

REPUBLICANS NAME TAFT AND SHERMAN ON FIRST BALLOT

President and Vice President
Chosen as Party Standard
Bearers for 1912 Campaign
by National Body.

(Continued From Page One.)

Secretary, Taft was prominently the best candidate.

"I have no bitter criticism of those who aspire to be president, but I see the party of Republican success behind me, and to continue that proud record who is there in our party."

Cries of "Teddy" came from all over the hall, but Butler shook his head, good humoredly, continuing his laudation of Taft.

Butler concluded, and there was another small demonstration.

Then came M. E. Oelrich of Madison, Wis., to nominate Senator Robert M. La Follette of Wisconsin.

The speaker, whose platform appearance was suggestive of the man he was nominating, was given a goodly ovation, his home state leading with Wisconsin's battle cry.

Senator William O. Bradley of Kentucky, who was to have seconded the nomination of Pres. Taft, arose from a sick bed and against his physician's orders, determined to deliver his speech. He had not been on the platform more than a few minutes, however, when he became so ill that he was forced to return to his hotel.

The regular is suffering from intestinal trouble.

All Jots in Protest.

In the middle of Oelrich's speech someone lowered from the narrow aisle that spanned the top of the convention hall a red, white and blue pennant, on the end of which was pinned a picture of President Taft. The banner was lowered over, and in front of the Wisconsin delegates. The galleries and delegates joined at once in a mighty shout of protest. There were hisses and shouts of "Shame!" that forced the speaker to stop his address. Chairman Root pounded for order, yelling to the galleries to keep quiet, while the agent-at-arms ordered deputies to attempt the difficult job of lowering the banner.

They were unsuccessful and it remained suspended throughout Oelrich's speech.

Nomination Withheld.

Chairman Root following the seconding of La Follette's nomination in a brief speech by Robert M. Pollock, of North Dakota, announced that owing to the lateness of the hour, the Iowa delegation had decided to withhold the nomination of its favorite son, Senator Cummins.

Root then started the roll call. California again reported 24 delegates not voting when her turn was reached in the roll call. It was the plan of action decided on by the Roosevelt forces. The vote was received with a shout of applause from the Roosevelt supporters.

The first time that mention was made of Theodore Roosevelt in connection with the nomination vote was when Illinois was reported.

Governor Deneen, spokesman for his colleagues, announced that many of the Illinois delegates felt bound, under the state primary law, to cast their votes for Roosevelt, regardless of any action taken by the delegates and despite the fact that the ex-president was not formally in nomination.

During the roll call of Massachusetts, where the vote was challenged, and an individual called demanded, Chairman Root said that where a delegate abided by the Roosevelt plan of alliance and refused to vote, the alternate should be called, and given an opportunity to vote.

Root loses his temper.

When the reading clerk failed to comprehend the chairman's order—an innovation—Root lost his temper for the first time during the convention, and, striding to the front of the platform, pointed his gavel at the Massachusetts delegation and in a voice quivering with anger, said:

"When a delegate from the state of Massachusetts elected to this convention for the purpose of representing the Republican voters of that state refuses to perform the functions of the high office with which he has been honored, the chair will see that the name of the alternate is called in an effort to register the will of the voters."

The ruling of the chairman was greeted with boos and hisses, and in a moment the uproar had spread throughout the convention hall. The Roosevelt faction of the Massachusetts delegation climbed on their chairs and refused to be quiet. In a moment they were in conflict with the Taft delegates from their own state and the altercation became so heated that the sergeant at arms dispatched several police to the scene to take care of a possible conflict. Order was finally restored.

Protest Finally Root.

When order had been restored, Frederick Fiedick, delegate at large, arose and demanded to know why discrimination was being practiced against Massachusetts, claiming that delegates from other states had been allowed to be recorded as not voting. Chairman Root replied that no discrimination was to be practiced against Massachusetts, but that as certain members of that delegation had not replied at all when their name was called he had ordered the names were called in an effort to register the will of the voters.

Fiedick then inquired if a reply of "present" would be considered sufficient by the chair, and Root replied that it would not. Fiedick stood belligerent.

Vote For President and Vice President

VOTE FOR PRESIDENT.

Alabama—Taft 22; not voting 2.
Arkansas—Taft 17; not voting 1.
California—Taft 21; not voting 24.
Colorado—Taft 14.
Connecticut—Taft 14.
Delaware—Taft 6.
Florida—Taft 12.
Georgia—Taft 20.
Idaho—Taft 1; Cummins 7.
Iowa—Taft 12; Cummins 10.
Indiana—Taft 20; Roosevelt 2; not voting 7.
Illinois—Taft 21; Roosevelt 22; not voting 1; absent 2.
Kansas—Taft 2; Roosevelt 12.
Kentucky—Taft 24; Roosevelt 2.
Louisiana—Taft 20.
Maine—Not voting 12.
Maryland—Taft 1; Roosevelt 0; not voting 2; absent 1.
Massachusetts—Taft 20; 10 not voting.
Michigan—Taft 20; Roosevelt 2; not voting 2.
Minnesota—Taft 24 not voting.
Mississippi—Taft 17; 3 not voting.
Missouri—Taft 16; not voting 20.
Montana—Taft 2.
Nebraska—Roosevelt 2; 14 not voting.
Nevada—Taft 4.
New Hampshire—Taft 2.
New Jersey—Roosevelt 2; 20 not voting.
New Mexico—Taft 7; Roosevelt 1.
New York—Taft 70; Roosevelt 8; not voting 6.
North Carolina—Taft 1; Roosevelt 1; not voting 21.
North Dakota—La Follette 10.
Ohio—Taft 14; not voting 34.
Oklahoma—Taft 4; Roosevelt 1; not voting 10.
Oregon—Roosevelt 8; not voting 2.
Pennsylvania—Taft 2; Roosevelt 2.
Rhode Island—Taft 10.
South Carolina—Taft 10; not voting 1; absent 1.
South Dakota—Roosevelt 5; La Follette 5.
Tennessee—Taft 20; Roosevelt 1.
Texas—Taft 21; 2 not voting; 1 absent.
Utah—Taft 2.
Vermont—Taft 6; not voting 2.
Virginia—Taft 20; not voting 1; absent 1.
Washington—Taft 14.
West Virginia—10 not voting.
Wisconsin—La Follette 20.
Wyoming—Taft 6.
Alaska—Taft 2.
District of Columbia—Taft 2.
Hawaii—Taft 2.
Philippines—Taft 2.
Puerto Rico—Taft 2.

TOTALS.

Taft 541
Roosevelt 61
La Follette 47
Cummins 17
Hughes 2
Absent 71

ently in the aisle as the Massachusetts roll was again called. William F. Finn and Senator Clapp of Minnesota, two Roosevelt leaders, hurried to his side.

Alternate Votes for Taft.

When Fiedick's name was called, he shouted for the third time, "Present, but not voting." Root then ordered the name of the alternate, Frank Vogel, to be called, and the latter voted Taft.

"I appeal from the decision of the chair," yelled Fiedick, white with rage, advancing down the aisle.

Root paid attention to the white-haired delegate until he forced a suggestion by his yell for an appeal, when the chairman explained that an appeal could not be taken, until after completion of the presidential ballot.

Shouts Out Defiance.

"I defy this convention to force me to vote for any man," yelled Fiedick in a tone of defiance.

Root ordered that the votes recorded by alternates in the balloting on Massachusetts should be recorded separately from those cast by the delegates in order that, if the chair was overruled on appeal by Fiedick from his declaration of the presidential choice, could be preserved. He asserted that he would announce at first only the votes of the delegates.

When the Oregon roll was challenged and a roll call started, Charles W. Ackerson of Portland, the first delegate called, refused to vote. The clerk started to call the second name, and Chairman Root angrily demanded that the alternate for Ackerson be called. The reading clerk stammered and looked puzzled. "Why don't you call the alternate?" shouted Root angrily.

"Ain't Any," Says Clerk.

"Because there ain't any," replied the clerk, equally rattled.

On investigation the permanent roll of the convention showed all blank spaces in the place allotted to the Oregon alternates.

Root smiled at his predicament, and the roll call continued.

Justice Charles Evans Hughes appeared on the presidential ballot list when Pennsylvania's delegation was called. Two votes were cast for the associate justice of the supreme court of the United States.

Riot of Applause.

Even before the result was announced delegates who had kept check on the ballot set up a mighty shout. A band in the passageway played something nobody knew what—as the music was drowned out by the applause.

Upon the speaker's platform the red banner bearing Taft's picture, which figured in the demonstration earlier in the evening was once again unfurled, and swung before the Taft supporters.

Meanwhile the delegates nearly all stood on their chairs awaiting announcement of the official vote.

The actual demonstration of triumph by the Taft cohorts did not come until Secretary Gleason announced this. Then it was that the victorious delegations leaped to their feet and voiced their joy in wildest enthusiasm.

Frederick Fiedick, the Massachusetts delegate, who tied up the roll call to appeal from Root's decision permitting alternates to be called when delegates announced themselves "present," but not voting. It was noted that no one voted to make Taft's nomination unanimous.

Delegate Wadsworth of New York called Chairman Root's attention to the omission of this usual tribute to the

VOTE FOR VICE PRESIDENT.

Alabama—Sherman 22; not voting 2.
Arkansas—Sherman 16.
California—Sherman 21; not voting 24.
Colorado—Sherman 12.
Connecticut—Sherman 14.
Delaware—Sherman 6.
Florida—Sherman 12.
Georgia—Sherman 20.
Idaho—Madley 6.
Iowa—Sherman 10; not voting 17; absent 20; Edward Gillette 1.
Indiana—Sherman 21; not voting 7.
Illinois—Sherman 21.
Kansas—Sherman 10; not voting 10.
Kentucky—Sherman 20.
Louisiana—Sherman 20.
Maine—Absent 12.
Maryland—Sherman 0; not voting 2; absent 1.
Massachusetts—Sherman 13; not voting 4; absent 14; Hadley 2.
Michigan—Sherman 20; not voting 4.
Minnesota—Taft 24.
Mississippi—Not voting 24.
Missouri—Sherman 17; not voting 16.
Montana—Taft 2.
Nebraska—Not voting 14; Beveridge 2.
Nevada—Sherman 4.
New Hampshire—Sherman 2.
New Jersey—Not voting 20.
New Mexico—Sherman 6.
New York—Sherman 87; not voting 3; absent 17.
North Carolina—Sherman 6; not voting 1; absent 17.
North Dakota—Not voting 10.
Ohio—Sherman 14; not voting 34.
Oklahoma—Sherman 4; not voting 10.
Oregon—Not voting 2; Borah 6.
Pennsylvania—Sherman 12; not voting 2.
Rhode Island—Sherman 10.
South Carolina—Sherman 10; not voting 2.
South Dakota—Not voting 10.
Tennessee—Sherman 23; not voting 1.
Texas—Sherman 21; not voting 2; absent 1.
Utah—Sherman 2.
Virginia—Sherman 22; not voting 1; absent 1.
Vermont—Sherman 6; not voting 2.
Washington—Sherman 14.
West Virginia—Not voting 16.
Wisconsin—Not voting 4; absent 2.
Wyoming—Sherman 6.
Alaska—Sherman 2.
District of Columbia—Sherman 2.
Hawaii—Sherman 2.
Philippines—Sherman 2.
Puerto Rico—Sherman 2.

TOTALS.

Sherman 897
Hadley 14
Beveridge 21
Borah 6
Beveridge 2
Charles E. Merriam 20
Not voting 352
Absent 71

leader of the party but no one made any such motion.

Meanwhile a band started up the stirring strains of the national anthem. Everybody Taft. La Follette, Roosevelt, Cummins, delegates, all joining in the applause, standing in their seats. It lasted but a few minutes, Chairman Root aiding in curtailing it by pounding for order and evidently the delegates were too tired to enquire any further. Root declared Taft formally the choice of the convention because of the presidential ballot.

Sherman Placed in Nomination.

Ex-Representative J. Van Vleet of New York, then nominated the present vice president, James Schoolcraft Sherman, to be Taft's running mate, consuming scarcely fifty words in the task.

Harry Laughlin, of Ohio, seconded Sherman's choice on behalf of Ohio. There were no other nominations—except that presented waggishly by a delegate from Pennsylvania who suggested Senator Holmes Penrose, ex-governor of the Keystone state, because he could carry his own state. Root disregarded the "nomination."

A New Hampshire delegate attempted to head off the roll call, moving to make Sherman the vice presidential choice by acclamation, but there was a mighty shout of angry protest from Wisconsin, California and Maryland delegations and Root ignored the request. As the roll call started, the noise of visitors and delegates leaving the hall practically drowned out the clerk's voice. Root begged for order, but the delegates were plainly anxious to get away and either trumped about bidding good byes or sat in knots talking over the Taft victory. The galleries were half emptied in ten minutes.

Governor Herbert S. Hadley of Missouri was named as Idaho's vice presidential candidate and received their eight votes. Illinois came next with one more scattering vote for Edward Gillette of Illinois.

Senator Root was made chairman of the committee to notify President Taft of his nomination. Thomas H. Devine, national committee man from Colorado, was named chairman of the committee to notify Vice President Sherman.

Adjournment Is Hurdled.

In quick succession then came several resolutions that were passed through in a jiffy. Down in front of the platform the few delegates remaining in the hall gathered, joking with Root and urging him to hasten adjournment along.

The usual resolutions of thanks to the city and the officers of the convention were passed. A meeting of the new national committee for Monday morning was announced. By this time the tired delegates were clamoring so loudly for adjournment that Root stopped the hurry up process of passing resolutions long enough to enforce quiet.

On motion of Delegate Estabrook of New Hampshire, the convention at 10:30 adjourned sine die.

S. P. CHARGED WITH VIOLATING TARIFF RATE

Violation of the freight tariff rates is the ground upon which the Schenck-Hair company bases a suit filed yesterday afternoon in the circuit court against the Southern Pacific Railway company to recover \$24,600. The plaintiff is a marble concern, having the marble and stone work for the new court house.

The complaint recites that between June 22, 1910, and October 20, 1910, the railway company transported stone from the "Park street" station on the Fourth street line to the court house at Main and Salmon on Fourth street. The amount of stone hauled aggregated 945 tons, for which the company charged 50 cents a ton, totaling \$472. That the regular freight tariff at that time was 40 cents a ton is the allegation of the marble works, which would make \$378.40. The difference is what the court is asked to decree in favor of the plaintiff.

A Washington inventor's swimming suit for beginners has a life preserver around the body, elastic bands to pull the legs forward and fins on the ankles that open as the feet are pushed back.

Since the beginning of phosphate mining in the United States in 1867, more than 15,000,000 tons of phosphate rock have been taken from the ground and the output is increasing yearly.

Journal Want Ads bring results.

"TIM" WOODRUFF QUITS BROOKLYN REPUBLICAN PARTY

Notifies Secretary That Because of Action of Convention, He Cannot Serve as New York Leader.

(United Press Special Wire.)
Chicago, June 22.—Early this evening Timothy Woodruff of Brooklyn sent the following letter to Richard A. Haackell,

secretary of the Kings county Republican organization.

"My Dear Sir—I hereby notify you as secretary of the Republican county and executive committee of Kings county that I cannot longer serve as the leader of the Republican organization of Brooklyn. This, after a full and complete consideration of the matter, will be explained by our fellow Republicans of the national committee, the committee on credentials, and finally by the fraudulently constituted convention whereby the destruction of the Republican party is, in my judgment, inevitable, as I told my fellow Brooklyn delegates when they arrived here after I had carefully informed myself regarding the situation, compete me to take this course. (Signed)
"TIMOTHY L. WOODRUFF."

In a gate opened to be operated from a distance that has been brought out in England, electricity is used to release a spring that does the real work, closing the gate rewinding the spring.

WILL HOLD AUTO RACES AT THE COUNTRY CLUB

It was definitely decided yesterday that automobile races would be held at the Country club Tuesday and Wednesday, July 2 and 3, and that Ted Tetzlaff, world's champion auto driver, would be among those competing. Although the races will not appear in the official program issued by the Elks, for their reunion, the races will be unofficially recognized as one of the week's attractions. Tetzlaff, who was here Friday, looked over the track and said it was in condition for high speed, cars. Besides the champion, three other drivers will compete. They will race at Tacoma during the Montanara festival and then come to Portland. It is possible that an aeroplane exhibition may be held also, although this is at present undecided.

Charley Kees, which proved popular at Pasadena during the January flower show, may be held here during this week also. Eugene Kieber, who sat on the race at Pasadena, is here, negotiating for the Country club track. The vacant store room of the one story building on the corner of Seventh and Oak streets, belonging to S. Benson, was rented by the Elks committee yesterday. The place will be fitted up as an office for Secretary McAllister and his office force. They will move in about Wednesday. They were called upon to vacate their present quarters on the fourth floor of the Elks building so carpenters can turn them and the lodge room into rest and lounge rooms for visiting Elks ladies.

A flux which makes possible the effective soldering of aluminum and aluminum alloys has been invented in Germany.

Automobile tires have been made of paper by a French inventor.

DON'T LOOK WITH LONGING EYES

At the Other Fellow's Cozy Home



The man who hesitates to furnish because he fears it is beyond his means has in all probability never heard of Edwards' credit plan.

In FORMER YEARS it was the exclusive privilege of the VERY RICH to have a beautifully furnished home. TODAY it's different.

Though you be the smallest salaried wage-earner, you are NOW able to surround your family with every pleasure and comfort that comes from living in refined and artistic surroundings—if you will only take advantage of Edwards' credit plan.

Since EDWARDS inaugurated their DIGNIFIED EASY PAYMENT PLAN, thousands of families of limited means are now enjoying the comforts and luxuries that FORMERLY belonged only to the VERY RICH.

You get A BETTER HOME from Edwards' because Edwards' furniture will stand up in usage.

You get AN EASY HOME at Edwards' because you can take YOUR OWN TIME TO PAY.

You get AN ECONOMICAL HOME because an enormous volume of business enables Edwards' to sell to you 10% to 25% less than others charge.

\$16 Axminster Rugs

For Your Biggest Room—12 Feet Long, 9 Feet Wide.

Experience in rug buying is not a necessary thing in order to secure a big rug bargain, when Edwards offers \$16 Axminster Rugs at \$16.

Large enough for your biggest room. Axminster Rugs are the standard of medium quality in rugs, as 24 karat is the gold standard of quality, or Monarch is the standard of quality in ranges. Absolutely the best value ever offered. Any number of rich Oriental designs to choose from.

\$39.75

This Solid Oak, Leather Seat, Seven-Piece Dining Room Outfit, Worth \$50.00, on Sale for \$39.75

THE ENTIRE OUTFIT ON SALE AT THE PRICE OF THE TABLE ALONE.

Six solid oak chairs with genuine leather seats and this massive solid oak extension table. Here is an offer that will make an irresistible appeal to every woman who has the beauty and comfort of her home at heart.

Every piece in this outfit is made of solid oak, extra solidly constructed and richly finished. The table has a massive pedestal and a richly finished top, which will seat a large family when opened out.

The chairs are box construction, covered with genuine leather, reinforced underneath. Have this outfit sent home at your own terms.

Mattresses, Our Own Make

Try One of Edwards' Mattresses

You will do good for yourself—getting a Mattress made by skilled day labor instead of a sweat-shop product. You will do good to the workman, as you will help to give employment in a home manufacturing plant. You will get a little better looking, a better tied and a better filled mattress than you can elsewhere. You can select your own ticking and have your mattress made to order without extra charge.

If you buy a suit of clothes and have it made to order you pay almost double the price of a ready-made Edwards' charge no more for a "made-to-order" mattress than you pay for a ready-made one elsewhere. Priced according to quality \$2.50 to \$30

AGENTS FOR Monarch Malleable Ranges

We extend credit to all

A Good Place To Trade

Edwards Co. 185-187-189-191 First St.

CARPETS! Genuine Velvet Carpet — Made, Laid and Lined FREE Yard 99c

AT A BIG SAVING

In a variety of beautiful designs suitable for your hall, stairs, living room, dining room or bedroom. Colors that appeal to your eye, patterns that appeal to your fancy at a price that is sure to appeal to your purse. All in credit you want at the sale price, 99c.

\$15.98 Buys a Good Refrigerator

The old style way of doing business was to get the very cheapest, poorest refrigerators possible and advertise them in large type at, say \$7.98. Many people would come expecting to get something they could use, and nearly all would go away disappointed.

Our plan is to advertise medium goods, such as the average family of moderate means can afford. Therefore we say that our refrigerator at \$15.98 is a very good one for the money and we would like to have you look at it before you buy. If you see one advertised some place for eight or nine dollars don't get the idea that it is the same as ours. We have cheap ones, too.

Complete Assortment and All Prices Reduced

No. Burners Price Sale No. Burners Price Sale

A 2 \$2.25 \$1.85 33 3 \$4.50 \$3.60

A 3 \$3.75 \$2.95 39 3 \$5.50 \$4.40

20 2 \$3.00 \$2.40 72 2 \$5.25 \$4.25

30 2 \$4.25 \$3.45 3A 3 \$6.50 \$5.20

Mattresses Made Over and Returned the Same Day \$2.50

Bayocean

ALL THE BOY NEEDS is to be treated as a boy. Give him the light, tell him the truth, show him the way, let him be outdoors.

A vacation close to nature will make a lasting impression. The environments here are ideal from his viewpoint and from yours.

Bayocean is a vacation resort for boys and girls, located on the coast of Oregon. It is a place where boys and girls can enjoy the outdoors, the sea, and the sun. It is a place where they can learn to swim, to sail, and to fish. It is a place where they can make friends and have fun.

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