

MADERO ARRESTED BY REBEL CHIEF

MUTINEERS SEIZE
INSURGENT HEAD;
CASH DEMANDED

Soldiers Under General Orozco
Take Provisional President
Prisoner at Juarez; Dispute
Arises Over Navarro's Fate.

LEADER'S PROMISES
GAIN HIM FREEDOM

Set at Liberty After Short
Time; Desperate Battle
Seemed Imminent.

(United Press Leased Wire.)
El Paso, May 13.—Fearing that General Orozco's troops would carry out their threats to shoot General Navarro, Provisional President Madero personally conducted Navarro to the Rio Grande, where he found the stream, escaping into El Paso.

El Paso, Tex., May 13.—Headed by General Pascual Orozco, whose soldiers demanded money from Provisional President Francisco Madero for the immediate purchase of supplies, rebellion broke out in Juarez today in the rebel forces and within a short time Madero had been made a prisoner.

Coupled with the demand for Madero's cash was a dispute as to the fate of General Navarro, who, Orozco and Villa said, should be shot for inhuman treatment of rebel prisoners before Juarez fell.

For a time after the dispute broke out there was grave probability that the insurgents would engage in a desperate battle among themselves, but Madero finally agreed to do everything in his power for Orozco's troops and was set free. Navarro's fate was left unsettled.

Great dissatisfaction was expressed by the rebel chiefs at the lack of action by Madero's new cabinet, and their resignation was demanded and given. This afternoon the whole council of the rebel army were still in turmoil and it was impossible to say what the outcome of the factionalism would be.

Washington, May 13.—In compliance with the decision of the cabinet, the war department directed Colonel Steever, commanding at El Paso, to permit all bona fide shipments of goods of any sort to pass into Mexico.

The commander of the troops at Douglas, Ariz., was also instructed to permit all bona fide shipments of goods of any sort to pass into Mexico.

Following the orders by the war department an official statement was issued by the state department that this action should not be construed into a recognition of the belligerency of the rebels.

CANNON PLACED
AT APPROACHES
OF THE PALACE

Supplemented Garrison Given
Orders to Fire at the First
Indication of an Outbreak;
Foreign Residents Armed.

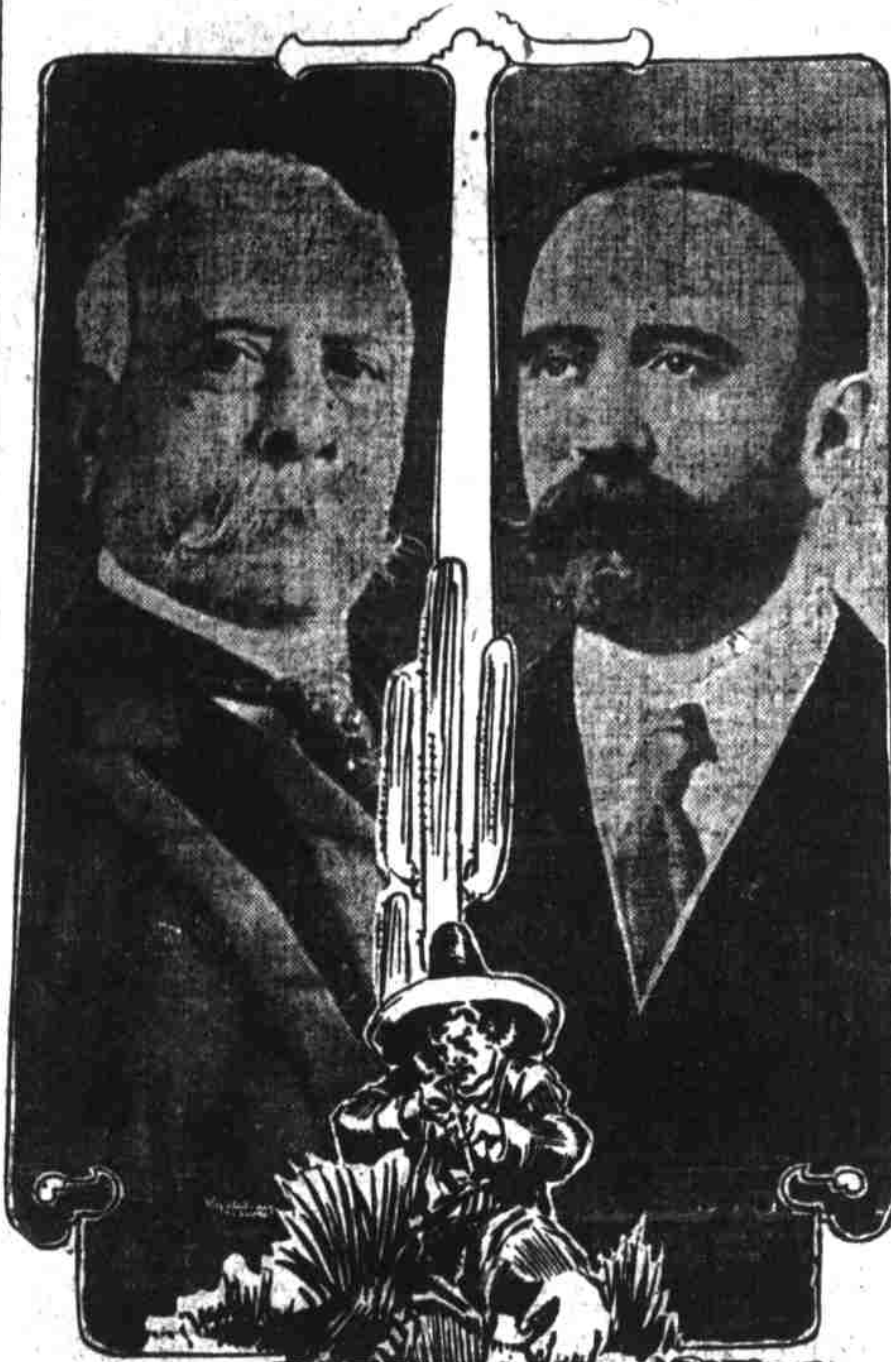
(United Press Leased Wire.)
Mexico City, May 13.—Hasty mounting of cannon here at all the approaches to the national palace and the Belan prison and the manning of the city's main fortifications today indicate that the officials of the Diaz government expect an early attack. The city garrison has been increased to 1000 men and its commanders have been ordered to fire at the slightest sign of an outbreak.

It is not denied that the action of the foreign residents in organizing an armed guard is causing great discontent and Mexicans of all classes denounce the move as provocative of reprisals. There is grave fear that in the event of any uprising, the foreigners will be the first attacked. Anticipating some such occurrence, foreign residents have sent three fourths of their women and children out of the city in the last fortnight.

Mexico City, May 13.—Rebels in Guerrero number close to 10,000 men, according to a courier who arrived today from the central encampment of the revolutionary force, which is commanded by General Figueroa, near Buena Vista. As soon as organization has been perfected the men will begin an aggressive campaign with Mexico City as the ultimate goal.

Relief Fund for Poor.
Tokio, May 13.—A movement headed by Prince Katsura, premier and minister of finance, is on today to obtain a relief of \$10,000,000 to be used for the relief of the sick and poor of Japan.

Contending Leaders in Mexican Imbroglio



President Porfirio Diaz on the left, Francis I. Madero, leader of the insurgents, on the right.

DEAD MYSTIC'S AFFINITY SEEKS
"NEW FORM" TO REJOIN LOVER

(United Press Leased Wire.)
New York, May 13.—Alta Marheva, the nurse aide of Dr. W. R. C. Latson, who was found mysteriously shot to death in his Riverside Drive apartment here, attempted to commit suicide today by inhaling gas.

Found unconscious in the bathroom of the house where she lived, with gas pouring from a jet which she had broken off, the girl was rescued barely in time and is being held at the Washington Heights hospital. She probably will recover.

"No Such Thing as Death."
Latson taught Alta and others who were influenced by his occultism that there is no such thing as death. When the doctor was found dead Alta said he had merely changed his life's form and she would rejoin him. When revived at the hospital today she strenuously objected to the interference with her suicide.

"My Gosh, my Godman," she said, "is floating in the cerulean sky wearing beautiful wings and I want to join him. But we will meet again. All that is necessary is that my soul keep in harmony with his. I did not kill Dr. Latson, but if he had lacked the physical courage necessary when the time came to free his soul from bondage of earthly clay I would gladly have helped him to attain eternity. I glory in the courage

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ELOPER GAMMANS
AND BRIDE "BROKE"

Portland Youth Who Left Harvard to Wed, Is Poverty Stricken.

Cambridge, Mass., May 13.—Nelson Gammans, the Harvard junior, who eloped to New York with Mrs. Mary Guiffre, divorced wife of Rufus Gammans, of New York, a short time ago, and was disowned by his mother, Mrs. G. G. Gammans of Portland, Or., is penniless. Young Gammans has been advised by friends to institute a suit against his mother. The youth, on his father's death, was left a quarter of his estate, but he is not yet of age, and since his marriage his mother has cut off his allowance entirely.

Since leaving college the young man got a position in an automobile establishment where by doing menial labor he made \$10 a week. Saturday he was told that his services were no longer required, and now he and his young bride face the world penniless.

Gammans starts out again tomorrow on the round of the employment bureau and says that there is no labor too menial for him.

CONTESTS WEALTH
LEFT TO HIS CHILD

Reginald S. Ross Who Won Back Divorced Wife Claims Her \$150,000 Fortune.

Seattle, Wash., May 13.—Claiming to have a will signed by his wife three days before her death, leaving all her property to him, Reginald S. Ross, is contesting a previous will leaving an estate of over \$150,000 to his four-year-old daughter. Ross was divorced by his wife last July, but he won her back within six weeks and they were remarried. In the meantime Mrs. Ross' will had been drawn cutting her husband off. Representatives of the daughter will claim that the will held by Ross was signed by Mrs. Ross when she was scarcely conscious.

DECISIONS IN TRUST
CASES POSSIBLY MONDAY

Washington, May 13.—The United States supreme court may announce on Monday decisions in the Standard Oil and Tobacco trust cases, which is next to the last decision day of the session. There will be another decision day, May 20, and it is predicted that the decisions will go over to that date, or possibly be postponed until the court convenes again in October.

DIETZ IS GUILTY;
GIVEN LIFE TERM;
SHOUTS DEFIANCE

"If Lumber Trust Needs Victim I Can Stand It," Yells Aged "Defender of Cameron Dam."

WIFE AND SON FREED;
RETRIAL MOTION DENIED

Solitary Confinement One Day Each Year; Anniversary of Deputy's Murder.

(United Press Leased Wire.)
Hayward, Wyo., May 13.—John F. Dietz, "defender of Cameron dam," was today found guilty here by a jury, of the charge of having murdered Deputy Sheriff Oscar Harp, who was killed during an attack on the Dietz cabin, where Dietz was resisting eviction after a six years' battle with a lumber company. Dietz's wife and their son, Leslie, who were included in the charge, were acquitted.

Jury Out All Night.
The jury was out all night. The verdict against Dietz was murder in the first degree. Judge Reid, on the verdict being rendered, peremptorily denied a motion by Dietz asking for a retrial. Judge Reid, after denying Dietz's appeal for a new trial, sentenced him to life imprisonment. One day of each year—October 8—the anniversary of the "battle of Cameron dam," the court ordered, shall be spent in solitary confinement. Dietz received the verdict of life imprisonment without a tremor. His wife wept bitterly, but Leslie, his son, smiled. Referring to Dietz's motion for a new trial, Judge Reid said: "I really do not know what to do with you. I think the supreme court should pass first on the evidence. Therefore, I shall give your motion and allow you 10 days to prepare your papers."

"State Blackened Characters."
Asked if he had anything to say why sentence of the court should not be passed upon him, Dietz shouted: "I was not allowed to show anything of the conspiracy against me. The state blackened our characters and we were not allowed a chance to defend ourselves. It has been the policy of the lumber trust to rule of ruin. If it needs a victim, it will take one."

(Continued on Page Three.)

OREGON SENATORS
HOLD BEST PLACES
IN STATE'S HISTORY

Most Important Assignment
Ever Given to Delegation
From This Region, Now
Held by Both Senators.

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)
Washington, D. C., May 13.—Oregon senators now hold the most important committee places ever assigned to the senatorial delegation of that state. The recent shuffling up of committees resulted most favorably in giving Senators Bourne and Chamberlain places that most vitally touch the interests of Oregon.

At the end of four years' service Senator Bourne is chairman of postoffices and postroads, an assignment not usually secured under less than 12 years of continuous membership.

More Important Assignments.
Bourne is also a member of four other committees in which Oregon is particularly interested. These are the appropriations committee, which has charge of the appropriations for all departments of the government; the commerce committee, which has charge of the rivers and harbors bill; the public buildings and grounds committee, which makes appropriations for new postoffice and custom house buildings, and the fisheries committee, which passes on bills authorizing the establishment of new fish hatcheries.

Chamberlain Is Favored.

Senator Chamberlain is a member of the committee on public lands, which handles all public land legislation; the committee on Indian affairs, which makes up the appropriation bill for the Indian service; the committee on agriculture and forestry, which makes up the agricultural appropriation bill, including the provisions for the forestry service; the irrigation committee, which has charge of all bills relating to the reclamation service; and the committee on military affairs, which has charge of legislation affecting the army, army posts and fortifications.

Both senators are also members of other committees, in which Oregon has no particular interest.

TAFI SCHEMES TO
WELD FACTIONS IN
WARRING NEW YORK

Appointment of Roosevelt Adherent as Secretary of War and "Old Guard" Man to Treasury Significant.

STIMSON WAS COLONEL'S
CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNOR

Millington Close Personal Friend of Vice President Sherman; Rumors Fly.

(United Press Leased Wire.)
Washington, May 13.—In the selection of Henry L. Stimson of New York to be secretary of the war, vice Jacob M. Dickinson, resigned, is seen here today a move by President Taft to attempt the reconciliation of the Roosevelt and "old guard" factions in New York state.

It is believed Taft consulted Roosevelt and Root before the selection of Stimson was made.

Reports Are Discredited.
Reports here that Secretary Dickinson resigned because of friction with Secretary Knox over the Mexican war situation is discredited.

Dickinson, who is from Tennessee, is a Democrat. Stimson was recently defeated as Republican candidate for governor of New York. Dickinson's reason for resigning is that pressing private affairs compel him to do so.

It is understood, however, that there has been constant friction between Dickinson and the Republican cabinet. Millington, Assistant Treasurer.
With news of Dickinson's resignation and the appointment of Stimson, came the news of the selection of C. S. Millington, of New York, as assistant treasurer of the United States. Stimson, it is interesting to know, was Roosevelt's candidate for governor, while Millington is a close friend of Vice-President Sherman. Taft's effort to reconcile the Roosevelt and "old guard" factions of the Republican party is thus plainly seen by political students.

Roosevelt, it is said, will approve both the appointments.

PREDICAMENT DUE
TO CHANCE AVERS
GOVERNOR WILSON

In Hands of Princeton Men
if They Happen to Be of
"The Interests" He Can't
Help It.

(United Press Leased Wire.)
Los Angeles, May 13.—If Woodrow Wilson, governor of New Jersey and prominently mentioned as Democratic candidate for president in 1912, is to be entertained by "the interests" during his stay in San Francisco and his time there monopolized by the stalwarts of the Southern Pacific and the United railways, to the exclusion of progressive Democrats, he is the victim of circumstances.

This, briefly, is his own explanation of the peculiar predicament which, it has been predicted, Governor Wilson will find himself in when he arrives in the northern metropolis.

Statement of Program.
"I have not the slightest idea, except from newspaper advice," he said today, "who I am to meet at the luncheon and dinners arranged in my honor in San Francisco. In that city, as in every other city I am to visit, the arbiter of the local program has been entirely in the hands of Princeton men. That is as far as my knowledge of the plans for my entertainment goes."

"But," Wilson continued, "it makes not the slightest difference who I am to meet. The important thing is what I am going to say. My personal views and purposes are fully revealed in my public addresses."

Warm Friend of Black.
Wilson said that he was a warm friend of Charles N. Black, president of the San Francisco club and chairman of the reception committee. That Black happens to be general manager of the United railroads should make no difference, Wilson believes. He said he would not entertain the belief that any one had deliberately planned to capture him for the "reactionaries," of whom he is supposed to be an avowed foe.

Governor Woodrow Wilson arrived in Los Angeles yesterday afternoon on the first leg of his journey "to get acquainted" with the "interests" of the West. (Continued on Page Three.)

Gives Up Portfolio



Secretary of War Jacob M. Dickinson

PETITIONERS ASK
FOR ELECTION TO
TO RECALL ELLIS

Circulators of Petition Say
1538 Signatures Are Attached; Many Candidates
Aspire to Position.

A petition asking for a special election to recall Councilman J. T. Ellis of the Tenth ward was filed just before noon in the office of City Auditor A. L. Barbur this morning. Circulators of the petition were C. A. Ambrose, Frank Harrington, James Maguire and Will S. Steele. It was signed by 1538 legal voters, according to a statement made by the circulators. That many names are included in the list of signers, which will be checked up immediately by the city auditor. Ten hundred and thirty legal voters, or registered voters, according to the recent ruling of Judge Gantenbein, are required.

"Interests Not Represented."
"We ask for the recall of Councilman Ellis," reads the petition, "for the reason that he does not represent the interests of the Tenth ward and of the people of Portland faithfully and efficiently."

Seneca Pouts, representing the circulators and C. A. Ambrose, filed the petition.

"I am a candidate for Councilman Ellis' office," declared Ambrose. "I have been endorsed by the Municipal league and believe I can defeat Ellis. There will be several other candidates in the field."

James Maguire Candidate.
"James Maguire, a member of the Port of Portland, is also an avowed candidate," said Attorney Pouts today. "He will make the campaign for the office even if he has to resign from the Port to do so. I will take the stump against Ellis, but will not advocate the candidacy of any one man until the last week before the election. I will then espouse the cause of that candidate who shall have, in my opinion, developed the most strength. All I want to do is to defeat Ellis."

Five Days in Which to Resign.
Councilman Ellis will have five days after today in which to file his resignation from the council, should he choose to adopt this course. In case he refuses to resign the city council must at its next meeting call a special election to take place within 20 days from the date on which Ellis' five days of grace expires.

City Auditor Barbur will ask the council to designate Monday, June 5, the date of the general election, as the date for the recall election also, in order to save taxpayers any useless expense.

Besides those candidates already mentioned, it is said that Will S. Steele and Frank Harrington will also make the race against Ellis.

AT 1,000,000,000TH OF
1,000,000,000TH OF ONE
CENT, PRINTING IS LET

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)
White Salmon, Wash., May 13.—The lowest known bid for county printing was that of the Goldendale Independent, at one billionth part of one billionth part of one cent per square inch. The bid was accepted by the commissioners and the auditor of Klickitat county is practicing in fractions in anticipation of the next bid.

Last year one of the other papers in Goldendale took the county printing at one thousandth part of one cent.

ORGANIZED LABOR
IS NOT FIGHTING
EDUCATIONAL BILL

Central Labor Council Declares It Is Not Behind Referendum Petition Put in Circulation by Parkison.

NO SIDES BEING TAKEN
IN PRESENT QUESTION

Attack on Validity of Names on List May Yet Be Made.

That organized labor in Portland and Oregon is taking a stand against the invoking of the referendum against the University of Oregon appropriations is evidenced by a resolution passed at a meeting of the Central Labor Council last night, when President William H. Daly was instructed to make the announcement that labor was taking no sides with Parkison in the fight now being waged to hold up the appropriations made by the last legislature to the University of Oregon, amounting in all to about \$500,000 for the construction of library, administration and other buildings for the institutions, until the election in November.

Alleged Bribe Story.
Parkison charges that President Campbell of the university attempted to bribe him not to file the petitions. The amount, by inference, was about \$10,000. It was at a supper at a restaurant in this city, Parkison says, where the conversation took place. President Campbell refutes the statements of Parkison.

Yesterday Parkison filed with the secretary of state for safe keeping, taking the secretary's receipt therefor, 7000 names. Next week, he says, he will file between 4000 and 5000 more names. He will meet with the McMinnville delegation early next week when the Yamhill county petitions will also be filed.

Because of an alleged technical error in the makeup of the petitions now being circulated, it is probable that an effort will be made to contest on these grounds. Mr. Parkison says that there are two petitions under one cover, but that they are divided by a sheet of heavy paper, so that the proceeding is legal, he says.

On the cover of the referendum petitions.

(Continued on Page Three.)

PENSION SYSTEM
URGED BY COUNTRY
POSTOFFICE HEADS

Postmasters of Third and Fourth Class Stations Organizing in Hope of Getting Federal Reward for Service.

(Washington Bureau of The Journal.)
Washington, D. C., May 13.—An understood in Washington that postmasters of the country of the third and fourth class are organizing a movement nationwide to induce the federal government to establish for them a pension system.

A delegation composed of New York and New England postmasters have been here in furtherance of the plan. One of them said:

Movement Being Organized.
"The third and fourth class postmasters propose to organize a movement to secure for themselves government positions. We are at work all over the country. This is the forerunner for pensions for all government employees. Those who are interested in the movement discover antagonism between third and fourth class postmasters and Postmaster General Hitchcock and that in sympathy with them are the mail clerks and to a large extent the city and rural carriers."

Cause of Refusal.
"That, in my opinion, explains why Senator Crane, of Massachusetts, refused to accede to Postmaster General Hitchcock's original request to take the chairmanship of the senate postoffice committee and that Hitchcock very much desired to prevent Senator Bourne, of Oregon, from procuring that chairmanship under the rule of seniority."

Of course, comparatively little discussion has been heard concerning the activities referred to, but the postmaster, as quoted, together with several others, was positive in his statement that the demand will be made for civil pensions and that he believes into the movement will come practically all government employees.

Portuguese Election Postponed.
Lisbon, May 13.—For some time the election of the first republican parliament, set for tomorrow, has been postponed. The balloting is now scheduled for May 21.