

# FLAT SALARY FOR PRINTER QUESTION IS ONCE MORE UP

### Senator Miller to Introduce Bill Providing for State to Do Its Own Printing; Opposition Develops.

Salem, Or., Jan. 16.—A bill providing for a flat salary for the state printer, reviving the regular biennial struggle over this question, will be introduced in the senate this afternoon by Miller of Linn, who contends that the state can save a large amount of money by installing a printing plant and doing its own work.

The proposed law places the supervision of printing in the hands of a state board, consisting of the governor, secretary of state and state treasurer, who are represented by a printing expert. The salary of the printer is fixed in a tentative way at \$4,000, the idea of the framers of the bill being that the compensation shall be named after close inspection of the situation.

Printer Gets Wealthy. Senator Miller has an array of figures to present in support of this bill. He asserts that the state printer under the present system makes not less than \$75,000 profit in a four year term, and says that with increasing business the profit will be \$100,000 during the next four years.

The bill makes an appropriation of \$85,000 with which to buy a \$20,000 printing plant and to pay the expenses of the printing department for the next two years. This sum, Miller thinks is ample for all purposes under the flat salary rule and he compares it with the expenses shown by the budget for 1909-10, amounting to \$118,000. Estimated a normal increase, the secretary of state estimates the expense for the next two years at \$120,000.

Wants Tab on Work. Miller argues that it is impossible to fix printing rates on an equitable basis to fit the varying conditions. Each time, he says, will be saved in measuring and computing the rates. He further makes the point that the purchase of material by the state printer is now without supervision and there exists no means of questioning the method of purchase.

State Printer W. S. Dunlway is now in California for his health, his physician having ordered him to take a rest from all official duties. While he will not be on the ground to present his side of the question, he is not lacking in friends and the Miller bill will run counter to a strong sentiment on the part of members who believe the state saves money by the present system and should not embark in the printing business.

### PRINTING EXPERT TO BE CONSULTED BY STATE DEPARTMENTS

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.) Salem, Or., Jan. 16.—As a result of an examination of the law respecting the matter, the new state printing expert, R. A. Harris, has found that the state departments can save much money by the tax levied by consulting with him as the law provides before ordering printing. To that end the secretary of state has directed a letter to all of the departments calling their attention to this provision of the law.

The state printing expert has authority under the law to "direct and prescribe the matter of composition of technical or exception matter."

This former printing expert has never attempted to do, but Expert Harris believes much saving can be brought about by a closer application of the law. In the letter the secretary of state's office backs up the stand assumed by the printing expert and advises the departments to consult with the printing expert for the return of this enormous sum of money paid out for public printing.

### ADMIRAL BARRY WILL FACE GRAND JURY

(Continued from Page One.) believe them. They're all rot," flashed Admiral Barry to the California. Efforts to obtain explanation by Admiral Thomas failed.

The question of jurisdiction, should Admiral Barry be brought to account, will be decided as soon as the court-martial matter has been definitely settled. The question has arisen whether or not Admiral Barry, if guilty, should be punished by the federal or the state authorities. District Attorney Fickert will probably hold a conference with United States District Attorney Devlin before calling upon the grand jury to take action.

With Admiral Barry's retirement, Captain H. T. Mayo of the California, who has been appointed commandant of Mare Island navy-yard, will be relieved of duty. Captain C. C. Harlow, detailed on inspection duty, will succeed him aboard the flagship.

San Francisco, Jan. 16.—The West Virginia steamed into the harbor shortly before 1 o'clock, and dropped anchor. Preparations for a transfer of command were made at once.

Fickert Makes Statement. This announcement was made today by District Attorney Fickert, following a consultation with Admiral Thomas. "If charges calling for a court-martial are made," said Fickert, "of course, Admiral Barry will first be dealt with by the navy department. If no such charges are made the county will take cognizance of the alleged offense, which is said to have been committed within its limits."

Still in command of his flagship, the West Virginia, accompanied by the cruiser Maryland, Admiral Barry is absent today on a 24-hour coal-testing cruise, and is not expected to return before late this afternoon, when the formal transfer of his authority to Admiral Thomas will take place.

refuse to talk of the matter in any of its phases. Witnesses Detained. In connection with the charges against Admiral Barry, it is said six sailors on board the West Virginia are held incommunicado in the navy hospital. Among them is L. A. Warner, the sailor mentioned in a statement by Admiral Barry as one of those who were in his cabin when officers of the ship, peering through a porthole, are said to have witnessed the alleged criminal actions of the aged admiral. Kennedy another sailor said to have been involved has apparently vanished.

### OFFICERS ON BOARD ADMIRAL'S FLAGSHIP PREFER THE CHARGES

Washington, Jan. 16.—While little information is obtainable here at the navy department as to the details of the ugly scandal which is said to be at the bottom of Rear Admiral Barry's retirement from the command of the Pacific squadron, the impression is general that a court-martial of that officer is probable.

Admiral Barry's request for retirement telegraphed in the effort to get it here before the arrival of charges mailed by the officers of his flagship, the cruiser West Virginia, is not expected to prove sufficient to hush up the affair, though such a course is urged by many persons prominent in naval circles as the best thing for the service which, it is declared, could only be seriously hurt by any inquiry into the affair.

One report of the incident current here among the friends of the accused admiral, is that a boy who had been hurt in a football game, was detailed on guard duty at his door. Barry is declared to have sympathized with the boy's face and hands several times and to have touched him on the back while some one was watching. Partisans of Barry declare this is the sole basis for the charges.

This view of the occurrence is denied in letters from officers of the West Virginia, who are said to have brought the charges. Four of these officers, their friends here say, observed the accused admiral's actions in such a way as to leave no doubt on the matter. They are said to have demanded the admiral's resignation and to have made a report of the affair which they asked the accused commander to forward to Washington. Instead of doing so, it is said, Barry destroyed the document, and by telegraph applied for retirement.

Learning that their complaint had not been forwarded, the four officers who were witnesses of the Barry affair are said to have mailed to the navy department a duplicate of the document delivered to the admiral. Whether it has yet arrived, and, if it has, what action the department will take upon it, it is as yet impossible to ascertain. The impression is strong, however, that a court-martial will be ordered as the only way to avoid civil action by the San Francisco authorities, and with the idea that details of the charges may thus be more easily smothered than in any other way.

### TWO WEST VIRGINIA OFFICERS PREPARED TO SUPPORT THE CHARGES

(United Press Leased Wire.) Vallejo, Cal., Jan. 16.—Consternation is a mild word to express the situation here in the minds of Mare Island naval officers as a result of the charges reported against Rear Admiral Barry, commander of the Pacific squadron, who will be superseded today by Rear Admiral Chauncey Thomas. While there is very general disinclination to discuss the affair at length, it is admitted that two officers of the cruiser West Virginia are prepared to stand by the charge that Admiral Barry perpetrated an offense of the gravest character, and the belief here is general that a court-martial can hardly be avoided. Many officers, however, are hopeful that full investigation will show the accused admiral in the light of the victim of a serious mistake.

Six men of the West Virginia who are alleged to have knowledge of the charges against Admiral Barry are in

the naval hospital here and Commandant Osterhaus is holding them strictly in seclusion, not even the officers at the navy yard being allowed to discuss the scandal or any of its phases with the men detained.

### ASYLUM SITE AT PENDLETON IS NOT SUITABLE; VERDICT

(Continued from Page One.) within 60 days after the passage of the act to locate and purchase a site for said institution.

"December 27, 1910, said (old) board chose as a site for said institution a tract of about 324 acres near the city of Pendleton, Or., and it now becomes the duty of the (new) board to cause suitable buildings to be erected thereon at an early date.

"The undersigned, having visited the proposed site with a view of locating the building sites and preparing estimates for submission to the legislature, after careful examination of the premises, are of the opinion that the tract does not afford a suitable building site for such an institution. "Realizing that this is a matter of utmost importance and that any false step on our part would be most disastrous, not only to the taxpayers of this state, but to those poor unfortunates who will have to spend their lives in this institution, and knowing of the experience you have had in hospital management and the confidence, the people of this state have in your integrity and judgment, we ask that you, together with other gentlemen, whose names are given below, act as a committee for the purpose of examining this site and advising the board whether or not they should attempt to establish said institution upon the premises, and if not, to assist the board in selecting a tract which, in your opinion, would be suitable for such proposed institution.

"Hoping that you will see fit to perform this mission and assuring you that your services will be appreciated not only by this board, but by the people of the state of Oregon, we have the honor to remain, yours respectfully,

"OSWALD WEST, Governor. "W. B. KAY, State Treasurer. "It is not the intention of the board," said State Treasurer Kay in speaking of the Pendleton asylum site, "to reopen the matter of a selection of a site or to make a relocation. Much of the 320 acres purchased by the state will be of use, but it was our opinion, after looking the ground over, that there was not a suitable place on the 320 acres for locating the buildings, and for that reason another location, we think, should be selected.

Land Is Valuable. "We, in fact, looked at two other locations, one on either side of the river—the Umatilla river—from the property purchased by Mr. Bowerman, but we wanted to have the sanction of experts and the legislature before buying more land. A portion of purchase made is valuable. There are about 140 acres of bottom land on the river irrigated and cultivated. The remainder is hill land and not very valuable. "The old board, in selecting this site, calculated, I am told, to place the buildings on this hill land. It is, however,

### A Poor Weak Woman

As she is termed, will endure bravely and patiently agonies which a strong man would give way under. The fact is women are more patient than they ought to be under such troubles. Every woman ought to know that she may obtain the most experienced medical advice free of charge and in absolute confidence and privacy by writing to the World's Dispensary Medical Association, R. V. Pierce, M. D., President, Buffalo, N. Y. Dr. Pierce has been chief consulting physician of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N. Y., for many years and has had a wide practical experience in the treatment of women's diseases than any other physician in this country. His medicines are world-famous for their astonishing efficacy.

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cut up with ravines which the old board figured could be filled up by cutting down the hills, but an examination of these hills shows that the bedrock comes within two or three feet of the surface, making this plan quite impracticable.

"People of the city of Pendleton, who accompanied us to the site, admitted themselves that the location selected by the old board was not practicable. They recognized that we were up against it. I do not consider the purchase a great detriment for the state will be able to use this land, or a great portion of it, if another suitable building site can be found somewhere near it."

### EATON MEN WELL TAKEN CARE OF IN COMMITTEES

(Continued from Page One.) Food and dairy products—Rackieff, Shaw and Brownhill.

Game—Church, Belland, Buckley, Steelhammer and Chama. Health and public morals—Cottel, Johnson and Reynolds. Horticulture—Westerlund, Simpson and Reynolds. Indian affairs—Steelhammer, Sutton and Smith. Insurance—Holles, Cole, Bigelow, Derby and Aashoney. Internal improvements—Amme, Cushman and Ambrose.

Irrigation—Aukinney, Brooke, Peterson, Bryant and Thompson. Judiciary—Brooke, Haller of Columbia, Buchanan, Cole and Thompson. Labor and industries—Miller of Linn, Pierce and Clyde.

Manufactures—Ambrose, Miller of Columbia, Amme. Medicine and pharmacy—Belknap, Huntington, Cottel, Jones and Fish. Military affairs—Abrams, Buchanan and Fouts. Mining—Neuner, McKinney, Rackieff, Church and Westerlund.

Penal, reformatory and charitable institutions—Brownhill, Mann and Bonebrake. Printing—Jones, Bryant and Beals. Public lands—Peterson, Thompson, Simpson, Bonebrake and Graves. Public library—Cushman, Sutton and Graves.

Railways and transportation—Bryant, Carter, Thompson, Mariner and Tizard. Revision of Laws—Fouts, Peterson, Derby, Aumeer and Hollis. Roads and Highways—Mann, Libby, Buckley, Chapman and Eggleston. Rules and Joint Rules—Clemens, Thompson and Powell. Salaries and Mileage—Clemens, Shaw and Bonebrake. Salaries, State and County Officers—Bigelow, Pierce and Buchanan. Statistics and Immigration—Eggleston, Belland and Miller of Columbia. Ways and Means—Abbott, McKinney, Reynolds, Mann, Chatten, Mahoney and Eggleston.

Closing Out Sale Hundreds of pairs of men's \$2.50 and \$4 dress and work shoes, all sizes, all styles, now \$1.98. OREGON SHOE CO., 247 Morrison St., Bet. 3d and 2d. Journal Want Ads bring results.

### BAILEY DECLINES TO COME BEFORE GRAND JURY BODY

(Continued from Page One.)

District Attorney George J. Cameron announced it would be necessary to obtain certified copies of Bailey's accounts from the secretary of state and state treasurer before the investigation could be concluded. In District Attorney Cameron's hands was placed evidence that Bailey also headed many subscription lists presented at dairy conventions or meetings of creamerymen or butter and cheese makers. "I'll give the most of anyone," he was reported to have said at these meetings, without adding that J. W. Bailey as a citizen intended no such gift, but that he meant the state to bear the expense. In this connection Judge Cameron was told that Bailey gave a total of \$25 in prizes for fine cheese at the annual convention of the butter and cheesemakers of the state and that he had contributed to the pure food fund. In the same way Bailey was said to have contributed \$12 a month to the support of an additional deputy for his office, the state dairy association paying the remainder.

"Bailey got up and said he would give that amount, then took the money from the pure food fund and put it in his own expense account, making the state bear the burden," said ex-Chemist Williamson. "When we asked him about it, Bailey said, 'You don't think I'm going to give away my salary, do you? You fellows never give anything out of your salary for anything like this.' Maris and Shrock told him at the time that they were contributing out of their salaries for the support of the additional deputy, and that they wouldn't think of putting such a price on the pure food fund. A prize given by Bailey at the Canby fair, along with a number of other disbursements made by him personally but charged to the state was reported to the district attorney.

Looking up the law creating and governing the pure food fund this morning, the district attorney found it was

permitted the dairy and food commissioner to draw upon this fund only for money necessary to aid in the enforcement of pure food laws.

### CAR REPAIRERS HAVE FRIEND IN ABRAHAM

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.) Salem, Or., Jan. 16.—Protection of railroad car repairers from inclement weather is the object of a bill to be introduced in the senate this afternoon by Abraham of Douglas county. It is particularly intended for the benefit of workmen at Roseburg and Ashland, its introducer believing it will effect perhaps only two or three other points in the state.

The bill requires the erection of a shed where repairs may be made at every point where five or more men are regularly employed in repair work. It does not apply to emergency work or places where a less number are employed. Senator Abraham argues that the railroads will benefit from the bill as much as the workmen, because the repairers lose much time and are not able to work effectively when exposed to cold and rain.

### SHOWING HOW TO GET OFF CAR; BREAKS HIS SKULL; EXPLAINS; DIES

(United Press Leased Wire.) Los Angeles, Cal., Jan. 16.—Re-marking to friends that most people, especially women, never know how to get off a moving car properly, J. O. Nitcheer leaped from a streetcar to show his companions how to alight correctly, fell and fractured his skull, dying a few hours later. After Nitcheer was injured he jumped up and was explaining that his feat would have been successful if the pavement had not been wet. While he was talking he became unconscious. Journal Want Ads bring results.

### WANTS CONSTABLE FEES CUT DOWN

Eggleston of Jackson's Bill Provides for \$40 Salary; Other Provisions.

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.) Salem, Jan. 16.—A bill reducing the fees in criminal cases of constables in counties of more than 6000 and less than 50,000 and giving them a salary of \$40 a month instead, will be presented this afternoon by Representative M. F. Eggleston of Jackson. Fees in civil cases to remain the same.

The bill provides that for mileage in going after and returning with prisoners, both in and out of the county, ten cents a mile shall be allowed in addition to the actual cost of transportation and other expenses; for each day in which the constable is charged with the custody of a prisoner, he is to receive \$2.50 and for summoning a jury 25 cents for each person called. For attending court in hearings of civil cases \$2 a day is allowed, for making sales of strays in civil cases the same as in sales on execution, five per cent of the total amount and for keeping personal property such as the court may order, but no more than \$2.50 per day for keeper when necessarily employed.

Representative Eggleston says the bill represents his conclusions on the office of the constable formed when he was a magistrate. He believes that there is not now enough incentive to the constable to enforce the criminal laws and so after prisoners when they are in reach.

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