

Thousands of Dollars

are offered for loan. If you wish to place a mortgage, see the many financial offers made by reliable firms in today's money to loan column.

The weather—Showers tonight and Tuesday, southerly winds.

VOL. X, NO. 48.

PORTLAND, OREGON, MONDAY EVENING, MAY 1, 1911.—EIGHTEEN PAGES.

PRICE TWO CENTS

COAST TEMPERATURES

S. A. M. Today.

Boats	40
Seattle	40
Spokane	40
Marshall	40
San Francisco	40
Portland	40

BURNS' MEN TRY TO BUY MEMBERS OF LEGISLATURE

When Arrested They Declare They Have Evidence of Corruption Which Will Be Presented to Grand Jury.

TWENTY OHIO SOLONS SAID TO BE IMPLICATED

Detectives Say They Were Employed by Men Who Had Been Bled.

(United Press Leased Wire.) Columbus, Ohio, May 1.—Through the arrest here of E. B. Harrison, A. J. Bailey and David Perry, three detectives employed by William J. Burns' agency, the Ohio legislature today faces a grand jury investigation for alleged boodling during the present session.

Under the supposition that the detectives were lobbyists, the three men were taken into custody. They are accused of having attempted to bribe Dr. George B. Nye, a representative, and were arrested after Nye and Speaker Vining had laid a trap for them.

No sooner were they arrested, however, than the three men identified themselves as Burns operatives and announced that they had evidence of corruption against at least 20 members of the legislature which would be presented to the grand jury tomorrow. Notwithstanding this charge, the three sleuths were arraigned today and released in \$5000 bonds each on the bribery charge.

The detectives allege that 19 members of the state senate alone are involved in the crookedness they have unearthed. They are alleged to have been retained by a large manufacturing association, which was being bled, and to have obtained their credit from a dictaphone and the latter arranged to have Nye accept another bribe.

Harrison, the detectives charge, meantime had arranged for the other bribe. He had fitted up a room adjoining the one where Nye was to accept the bribe, with a dictaphone and had a stenographer ready to take down the conversation. Under these circumstances, Nye accepted the second bribe. The arrests followed, and then both sides found they were double crossed.

It is feared here that the arrest of the detectives will cripple the investigation of the legislature, which was under way. They had been working for six weeks, and in attempting to determine if Nye were susceptible, made it possible for the representative and Speaker Vining to trap them.

ARREST NEWMAN FOR FORGERY IN PETITION INQUIRY

Socialist Candidate for Councilman From Fourth Ward Indicted by the Grand Jury; Taken to Jail.

Otto Newman, candidate for the council from the fourth ward on the Socialist ticket, was arrested Saturday night by Deputy Sheriff Frank Beatty in connection with the paving petition frauds. The charge against him is forgery, and is contained in an indictment returned Saturday afternoon by the April grand jury.

Newman was one of the circulators of the initiative paving petition, of which Councilman Ellis is author. He is supposed to have combined with the four other circulators, who took turns in signing the names of voters to the petition. Newman is also accused of signing many names other than those signed by the four men. On the petition placed in his hands for circulation fully one third of the names, it is charged, are in his own handwriting.

Deputy Sheriff Beatty found Newman Saturday night at the Socialist hall, First and Madison. He was placed in the county jail, and has been unable to give bail. His campaign for the council has been confined largely to the Socialist vote. He will be arraigned this afternoon before Presiding Judge Gantenbein of the circuit court.

ILLINOIS GLASS WORKS BURNS, LOSS HEAVY

(United Press Leased Wire.) San Francisco, May 1.—The plant of the Illinois Pacific Glass Works was burned today, causing a loss estimated at \$800,000. The damage is partially covered by insurance. The flames started, it is believed, from waste oil which had formed a pool near the furnaces. At least 300 men are temporarily idle.

SELF-CONFESSED DYNAMITER



Orlio McManigal, who says he was employed to commit numerous dynamiting outrages throughout the country.

BAY CITY LABOR LEADERS MAY BE ARRESTED IN CASE

Suspected Accomplices in the Times Dynamiting Said to Have Found Refuge With Union Chiefs.

(United Press Leased Wire.) Los Angeles, May 1.—Information in the possession of William J. Burns which he will bring from the east on his arrival here Wednesday will be laid before the grand jury in connection with the trial of John J. and James B. McNamara on charges of having dynamited the Los Angeles Times. It was intimated today by representatives of the prosecution that this information would result in the examination and possible indictment of two labor leaders, both of whom are in San Francisco.

The alleged information is to the effect that David Caplan and M. A. Schmidt, suspected accomplices of James B. McNamara, in the Times case, confided to the San Francisco men their intention of destroying the Times and that afterward they sought shelter with these men.

Burns expected Wednesday. While the definite time for the arrival of Burns has not been announced, the prosecution expects that the detective will be here Wednesday morning. If this is correct, the preliminary hearing of the McNamaras will be held that day. Everything is waiting on the arrival of Burns, although District Attorney Fredericks declared that he is ready to proceed without him, having sufficient evidence on hand to undertake the prosecution. The defense, however, is not so ready, and it is not

(Continued on Page Two.)

HIGGINS STRIKE SO FAR HAS YIELDED \$120,000

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.) Grants Pass, Or., May 1.—C. L. Magnum, a widely known western mining authority who has just returned from the strike at the Higgins mine at the summit of Silda and Rancherie creeks, 20 miles northwest of Selma, says the gold was found in an immense ledge of quartz porphyry between andesite and serpentine. The ledge was stripped of 300 feet of gold concentration, averaging fully \$10,000 per ton. Active mining has ceased for the present, pending purchase of the property by J. M. McPhoe, of Portland, who has an option until May 15. With development it is expected an amounting a very rich property. Other properties near are showing very rich.

WINCHESTER, OR., PLANT BURNS; ROSEBURG DARK

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.) Roseburg, Or., May 1.—Roseburg is without electric power today, as fire last night totally destroyed the Winchester plant of the Roseburg Water & Light company. The loss is given out as about \$50,000 with \$12,000 insurance. Everything was ruined with the possible exception of one steam engine. The fire started in the engine room. Kendall Bros., who own the plant, also maintain a small auxiliary plant in the south part of Roseburg. This will furnish the city with water and some lights until the plant can be rebuilt. Newspaper offices and other places where electric power is used are busy today installing gasoline engines.

Ten Thousand Threaten Strike. (United Press Leased Wire.) Pittsburgh, Pa., May 1.—A general strike of the shopmen of the Pennsylvania railroad in its western district was called today. Labor leaders declare that 10,000 men will quit.

EX-BANDIT EVANS PAROLED AFTER 17 YEARS IN PRISON

Silver Haired Prisoner Met at the Gates of Folsom Penitentiary by His Youngest Daughter and Friends.

RACES IN AUTOMOBILE TO ESCAPE CAMERA

Coming to Portland to Live, With His Aged Wife, Who Has Waited Long.

(United Press Leased Wire.) Sacramento, Cal., May 1.—The parole granted Chris Evans, one time of the famous Evans-Bentley gang of train robbers, by the state board of prison directors, went into effect this morning, when the old ex-bandit walked out of Folsom penitentiary, where he had been confined for 17 years and two months. His youngest daughter, Mrs. Winifred Burrell of Sacramento, to whose untiring efforts in his behalf for the past five years Evans largely owes his liberty and a party of his intimate friends, were at the prison gate to meet him.

Taken in Automobile. A few minutes later, with the men who had guarded him for nearly a score of years waving his "Godspeed," he was whisked away to Sacramento in an automobile. Evans had begged to be taken out into the world in some manner other than on the train of the Southern Pacific, which corporation he had fought so desperately in these past years.

Chris Evans will remain in Sacramento for a few days with his daughter and will then go to Portland, Or., where his wife and other members of his family are to reside. This is part of his parole order.

Despite his long confinement, which has silvered his hair to the color of stone walls and has made his cheeks lean, his indomitable spirit has not been broken. He was a man of great energy. He was like a boy in his regained liberty. Everything was wonderful to him, and the pathetic smile that is characteristic of him did not leave his face from the time he awoke early this morning until he reached his destination in Sacramento.

Tries to Dodge Photographers. In an attempt to avoid publicity, which he keenly dislikes, and in an endeavor to evade a United Press representative. (Continued on Page Fourteen.)

DIRECT ELECTION OF U. S. SENATORS IS FAVORED BY REPORT

Senate Judiciary Committee Votes Down the Sutherland Amendment and Recommends House Bill.

(United Press Leased Wire.) Washington, May 1.—The senate judiciary committee reported favorably today on the resolution submitting a constitutional amendment for the direct election of United States senators. The measure has already passed the house.

The committee voted down the Sutherland amendment, which caused the defeat of the direct election resolution at the last session of congress. The vote on the proposition was five to six. The committee then voted 7 to 5, to recommend the adoption of the resolution in the form in which it passed the house. This gives the states control of elections. The Sutherland amendment provided that the senate should have supervision over elections.

Senators Clark, Dillingham, Sutherland, Brown and Root favored the Sutherland amendment. Senators Chilton, Culberson, Overman, Bacon, Cummins and Borah opposed it. On the vote on the adoption of the resolution passed by the house the following voted in favor of the measure: Chilton, Culberson, Overman, Bacon, Cummins, Borah and Brown. Those opposing: Clark, Dillingham, Sutherland, Root and Brondeger.

The favorable report was then made to the senate. Senator Hayburn protested against the report on the ground that it seemed hasty and ill-considered. He pointed out that the judiciary committee did not come into existence until noon today. "There was no judiciary committee authorized to report until noon," he said. "The committee meeting at which this measure was discussed was nothing but an assemblage of individuals and not a genuine committee meeting." The protest was not acted upon.

JOKING LEADS TO FATAL SHOOTING

Richmond, Cal., May 1.—As the result of a joke, Edward Evans, a Standard Oil employe, is dead here today and Deputy Sheriff Thomas Higgins faces a charge of murder. After some bantering in a local hotel, Higgins is said to have left the house. Returning a few minutes later, he is said to have shot Evans through the heart without a single word being passed.

HOW "INTERESTS" TRIED TO SECURE RUSHLIGHT A JOB

Mayorally Candidate Lombard Tells Inside Story of How Man With Highest Bid Almost Landed Contract.

CALLS HUBER LOBBYIST FOR THE TRUST PEOPLE

Deal Was in Connection With Plumbing in Electric Building.

Rushlight Lost Contract. Oscar Huber, lobbyist for the asphalt paving interests and the street railway, took lively interest toward securing for A. G. Rushlight the plumbing contract for the Electric building, owned by the street railway. Huber said Rushlight must have the contract for "certain reasons." Rushlight submitted the highest bid, and after that Superintendent Caldwell of the street railway company told the general contractors that for "certain reasons" Rushlight should have the contract, irrespective of price. The Hurley-Mason company, the general contractors, having asked bids in good faith, refused to act on this "tip" without specific written instructions from President Joseph of the railway company. These were not forthcoming, and Rushlight lost the contract.

Another revelation by Gay Lombard as to how the special interests work and swindle the business of councilmen was made today in a statement charging that an effort was made by Oscar Huber and Orin B. Caldwell to secure the plumbing contract for the Electric building for Councilman A. G. Rushlight, who is now opposing Lombard for mayor. The Electric building was built and is owned by the Portland Railway, Light & Power company. Huber is a lobbyist for the Barber Asphalt Pav-

CANTON SWARMS WITH SOLDIERS; REVOLT IS FEARED

Foreign Residents Are in Great Terror; Assassinations and Executions Said to Be of Hourly Occurrence.

(United Press Leased Wire.) Hongkong, May 1.—Dispatches from Canton today declare that the situation there is desperate. There are said to be 30,000 soldiers within the walls of the city and it is feared many of them will join the revolt at the first rebel success.

Assassinations and executions are said to be of hourly occurrence, and grave fear here is felt for the safety of foreigners. Two British gunboats have arrived at Canton. In the districts around Canton the rebellion is spreading fast. The rebels have killed the prefects at Sunning and Sansuk and the town of Fatshan has been partially burned.

In Canton today the outbreaks were hourly more serious. The viceroys has taken refuge in the admiralty, which is being assailed by several hundred rebels. It is feared that the rioters will burn the whole city. Arrangements by the consuls of foreign powers to send all the foreign women residents of Canton here and advice to all European inhabitants of that city to flee today showed that the situation there is one of the gravest in China since the Boxer outbreak.

The rebels, the latest reports from Canton say, have burned Wenchow and Woo Chow, after which a Chinese gunboat shelled their position, killing more than 200. Reports from Shamen, the foreign concession, deny that the rebels have captured that town. The United States gunboat Wilmington is patrolling the river there and six other foreign gunboats are anchored off the port ready to land marines if it should become necessary to repel a rebel attack.

It developed today that Wusun, a Chinese who was educated in Japan, is leading the rebels, with Luk, a brigand chief, as his aid. Refugees declare the rebels are committing the most frightful barbarities.

WOUNDS INFLICTED BY WIFE PROVE FATAL

(United Press Leased Wire.) Los Angeles, May 1.—A. F. Ford, president of the Merchants Fire Dispatch, who was shot by his wife last Friday, died in a hospital here today. The shooting followed a breakfast table quarrel.

Active in Insurrection



—Courtesy of Pacific Monthly. John Kenneth Turner, author of "Barbarous Mexico," who will probably become a Mexican insurrection general. Mr. Turner was at one time on The Journal news staff.

"IF I WERE MAYOR," QUOTH WERLEIN, IN A PUBLIC ADDRESS

He Would Show Simon and All His Predecessors, Living and Dead, How to Interpret City Charter.

J. E. Werlein, who carries the present city charter under his arm wherever he goes in his campaign for the mayorality and tells his audiences that Mayor Simon, Lane and Williams did not understand that precious document or know how to work under it, has caused much amusement by his interpretation of the charter in his public addresses.

Most notable among his ideas is to make the mayor the overlord of the city. He said in his address at Sellwood that if he were mayor there would be no trouble between the executive board and mayor, because the executive board would yield to the mayor's advice. He would have the executive board refuse to execute a had ordinance he said, if the veto of the mayor did not stop it.

The charter of the city, needless to say, does not authorize the executive board to refuse to execute laws that it may think are bad. It is vested with executive power alone. If an ordinance passed by the council and vetoed by the mayor is passed over his veto, it is a law equally with any other law, which the mayor is in duty bound to enforce.

Another astonishing statement by Werlein at Sellwood was provoked by Gay Lombard, with whom he was debating. Lombard urged the consolidation of city and county governments to avoid the expense of dual government, saying that, while such a change can only be effected by the legislature of the state, he hoped his hearers will think about the question and help to mold public opinion in that direction.

Werlein Makes Reply. Werlein made a remarkable reply, which was to this effect: "Talk about going to the legislature! I have said all along that the people who are mauling me in this campaign do not know what is in this charter. (Continued on Page Fourteen.)"

MEDIATION, INSTEAD OF STRIKES, PROPHECY OF COMMISSIONER

(United Press Leased Wire.) Washington, May 1.—The prophecy that the time was not far distant when a strike would be the exception, and mediation the rule, in labor disputes, was voiced in a May day statement prepared for the United Press by Dr. Charles P. Neill, United States commissioner of labor. As one of the mediators authorized under the Erdman law, Dr. Neill has served in more than 50 important disputes between employers and employes. His statement follows: (Copyright, 1911, by the United Press Association.)

"Thirteen years ago the federal congress awoke to the fact that a strike was the most unfortunate possible way to settle a labor dispute, and so it did what it could to provide a remedy. It passed an act providing a means of mediation and arbitration in all industrial controversies arising between interstate railways and employes engaged in train operation.

"The act was in advance of its time. The first attempt to use its provisions shortly after its passage failed. "Since that time, however, there has been a steady growth in the conviction that the mere resort to a test of strength embodied in a strike or lockout was about the least satisfactory of all the most bar-

CHIEF COX, UNDER INDICTMENT, QUILTS, MOORE APPOINTED

Action Result of Charge of Malfeasance in Office in Connection With Vice Conditions in City.

RESIGNATION IS NOT ACCEPTED, GIVEN LAYOFF

Solution Forced on Simon as Only Way Out of Expose, Reported.

Because of the indictment returned against him Saturday by the grand jury charging him with neglect of duty in his policy toward resorts, Chief of Police A. M. Cox this morning tendered his resignation to the mayor and members of the police commission.

A meeting of the mayor and the commission was held shortly afterward. It was decided to refuse the resignation of the chief, but to give him leave of absence until after his trial was held. John T. Moore, chief of the detective staff, will be acting chief in the meantime.

The developments of this morning followed the return of Ralph E. Moody, attorney, into whose hands Chief of Police Cox has placed his case. Moody promptly took action. He saw the mayor and Sig Sichel, chairman of the police commission. While neither the chief or Attorney Moody will admit that this is so, it is understood that Moody intimated to both the mayor and Sichel that if the chief's resignation was not refused and they did not stand by him, the police official would, upon taking the stand in his trial, tell from where his orders came in regard to the policy toward the north and other resorts.

Friends Advise Cox to Stay. Chief Cox was called to the mayor's office Saturday afternoon immediately after the indictment was returned. After his conference with the mayor Cox declared that he was considering resigning, but yesterday and today he began to hear from his friends, the great majority of whom advised him not to quit. Cox remained undecided until this morning when he decided upon the action he took immediately after seeing Attorney Moody.

"I have not outlined any defense for the chief," said the latter this morning, "but I have implicit confidence in him and know he is not guilty. I have not yet seen the indictment, so I do not know just what course I will follow. "I advised the chief this morning to tender his resignation to the mayor and (Continued on Page Two.)"

RIGHT TO GRAZE ON FOREST LAND

Regulation in Hands of Secretary of Agriculture, Says Supreme Court.

(United Press Leased Wire.) Washington, May 1.—The United States supreme court today sustained the power of the secretary of agriculture to regulate the grazing of sheep and cattle on forest reserve land. The opinion was read by Justice Lamar. It covers three test cases and is the highest court in an effort to settle a great mass of litigation that has arisen over the right to graze on the reserves. It was expected that no decisions in the cases of the Standard Oil or tobacco cases would be handed down today.

barous way that could be devised for adjusting a labor controversy. As a matter of fact, a resort to a strike or lockout represents to a certain extent a complete break down in our industrial civilization. "That this is being realized at least in the railroad world, is evidenced by the fact that, following the first failure of the Erdman act, the next attempt to employ it, made in 1904, was completely successful, and through its means alone a strike was terminated and the law has been since successfully used in over 50 cases and the experience of the past five years under the act suggests that the time is ripe for a considerable extension of its principles to embrace all fields of labor and to arrange for mediation and conciliation in all industrial disputes, or for voluntary arbitration where the former two are not successful.

"It is useless to close our eyes to the fact that the questions will always arise upon which no agreement is possible and in which the final settlement can only come through a test of brute strength. But while it is futile to expect the entire elimination of strikes in any immediate future, they can be so minimized as to become the rare exception. Mediation is the method, and I believe the present trend of both labor and capital is toward the most satis-