



THE WEATHER

Fair tonight and Saturday; easterly winds.

Oregon Daily Journal

COAST TEMPERATURES

Table with 2 columns: Location (Boise, Seattle, Spokane, Marshfield, San Francisco, Portland, Roseburg) and Temperature (5 A. M. Today).

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PORTLAND, OREGON, FRIDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 29, 1911—TWENTY-TWO PAGES.

PRICE TWO CENTS ON TRAINS AND NEWS STANDS FIVE CENTS

SUN YAT SEN GETS PLACE AS CHINESE REPUBLIC'S HEAD

Wiring His Acceptance, Newly Elected President Says His Sole Aim Will Be to Insure Peace.

NANKING CONVENTION UNANIMOUS IN CHOICE

Immediately After Selection of Executive, Troops Are Sent to Guard Him.

(United Press Leased Wire.) Shanghai, Dec. 29.—Selection to and acceptance of the presidency of the new republic of China by Dr. Sun Yat Sen today marked what is believed to be the final collapse of the Manchu dynasty, which has ruled China for centuries.

Following unanimous choice of Sun Yat Sen by a convention at Nanking, the new president was notified here today and at once telegraphed his acceptance of the honor.

"I consider it my duty to accept the presidency," he wired. "My policy will be to obtain peace and a stable government by the promptest methods possible. My sole aim shall be to insure the peace and contentment of my millions of countrymen."

Immediately on receipt of the news Sun Yat Sen had been elected 8000 troops were dispatched by the rebel leaders to Nanking to protect the officials of the republic-to-be. It is not yet decided when the president will proceed to Nanking to take up the work of forming his government.

Tang Shao Yi, the imperial peace envoy, who submitted to Premier Yuan Shi Kai the demands of the rebels for the recognition of the republic, with his acknowledgment that acceptance and abdication of the Manchus seemed the only way to stop the ruthless slaughter in the field, reached today an important agreement with Wu Ting Fang, former Chinese minister to the United States and now prime factor in the peace arrangements between the rebels and the imperialists.

They agreed to accept that form of government which shall be selected by the national assembly called at Peking by Premier Yuan Shi Kai upon suggestion from the rebel leaders at Shanghai, whether the monarchy or the republic be determined upon.

While the negotiations are being conducted the armistice will be extended. Plans are to be adopted ordering the withdrawal from the field of all Manchus troops and stopping the movement of the rebels.

Premier Yuan is declared by dispatches from Peking to be on "sick leave." It is also stated that he has tendered his resignation, but that it has been refused. There is fear at the capital that some of his many enemies, more embittered now than ever, may make good threats to assassinate him.

Tokio, Dec. 29.—Replying to a demand by Wu Ting Fang that Japanese supports be withdrawn from the Manchu dynasty the Japanese foreign minister today issued a statement declaring that Japan's policy of noninterference in the deliberations regarding the form of the Chinese government was never intended to extend to coercion in favor of a monarchy.

While not specific in its denial that it has aided the monarchists of China, the general trend of the Japanese answer to Dr. Wu's demand is a promise that in future its influence in Chinese affairs will not be used to balk the plans of the revolutionary party.

RISE OF HAN REPUBLIC CELEBRATED BY 10,000 CHINESE OF BAY CITY

Queueless Mongolians Enter Upon Greatest Oriental Fete in History of United States; Rebel Flags Fly From All of Quarter's Buildings.

(United Press Leased Wire.) San Francisco, Ind. 29.—San Francisco Chinatown is joy mad today and 10,000 queueless Mongolians are entering upon the greatest oriental fete ever known in the United States. The Manchu throne has fallen and new China is a fact.

Republican flags float everywhere in the quarter and lanterns are clustered thick amid banners and ribbons on every quaint little balcony. Beating tom-toms reecho through the narrow streets and incense is so thick in the joss-houses that the air is intoxicating. Today is the beginning. The end will not come until New Year's night. And Sunday the revel will reach its height.

Banquets, processions, queer religious ceremonies and Chinese theatricals are included in the program. Business houses are closing down, dancing girls are getting out their most gorgeous costumes, tons of chop suey and to young dan are being prepared in the kitchens and Chinese newsboys are yelling their extras of republican success in China through the thronged streets.

VERDICT OF CORONER: "HELEN KNABE KILLED"

Indianapolis, Ind., Dec. 29.—Coroner Durham's verdict on the death of Dr. Helen Knabe who was found mysteriously slain in her office here, is that the woman was murdered. The coroner makes no attempt to specify causes for the murder, asserting that "many happenings and complications in her life might have led to misunderstanding, thereby prompting the motive for the murder."

President of China



Dr. Sun Yat Sen.

CAMERON'S OFFICE 'HOUSE OF GRAFT,' AVERS L. J. WILDE

Choking With Anger, Accused Banker Scores Enemies Despite Attorneys' Protests—Bribe Story Startling

Charges that a bungling attempt was made to influence the grand jury that returned the second indictment against Louis J. Wilde, in connection with the plan of the district attorney to secure another indictment of Wilde, today or tomorrow, has surcharged the atmosphere surrounding the case of the San Diego capitalist, which is to be tried January 8.

J. S. Morrison, posing as a typewriter expert is alleged to have been the go-between in an effort on the part of the Wilde defense to reach the August grand jury. He has not been apprehended. Involved in the story told by the foreman of the grand jury is Charles E. Sumner, one of the attorneys at the Cornell hotel at a time when numerous suggestive things are alleged to have been said, Labbe, Labelle, Radke and the latter's wife, who also had a talk with Morrison, have told their stories to the grand jury.

Call for "Grand Stand Play." The object of alleged "fixers," it is charged, was to queer the grand jury so an amended indictment would not be returned against Wilde. He had been indicted by a previous grand jury, but this indictment was regarded as a doubtful one, and the August grand jury took up the case again.

Dan J. Maloney, Jay Bowerman and C. E. Sumner, the attorneys for Wilde, denounce the story of attempted bribery as a grandstand play by District Attorney Cameron, which they say has been timed to take the stage just before the case of Wilde is called for trial. They declare it is unfair to their client, and ask why Cameron waited so long if he had evidence of jury tampering, as Cameron says the matter was reported to him months ago.

Wilde himself, at the office of his attorneys, bitterly denounced the district attorney and A. E. Clarke, who has assisted in preparing the case of the state. In spite of the protests of Sumner and Bowerman, who asked him to keep quiet, Wilde, who was choking with emotion, exclaimed:

"I won't stand it any longer, attorneys or no attorneys. The district attorney's office is a house of graft. The whole bunch is afraid of me. I am not afraid to meet any of them, and I am not going to be hounded this way. The papers are printing all kinds of stuff and these fellows get lies printed about me. This is the way they treat a man who came in here and used his own money to help build up the city. It's a outrage."

Involved Cameron, He Said. According to a statement made by S. H. Labbe, foreman of the grand jury (Continued on Page Two.)

POWERS WANT BELGIAN TO SUCCEED SHUSTER

(United Press Leased Wire.) London, Dec. 29.—Russia and England today are supporting M. Mornand, a Belgian, as successor to W. Morgan Shuster, the American treasurer-general of Persia, whose expulsion Russia forced, according to dispatches from Teheran.

The Persians, it is said, favor the appointment of F. F. Cairns, an American, who was Shuster's first assistant, but the government is expected to yield to the insistence of England and Russia that the Belgian be named.

SELFISH ENGLAND ANGERS GERMANY; BUT WAR FAR OFF

Berlin Student of Politics Asserts Teutons Not Going to Fight Unless There Arises Cause Worth Fighting About

MOROCCAN AGREEMENT GREAT MORAL VICTORY

"Fatherland" Has Courage to Act for World's Good Despite Criticism.

By Karl Heinrich Von Wiegand. Berlin Correspondent of the United Press.

Berlin, Dec. 29.—"England's envy, jealousy and suspicion of Germany as a world power is the cause of the present Anglo-German situation. England's gruffness in 'mixing' in the Moroccan negotiations with France has given rise to bitter feeling in Germany—tremendous bitterness."

"If England continues such a policy of stepping in Germany's way at every opportunity, if she continues to be driven by envy, jealousy and suspicion, it might eventuate in war—but let us hope not."

Settlement Moral Victory. "History will record the peaceable settlement of the Moroccan question and the closing of negotiations with France without war, and Germany's moderation under the affront of England, as one of the greatest moral and diplomatic victories of the German nation."

"It was made possible only by the strength of the German government, by the strength of the German diplomacy, and the strength and wisdom of the men directing it."

The speaker was Professor Hans G. L. Delbrück, Germany's foremost historian and political writer, than whom few Germans are better known in America. Intimate friends of the late Emperor Frederick, professor of history in the University of Berlin and editor of the famous Prussian Year Books, a monthly review of history, philosophy, science and world politics, Professor Delbrück's views and judgment carry great weight in the national and political circles, not only in Germany but abroad. I had asked for his views for the United Press, and he invited me to his handsome home, just off beautiful Lake Hainhausen.

Here was the first German—the only man among a veritable babel of angry voices—who had expressed such views to me upon the recent three-cornered duel between the chancellors of Germany, France and England and the "mortem" disclosures of which revealed such a "dangerous condition" of the "Moroccan corpse" that the very knowledge of the past danger has aroused the bitterest feeling and given rise to renewed talk of "preparation for war."

And, that by a man, whose independence of thought and opinion is well known, and who has not always been in accord with the German government.

Other City Defeat. "I expressed my astonishment. 'Victory! Strength! Why, the whole world is under the impression that Germany sustained a diplomatic defeat—even your own press is almost unanimous in stigmatizing it as a 'humiliation.' I defend the treaty and charge it to a weak government."

"Yes a victory—a great moral and diplomatic victory. Only a strong government could have achieved such a victory. I am glad that England had the courage to refuse to be driven into war for something that was not worth a war, and the strength to resist the pressure."

(Continued on Page Two.)

ARIZONA LEGISLATORS MAY MAKE FIRST ACT PASSAGE OF RECALL

Newly Elected Chief Justice Expects Scramble Among Solons for Honor of Taking Measure Before Body; Voters Urge Quick Action.

(United Press Leased Wire.) Los Angeles, Dec. 29.—That the first act of the first legislature of the new state of Arizona will be one submitting to the voters an amendment referring to the constitution the provision for the recall of judges, stricken out by a mandate of President Taft, is the firm belief today of the newly elected chief justice of Arizona, Alfred Franklin, who is in Los Angeles.

"All Arizona wants the recall of judges reincorporated in the constitution," said Judge Franklin, "and the best part of it all is there will be no opposition to it. It is not so much that Arizonaans fear the judges as the arbitrary manner in which President Taft compelled the people to vote it out of the constitution in order to be admitted to the union. I expect to see a scramble in the legislature for the honor of introducing the first bill for the submission of this amendment."

Commerce Board Takes Direct Slap at Court (United Press Leased Wire.) Washington, Dec. 29.—The interstate commerce commission today handed down a new order in the California lemon case. It again prescribes a rate of \$1 per 100 weight for lemons shipped from southern California to points east of the Rockies, and orders the railways to cease charging their rate of \$1.15 for two years from February next. The commission's order is identical with that which it was enjoined from enforcing by the commerce court in October.

ON THE TRAIL OF THE RAIDER



J. E. MURPHY

ROOSEVELT ASKS WHY RUSS TREATY NOT ARBITRATED

Queer, Thinks Colonel, With All This Talk of General Arbitration, We Didn't Put Arbitration Before The Hague.

(United Press Leased Wire.) New York, Dec. 29.—Discussing in the Outlook, today, the abrogation of the Russian treaty of 1832, Colonel Theodore Roosevelt approves the action of congress, but declares that he believes so serious a matter should have been submitted to The Hague that a decision on the interpretation of the existing treaty might have been rendered.

He says: "I cordially approve the action by congress in abrogating the Russian treaty. Men must vote and act on situations actually confronting them, and in the actual event the congressmen had only two alternatives. They had to either abrogate the treaty or allow our government to submit to a continuance of conditions which would eventually become intolerable to our national respect, and represent continuing wrong, especially to American citizens of the Jewish faith."

Hague Decision Best Plan. "But I still believe that in so serious a matter it would have been well to have first endeavored to secure a decision by The Hague court on the interpretation of the existing treaty. I am confident that such a decision would have been in our favor. And if so it would have enabled Russia to retire from her untenable position with good grace, and with no loss to her self-respect—an object that should always be kept in mind."

(Continued on Page Two.)

IS G. N. RAILROAD BEHIND DEALS IN EAST SIDE LAND?

Heavy Purchases Made and Options Taken; Hill and the Burlington Lines Seeking Terminal, Is Rumor.

Speculation is rife as to what interests are back of the movement in large parcels of real estate on the east side between East storrison street and Hawthorne avenue and along the water front, extending east four or five blocks. At least two actual sales of a half block each have been made within the last few days, and options have been taken on other pieces of information received from supposedly good authority gives assurance that the properties are being bought by the Hill interests operating in conjunction with the Burlington lines. This, however, is denied by Carl R. Gray, head of the Hill lines in the northwest.

The probability that the Burlington and the Great Northern are seeking east side terminals in Portland is increased by the recent agreement between the Northern Pacific and the Chicago & Northwestern railroads whereby the latter road will have access to the coast via the Northern Pacific.

Relations Close. Hill's hold on the Northern Pacific has never been very secure and with the Chicago & Northwestern a direct rival of the Burlington, having access to the coast, it becomes almost necessary that the Burlington, Hill's own road, have a direct coast service also. The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, the third great middle western road, already has its coast extension to Puget sound.

At present traffic relations between the Burlington and the Great Northern are very close, but the Great Northern has no terminals of its own here, save those assured it by its half ownership in the Spokane, Portland & Seattle. But the other half of the Spokane, Portland & Seattle is owned by the Northern Pacific—a line whose eastern connection is the Northwestern. It has therefore become imperative that Hill secure his own terminals here in which the Burlington can share to the exclusion of any other road.

Both of the recent purchases referred to were made by C. D. Brun, president of the Oregon Realty company, and of the Blake-McFall Paper company.

\$80,000 Is Paid. The first parcel secured was the half block on the south side of Taylor street, between Union avenue and Third street. (Continued on Page Six.)

LAW REGULATING SALE OF FIREARMS URGED BY GRANT

City Attorney Also Believes the Law Prohibiting Carrying of Revolvers Should Be Rigidly Enforced.

In an opinion submitted to the city auditor today for the ways and means committee of the city council, City Attorney Frank S. Grant urges that the police force rigidly enforce the law prohibiting the carrying of the deadly revolver, and further asks the council to make a law regulating the sale of fire arms.

R. W. Moser was arrested for carrying a revolver. He was fined \$10. Moser appealed to the council to refund the money, saying that he is a poor laboring man, and that his work requires him to be out at night until long after midnight. He said he did not know he was violating a law before he was brought up in the municipal court. A petition recommending that his appeal be granted was signed by a large number of business men.

Grant recommended that the petition be denied, for the reason that no citizen has a right to carry a concealed weapon.

"In my opinion," he says, "the ordinance prohibiting the carrying of revolvers should be vigorously enforced, and not only should this ordinance be enforced, but another ordinance should, I believe, be enacted by the city council providing for rigid regulations in the matter of the sale of fire arms in the city of Portland."

(Special to The Journal.) Seattle, Wash., Dec. 29.—Meager details announce the total loss of the fishing steamer Grant, owned here, on White Rocks, Banks Island, B. C., Tuesday night. The crew of 40 officers and fishermen, who live here, were saved by the Canadian fishing vessel Falcon and landed last night at Prince Rupert, B. C.

The Grant is an iron vessel, built in 1871 at Wilmington, Del., as a revenue cutter and was famous for many years in running down tugs and smuggling gales, until five years ago, when the government sold her to the San Juan Fishing and Packing company.

The vessel had 30,000 pounds of halibut aboard. The vessel is valued at \$35,000 and was partially insured against total loss. She left here December 12, after being towed in from her previous cruise with machinery disabled.

The Great is an iron vessel, built in 1871 at Wilmington, Del., as a revenue cutter and was famous for many years in running down tugs and smuggling gales, until five years ago, when the government sold her to the San Juan Fishing and Packing company.

WILD GALE DRIVES JOY LINER ON MUD FLATS (United Press Leased Wire.) Providence, R. I., Dec. 29.—The Joy liner Georgia was today driven ashore in a wild gale, striking on the mud flats in Narragansett bay. No great danger is apprehended for the vessel or the passengers aboard.

LA FOLLETTE SAYS REPUBLICANS ACT AFFRONT TO VOTER

Refusal of National Committee to Consider Popular Nomination of President an Insult to Common People.

MACHINE POLITICIANS HOLD CONVENTION DEAR

Reactionaries Well Know That Primary Would Take Peculiar Power Away.

(United Press Leased Wire.) Washington, Dec. 29.—Progressives here today are jubilant over President Taft's decision to tour Ohio in the wake of La Follette. Representative Nelson of Wisconsin said:

"We are extremely pleased with the news. Some of the standpatters are awakening to the knowledge that theirs is a losing fight. They are trying desperately to stem the tide by calling on Taft."

(United Press Leased Wire.) North Baltimore, Ohio, Dec. 29.—With every shop and store in the town closed to hear him speak, Senator Robert M. La Follette of Wisconsin was given a most enthusiastic welcome here today and 2500 persons heartily cheered him as he explained why he was a candidate for the presidential nomination.

All the way to Dayton, where Toledo La Follette got a warm welcome along the line of the interurban electric road over which he traveled. At Bowling Green a great crowd blocked the progress of the car on which La Follette rode and, on their demand, the Wisconsin senator stood in the door of the baggage car and spoke for two minutes to the throng.

At 12:30 today the La Follette party left here for Lima, where they caught a train for Dayton, where the progressive leader speaks tonight. La Follette's party is hourly growing and it has become necessary for them to have a special car. Most of those accompanying him are representatives of newspapers who are joining the tour at every stop.

La Follette's address here was warmly received. Senator La Follette, speaking on "The Recall," said:

"The recall backbone of true representative government is the direct participation in the affairs of government by the people through direct primaries for the nomination of candidates."

Machine Opposes Primary. "The old machine politicians have always opposed primary elections. They oppose the enactment of the law in Wisconsin, and in every other state where the principle has been enacted into statute, or where an effort has been made to do so. Dear to the heart of the machine politician is the old caucus and convention system."

"If there is one thing more than another that has been put to the front in this campaign by the progressives, it is the demand for the election of delegates to the national convention by popular primary elections, and a provision by which electors might directly express their choice for presidential candidates upon their party ticket. This proposition has been opposed by the national Republican committee, and by machine politicians everywhere. They dread to give up that peculiar power that caucuses and conventions give them. They fear the secret ballot that enables the voter to vote their convictions and judgment, without intimidation or espionage."

Committee Opposes Popular Rule. "The national Republican committee is almost wholly composed of men opposed to the primary principle. At its (Continued on Page Twelve.)

IN PRESENCE OF MAN WHOM SHE MARRIED WILL POWER FAILED

"Helen Gould of Spokane" Declares That George Howell Exerted His Strange Influence Over Her Until She Was Forced in Wedlock.

(United Press Leased Wire.) Los Angeles, Dec. 29.—Charging that she was made the victim of a fraud and baneful influence, Mrs. Margaret Armstrong Howell, known as the "Helen Gould of Spokane," has today emerged long enough from self-imposed seclusion of 14 days to instruct her attorney to file suit for the annulment of her marriage to George Howell, wealthy mining man. Before she married Mrs. Howell was known in Spokane and the northwest as one of the shrewdest, wealthiest and most successful business women in that region.

"I am still Miss Margaret Armstrong—not the wife of that man!" she cried today. "That marriage ceremony is all there is between us. I want my friends in Spokane to know this, because I want to go back to them."

"The strange fascinating power Howell wielded over me was remarkable. In his presence I lost control of all my will power. He would ask me a question; then twist my answer to serve his purpose in such a way that he would completely bewilder me. Our marriage was a direct outcome of one of those instances and his domination over me."

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FAMOUS OLD REVENUE CUTTER GRANT IS LOST

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