MINING

(United Press Leased Wire.) Canton, China, July 20.—The passing of the age-old superstition against mining among the Chinese and a scheme for a tremendous mining boom all over China, are believed to be behind the organization of a \$10,000,000 company for the ostensible purpose of developing Kwangtung province's mineral resources. Hu Tse Chun, one of the richest and most progressive of Canton's native merchants, is the father of the company, a "strictly" Chinese concern.

For thousands of years the belief of the Chinese that the result of excavating is to release devils living underground has retarded mining in China, and Hu's venture leaves no doubt that the new republican government has given him assurances that it will remove prohibitive mining laws enforced by the Manchus.

A PERSISTENT CALLER



REGULAR SERVICE OVER NEW BRIDGE TO BEGIN MONDAY

New Steel Railroad Span Regarded as Marvel of Engineering Science; One of the Largest Ever Built in West.

9000 TONS OF STEEL IN HUGE STRUCTURE

Old Bridge Unsafe and Will Be Closed to Traffic Within Few Days.

The first train will cross the new railroad bridge late this afternoon. Regular passenger service will be inaugurated not later than Monday, says Assistant General Manager G. W. Boschke of the O-W R. & N.

All of today men were busy putting down the last rails and ties necessary to make the big span a link to connect the west side with two transcontinental lines, the Southern Pacific and the O-W R. & N.

The bridge is one of the largest and heaviest ever built in the world. It is 1800 feet long. Nearly 9000 tons of steel and more than 30,000 yards of concrete were used in its construction. Its cost will total \$1,725,000. It is regarded as a marvel of engineering science. Though measurements for various parts had to be distributed widely among manufacturing concerns, though the most delicate adjustments are essential to operation, all parts have been found to fit perfectly. The bridge is unique of its kind in the upper and lower decks operating separately or together, the lower deck being constructed to telescope against the upper. The old steel bridge continuously opened this morning for river traffic, yet it was found necessary only to raise the lower deck of the new bridge. This is taken as evidence that upper deck traffic when once established will not be disturbed by the opening of the draw more than two or three times a day.

Intimation that it postpones an adjustment of the rental difficulty, the city would ask extension of time in the closing of the old railroad bridge to traffic, reached Major James F. Melndoe of the government engineers corps this morning. Major Melndoe said positively that the only possible way to secure an extension is to apply to the secretary of war. The railroad will not apply for such an extension, it became known this morning, because it considers the old bridge unsafe and does not want to face the danger of damages resultant from accident on the bridge. The government also considers the bridge unsafe for transriver traffic and a serious obstacle to the river traffic because of its closeness to the new bridge.

The secretary of war requires that the old bridge be closed to traffic as soon as the new bridge is opened to traffic, that it must be entirely removed, including piers 40 feet below low water, within six months after the completion of the new bridge. It is believed six months will be required to remove the bridge.

BASEBALL MANAGER CHARGED WITH USING CHEMICAL UPON BALL

Charles Dooin of Philadelphia Nationals Must Explain Peculiar Trick.

(United Press Leased Wire.) Chicago, July 20.—Accused of putting a mysterious chemical on the ball with which to neutralize the effect of the spitball used by Pitcher Lavender of the Cubs, Manager Charles Dooin of the Philadelphia Nationals is lambasted today from the game and awaiting the outcome of an investigation. The charge was made by Frank Chance after Lavender had several times complained that there was something wrong with the ball.

Dooin had just tossed a foul ball to Lavender, when Empire Rigler examined it, put it in his pocket and summarily ordered Dooin off the field.

Lavender's fingers and lips were burned by the chemical.

FAMOUS O. A. C. HEN, "MISS CORVALLIS," AT EARLY AGE OF 29 MONTHS LAYS SELF TO DEATH

(Special to The Journal.) Oregon Agricultural College, Corvallis, Or., July 20.—"Miss Corvallis" is dead. She was only a hen, but her death has put into mourning the poultry yards of O. A. C. The dining halls do not mourn her for her 32 1/2 pounds of eggs per year were far too valuable to be eaten. Each egg was carefully marked and set under a reliable Mary Ann.

"Miss Corvallis" laid herself to death. She was No. A-123 in the pedigreed sheets and was a barred Plymouth Rock from an incubator hatch of February, 1910. All of the chicks of that brood were hatched from eggs of transported tows bred for high egg production. She laid her first egg November 12, 1910, and in the next 19 days of the month furnished 10 more eggs to the college basket. In December, she laid 22 eggs. In January 25, in February 19 and in March 26. In April she laid 23 eggs and was broody two days. Then she laid continually to the middle of June, when for six days she insisted on sitting. She had but two more

THREATS TO KILL FOLLOW EFFORTS TO SOLVE CRIME

Prosecution of Rosenthal Assassins to Be Driven to the Limit by District Attorney Whitman.

OTHER MURDERS ARE EXPECTED BY OFFICERS

Police Think Gamblers Killed Rosenthal for "Squealing" on Them.

(United Press Leased Wire.) New York, July 20.—District Attorney Whitman and others active in running down the assassins of Herman Rosenthal, the gambler who was killed, it is suspected by the police, for "squealing" were notified today by anonymous letters that if their efforts to ferret out the mystery do not stop them, too, will be assassinated.

Despite this, Whitman declared today that the men who killed Rosenthal are known and that he will never quit the trail until they are run down and punished. There is no doubt that the underworld is determined to go to any length to stop the inquiry, and grave fears are felt that other killings are planned.

District Attorney Whitman admits that threats to kill him have been received since the arrest of William Shapiro, owner of the taxi cab which carried Rosenthal's assassins. He believes that it was not little gamblers who caused Rosenthal's murder, but that it was carried out simply to strike terror to the hearts of others expected to give information of the reign of crime. He asserts flatly that the shadow of the police is over the assassins.

Whitman's detectives are investigating everyone connected in any way with the Rosenthal murder. Lieutenant Becker, who has been connected with the killing in remote ways and who is known to have been an intimate of the dead gambler, is still on duty at police headquarters. Commissioner Waldo refuses to remove him until formal charges are filed.

FIVE FIREMEN COOKED WHEN ITALIAN SHIP'S STEAM PIPES BURST

Twenty-two Members of Crew Burned by Escaping Steam; Ship Arrives in New York.

(United Press Leased Wire.) New York, July 20.—With a gruesome story of five firemen cooked to death beneath her decks, the Italian liner Principe de Piemonte arrived in port here today. On Wednesday the steamship leading from the liner's port engine to her main boilers burst, trapping six firemen below the decks in a compartment filled with steam.

Five of the firemen were cooked to death and one was rescued alive. Other members of the crew to the number of 22 were slightly burned before they managed to escape to the decks above.

Immediately after the accident Captain Domeniconi dashed into the engine room, calling for volunteers. Every member of the engine room force responded promptly. The captain and the chief engineer led the rescuers. There was no panic on board.

STENOGRAPHER KILLED GIRL WHEN LOVE DIED

(United Press Leased Wire.) Denver, Colo., July 20.—That he shot Georgiana Lichtenwaller, his 19-year-old fellow stenographer, because he felt her passion for him growing cold, was the statement made today by Eugene Miller. Miller shot the girl four times after luring her to a vacant lot. Because she refused to elope with him when she learned he was a married man.

Miss Lichtenwaller, it was stated today, probably will recover. One bullet was embedded in her neck and two in the skull, but her brain was not touched.