

TEXTILE STRIKE ENDS; OPERATIVES GAIN ALL POINTS

Sub-Committee of Unionists Accepts Wage Increase Offered by President of American Woolen Company.

20 PER CENT RAISE WILL BE GRANTED TO MANY

Terms Probably Will Be Applied to Entire Industry in Northeast.

(United Press Leased Wire.) Lawrence, Mass., March 12.—The end of the great strike of Lawrence textile workers came at 11:30 a. m. today when the strikers' subcommittee announced they had accepted the wage increase offered by President Wood of the American Woolen company. It was announced that the strikers gained practically every point for which they contended. Detailed figures contained in the American Woolen company's offer which resulted in the end of the textile strike have just been announced.

NOTED LEADERS MAKE ELOQUENT ADDRESSES

One Says "Women, Being People," Entitled to Voice in Affairs of Country.

(United Press Leased Wire.) Washington, March 12.—Headed by the official board of the National Woman Suffrage association, 400 women today invaded the capital and addressed the house judiciary committee with Chairman Clayton presiding. Speeches were delivered by some of the most notable woman suffragists in the country, all toward the point that the franchise should be extended by act of congress to include all states. Among those who spoke were the Rev. Anna Shaw, Jane Addams, Sophonisba Breckinridge, Alice Stone Blackwell, Mary Dennett, Jane Ashley, Harriet Laidlaw, Inez Muhlolland and Mrs. William Kent, wife of the congressman from California.

Mrs. Kent declared that Lincoln believed in government by the people and that women, being people, were entitled to a voice in the country's affairs. During the session Congressman Barker of California improved the occasion to urge his suffrage bill upon the attention of the committee.

(Washington Bureau of The Journal.) The senate committee, listening to appeals of women to pass the Works bill for a constitutional amendment granting universal suffrage, was greatly impressed. Senator Bourne says the earnestness and eloquence of the women was remarkable. Representative Lafferty, who is the author of a similar bill, evoked applause in violation of the rules by saying he wished 50 women in the house and 25 in the senate. He declared "This government would be perfectly safe in placing the ballot in the hands of those who rock the cradle."

The addresses by the woman advocates themselves were the chief feature of the hearing. They are universally commended.

FOUR CHILDREN BURNED TO DEATH

(United Press Leased Wire.) Mitchell, N. D., March 12.—Four children of C. Jacques were burned to death today in a fire which destroyed the Jacques farmhouse, three miles from here. Mrs. Jacques also was severely injured.

AGAINST ADVICE OF HIS DOCTORS, LA FOLLETTE ENTERS DAKOTA FIGHT

Speeds West to State Where Candidates Are Fighting for "First Blood."

(United Press Leased Wire.) Washington, D. C., March 12.—Determined to take the stump in North Dakota Senator Robert M. La Follette, accompanied only by his wife, is speeding west today to personally get into the presidential primary fight in that state where he and Roosevelt and La Follette forces are fighting for "first blood" in the fight for the Republican presidential nomination.

La Follette, against the advice of his physicians, left here quietly last night. He is almost entirely recovered from his recent illness and his health permits him to tour Nebraska and the western states after the North Dakota fight is settled.

The Wisconsin senator charges flatly that Roosevelt broke faith with him. He declares Roosevelt sent him word by Gifford Pinchot that in no circumstances would he be a candidate, and that he would not participate actively in the campaign, but would endorse La Follette. Friends of La Follette say the Roosevelt message was delivered at a conference between Pinchot, Walter Houser, La Follette's manager, and McComick and La Follette himself.

To effect this the Roosevelt men deny that the colonel ever declared he would not enter the presidential race and assert that La Follette was never informed by them to that effect.

La Follette's determination to actively take the field in the North Dakota fight came to a head only when he learned that Roosevelt probably would stump that state. He decided then, against all medical advice, to risk his health and get actively into the fray.

SAVES BY USING BANK NOTES FOR GOLD

(United Press Leased Wire.) Berlin, March 12.—That the German government is saving money by encouraging the use of national bank notes instead of gold, is shown by a report just issued by the imperial bank. In 1909 the imperial bank filled calls for something like \$100,000,000 in gold coin. It developed that the wear and tear on gold coins amounted to many thousands of dollars, and gradually the use of bank notes was encouraged. As a result the report of 1911 shows that the use of gold coin has decreased by about 50 per cent since 1909.

400 SUFFRAGETTES INVADGE CAPITAL; PLEAD FOR BALLOT

Women From All Parts of the Country Appear Before Solons to Urge Extension of Franchise.

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FEARED SLEEPING VOLCANO UNDER PANAMA CUT

Menace to Canal; Smoke and Steam Rising

Geologist Declares That Vapors Due Only to Oxidization but Division Engineer Greatly Worried; Finds Mass of Stratified Sedimentary Rock Heated to Considerable Temperature; Holds White Pine Over One of Vents and Finds It Charred.

(United Press Leased Wire.) New York, March 12.—The statement that a sleeping volcano, dormant for many centuries, is threatening the safety of the Panama canal, is made in special reports from Colon published here today. The volcano is said to underlie the Culebra cut.

The canal commission's geologist declares that the steam and smoke are due only to the oxidization.

The fear of volcanic trouble had its origin in the fact that clouds of steam and blue smoke have been rising from newly turned earth. Every drill hole in the affected area is tested with a thermometer before dynamite is put in to prevent a premature explosion.

The division engineer's report of the phenomenon is in part as follows: "Three weeks ago I noticed that the locality described, which consisted of a stratified sedimentary rock beneath which there appeared some lignite of a low grade, was sending up a thick cloud of white steam or vapor. I examined the spot and found that the entire mass was heated to a considerable temperature."

"Steam was escaping from numerous small openings and from four principal vents. The sides of two of the vents were encrusted with white and yellow powder material, the yellow appearing to be sulphur."

"Within the last five days there has been quite a change in two important characteristics. The temperature has increased and a blue smoke, instead of steam, is now emerging from the vents. To give an idea of the temperature of the larger vent I took a piece of white pine and held it for three minutes in the mouth of the largest vent, and it was completely charred."

MESSENGER KILLS 2 TRAIN ROBBERS; 1 WITH THUG'S GUN

Ordered to Open Mail Sacks, Southern Pacific Express Man Downs First Bandit With Blow From Mallet.

GRABBING REVOLVER, HE SHOOT 2D THIEF DEAD

Engine and Cars Reattached and Train Carries Bodies to Next Station.

(United Press Leased Wire.) San Antonio, Texas, March 12.—Two bandits who attempted to rob a west-bound Southern Pacific passenger train met death near Sanderson early today at the hands of Samuel Trousdell, an express messenger. The robbers boarded the train at Dryden, covered the engineer and stopped the train.

The mail, express and baggage cars were detached, and the engineer forced to take them two miles down the track. The bandits told the engineer they would loot the express car first and then rob the passengers. One of the bandits covered the engineer and the other covered Trousdell, ordering the messenger to open the mail sacks.

Catching the bandit off guard, Messenger Trousdell seized a wooden mallet and struck the robber a terrific blow on the head, death resulting instantly. Trousdell then took the dead man's gun and when the other bandit approached, shot him dead.

The engine and cars were reattached and the train proceeded to Sanderson with the two dead robbers aboard. The express car carried not less than \$10,000 worth of valuable registered mail was in the mail car.

DICTAGRAPH TRAPPED CLARENCE DARROW?

(United Press Leased Wire.) Indianapolis, March 12.—That Clarence Darrow, chief counsel for the McNamara, indicted on a charge of bribing the McNamara jury, was trapped by the dictagraph, is the statement made here by Walter Drew, counsel for the National Erectors' association. Drew declares that the dictagraph recorded conversations between Darrow and John B. Harrington, counsel associated with Darrow, which will be used in the trials here of the alleged dynamiters. He says that a dictagraph in the room in the hotel at Los Angeles occupied by Harrington recorded conversations relative to Darrow's defense.

DESPITE EFFORTS OF DALY, CLYDE, MAGUIRE, COUNCIL ACTS ON GRANT'S MEASURE

Over the determined opposition of Councilmen Clyde, Daly and Maguire, the city council today passed an ordinance amending ordinance No. 23,544 regulating and licensing billboards. The ordinance was drafted by City Attorney Grant, who recently submitted a lengthy opinion declaring that the billboard ordinance passed by the people at the last general election is unconstitutional.

The city attorney declared today that the people's ordinance cannot be enforced and that the measure submitted by him simply corrects the defects in the initiative ordinance.

Councilmen Clyde and Maguire made the contention that the city council has no right to pass a corrective measure before the Oregon courts have been asked to decide upon the alleged invalidity of the law enacted by the people.

The corrective ordinance passed today was introduced in the council hardly more than a week ago. Councilman Daly said he could not vote on it for the reason that he had not had sufficient time in which to peruse it. He said he thought the council should refer the measure to a committee. He attempted to have the lawmakers reconsider a motion adopting the majority report of the health and police committee recommending the passage of the ordinance. His efforts proved futile. The council later passed the ordinance by a vote of 10 to 3.

'OREGON 1ST' TRAIN BEARS DOWN UPON EXPOSITION CITY

More "Booster Spirit" Added at Every Stop Through the State; Klamath Falls Citizens "Hitch on" at Weed.

EXTRAS OF NEWSPAPER ISSUED EVERY 2 HOURS

Every Member of Party Eager to Do Share in Putting Community Ahead.

(Staff Correspondence.) Aboard Oregon First Special, Dunsmuir, Cal., March 12.—With an accession of booster spirit for every stop, the "Oregon First" special swept out of Oregon into a blinding California snow storm this morning. The steady flight against storm and grade lost the train two hours but with the sudden turn from the ridge of the Sierras into the deep canyon of the Sacramento, speed was increased and delays forgotten.

A whole carload of Klamath Falls citizens hitched on to the special at Weed and the enthusiasm of the delegation was correspondingly intensified. Every member of the excursion is determined to do his or her full share in making Oregon's representation at the exposition city lead that of all other states. For this reason the "Oregon First" special is the largest excursion and heaviest train ever taken out of Portland, being exactly the length of the governor's special and carrying 225 people.

The delegations from Portland, eastern Oregon, Klamath Falls, Eugene, Astoria, and western Oregon spent the day merrily getting acquainted. L. F. Weaver served as chairman of the day and his captains, one for each car, attended to the handshaking, enough happening all day to warrant extras of the "Daily Oregon First" every two hours.

A train equipped with a newspaper, telephone, and telegraph service has proved a delightful novelty to all on board. After arrival in San Francisco today the members of the excursion will be entertained by the San Francisco

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BILLBOARD ORDINANCE IS AMENDED; PEOPLE'S MEASURE IS DEFECTIVE

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PLACED ON SUPREME BENCH



Mahlon Pitney of New Jersey.

PITNEY'S SEAT ON U. S. SUPREME COURT BENCH CONFIRMED BY SENATE

Many Protests by Labor Bodies Made Against Man From New Jersey, Named by Taft.

(United Press Leased Wire.) Washington, March 12.—Despite a flood of protests addressed to its members against the elevation of Mahlon Pitney of New Jersey to the United States supreme court the senate today confirmed his nomination by President Taft. Pitney, in many of the protests against his appointment, was alleged to have the "capitalistic mind." Bitter opposition to his selection was manifested by labor bodies from all over the United States. Pitney was confirmed by a vote of 59 to 26.

Mahlon Pitney was born at Morris-town, N. J., February 6, 1858. His father was Henry C. Pitney, vice chancellor of New Jersey. In 1879 he took the degree of A. B. at Princeton and in 1882 the degree of A. M. In 1891 he married Miss Florence T. Sheldon of Morris-town. He was admitted to the bar in 1882. In 1905 he was elected to congress and served until 1899, when he resigned. In 1891 he was president of the New Jersey senate, and following that time he was associate justice of the New Jersey supreme court for eight years. Since 1901 he has been chancellor of New Jersey.

BRITISH COAL STRIKE HITS SCOTS HARD RAP

(United Press Leased Wire.) London, March 12.—Premier Asquith, the striking coal miners and the mine operators conferred here today again while a subcommittee is straining every nerve to frame a settlement of the strike which is crippling England. The miners want to avoid the introduction of minimum wage legislation into parliament if possible.

Throughout all the British Isles the suffering from the strike is intense. Scotland, especially, is feeling the bite of distress and numerous communities there are practically without fuel or food.

Without any action toward peace being taken the coal strike conference adjourned tonight. It will resume its sessions tomorrow when it is hoped a basis for peace will be found.

MINERS REFUSED ALL DEMANDS FOR INCREASED WAGES

Operators' Answer Suggests That With Some Modifications Present Agreement Be Continued for Three Years.

STRIKE WILL PROBABLY BEGIN NEXT MONTH

Entire Eastern Coal Industry, It Is Expected, Will Be Involved.

(United Press Leased Wire.) New York, March 12.—All the demands of the coal miners are rejected in the answer given out by the mine operators today. In its answer the operators suggest that the present wage scale, with certain modifications be continued for three years. A general strike of eastern anthracite coal miners April 1 is believed certain.

The miners' representatives say they are unauthorized to make concessions without the sanction of a convention of the men and they may refuse to frame a reply. This would force the operators either to renew negotiations voluntarily or to face a general strike April 1. If the strike comes, it will be a widespread one, probably tying up the whole eastern coal industry.

The anthracite operators were represented in today's conference by the following committee: J. L. Laka, president of the Clearview Coal company; Alvin Markle, of Markle Brothers; Percy Maderia, of Maderia, Hill & Co.; E. B. Thomas, president of the Lehigh Valley railroad; W. H. Truesdale, president of the Lehigh Valley Coal company; W. C. Southern railroad; F. D. Underwood, president of the Erie railroad; L. F. Loree, president of the Delaware and Hudson railroad; Joseph Dickson, of Dickson & Eddy; George F. Baer, president of the Philadelphia & Reading railroad; and Morris Williams, president of the Susquehanna Coal company. This committee has been given full power to represent and act for all the operators of the anthracite district.

There is a general impression among industrial concerns that there will be a big coal strike, possibly affecting both the anthracite and bituminous mines, and many companies are laying in supplies of fuel.

John F. White, president of the United Mineworkers, admitted that the situation looked threatening. He said: "Everything looks blue. The operators say they won't grant our demands. Well, the burden is on them. We will stick it out to the bitter end and force them to give us our due. There is no coal stored, and the miners are more united than ever before in their demands for more wages and better hours and working conditions."

BOURNE CONTRIBUTES MONEY TO PREVENT CORRUPT PRACTICES

Holds There Is Need for Concerted Action Among Law's Friends to Uphold It.

(Special to The Journal.) Washington, March 12.—For the purpose of insuring enforcement of the corrupt practices act in Oregon in the present campaign, Senator Jonathan Bourne has subscribed \$500 to a fund to defray expenses. The money is to be placed in the hands of W. S. U'Ren of Oregon City, with the expectation that he will undertake the work of employing detectives, make investigations and conduct prosecutions when violation of the law is established.

Senator Bourne holds there is need for concerted action among the friends of the law to uphold it, so the equality of candidates may be preserved and undue expenditures guarded against. He says public opinion will enforce the law to large extent, since any candidate who violates the purpose of the act in any substantial manner will be defeated, but it is also important, he declares, to provide a fund to reveal secret violations of the law.

"The Oregon corrupt practice act is one of the best laws ever enacted for the promotion of clean elections," said Senator Bourne. "It has already resulted in great good by driving paid workers away from the polls and preventing many forms of deception. However, vigilance is necessary in order to make the law fully effective."

"Since Mr. U'Ren was the author of the corrupt practice act, I have deemed him the proper person to take the lead in its enforcement and have asked him to invite all other candidates to contribute to the fund for that purpose."

COURT WILL NOT DROP PACKERS' CASE

Chicago, March 12.—A severe blow was dealt the defense of the packers charged with combination in restraint of trade today when Federal Judge Carpenter overruled the motion of the defense to dismiss the charges against Edward Morris, president of Morris & Co., and Louis H. Heyman, manager of that concern. The motion was made on the ground that there was a variance between the proof presented and the charges made in that indictment.

Judge Carpenter lost no time in overruling the packers' pleas of immunity. He said he had ruled on the same matter before.

"OREGON FIRST" DELEGATION GIVEN HEARTY FAREWELL JUST BEFORE LEAVING FOR SAN FRANCISCO TO PICK BUILDING SITE FOR STATE



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